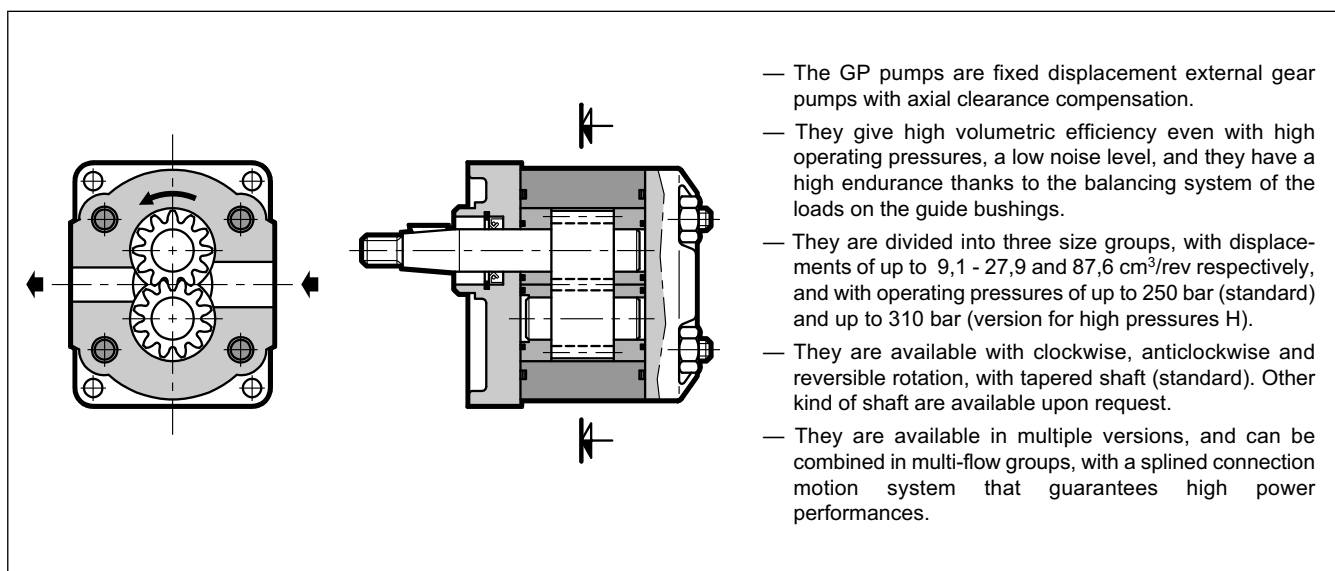


# GP

## EXTERNAL GEAR PUMPS

### SERIES 20

#### OPERATING PRINCIPLE

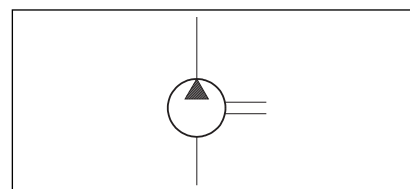


#### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

GP PUMP SIZE		GP1	GP2	GP3
Displacement range	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	1.3 ÷ 9.1	7 ÷ 27.9	20.7 ÷ 87.6
Flow rate and operating pressures		see table 3 - Performances		
Rotation speed		see table 3 - Performances		
Rotation direction		clockwise, anticlockwise or reversible (seen from the shaft side)		
Loads on the shaft		radial and axial load are not allowed		
Max torque applicable to the shaft		see paragraph 14.1		
Hydraulic connection		flanged fittings (see paragraph 16)		
Type of mounting		4 hole flange - rectangular type		
Mass: standard version version H	kg	1.2 ÷ 1.6 1.9 ÷ 2.3	2.6 ÷ 3.5 3.8 ÷ 4.7	6 ÷ 8.5 8.7 ÷ 11.2

Ambient temperature range	°C	-20 / +50
Fluid temperature range	°C	-15 / +80
Fluid viscosity range	see paragraph 2.2	
Fluid contamination degree	see paragraph 2.3	
Recommended viscosity	cSt	25 ÷ 100

#### HYDRAULIC SYMBOL



## 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE

### 1.1 - Identification code for single and front pumps

<b>G</b>	<b>P</b>			<b>-</b>						<b>/</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>N</b>	
----------	----------	--	--	----------	--	--	--	--	--	----------	-----------	----------	--

External gear pump

Pump size: \_\_\_\_\_  
**1** = from 1,3 to 9,1 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  
**2** = from 7,0 to 27,9 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  
**3** = from 20,7 to 87,6 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev

omit for single pumps (**standard**)  
**F** = only for front pump to be coupled

Nominal size \_\_\_\_\_  
 (see table 3 - Performances)

Rotation direction (seen from the shaft side) \_\_\_\_\_  
**R** = clockwise (**standard**)    **L** = anticlockwise  
**D** = reversible (option available for single pumps only)

Mounting flange \_\_\_\_\_  
**9** = 4 hole - rectangular type (**standard**)  
**0** = SAE J744 - 2 hole

**H** = version for high pressures.  
 Omit for standard pressure.

Seals:  
**N** = NBR seals for mineral oils

Series No. (from 20 to 29 sizes and mounting dimensions remain unchanged)

Hydraulic connection  
**F** = flanged ports (**standard**)  
**B** = BSP threaded ports  
**U** = UNF threaded ports

Type of shaft - see **NOTE 1**  
**7** = tapered with key (**standard**)  
**5** = cylindrical with key (available for single pumps only)  
**0** = cylindrical with key SAE-J744  
**1** = SAE-J744 splined

**NOTE 1:** See at table 1.4 compatibility among mounting flange, type of shaft and type of hydraulic connection

### 1.2 - Identification code for intermediate and rear pumps

<b>G</b>	<b>P</b>			<b>-</b>						<b>/</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>N</b>	
----------	----------	--	--	----------	--	--	--	--	--	----------	-----------	----------	--

External gear pump

Pump size: \_\_\_\_\_  
**1** = from 1,3 to 9,1 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  
**2** = from 7,0 to 27,9 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  
**3** = from 20,7 to 87,6 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev

Pump position: \_\_\_\_\_  
**M** = Intermediate  
**R** = Rear

Nominal size \_\_\_\_\_  
 (see table 3 - Performances)

Rotation direction (seen from the shaft side) \_\_\_\_\_  
**R** = clockwise (**standard**)    **L** = anticlockwise

**H** = version for high pressures.  
 Omit for standard pressure.

Seals:  
**N** = NBR seals for mineral oils

Series No. (from 20 to 29 sizes and mounting dimensions remain unchanged)

Hydraulic connection  
**F** = flanged ports (**standard**)  
**B** = BSP threaded ports  
**U** = UNF threaded ports

**NOTE 2:** Front, intermediate or rear pumps for multiple groups are supplied without mating joint, which must be ordered separately (see paragraph 1.5). To order a group of one or more pumps completely assembled see paragraph 1.3.

### 1.3 - Identification code for multiple pumps

identification code front pump      +      identification code intermediate pump (omit for double pumps)      +      identification code rear pump

### 1.4 - Compatibility among mounting flange, type of shaft and type of hydraulic connection

FLANGE CODE	SHAFT CODE				HYDRAULIC CONNECTION CODE		
	7	5	0	1	F	B	U
<b>9</b>	yes	yes	no	no	yes	yes	no
<b>0</b>	no	no	yes	yes	yes	no	yes

### 1.5 - Identification code for mating joints

FIRST PUMP	SECOND PUMP		
	GP1	GP2	GP3
<b>GP1</b>	3101100003	-	-
<b>GP2</b>	3101100004	3101100005	-
<b>GP3</b>	3101100006	3101100007	3101100008

### 1.6 - Examples

a) single pump size 1 - 1,3 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev - anticlockwise rotation - standard flange and shaft

**GP1-0013L97F/20N**

b) single pump size 2 - 14 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev - clockwise rotation - standard flange and shaft

**GP2-0140R97F/20N**

c) single pump size 3 - 22,5 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev - clockwise rotation - SAE flange and shaft

**GP3-0225R01F/20N**

d) double pump made of: - pump size 2 - 7 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  
 - pump size 1 - 2 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev - high pressure

**GP2F-0070R97F/20N + GP1R-0020RF/20NH**

e) triple pump made of: - pump size 3 - 22,5 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  
 - pump size 2 - 14 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  
 - pump size 1 - 2 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev

**GP3F-0225R97F/20N + GP2M-0140RF/20N + GP1R-0020RF/20N**

## 2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

### 2.1 Type of fluid

Use mineral oil based hydraulic fluids with anti-foam and antioxidant additives, in conformity with the requisites of the following standards:

- FZG test - 11th stage
- DIN 51525
- VDMA 24317

For use with other types of fluid (water glycol, phosphate esters and others), consult our technical dept. Operation with fluid at a temperature greater than 80°C causes a premature deterioration of the fluid quality and of the seals. The physical and chemical properties of the fluid must be maintained.

### 2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity	12 cSt	referred to the maximum fluid temperature of 80 °C
optimum viscosity	25 ÷ 100 cSt	referred to the operating temperature of the fluid in the tank
maximum viscosity	1600 cSt	limited to only the start-up phase of the pump

### 2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore, use of a filter with  $\beta_{20} \geq 75$  is recommended. A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \geq 100$  is recommended.

If there is a filter installed on the suction line, be sure that the pressure at the pump inlet is not lower than the values specified in paragraph 13.

The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator.

### 3 - PERFORMANCE RATINGS

(values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

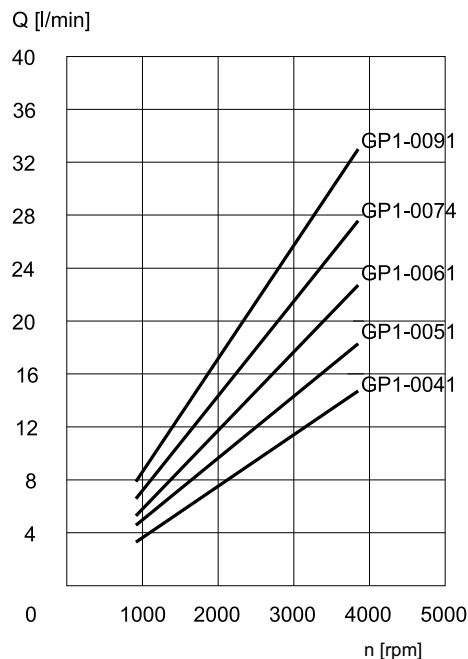
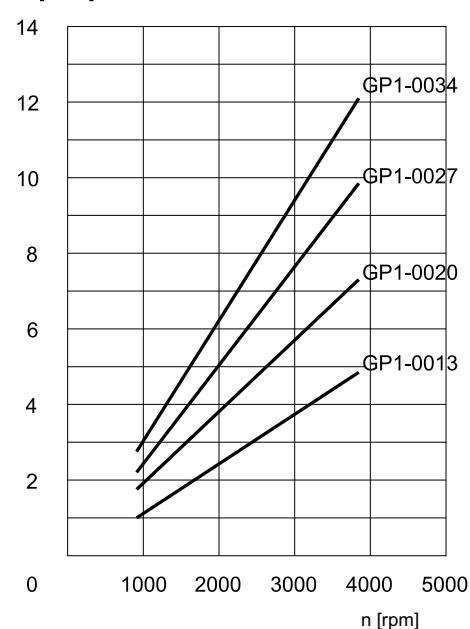
PUMP SIZE	NOMINAL SIZE	DISPLACEMENT [cm3/rev]	MAX FLOW RATE (at 1500 rpm) [l/min.]	MAX OPERATING PRESSURE (at 1500 rpm) [bar]	MAX PEAK PRESSURE (at 1500 rpm) [bar]	MAX ROTATION SPEED [rpm]	MIN ROTATION SPEED [rpm]
GP1	0013	1,3	2,0	250 (270)	290 (310)	6000	800
	0020	2,0	3,0				
	0027	2,7	4,0				
	0034	3,4	5,1				
	0041	4,1	6,1	230 (260)	260 (290)	4000	
	0051	5,1	7,6			3800	
	0061	6,1	9,1				
	0074	7,4	11,1	200	230	3200	600
	0091	9,1	13,6	180	210	2600	
GP2	0070	7,0	10,5	250 (280)	290 (310)	4000	600
	0095	9,5	14,2			3000	
	0113	11,3	16,9	230 (260)	270 (300)	4000	
	0140	14,0	21,0				
	0158	15,8	23,7	210 (260)	240 (290)	3600	
	0178	17,8	26,7				
	0208	20,8	31,2	180 (230)	210 (260)	3200	
	0234	23,4	35,1			3000	
	0279	27,9	41,8	170 (200)	200 (230)	2500	
GP3	0207	20,7	31,0	230 (280)	270 (310)	3500	500
	0225	22,5	33,7				
	0264	26,4	39,6				
	0337	33,7	50,5				
	0394	39,4	59,1	220 (260)	260 (290)	2800	400
	0427	42,7	64,0	210 (250)	250 (280)		
	0514	51,4	77,1	200 (230)	240 (260)		
	0600	60,0	90,0	190	220		
	0696	69,6	104,4	170	200		
	0776	77,6	116,4	160	190		
	0876	87,6	131,4	140	170		

**NOTE:** The values in parentheses refer to the version **H**, for high pressures.

## 4 - CURVES AND CHARACTERISTIC DATA OF GROUP GP1 PUMPS

(values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

### 4.1 - Flow rate curves $Q=f(n)$ obtained with operating pressure 0 bar



### 4.2 - Efficiencies

PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	VOLUMETRIC EFFICIENCY [%]	TOTAL EFFICIENCY [%]
0013	0,90	0,82
0020	0,90	0,85
0027	0,95	0,90
0034	0,91	0,87
0041	0,94	0,90
0051	0,96	0,92
0061	0,96	0,92
0074	0,96	0,90
0091	0,96	0,88

The volumetric and total efficiencies for the various nominal dimensions of the Group GP1 pumps, measured at 1500 rpm and with 150 bar operating pressure, are shown in the table.

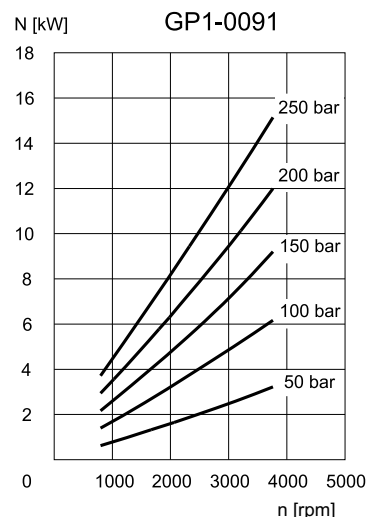
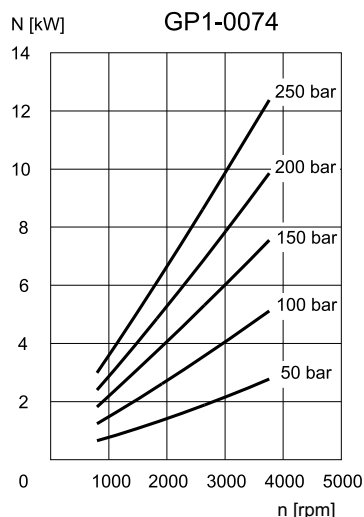
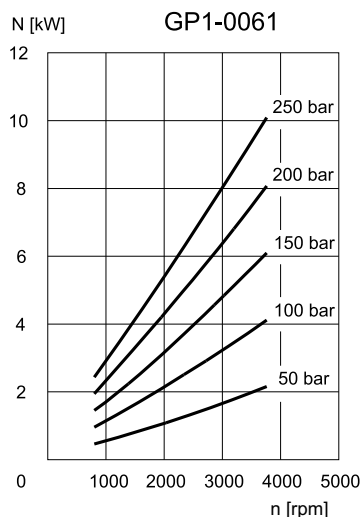
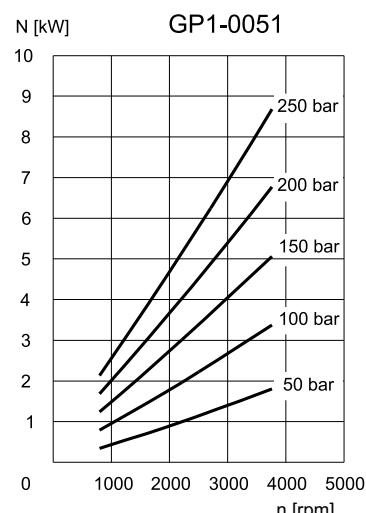
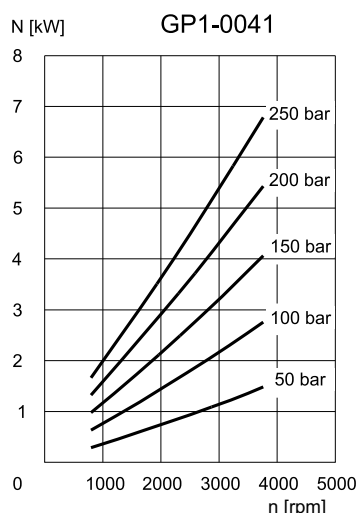
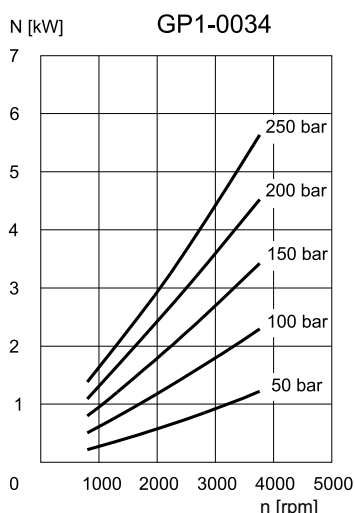
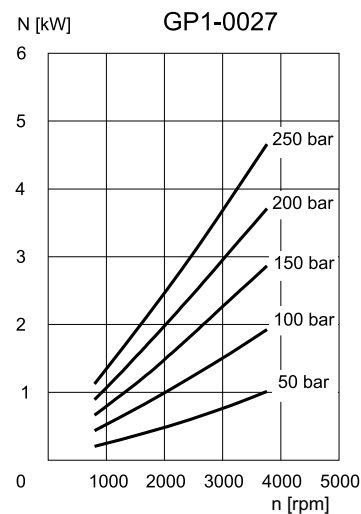
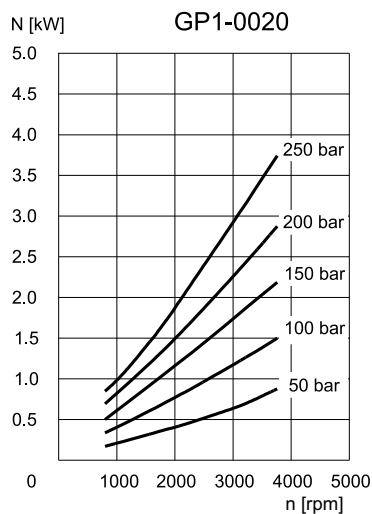
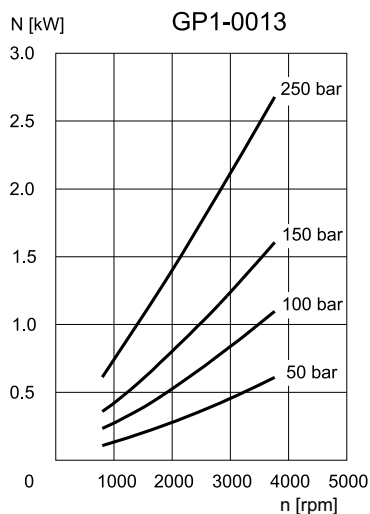
The total efficiency considers the volumetric efficiency and the mechanical efficiency of the pump in the specified operating conditions.

### 4.3 - Noise level

PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	NOISE LEVEL [dB (A)]
0013	65
0020	66
0027	68
0034	68
0041	70
0051	73
0061	73
0074	73
0091	77

The noise levels for the various nominal dimensions of the Group GP1 pumps, measured at 1500 rpm, with 150 bar operating pressure and measured at a distance of 1 metre from the pump, are shown in the table.

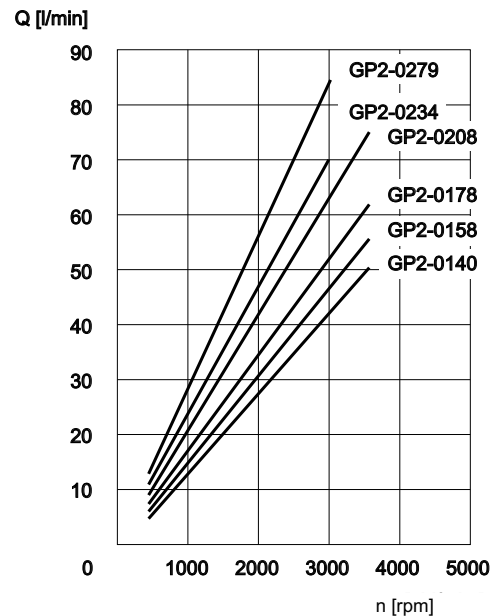
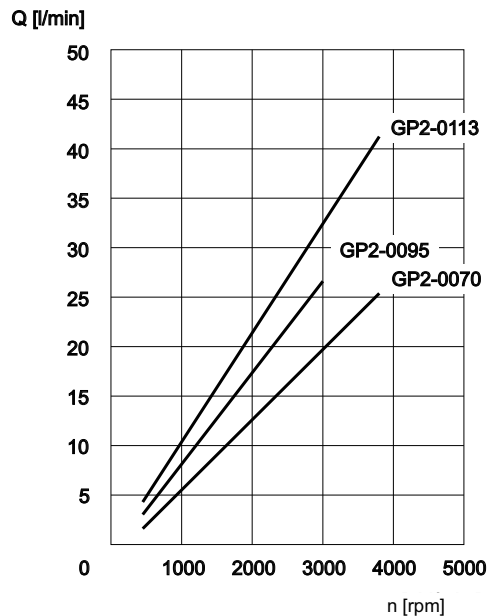
### 4.4 - Absorbed power curves $N=f(n)$ , measured with operating pressures from 50 to 250 bar



## 5 - CURVES AND CHARACTERISTIC DATA OF GROUP GP2 PUMPS

(values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

### 5.1 - Flow rate curves $Q=f(n)$ obtained with operating pressure 0 bar



### 5.2 - Efficiencies

PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	VOLUMETRIC EFFICIENCY [%]	TOTAL EFFICIENCY [%]
0070	0,92	0,87
0095	0,95	0,88
0113	0,95	0,87
0140	0,93	0,87
0158	0,95	0,86
0178	0,93	0,85
0208	0,93	0,88
0234	0,97	0,89
0279	0,94	0,85

The volumetric and total efficiencies for the various nominal dimensions of the Group GP2 pumps, measured at 1500 rpm and with 150 bar operating pressure, are shown in the table.

The total efficiency considers the volumetric efficiency and the mechanical efficiency of the pump in the specified operating conditions.

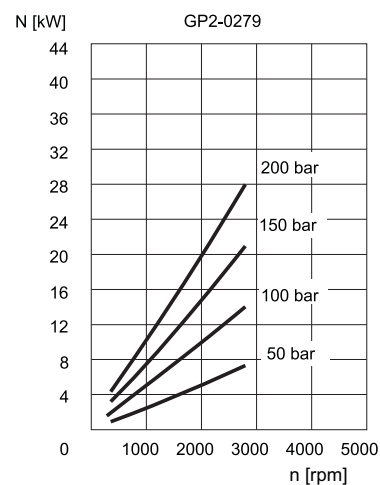
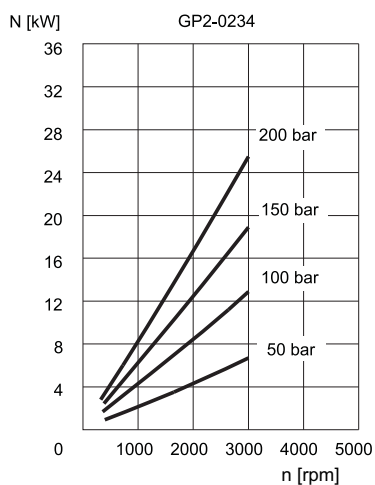
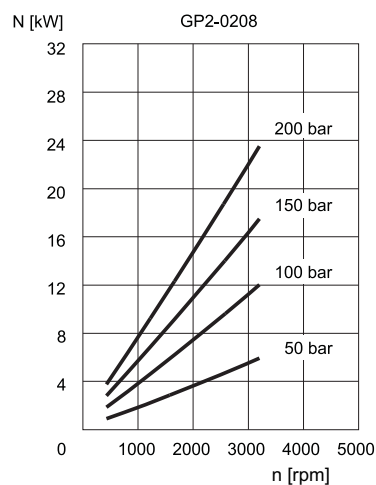
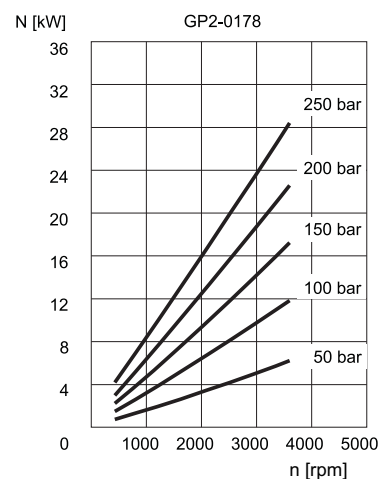
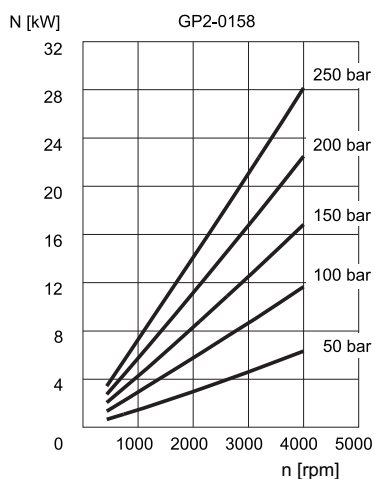
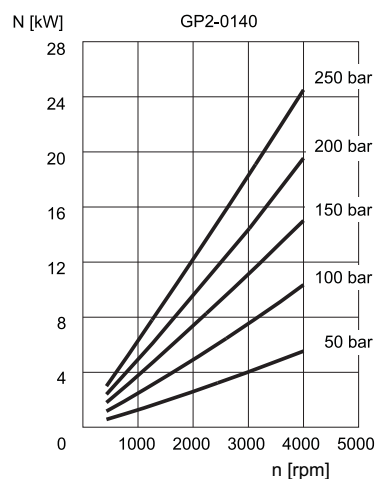
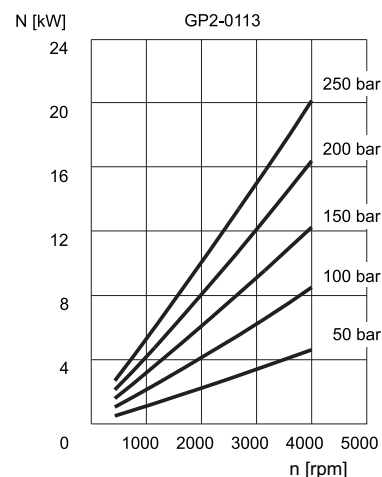
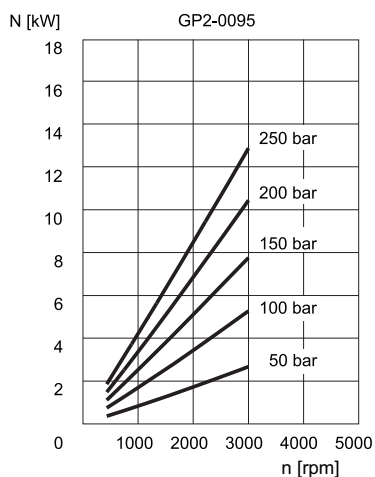
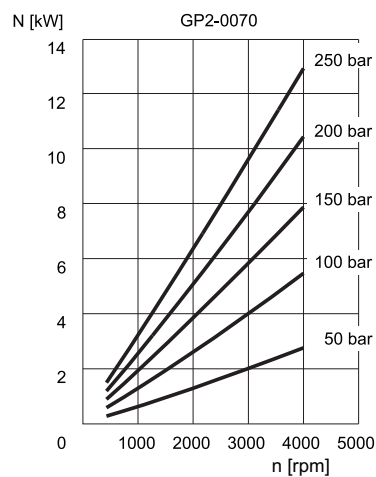
### 5.3 - Noise level

PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	NOISE LEVEL [dB (A)]
0070	75
0095	77
0113	77
0140	72
0158	72
0178	73
0208	74
0234	76
0279	76

The noise levels for the various nominal dimensions of the Group GP2 pumps, measured at 1500 rpm, with 150 bar operating pressure and measured at a distance of 1 metre from the pump, are shown in the table.



## 5.4 - Absorbed power curves $N=f(n)$ , measured with operating pressures from 50 to 250 bar

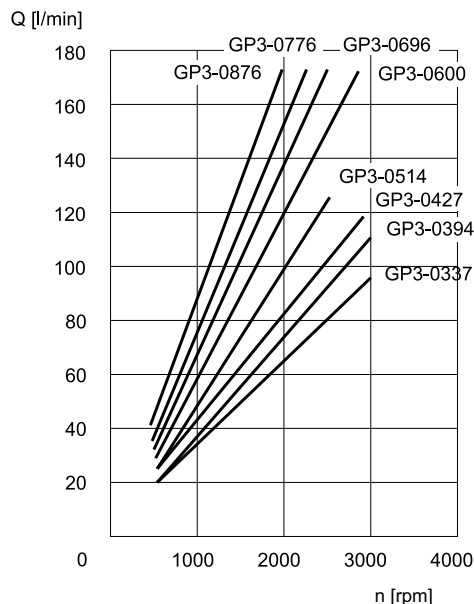
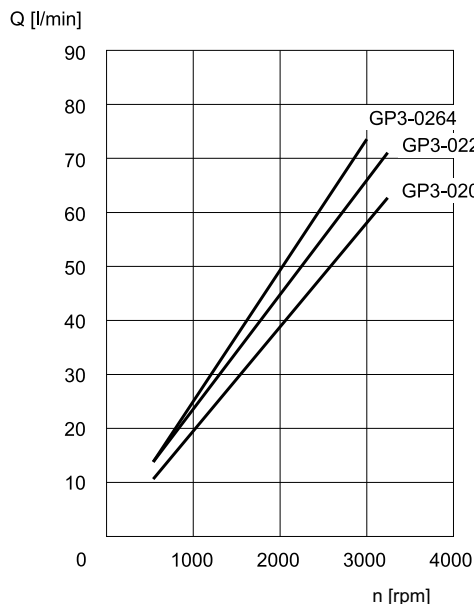




### 6 - CURVES AND CHARACTERISTIC DATA OF GROUP GP3 PUMPS

(values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

#### 6.1 - Flow rate curves $Q=f(n)$ obtained with operating pressure 0 bar



#### 6.2 - Efficiencies

PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	VOLUMETRIC EFFICIENCY [%]	TOTAL EFFICIENCY [%]
0207	0,88	0,83
0225	0,97	0,92
0264	0,90	0,84
0337	0,92	0,87
0394	0,91	0,86
0427	0,92	0,82
0514	0,93	0,83
0600	0,85	0,82
0696	0,95	0,90
0776	0,93	0,87
0876	0,89	0,84

The volumetric and total efficiencies for the various nominal dimensions of the Group GP3 pumps, measured at 1500 rpm and with 150 bar operating pressure, are shown in the table.

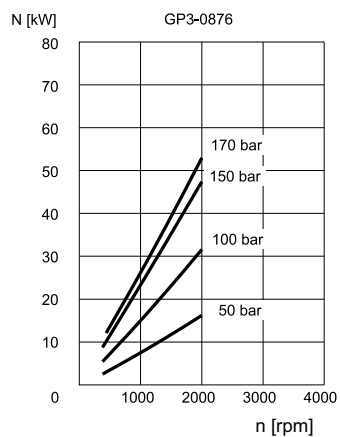
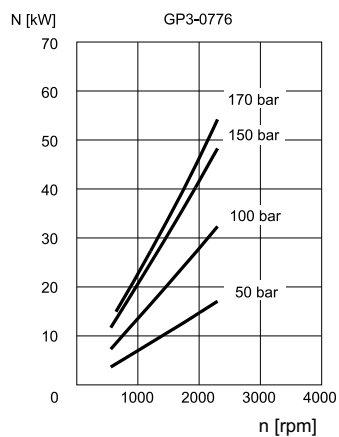
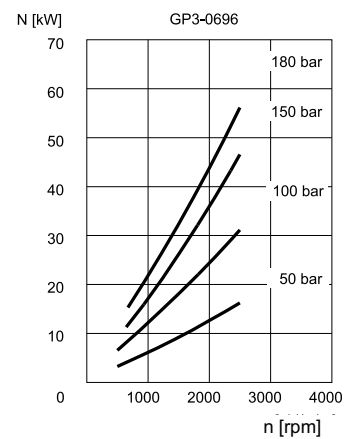
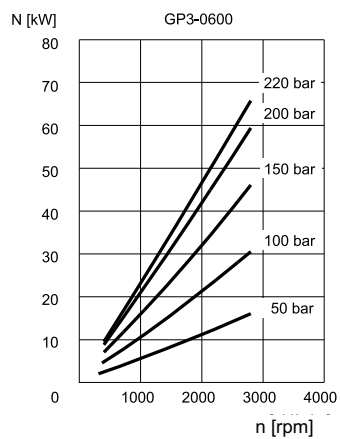
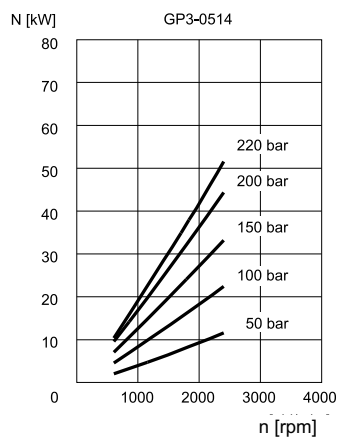
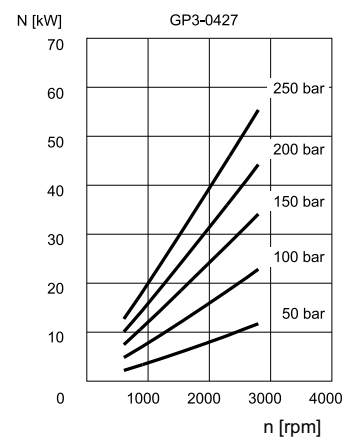
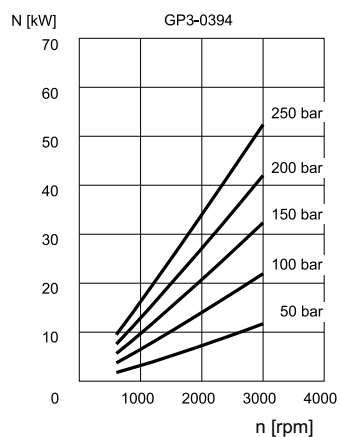
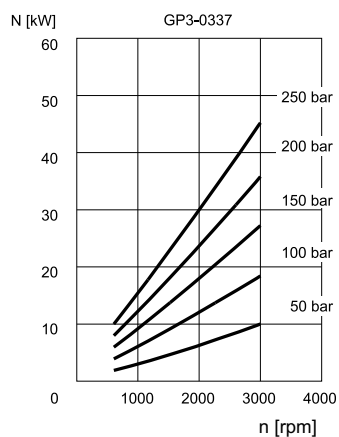
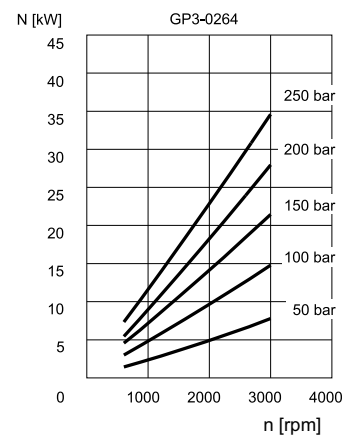
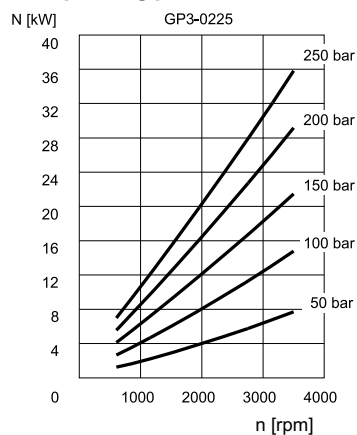
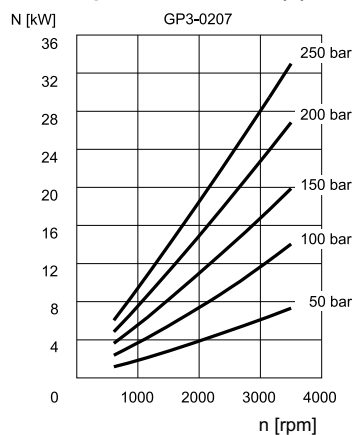
The total efficiency considers the volumetric efficiency and the mechanical efficiency of the pump in the specified operating conditions.

#### 6.3 - Noise level

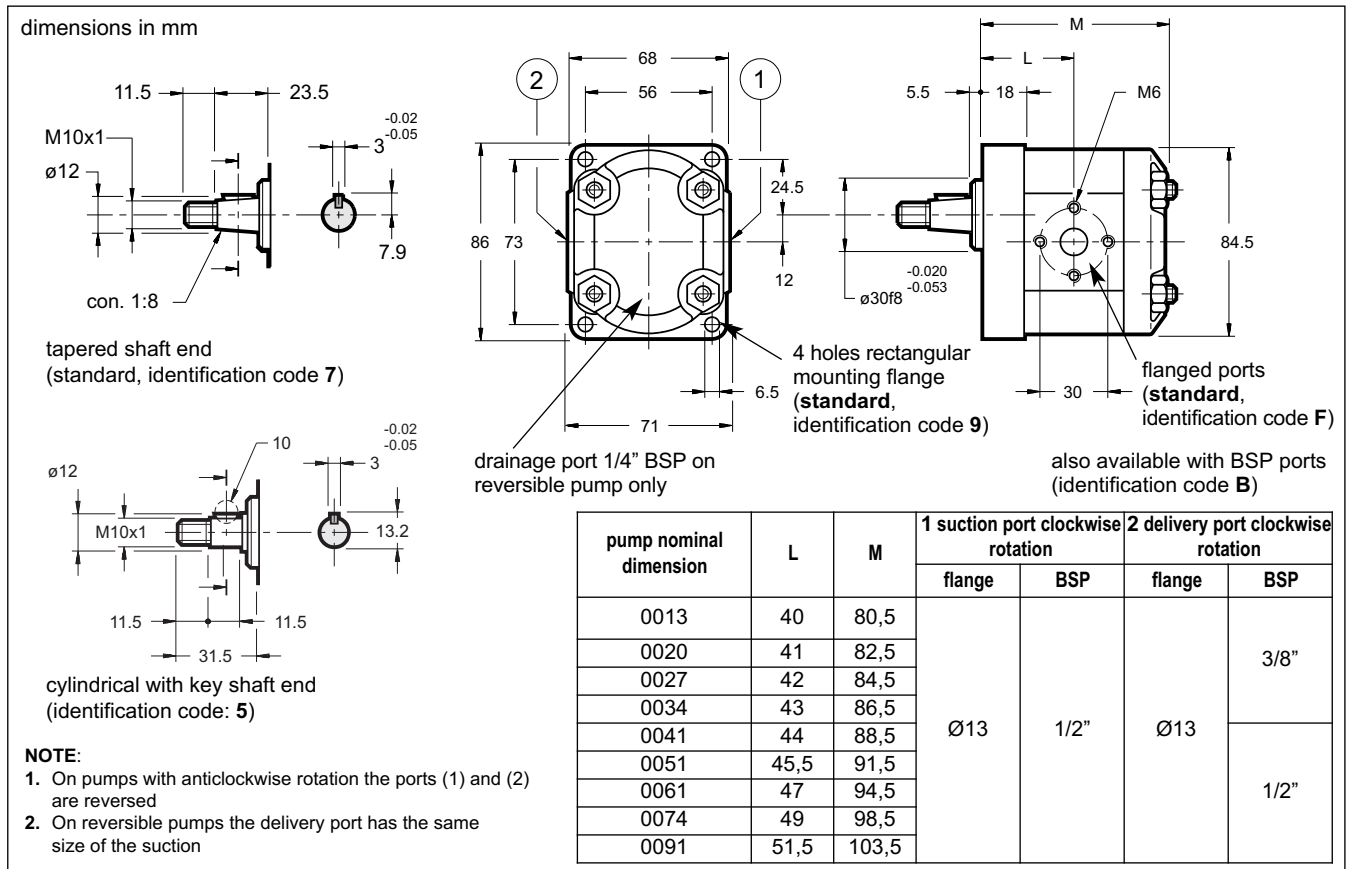
PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	NOISE LEVEL [dB (A)]
0207	75
0225	75
0264	76
0337	72
0394	72
0427	73
0514	75
0600	77
0696	77
0776	76
0876	78

The noise levels for the various nominal dimensions of the Group GP3 pumps, measured at 1500 rpm, with 150 bar operating pressure and measured at a distance of 1 metre from the pump, are shown in the table.

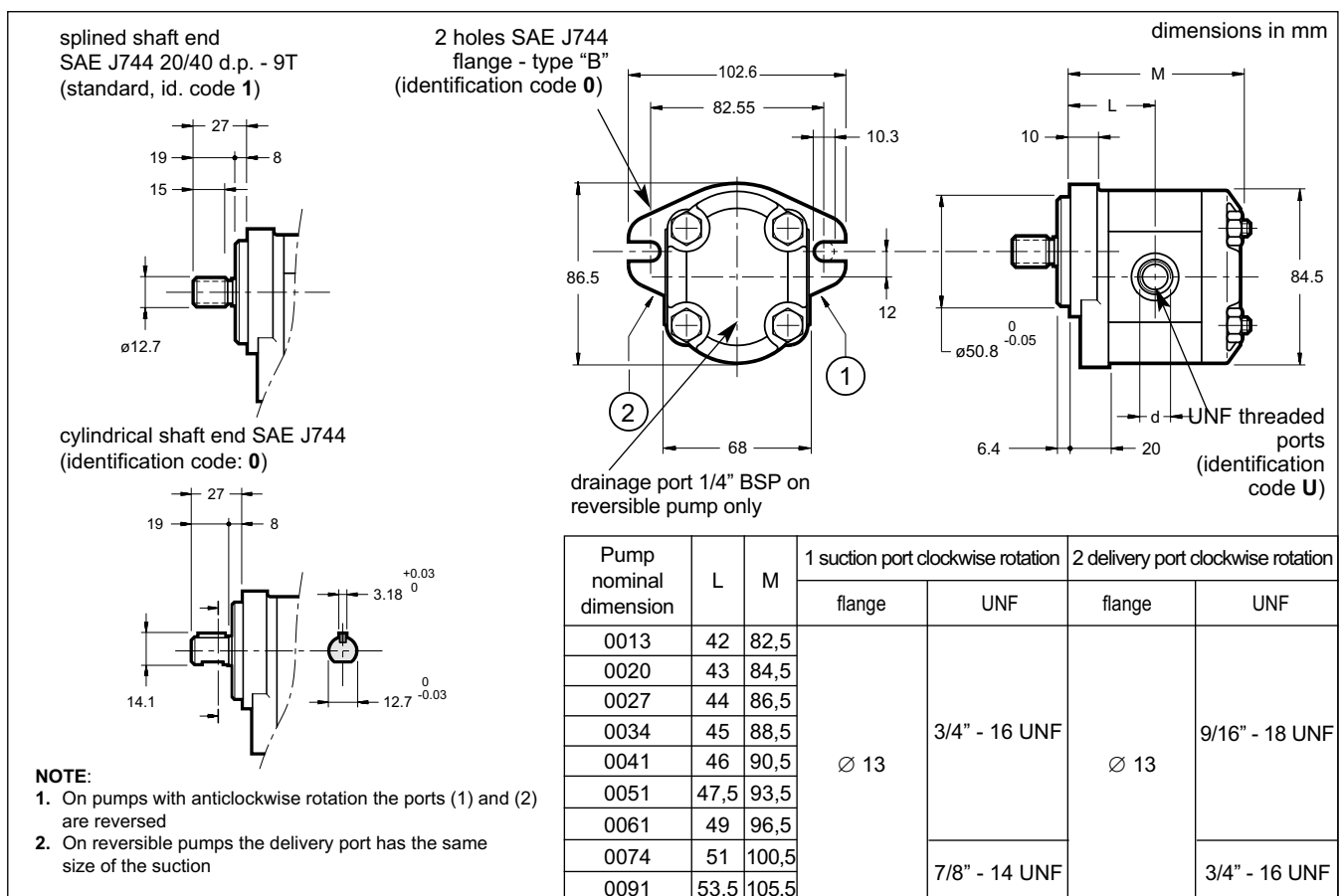
### 6.4 - Absorbed power curves $N=f(n)$ , measured with operating pressures from 50 to 250 bar



## 7 - GROUP GP1 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS WITH STANDARD FLANGE

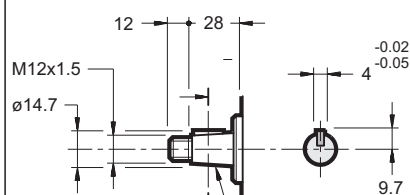


## 8 - GROUP GP1 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS WITH SAE FLANGE

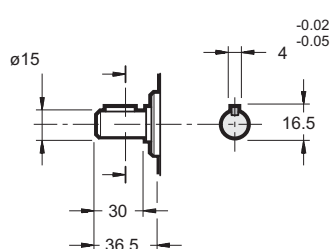


## 9 - GROUP GP2 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS WITH STANDARD FLANGE

dimensions in mm



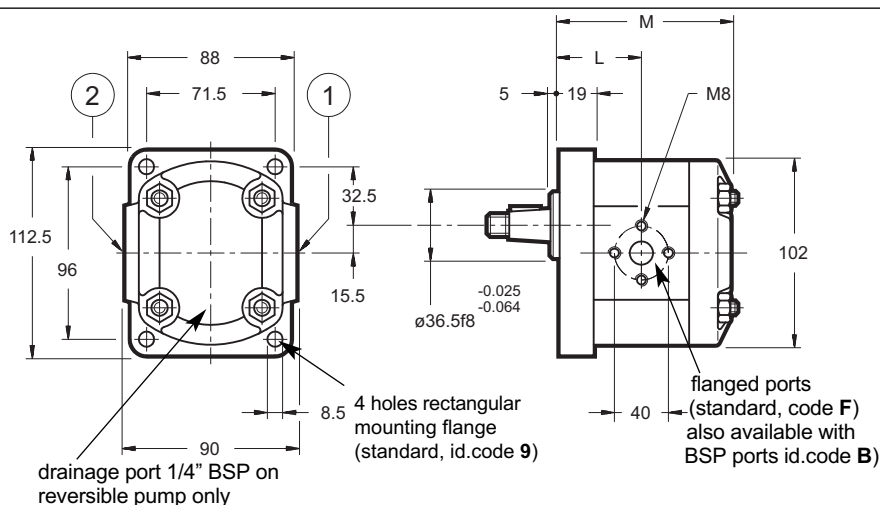
tapered shaft end  
(standard, id. code **7**)



cylindrical with key shaft end  
(id code: 5)

**NOTE:**

1. On pumps with anticlockwise rotation the ports (1) and (2) are reversed
2. On reversible pumps the delivery port has the same size of the suction

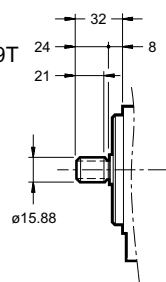


pump nominal dimension	L	M	1 suction port clockwise rotation		2 delivery port clockwise rotation	
			flange	BSP	flange	BSP
0070	47,5	97,5	Ø13	1/2"	Ø13	1/2"
0095	49,5	101,5				
0113	51	104,5	Ø19	3/4"		
0140	53	108,5				
0158	54,5	111,5				
0178	56	114,5				
0218	58,5	119,5				
0234	60,5	123,5			Ø19	
0279	64	130,5				

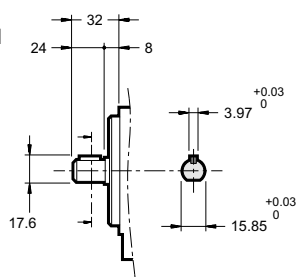
## 10 - GROUP GP2 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS WITH SAE FLANGE

dimensions in mm

splined shaft end  
SAE J744 6/32 d.p. - 9  
(standard, id. code 1)

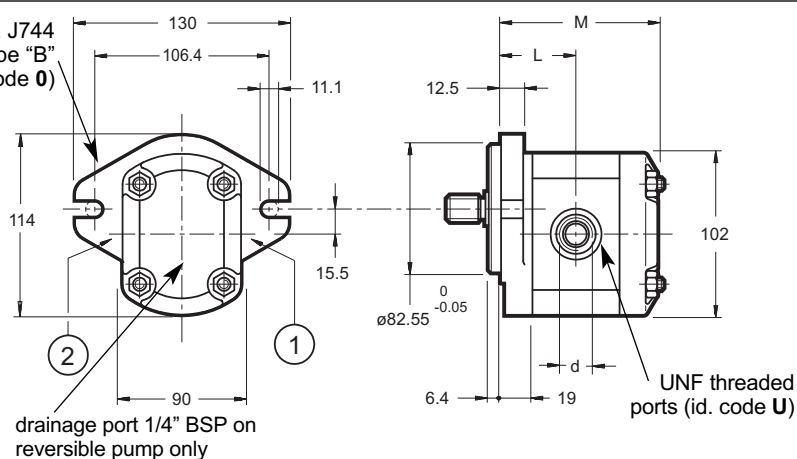


cylindrical shaft end  
SAE J744  
(id. code: **0**)



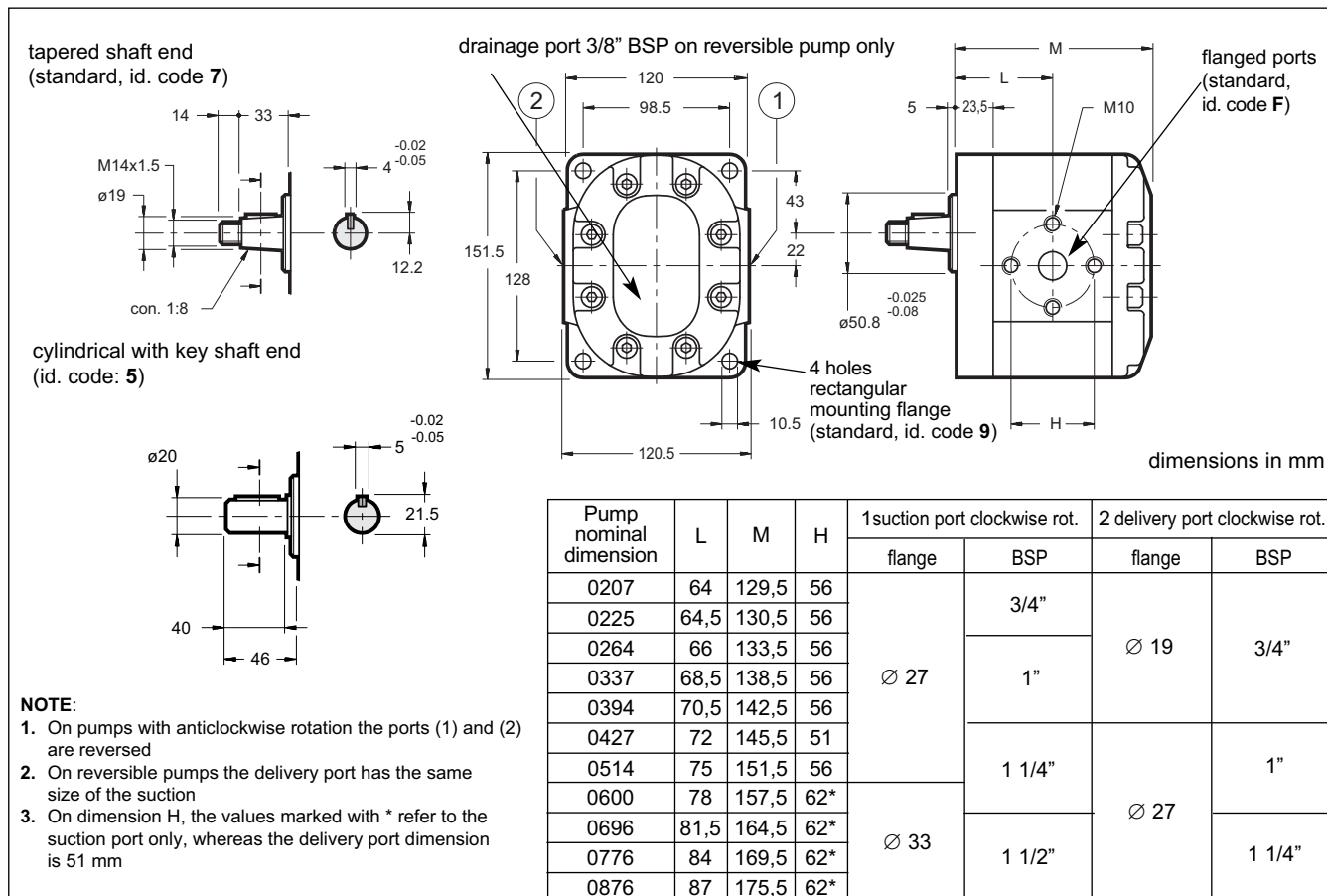
**NOTE:**

1. On pumps with anticlockwise rotation the ports (1) and (2) are reversed
2. On reversible pumps the delivery port has the same size of the suction

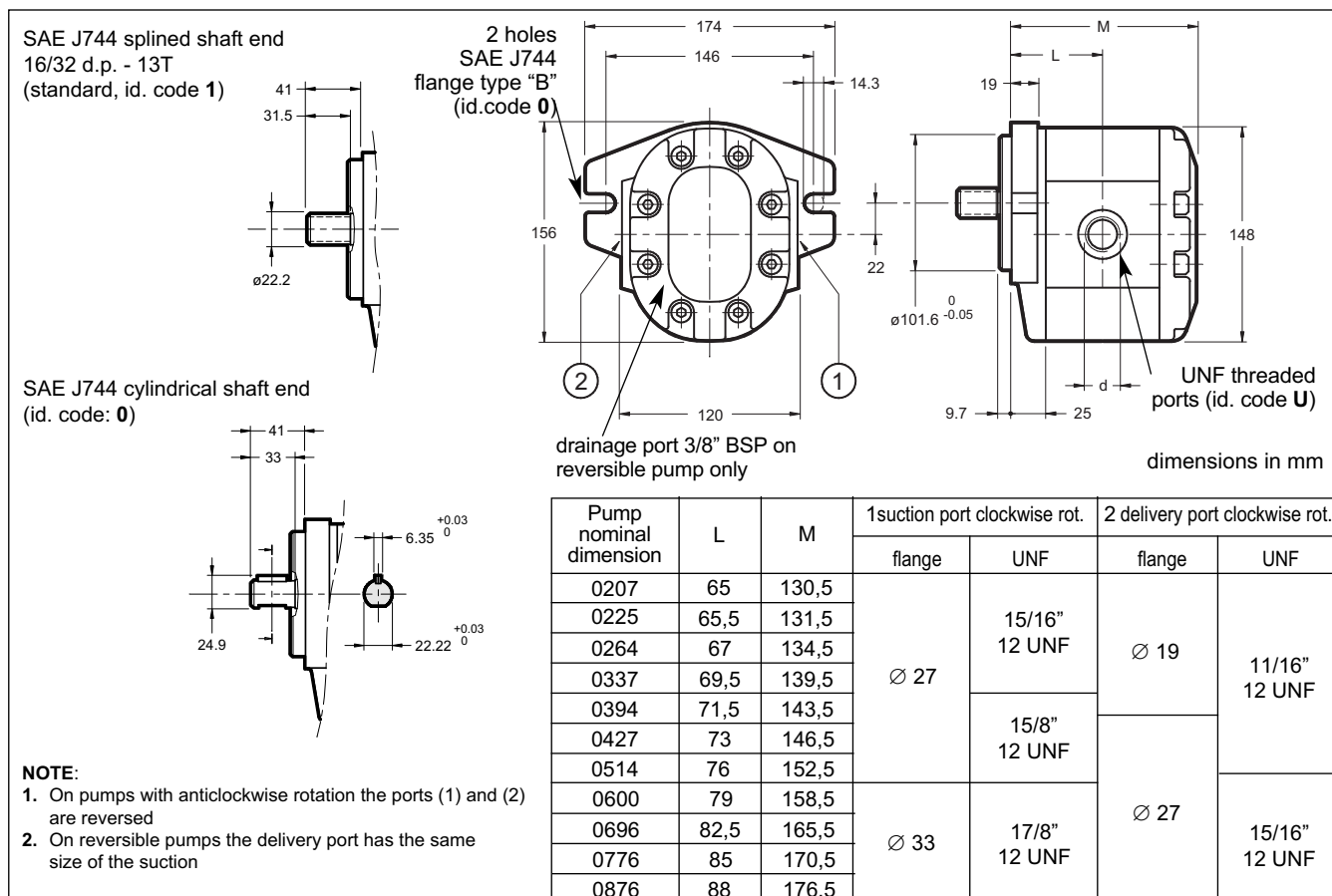


Pump nominal dimension	L	M	1 suction port clockwise rotation		2 delivery port clockwise rotation	
			flange	UNF	flange	UNF
0070	47,5	97,5	Ø 13	11/16” 12 UNF	Ø 13	7/8” 14 UNF
0095	49,5	101,5				
0113	51	104,5	Ø 19			
0140	53	108,5				
0158	54,5	111,5				
0178	56	114,5				
0208	58,5	119,5				
0234	60,5	123,5	Ø 19			
0279	64	130,5				

# 11 - GROUP GP3 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS WITH STANDARD FLANGE



# 12 - GROUP GP3 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS WITH SAE FLANGE



### 13 - INSTALLATION

- The GP gear pumps can be installed with the shaft oriented in any position.
- Be sure the control rotation direction corresponds to the direction of the arrow marked on the pump before putting the pump into operation.
- **Before starting, the pump body has to be filled with the fluid.**
- It is necessary to vent the air from the delivery connection before operating it the first time.
- The pump start up, especially at a cold temperature, should occur with the pump unloading.
- The suction line must be suitably sized to facility the flow of the oil. Bends and restrictions or an excessive line length can impede correct operation of the pump. It is advisable that the speed of 1 ÷ 2 m/sec is not exceeded in the suction line.
- The minimum suction pressure allowed is -0,3 bar relative. The pumps can not function with suction pressure.
- The gear pumps must not operate with a rotation rating of less than the minimum rotation speed (see table 3 - performance ratings). They must be filled with the same plant operation oil before installation. Filling is done through the connection lines. If necessary, rotate the pump manually.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling able to compensate any offsets. Couplings that generate axial or radial loads on the pump shaft are not allowed.

### 14 - MULTIPLE PUMPS

The possibility to couple several pumps makes it possible to create multi-flow groups with independent hydraulic circuits.

While sizing coupled pumps, it is necessary to make reference to the following conditions:

- The coupling can be carried out between pumps with the same dimensions or to a size of decreasing order.
- The max. rotation speed is determined by the pump with the lowest speed.
- The values of the max. applicable torque can not be exceeded.

#### 14.1 - Maximum applicable torque

The input torque (M) for each pump is given by the following ratio:

$$M = \frac{9550 \cdot N}{n} = [\text{Nm}]$$

n = rotation speed [rpm]

Q = flow rate [l/min]

where the absorbed power (N) is given by:

$\Delta p$  = differential pressure between the pump suction and delivery [bar]

$$N = \frac{Q \cdot \Delta p}{600 \cdot \eta_{\text{tot}}} = [\text{kW}]$$

$\eta_{\text{tot}}$  = total efficiency (see diagrams in par. 4.2 - 5.2 - 6.2).

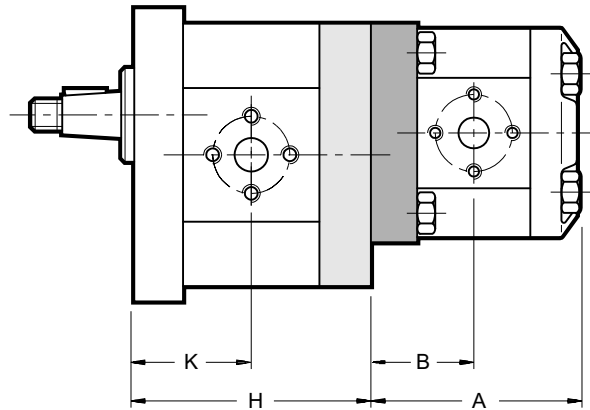
or it can be obtained from the diagrams ABSORBED POWER (see paragraphs 4.4 - 5.4 - 6.4).

If several pumps are coupled, the torque of each single pump has to be added to the torque of subsequent pumps when they are loaded simultaneously.

The obtained torque value for each pump has to be lower than the value specified in the table below.

If the obtained torque values are higher than the ones stated in the table, it is necessary to reduce the working pressure value or to replace the overloaded pump with a pump suitable to bear the required torque.

	MAX TORQUE APPLICABLE TO THE SHAFT OF THE FRONT PUMP [Nm]			MAX APPLICABLE TORQUE [Nm] (not simultaneously to the front pump)		
FRONT PUMP SIZE	tapered shaft with key code 7	SAE J744 splined shaft code 1	SAE J744 cylindrical shaft cod. 0	PUMP TO BE MATED		
				GP1	GP2	GP3
GP1	100	100	60	50	-	-
GP2	200	185	140		100	
GP3	300	600	450			220

**15 - MULTIPLE PUMPS OVERALL DIMENSIONS**


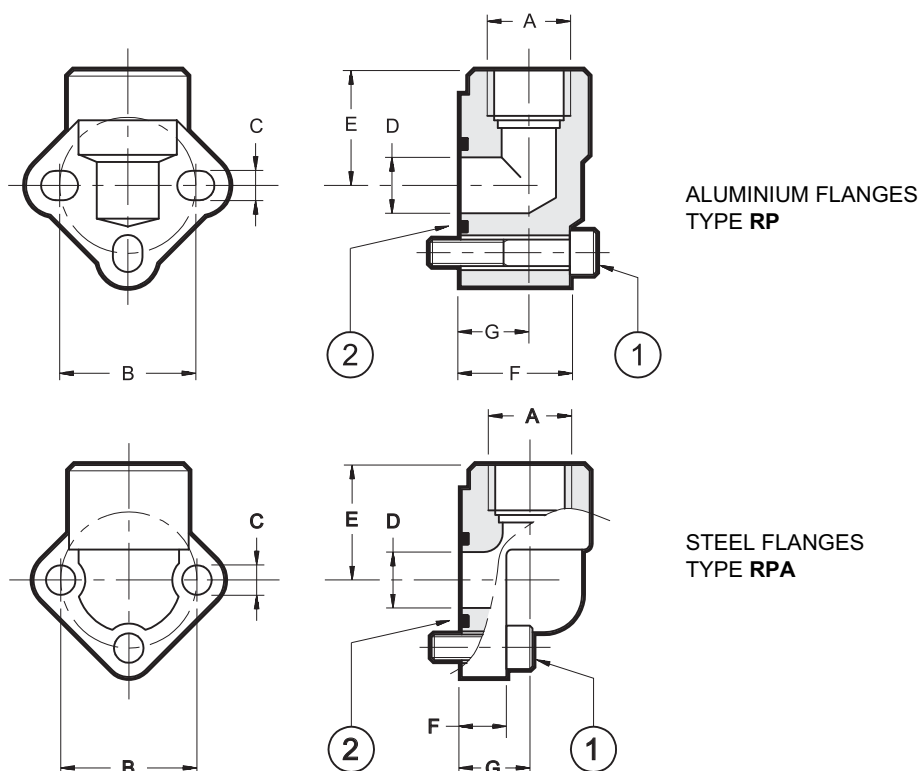
dimensions in mm

PUMP SIZE	NOMINAL SIZE	FRONT PUMP		REAR PUMP	
		H	K	A	B
GP1	0013	86	40	86,5	46
	0020	88	41	88,5	47
	0027	90	42	90,5	48
	0034	92	43	92,5	49
	0041	94	44	94,5	50
	0051	97	45,5	97,5	51,5
	0061	100	47	100,5	53
	0074	104	49	104,5	55
GP2	0091	109	51,5	109,5	57,5
	0070	101	47,5	103,5	53,5
	0095	105	49,5	107,5	55,5
	0113	108	51	110,5	57
	0140	112	53	114,5	59
	0158	115	54,5	117,5	60,5
	0178	118	56	120,5	62
	0208	123	58,5	125,5	64,5
	0234	127	60,5	129,5	66,5
	0279	134	64	136,5	70
GP3	0207	135,5	64	137	71,5
	0225	136,5	64,5	138	72
	0264	139,5	66	141	73,5
	0337	144,5	68,5	146	76
	0394	148,5	70,5	150	78
	0427	151,5	72	153	79,5
	0514	157,5	75	159	82,5
	0600	163,5	78	165	85,5
	0696	170,5	81,5	172	89
	0776	175,5	84	177	91,5
	0876	181,5	87	183	94,5

**NOTE:** For the dimensions of groups composed of three or more pumps, please consult our Technical Dept.

## 16 - CONNECTION FLANGES

dimensions in mm



### ALUMINIUM FLANGES TYPE RP

Fastening bolt and O-rings included

	Flange code	Flange description	$p_{max}$ [bar]	ØA	B	C	ØD	E	F	G	(1) SHC bolts	(2) seals
GP1	0610506	RP1 - 38	180	3/8" BSP	30	6,5	12,5	30	26	18	n°3 - M6x35	OR 121 (15.88x2.62)
	0610248	RP1 - 12		1/2" BSP	30	6,5	12,5	30	26	18		
GP2	0610508	RP2 - 12		1/2" BSP	40	8,5	18,5	40	31	20	n°3 - M8x45	OR 130 (22.22x2.62)
	0610249	RP2 - 34		3/4" BSP	40	8,5	18,5	40	31	20		
GP3	0610717	RP3 - 34		3/4" BSP	51	10,5	25	46	43	26	n°3 - M10x60	OR 4118 (29.75x3.53)
	0610250	RP3 - 100		1" BSP	56	10,5	25	46	43	26		

### STEEL FLANGES TYPE RPA

	Flange code	Flange description	$p_{max}$ [bar]	ØA	B	C	ØD	E	F	G	(1) SHC bolts	(2) seals
GP1	0771048	RPA1 - 38	315	3/8" BSP	30	6,5	12	24	17	9,5	n°3 - M6x20	OR 121 (15.88x2.62)
	0771049	RPA1 - 12		1/2" BSP	30	6,5	12	24	17	9,5		
GP2	0771050	RPA2 - 12		1/2" BSP	40	8,5	20	36	22	11,5	n°3 - M8x25	OR 132 (23.81x2.62)
	0770615	RPA2 - 34		3/4" BSP	40	8,5	20	36	22	11,5		
GP3	0771051	RPA3 - 34A		3/4" BSP	51	10,5	24	46	26	13	n°3 - M10x30	OR 3125 (31.42x2.62)
	0770617	RPA3 - 100A		1" BSP	51	10,5	24	46	26	13		
	0770618	RPA3 - 34B		3/4" BSP	56	10,5	24	46	26	13		
	0770619	RPA3 - 100B		1" BSP	56	10,5	24	46	26	13		
	0771052	RPA35 - 114A		1" 1/4 BSP	62	13	31	55	35	17	n°3 - M10x35	



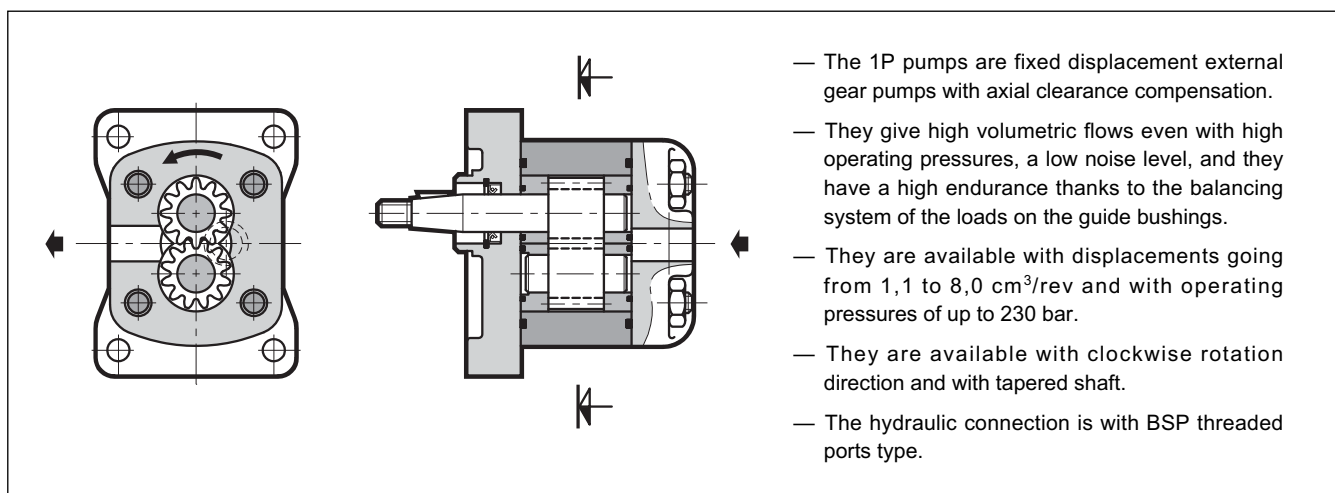


# 1P

## EXTERNAL GEAR PUMPS

### SERIES 11

#### OPERATING PRINCIPLE

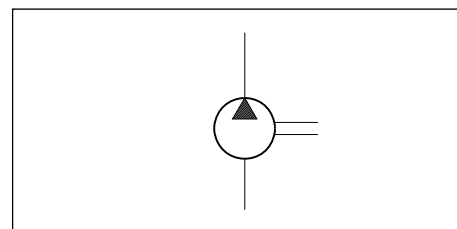


#### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

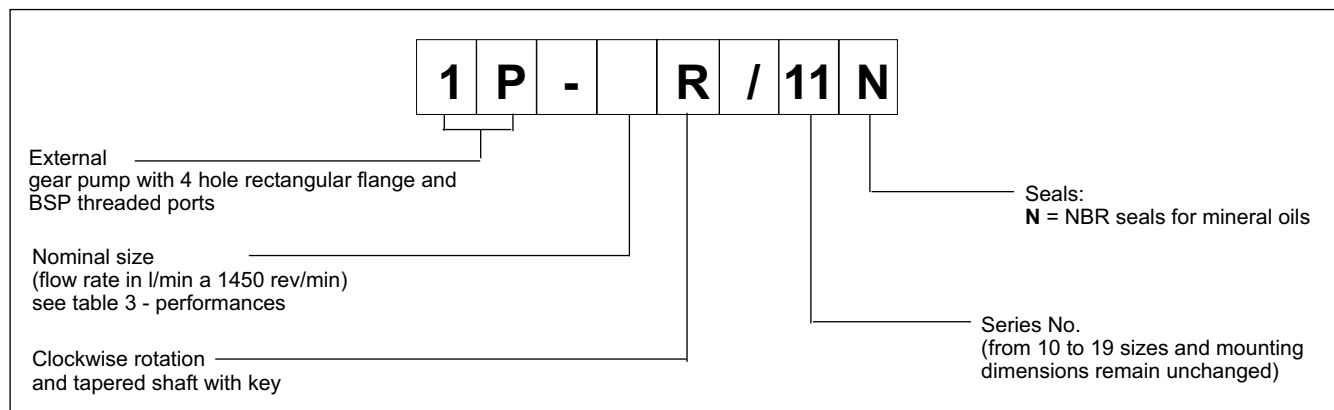
PUMP SIZE		1P
Displacement range	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	1,1 ÷ 8,0
Flow rate and operating pressures		see table 3 - Performances
Rotation speed		see table 3 - Performances
Rotation direction		clockwise (seen from the shaft side)
Loads on the shaft		radial and axial load are not allowed
Hydraulic connection		threaded ports BSP
Type of mounting		4 hole flange - rectangular type
Mass	kg	approx. 1,6

Ambient temperature range	°C	-20 / +50
Fluid temperature range	°C	-15 / +80
Fluid viscosity range	see par. 2.2	
Recommended viscosity	cSt	25 ÷ 100
Degree of fluid contamination	see par. 2.3	

#### HYDRAULIC SYMBOL



### 1 - CODIFICATION



### 2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

#### 2.1 Type of fluid

Use mineral oil based hydraulic fluids with anti-foam and antioxidant additives, in conformity with the requisites of the following standards:  
 - FZG test - 11th stage      - DIN 51525      - VDMA 24317

For use with other types of fluid (water glycol, phosphate esters and others), consult our technical dept.

Operation with fluid at a temperature greater than 80°C causes a premature deterioration of the fluid quality and of the seals. The physical and chemical properties of the fluid must be maintained.

#### 2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity	12 cSt	referred to the maximum fluid temperature of 80 °C
optimum viscosity	25 ÷ 100 cSt	referred to the operating temperature of the fluid in the tank
maximum viscosity	1600 cSt	limited to only the start-up phase of the pump

#### 2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore, use of a filter with  $\beta_{20} \geq 75$  is recommended. A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \geq 100$  is recommended.

If there is a filter installed on the suction line, be sure that the pressure at the pump inlet is not lower than the values specified in paragraph 6. The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator.

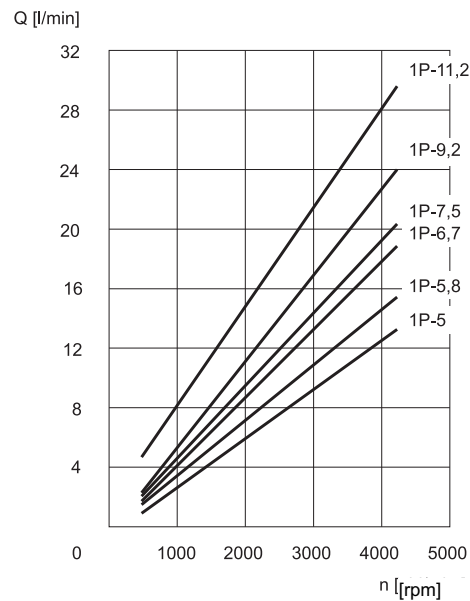
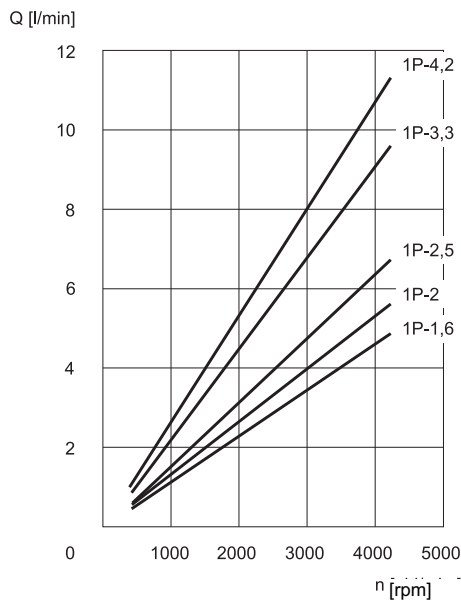
### 3 - PERFORMANCES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

PUMP SIZE	NOMINAL SIZE	DISPALCEMENT [cm³/rev]	MAX. FLOW RATE (at 1500 rpm) [l/min.]	MAX. OPERATING PRESSURE (ar 1500 rpm) [bar]	MAX. PEAK PRESSURE (at 1500 rpm.) [bar]	MAX. ROTATION SPEED [rpm]	MIN. ROTATION SPEED [rpm]
1P	1,6	1,1	1,6	230	270	6000	1000
	2	1,3	2,0				
	2,5	1,6	2,4				
	3,3	2,1	3,2				
	4,2	2,7	4,0	210	250	5000 4500 4000	800
	5	3,2	4,8				
	5,8	3,7	5,6				
	6,7	4,2	6,4				
	7,5	4,8	7,2	190	230	3500	600
	9,2	5,8	8,7			3000	
	11,5	8,0	11,9	160	200	2100	



## 4 - CURVES AND CHARACTERISTIC DATA OF GROUP 1P PUMPS (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

### 4.1 - Flow rate curves $Q=f(n)$ obtained with operating pressure 0 bar



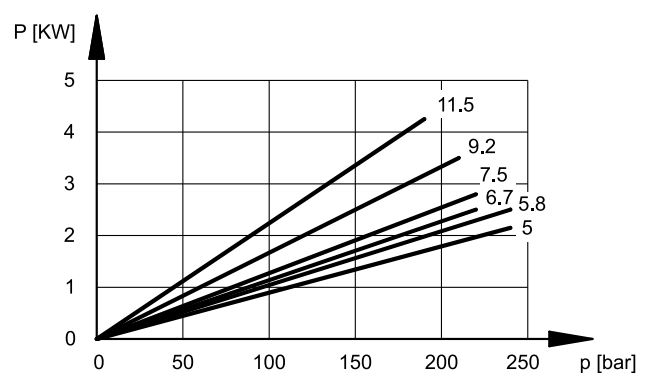
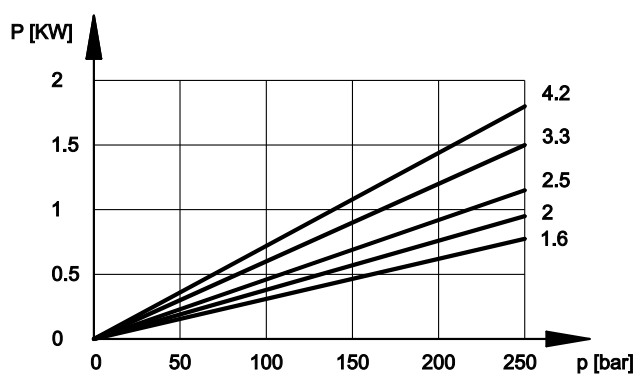
### 4.2 - Efficiencies

PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	VOLUMETRIC EFFICIENCY [%]	TOTAL EFFICIENCY [%]
1,6	0,96	0,85
2	0,94	0,87
2,5	0,94	0,87
3,3	0,96	0,90
4,2	0,96	0,90
5	0,96	0,90
5,8	0,96	0,89
6,7	0,97	0,92
7,5	0,97	0,93
9,2	0,95	0,89
11,5	0,94	0,89

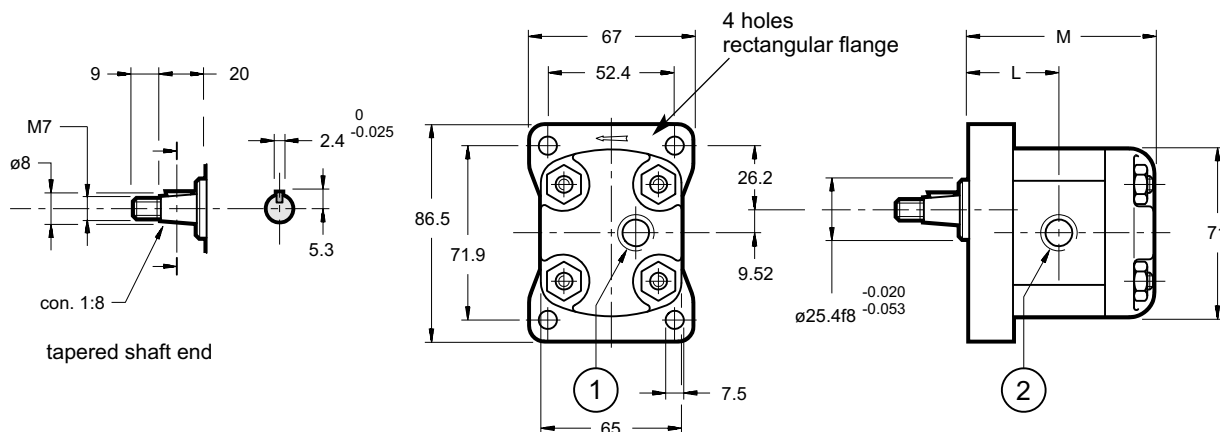
### 4.3 - Noise level (at 1500 rpm)

PUMP NOMINAL SIZE	NOISE LEVEL [dB (A)]
1,6	55
2	58
2,5	58
3,3	60
4,2	65
5	66
5,8	66
6,7	68
7,5	72
9,2	72
11,5	74

### 4.4 - Absorbed power / pressure (at 1500 rpm)



## 5 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

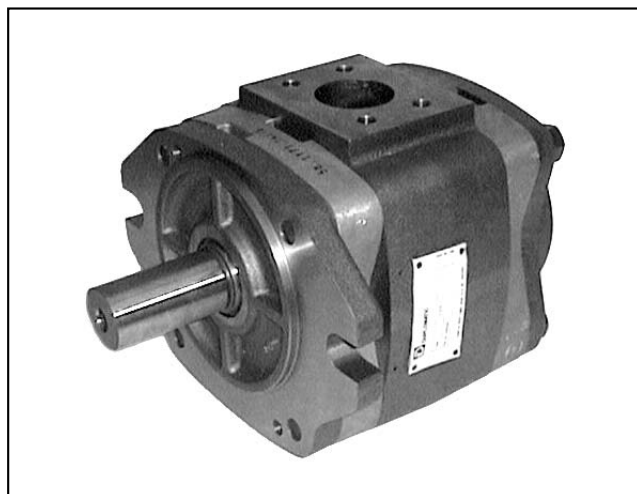


dimensions in mm

Pump code	Pump nominal dimension	L	M	1	2
0710842	1P-1,6	34	75	suction port: 3/8" BSP  clockwise rotation direction	delivery port: 3/8" BSP  clockwise rotation direction
0710843	1P-2	34,5	76		
0710844	1P-2,5	35	77		
0710845	1P-3,3	36	79		
0710846	1P-4,2	37	81		
0710847	1P-5	38	83		
0710848	1P-5,8	39	85		
0710849	1P-6,7	40	87		
0710850	1P-7,5	41	89		
0710851	1P-9,2	43	93		
0710852	1P-11,5	47	101		

## 6 - INSTALLATION

- The 1P gear pumps can be installed with the shaft oriented in any position.
- Be sure the control rotation direction corresponds to the direction of the arrow marked on the pump before putting the pump into operation.
- It is necessary to vent the air from the delivery connection before operating it the first time.
- The pump start up, especially at a cold temperature, should occur with the pump unloading.
- The suction line must be suitably sized to facility the flow of the oil. Bends and restrictions or an excessive line length can impede correct operation of the pump. It is advisable that the speed of  $1 \div 2$  m/sec is not exceeded in the suction line.
- The minimum suction pressure allowed is -0,3 bar relative. The pumps can not function with suction pressure.
- The gear pumps must not operate with a rotation rating of less than the minimum rotation speed (see table 3 - performances). They must be filled with the same plant operation oil before installation. Filling is done through the connection lines. If necessary, rotate the pump manually.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling able to compensate any offsets. Couplings that generate axial or radial loads on the pump shaft are not allowed.

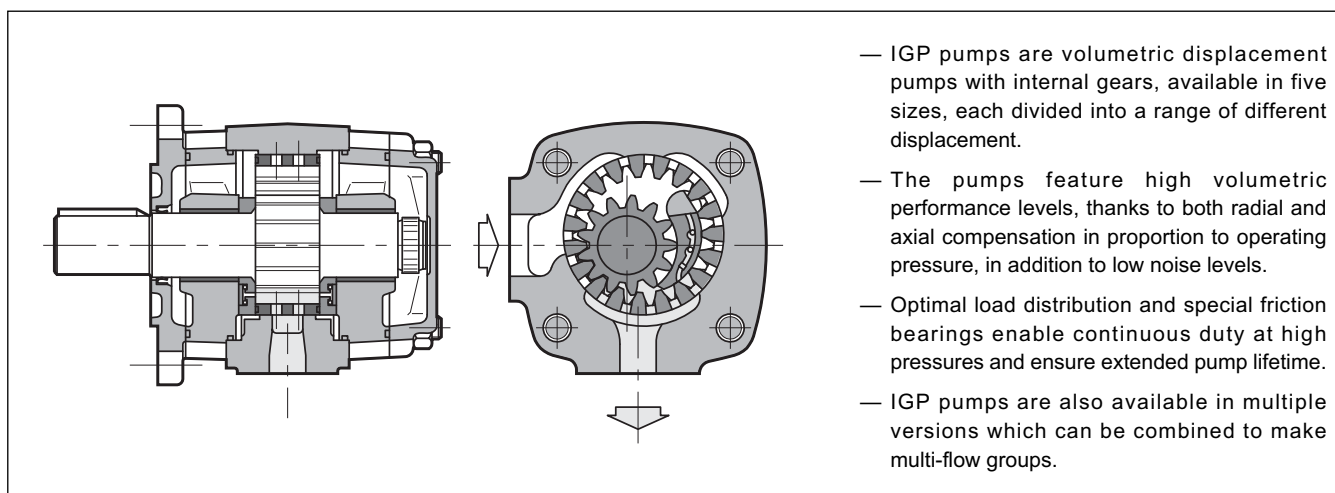


# IGP

## INTERNAL GEAR PUMPS

### SERIES 10

#### OPERATING PRINCIPLE

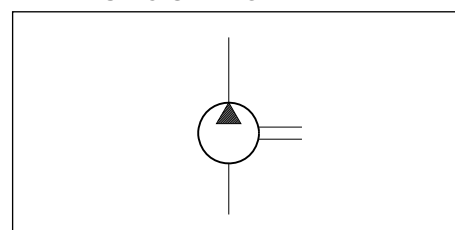


#### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

IGP PUMP SIZE		3	4	5	6	7
Displacement range	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	3,6 ÷ 10,2	13,3 ÷ 32,6	33,1 ÷ 64,9	64,1 ÷ 126,2	125,8 ÷ 251,7
Flow rate range (at 1.500 rpm)	l/min.	5,4 ÷ 15,3	19,9 ÷ 48,9	49,6 ÷ 97,3	96,1 ÷ 189,3	188,7 ÷ 377,5
Operating pressures		see table 3 - performances				
Rotation speed		see table 3 - performances				
Rotation direction		clockwise or anticlockwise (seen from the shaft side)				
Loads on the shaft		consult our technical department for the extent of axial and radial loads				
Hydraulic connection		flanged fittings SAE J518 c code 61 (see par. 28)				
Type of fastening		flanged SAE J744 c				
Mass (single pump)	kg	4 ÷ 4,8	8,6 ÷ 11	15,5 ÷ 18,7	29,2 ÷ 35	46,5 ÷ 59

Ambient temperature range	°C	−10 / +60
Fluid temperature range	°C	−10 / +80
Fluid viscosity range	see par. 2.2	
Recommended true viscosity	cSt	25 ÷ 100
Degree of fluid contamination	see par. 2.3	

#### HYDRAULIC SYMBOL



### 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE

<b>I</b>	<b>G</b>	<b>P</b>			-	/	-			/	<b>10</b>						
<p>Internal gear pump</p>			<p>Pump size: _____</p> <p>- single pump</p> <p>- front pump (only for double pumps):</p> <p><b>3</b> = from 3,6 to 10,2 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p> <p><b>4</b> = from 13,3 to 32,6 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p> <p><b>5</b> = from 33,1 to 64,9 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p> <p><b>6</b> = from 64,1 to 126,2 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p> <p><b>7</b> = from 125,8 to 251,7 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p>			<p>Added pump size _____</p> <p>(only for double pumps):</p> <p><b>3</b> = from 3,6 to 10,2 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p> <p><b>4</b> = from 13,3 to 32,6 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p> <p><b>5</b> = from 33,1 to 64,9 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p> <p><b>6</b> = from 64,1 to 126,2 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p> <p><b>7</b> = from 125,8 to 251,7 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p>			<p>Size: _____</p> <p>- single pump</p> <p>- front pump (only for double pumps)</p> <p>(see performances table, par. 3)</p>			<p>Series No. (the overall and mounting dimensions remain unchanged from 10 to 19)</p>			<p>Type of shaft end</p> <p><b>1</b> = with key</p> <p>other types of shafts are available upon request</p>		
<p>Added pump size _____</p> <p>(only for double pumps):</p> <p><b>3</b> = from 3,6 to 10,2 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p> <p><b>4</b> = from 13,3 to 32,6 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p> <p><b>5</b> = from 33,1 to 64,9 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p> <p><b>6</b> = from 64,1 to 126,2 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p> <p><b>7</b> = from 125,8 to 251,7 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p>			<p>Mounting flange</p> <p><b>0</b> =type SAE - 2</p> <p><b>1</b> =type SAE - 4 (only for IGP7)</p> <p>other flange types are available upon request</p>			<p>Rotation direction (seen from the shaft side)</p> <p><b>R</b> = clockwise    <b>L</b> = anticlockwise</p>			<p>Added pump size:</p> <p>(only for double pumps)</p> <p>(see performances table, par. 3)</p>			<p>Added pump size:</p> <p>(only for double pumps)</p> <p>(see performances table, par. 3)</p>					

### 2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

#### 2.1 - Fluid type

Use mineral oil based hydraulic fluids with anti-foam and antioxidant additives.

For use with other types of fluid, keep in mind the limitations shown in the following table or consult our technical department for authorization of use.

FLUID TYPE	NOTES
HFC (water glycol solution with proportion of water ≤ 40 %)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- The performances shown in the table in par. 3 must be reduced of 20%.</li> <li>- The maximum speed of the fluid in the suction line must not exceed 1 m/s.</li> <li>- The suction pressure must not be less than 0,8 bar absolute.</li> <li>- The maximum fluid temperature must be less than 50°C.</li> </ul>
HFD (phosphate esters)	Operation with this type of fluid is not allowed.

#### 2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity	10 cSt	referred to the maximum fluid temperature of 80 °C
optimum viscosity	25 ÷ 100 cSt	referred to the fluid working temperature in the tank
maximum viscosity	2000 cSt	limited to only the start-up phase of the pump

When selecting the fluid type, be sure that the true viscosity is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

#### 2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore, use of a filter with  $\beta_{20} \geq 75$  is recommended. A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \geq 100$  is recommended.

If there is a filter installed on the suction line, be sure that the pressure at the pump inlet is not lower than the values specified in paragraph 3. The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator.



### 3 - PERFORMANCES (obtained with mineral oil with viscosity in the range of 25 ± 100 cSt)

PUMP SIZE	NOMINAL DIMENSION	DISPLACEMENT [cm³/rev] (note 2)	MAX. FLOW RATE (at 1500 rpm) [l/min.]	PRESSURE [bar] (note 3) steady/peak		MAX. ROTATION SPEED [rpm]	MIN. ROTATION SPEED [rpm] (note 4)
IGP3	003	3,6	5,4	330	345	3600	400
	005	5,2	7,8				
	006	6,4	9,6				
	008	8,2	12,3				
	010	10,2	15,3				
IGP4	013	13,3	19,9	330	345	3600	400
	016	15,8	23,7			3400	
	020	20,7	31,0			3200	
	025	25,4	38,1	300	330	3000	
	032	32,6	48,9	250	280	2800	
IGP5	032	33,1	49,6	315	345	3000	400
	040	41	61,5			2800	
	050	50,3	75,4	280	315	2500	
	064	64,9	97,3	230	250	2200	
IGP6	064	64,1	96,1	300	330	2600	400
	080	80,7	121,0	280	315	2400	
	100	101,3	151,9	250	300	2100	
	125	126,2	189,3	210	250	1800	
IGP7	125	125,8	188,7	300	330	2200	400
	160	160,8	241,2	280	315	2000	
	200	202,7	304,0	250	300	1800	
	250	251,7	377,5	210	250		

Note 1) In continuous operating conditions, the maximum suction pressure is 2 bar while the minimum pressure must not be less than -0,2 bar. A minimum suction pressure of - 0,4 bar is allowed for brief periods of time (the pressure values are to be considered relative).

Note 2) The working tolerances can reduce the displacement by 1,5% max. The flow rate at 1500 rpm shown in the table considers operation with pressure of 10 bar.

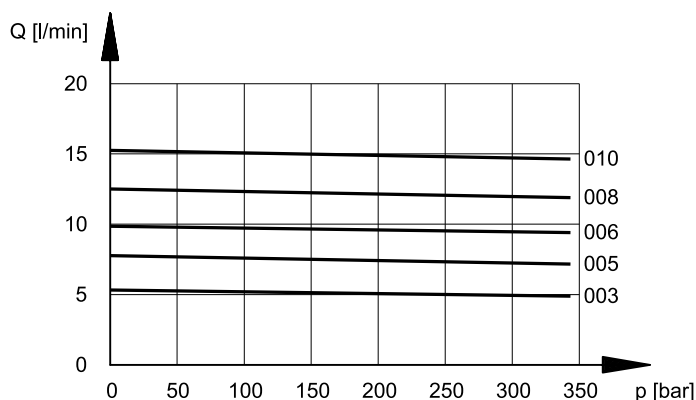
Note 3) The steady and peak pressures shown above are valid in the speed range of 400-1500 rpm. For speeds greater than 1500 rpm, the extent of the peak pressure must be reduced.

Note 4) For use at variable speed in the range less than 400 rpm or greater than 1500 rpm, there are limitations of the allowable pressures. Contact our technical department for applications outside this range.

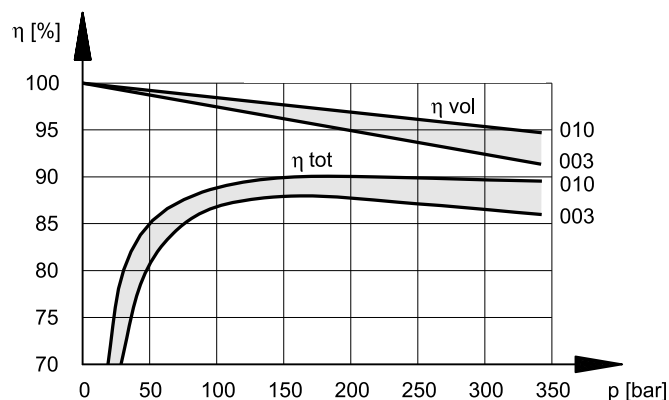
### 4- IGP3 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 46 cSt at 40°C)

The data shown in the diagrams were noted with pump rotation speed = 1500 rpm.

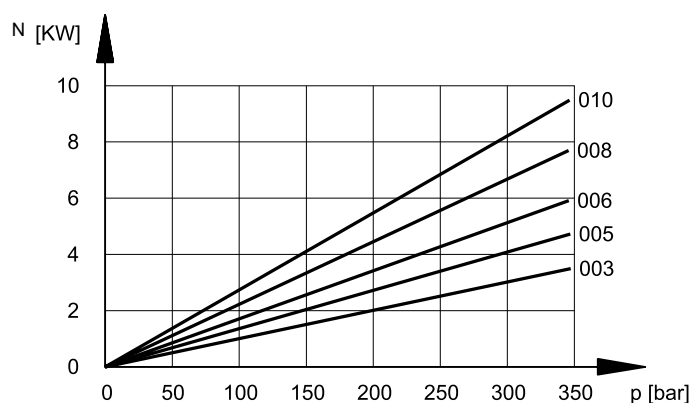
#### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES



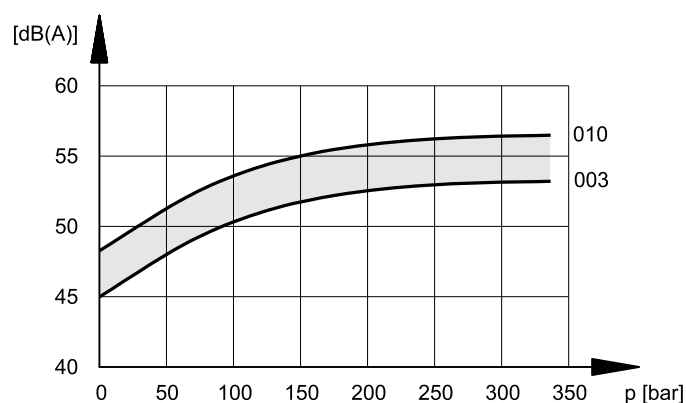
#### VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



#### ABSORBED POWER



#### NOISE LEVEL



The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anechoic room, at an axial distance of 1 m from the pump.

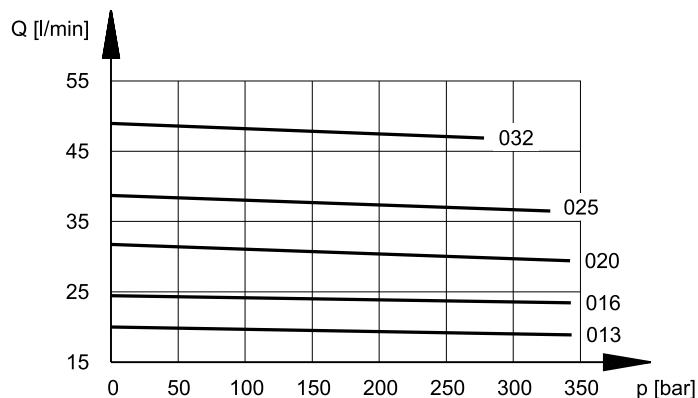
The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anechoic room.



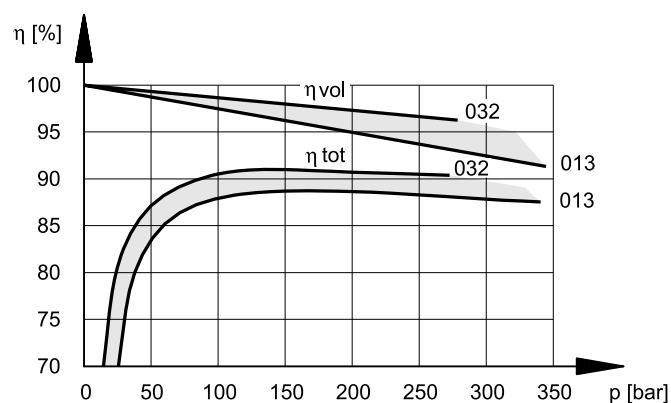
## 5- IGP4 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 46 cSt at 40°C)

The data shown in the diagrams were noted with pump rotation speed = 1500 rpm.

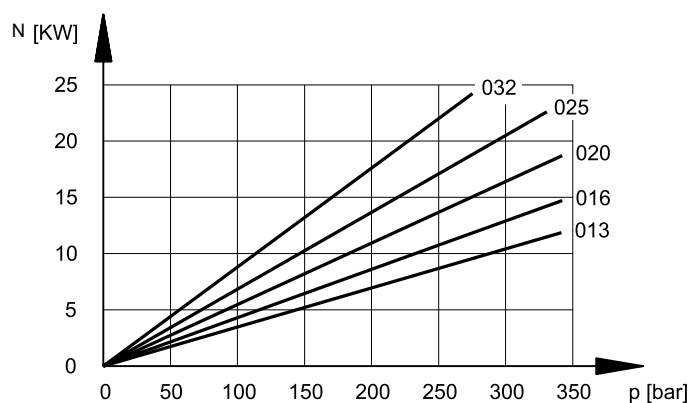
### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES



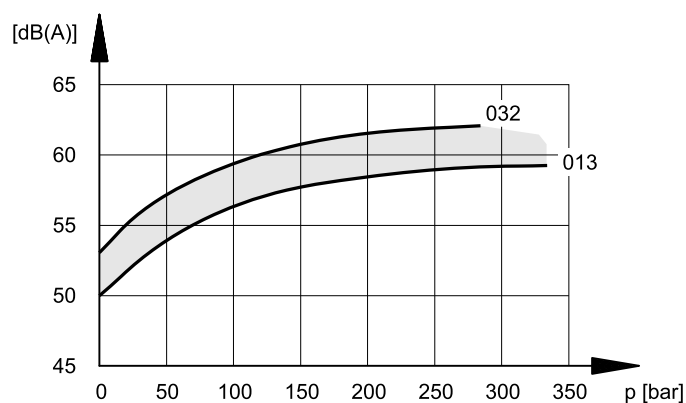
### VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



### ABSORBED POWER



### NOISE LEVEL

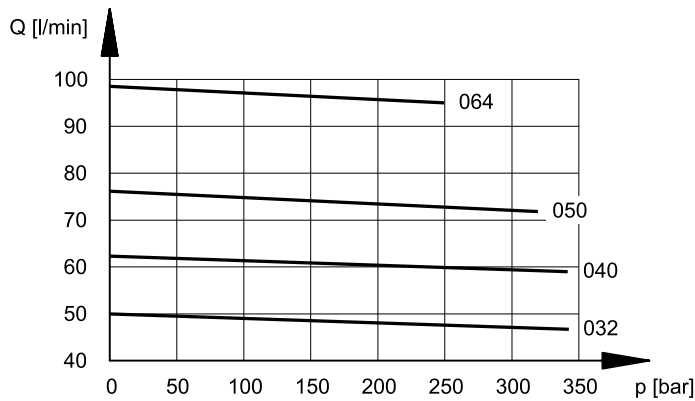


The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anechoic room, at an axial distance of 1 m from the pump.  
The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anechoic room.

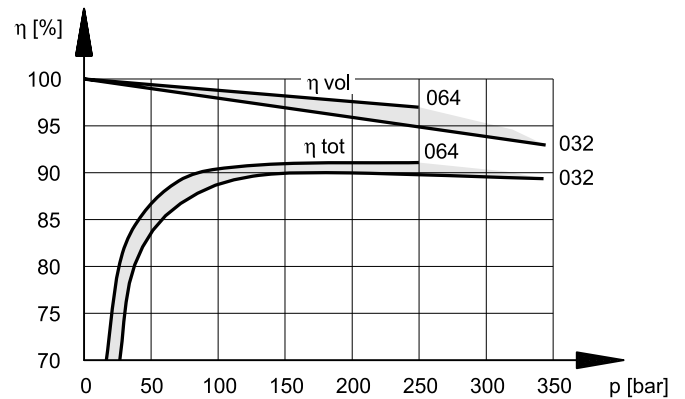
## 6- IGP5 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 46 cSt at 40°C)

The data shown in the diagrams were noted with pump rotation speed = 1500 rpm.

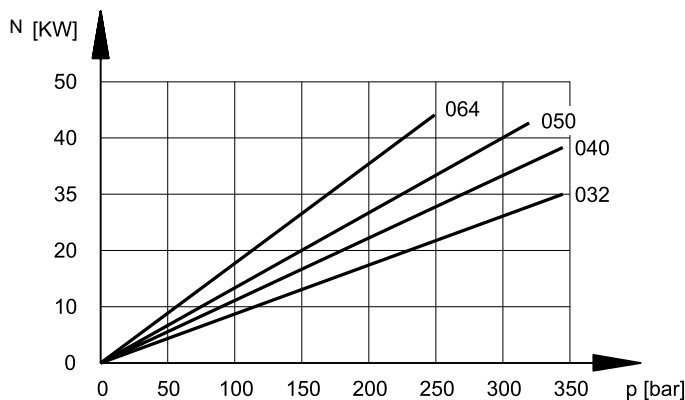
### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES



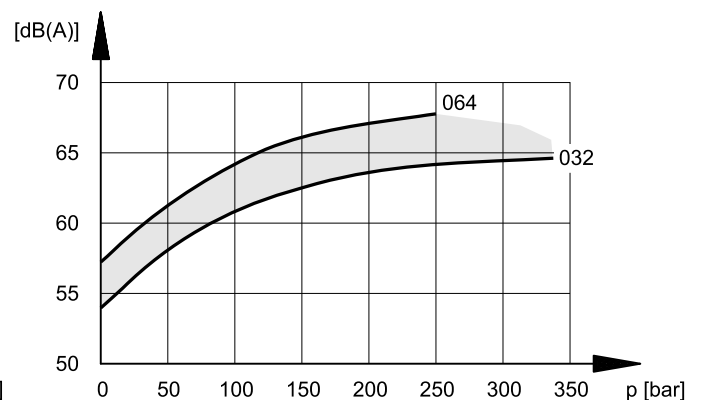
### VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



### ABSORBED POWER



### NOISE LEVEL



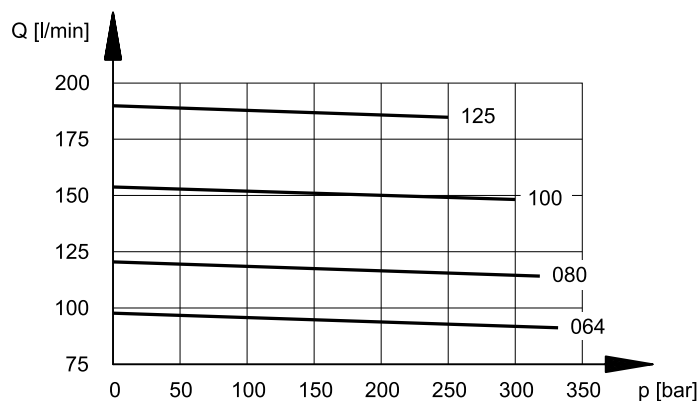
The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anecoic room, at an axial distance of 1 m from the pump.

The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anecoic room.

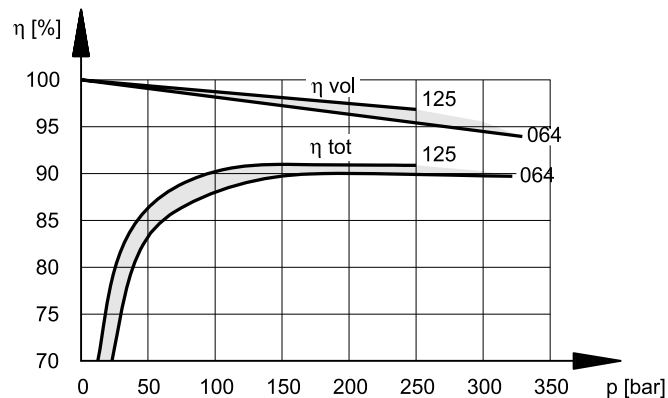
## 7- IGP6 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 46 cSt at 40°C)

The data shown in the diagrams were noted with pump rotation speed = 1500 rpm.

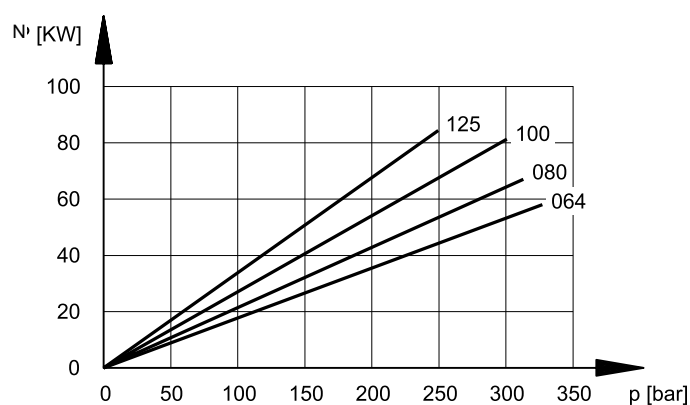
### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES



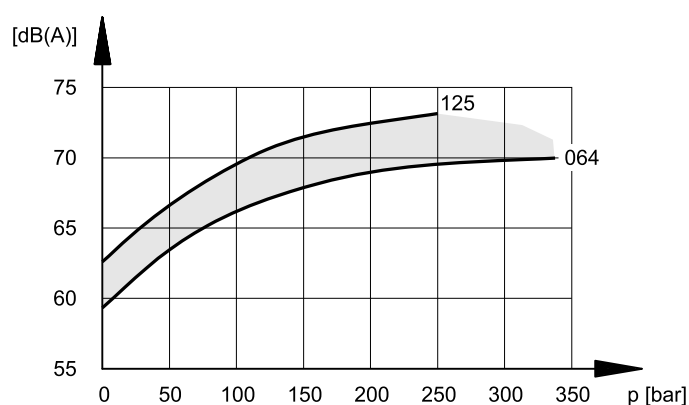
### VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCIES



### ABSORBED POWER



### NOISE LEVEL



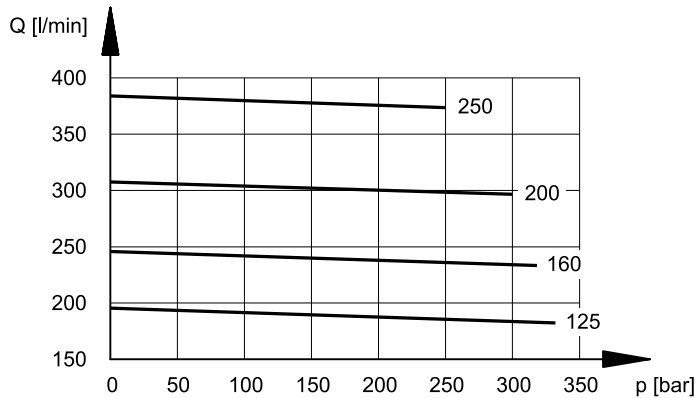
The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anecoic room, at an axial distance of 1 m from the pump.

The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anechoic room.

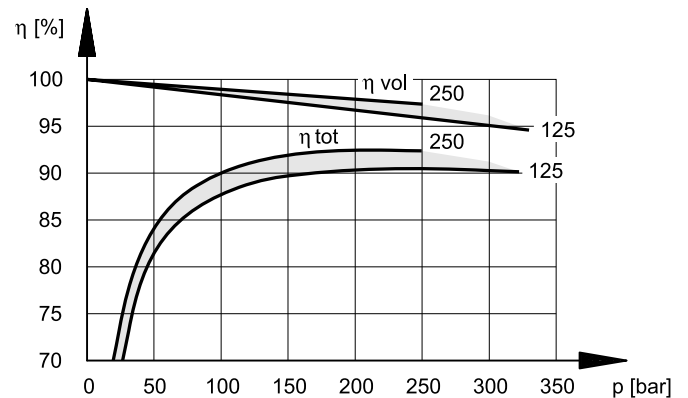
## 8- IGP7 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 46 cSt at 40°C)

The data shown in the diagrams were noted with pump rotation speed = 1500 rpm.

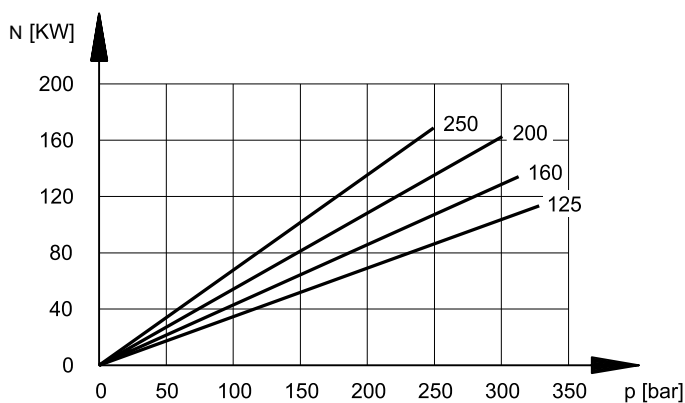
### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES



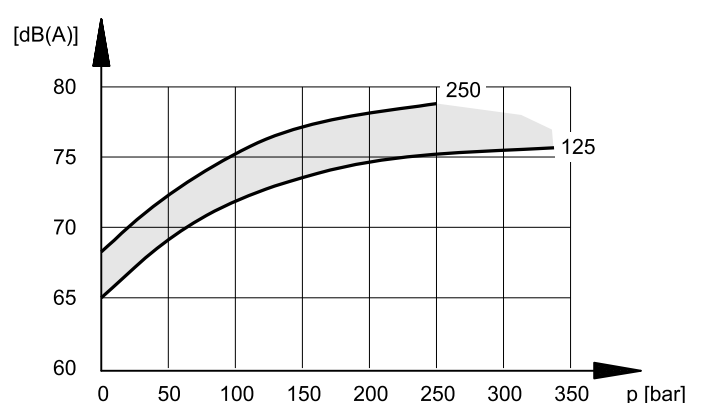
### VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



### ABSORBED POWER



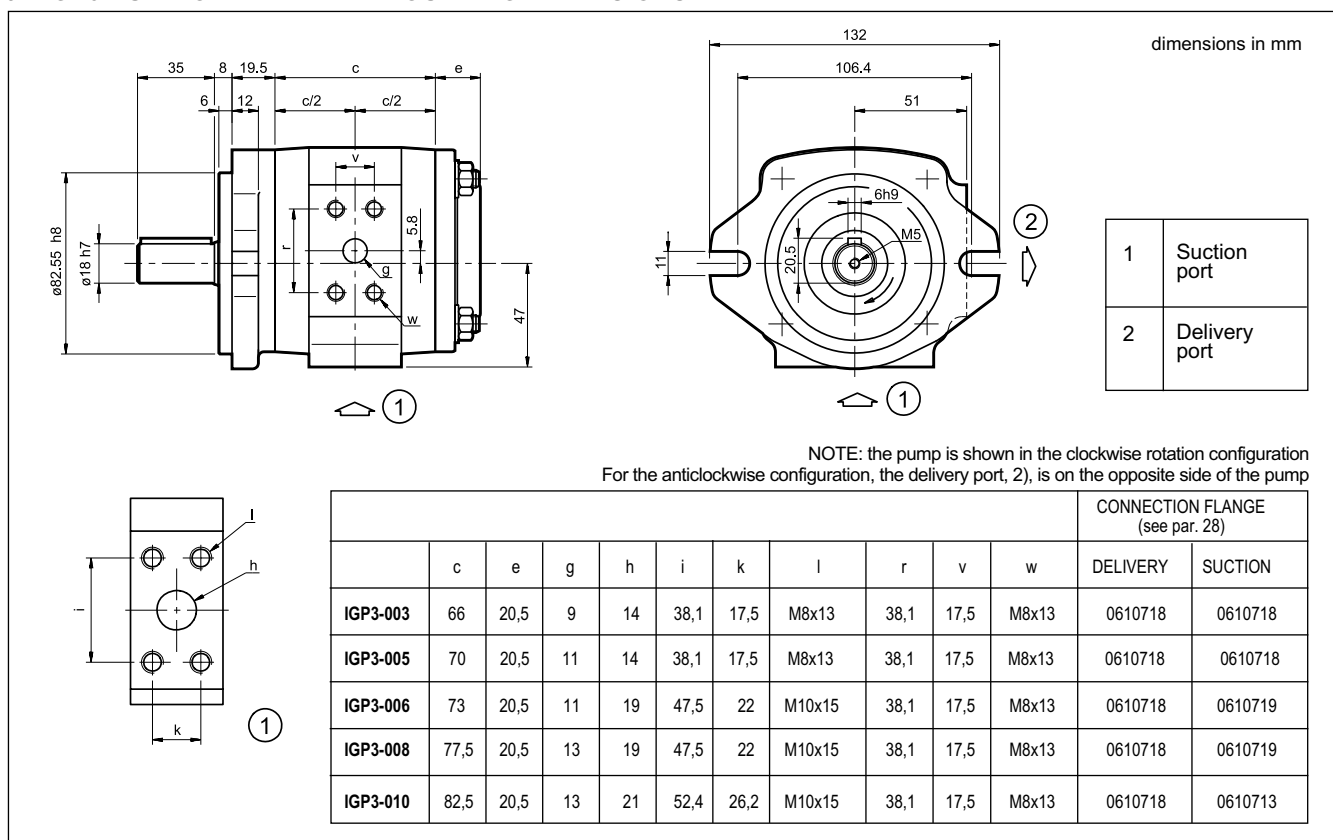
### NOISE LEVEL



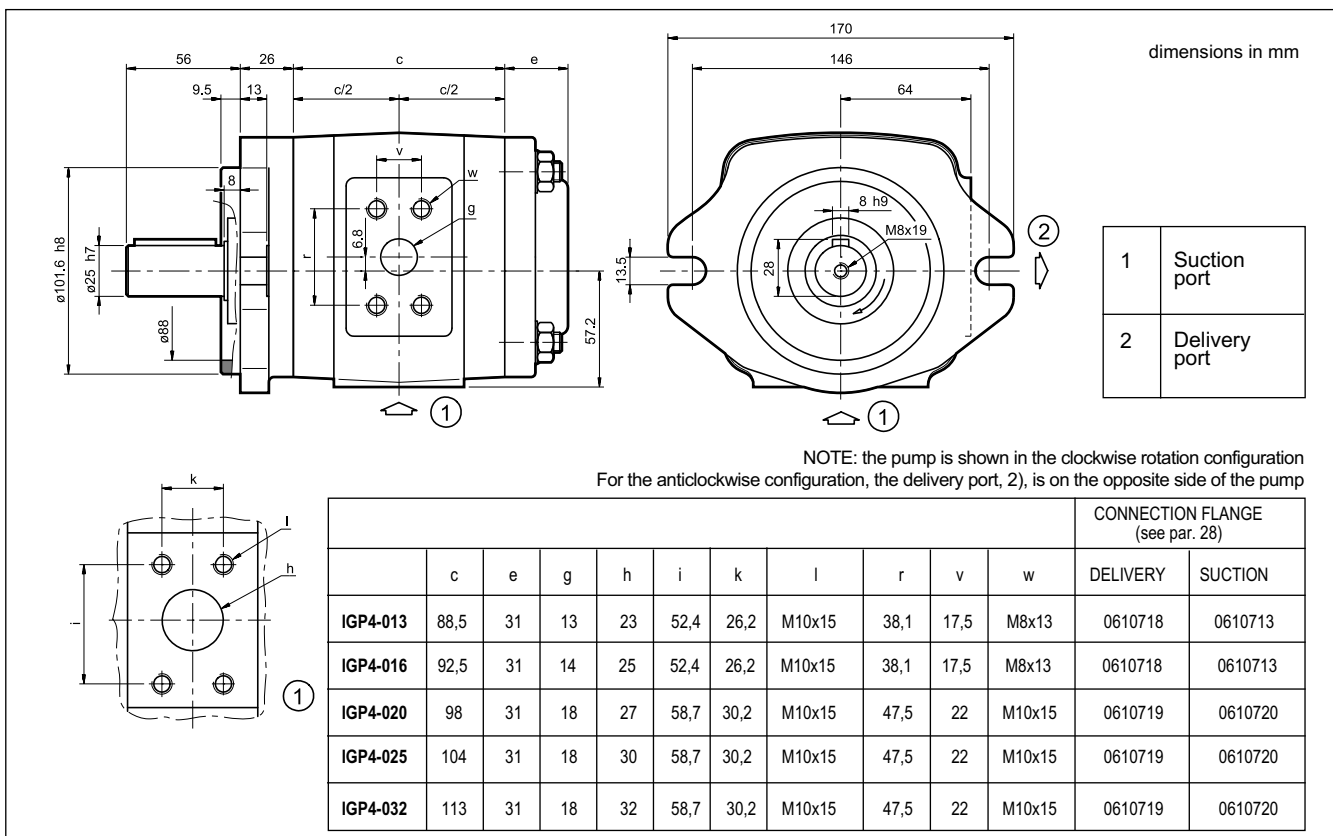
The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anecoic room, at an axial distance of 1 m from the pump.

The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anechoic room.

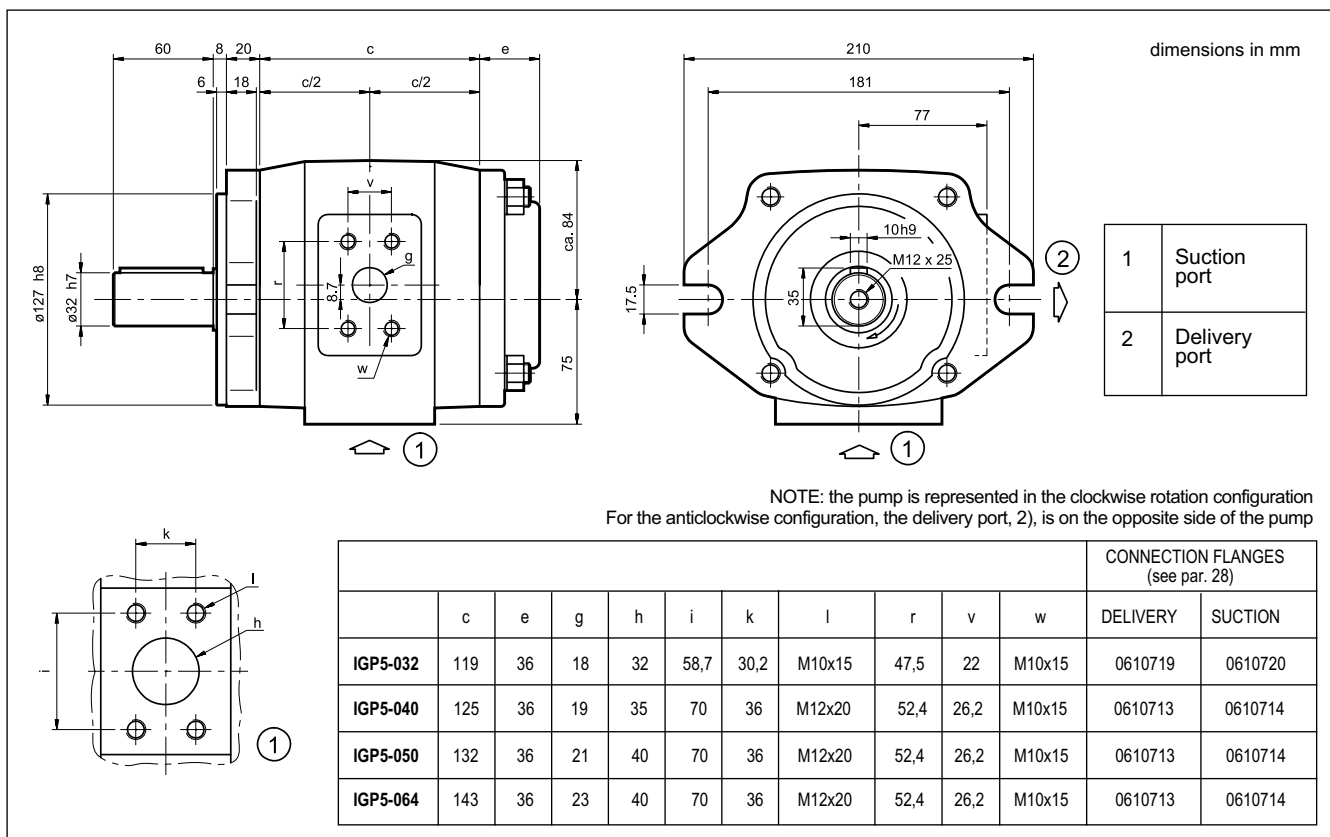
## 9 - IGP3 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



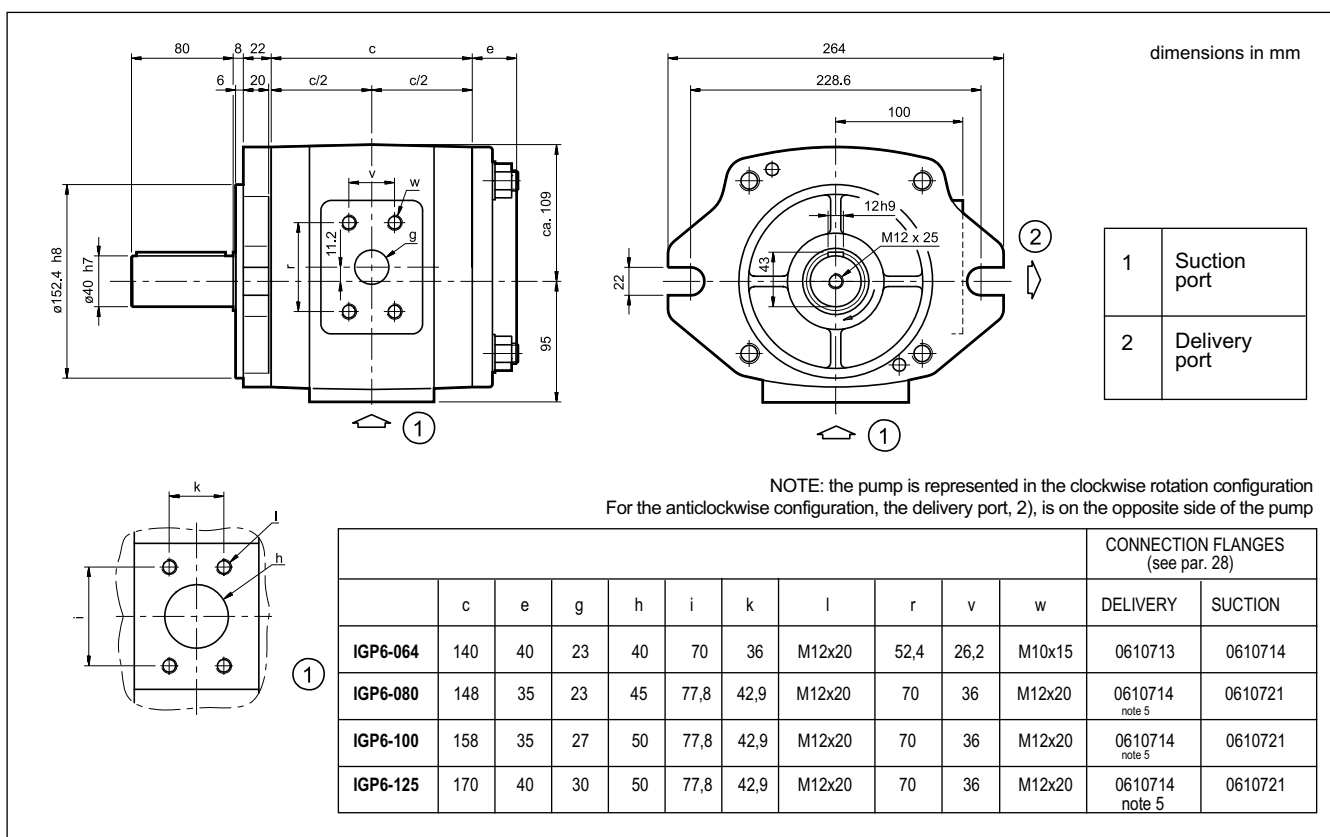
## 10 - IGP4 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



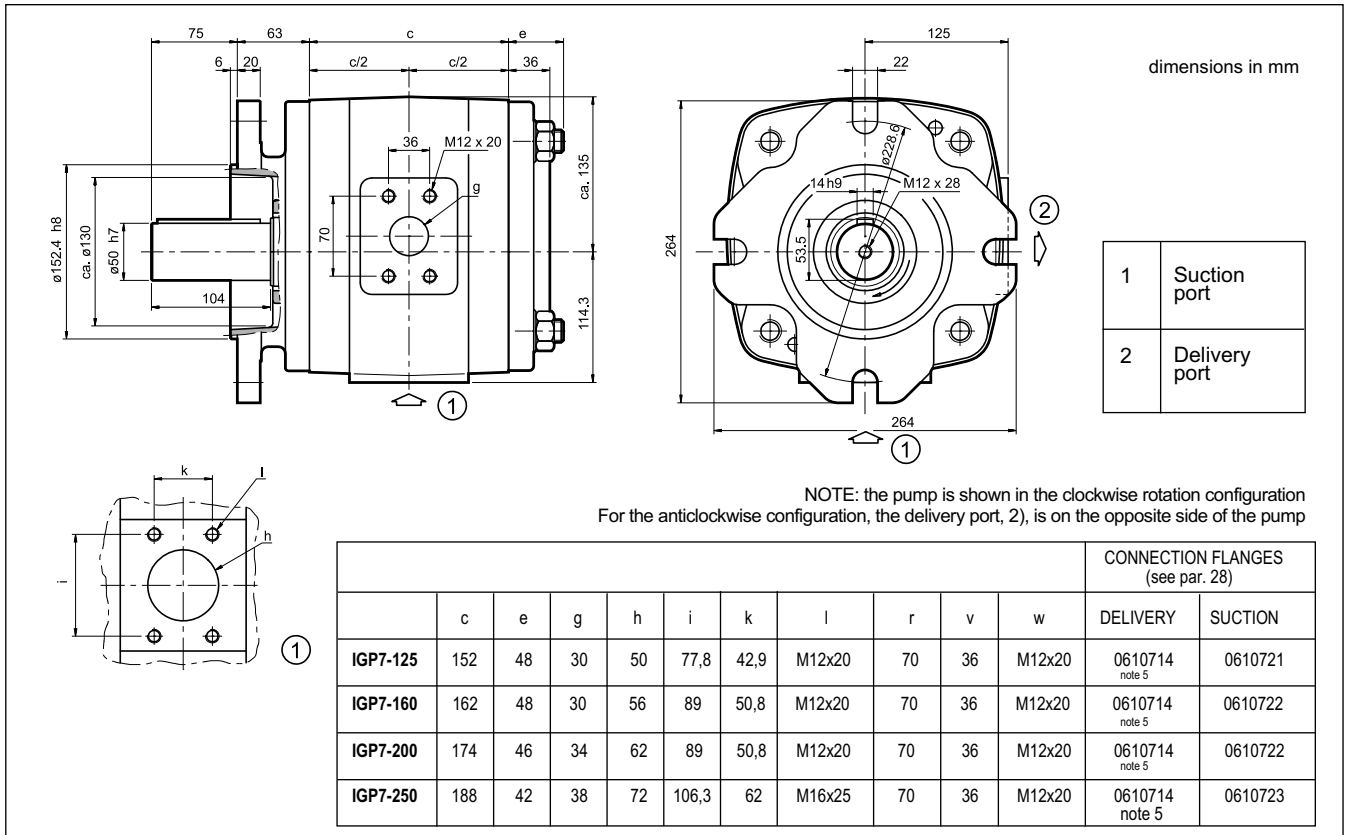
## 11- IGP5 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



## 12- IGP6 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

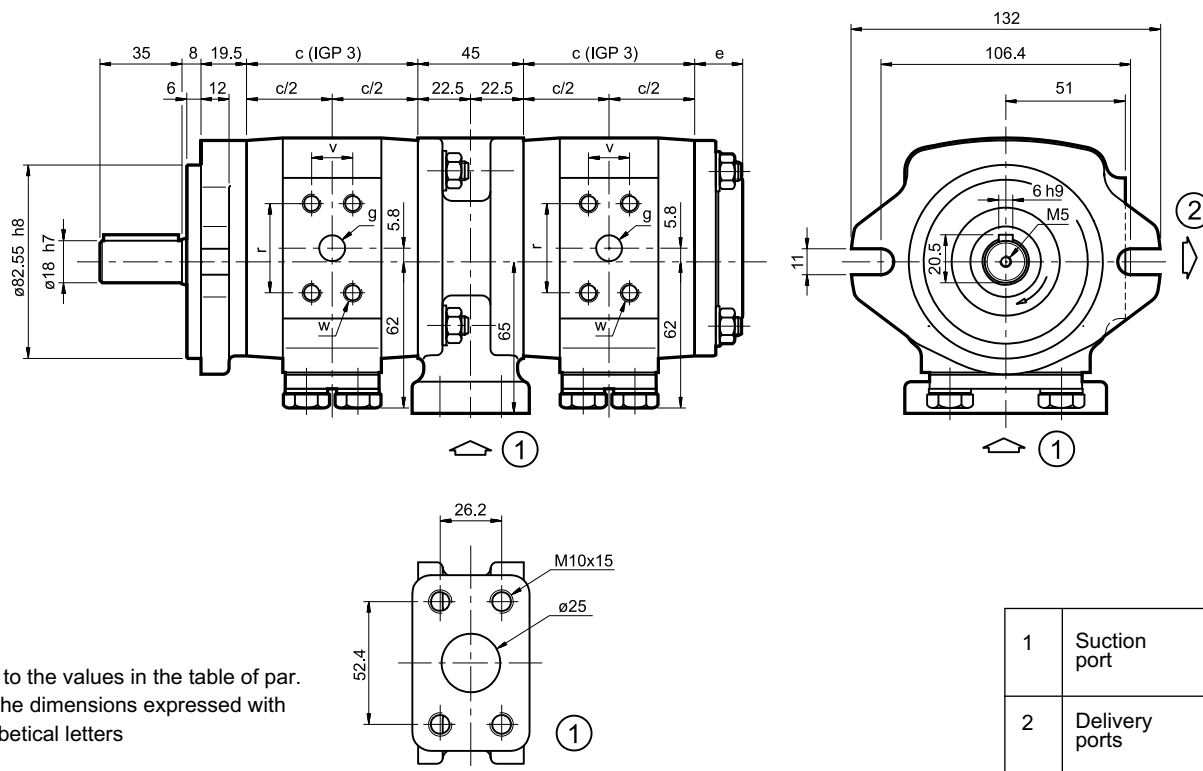


## 13- IGP7 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



**NOTE 5:** For applications with delivery pressure greater than 200 bar, it is necessary to use the special connection flange, code 0610725.

## 14 - IGP33 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

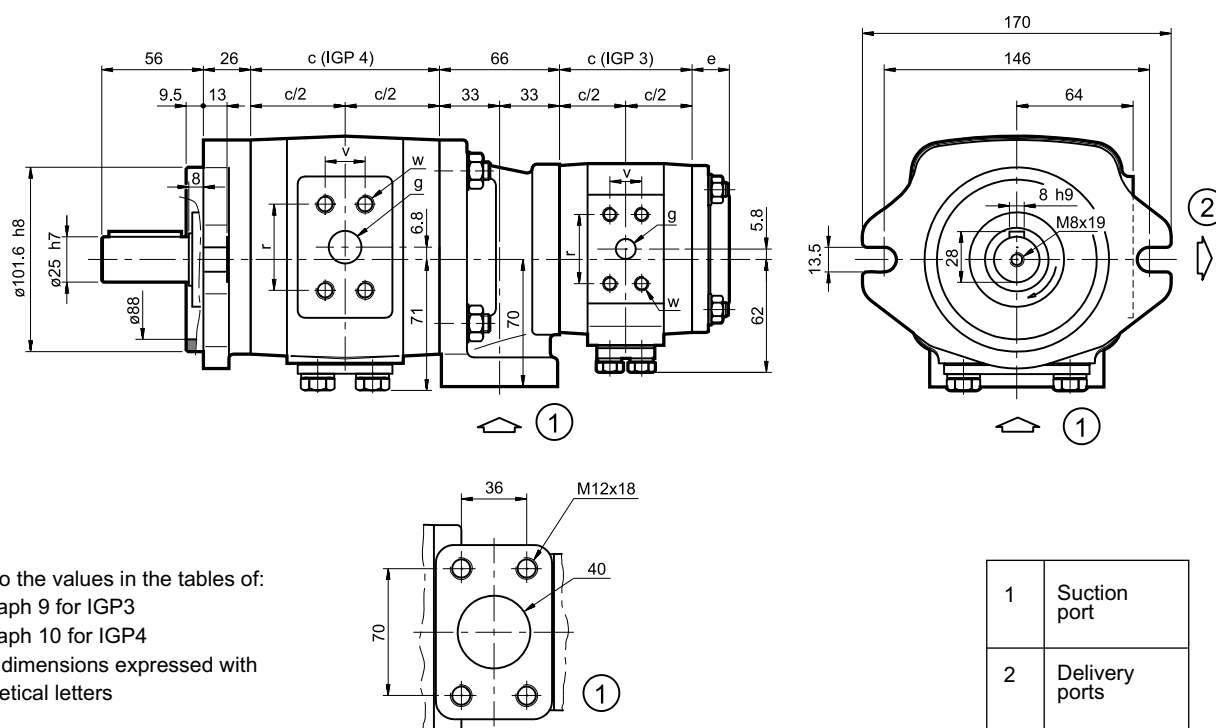


Refer to the values in the table of par. 9 for the dimensions expressed with alphabetical letters

dimensions in mm

NOTE: the pump is shown in the clockwise rotation configuration  
For the anticlockwise configuration, the delivery ports, 2), are on the opposite side of the pump

## 15 - IGP43 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



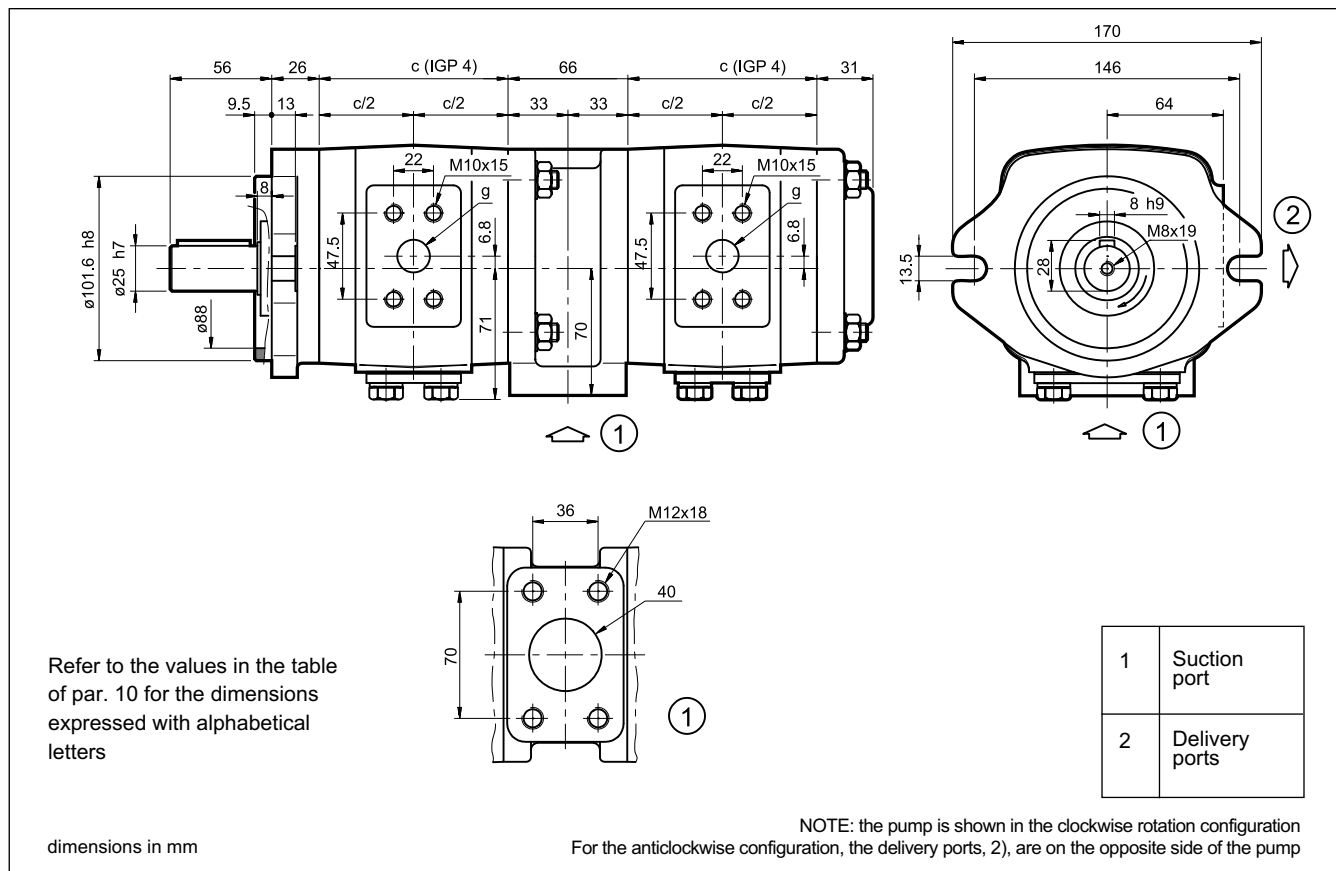
Refer to the values in the tables of:  
paragraph 9 for IGP3  
paragraph 10 for IGP4  
for the dimensions expressed with alphabetical letters

dimensions in mm

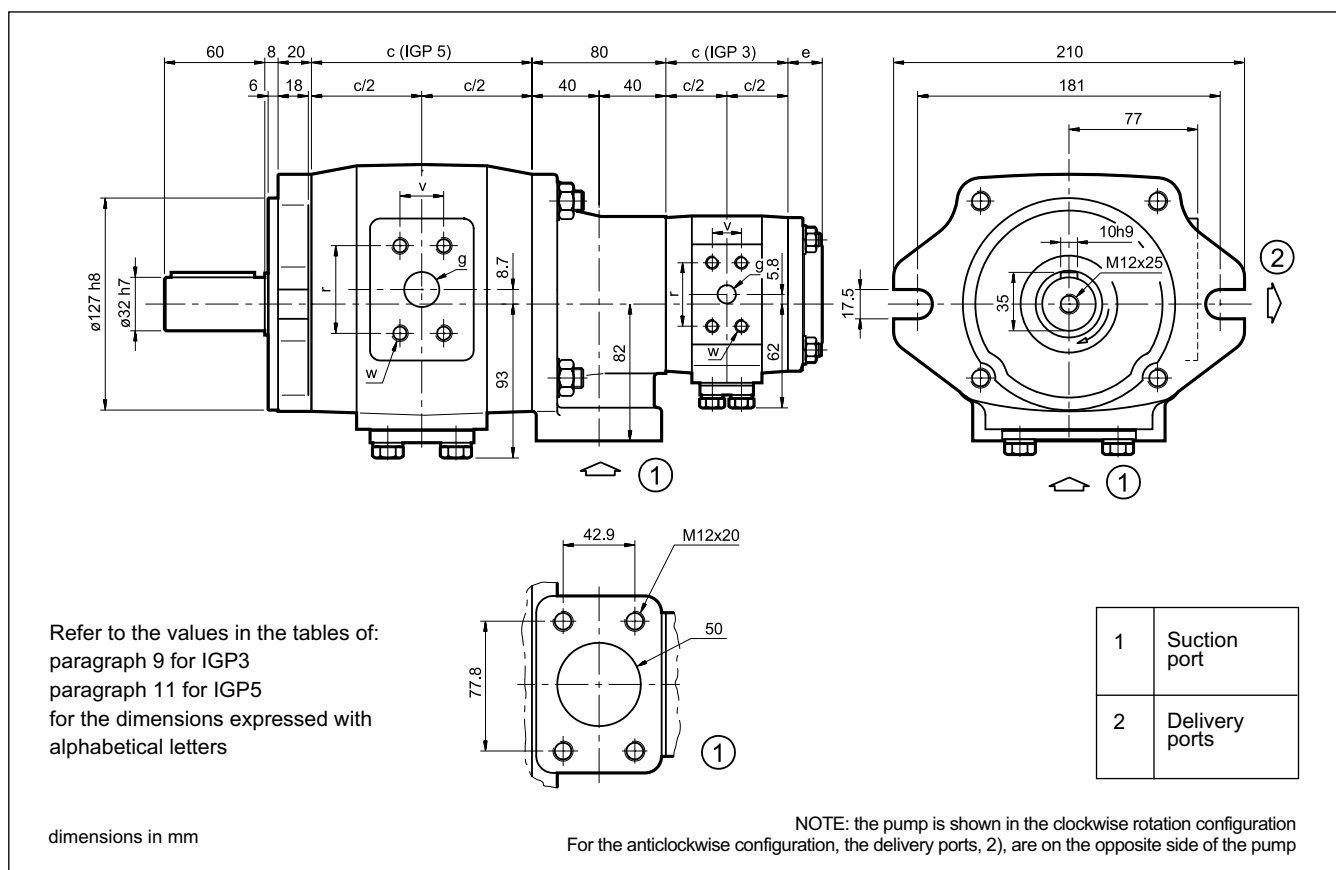
NOTE: the pump is shown in the clockwise rotation configuration  
For the anticlockwise configuration, the delivery ports, 2), are on the opposite side of the pump



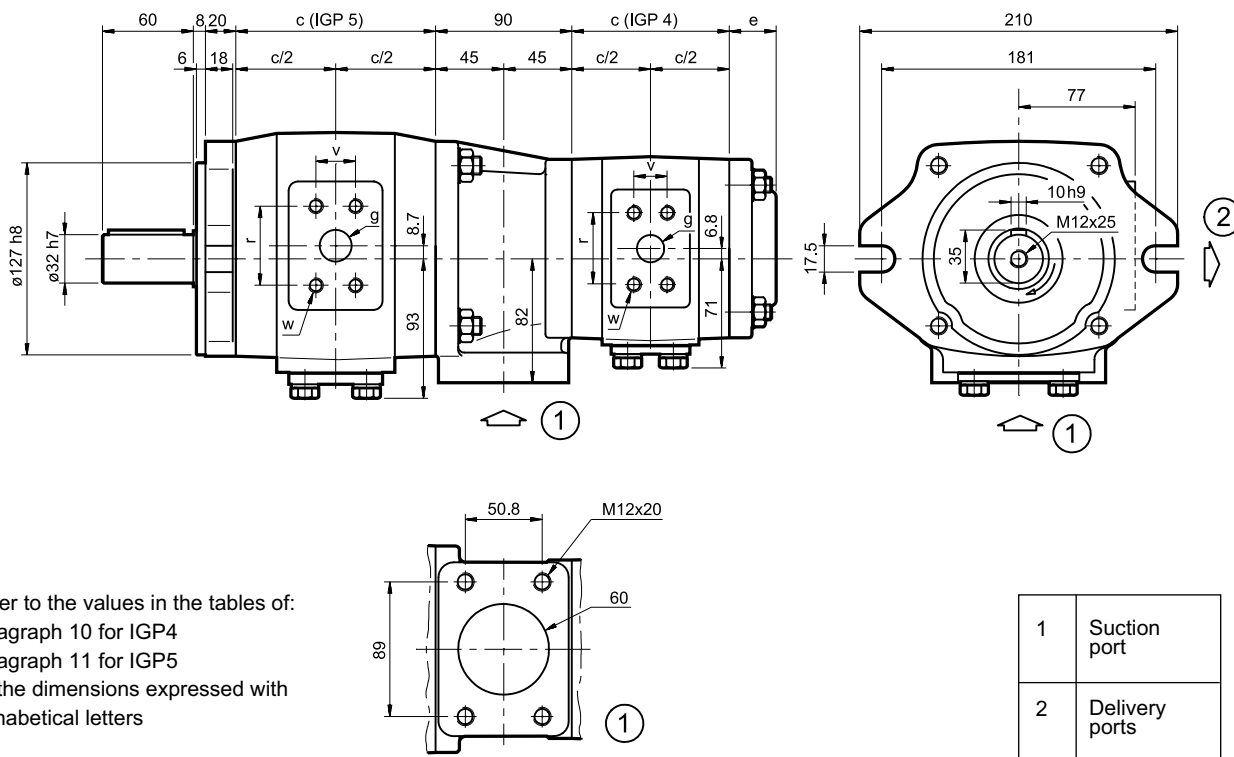
## 16 - IGP44 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



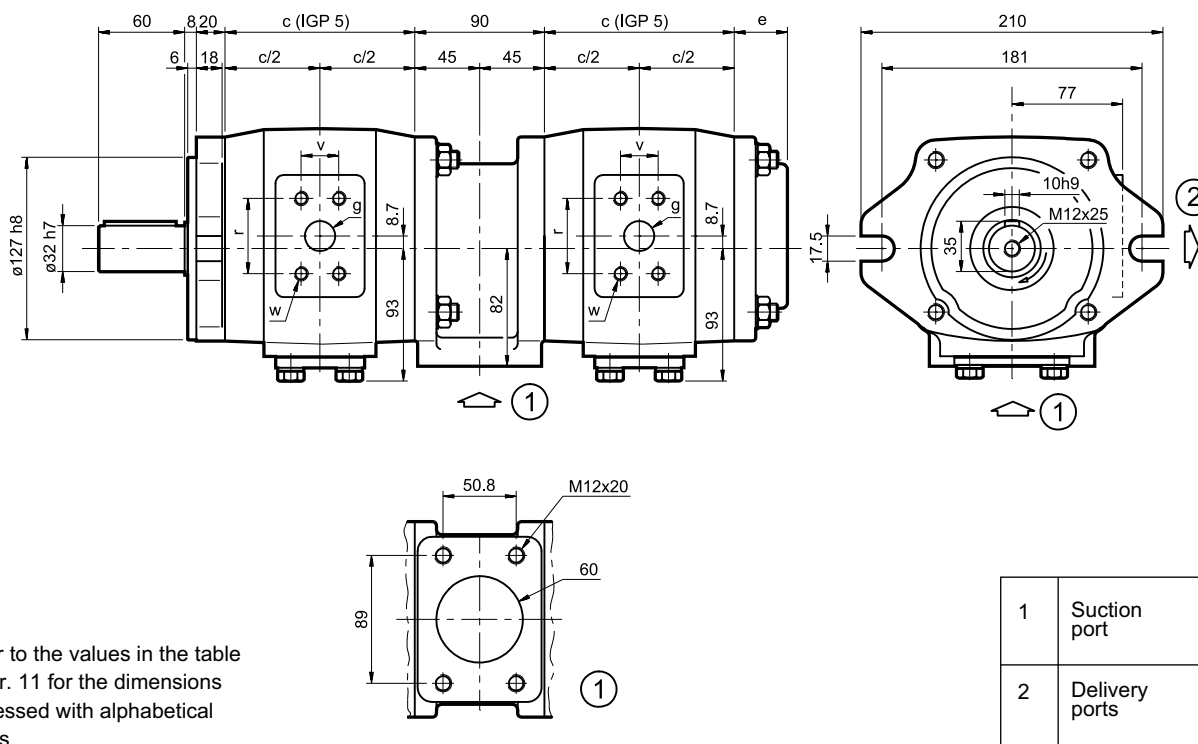
## 17 - IGP53 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



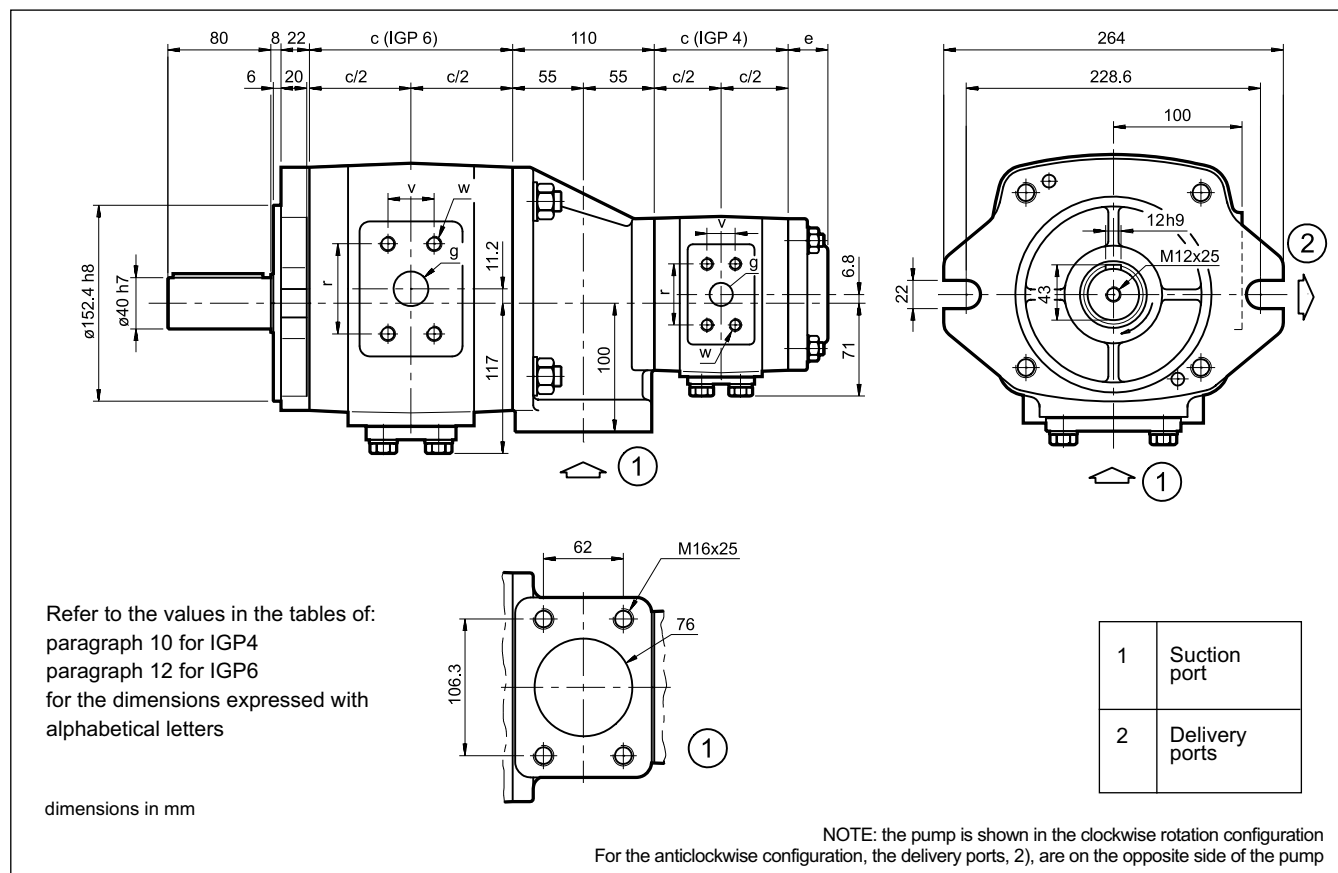
## 18 - IGP54 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



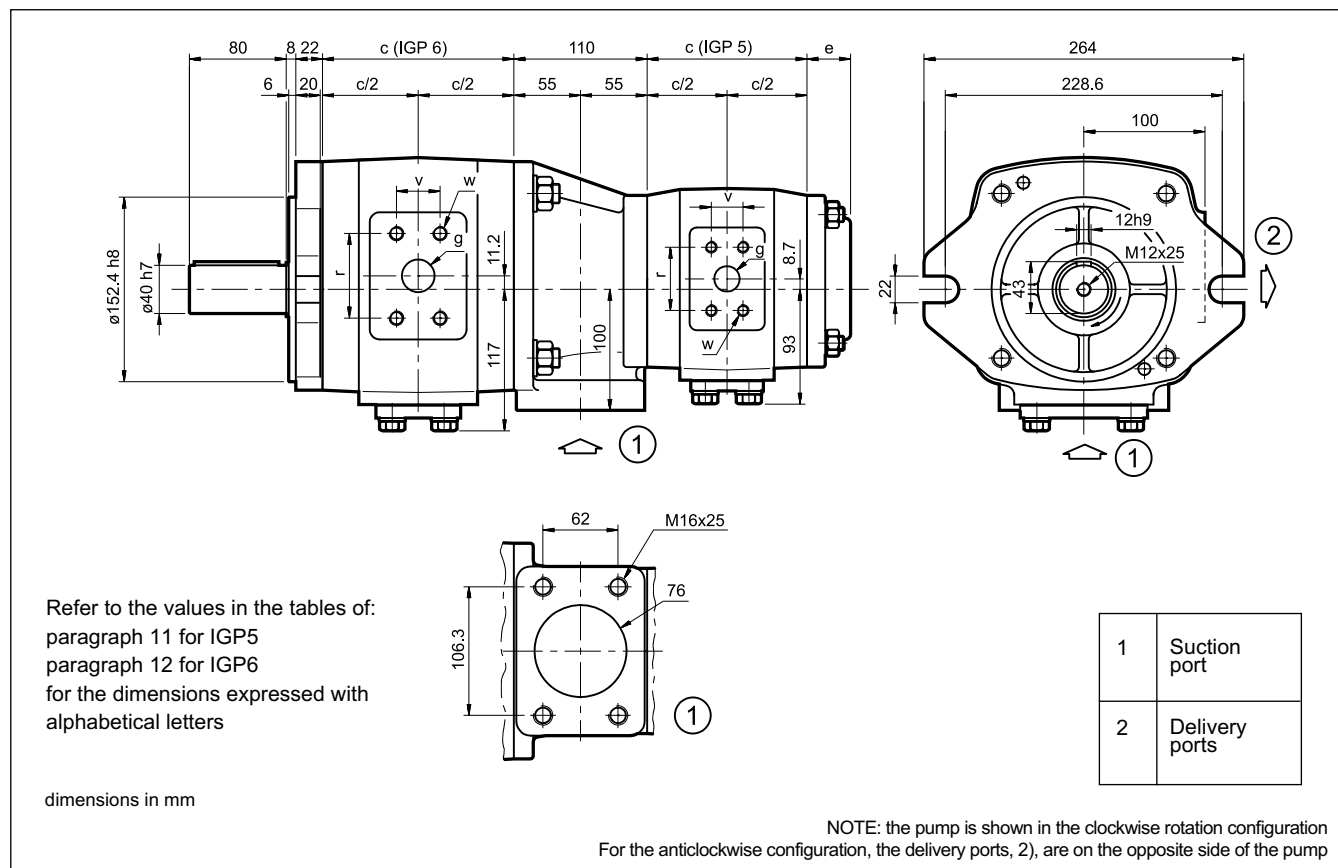
## 19 - IGP55 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



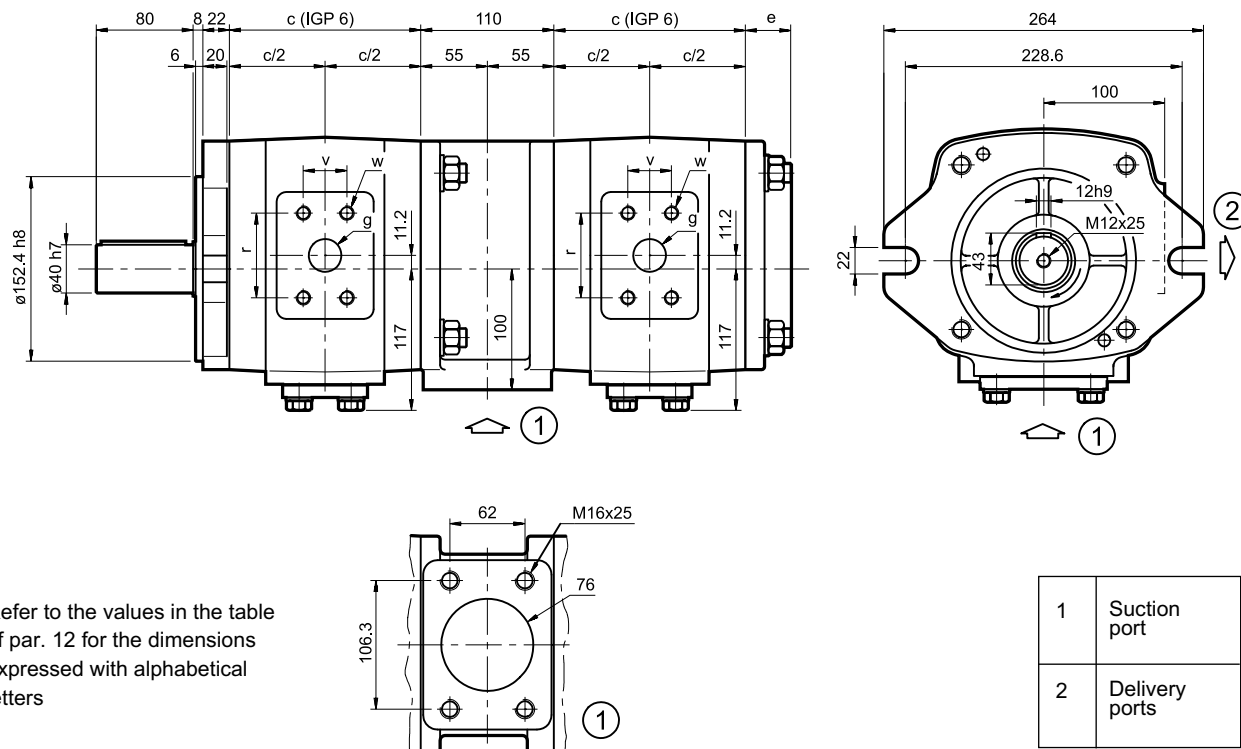
## 20 - IGP64 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



## 21 - IGP65 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



## 22 - IGP66 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

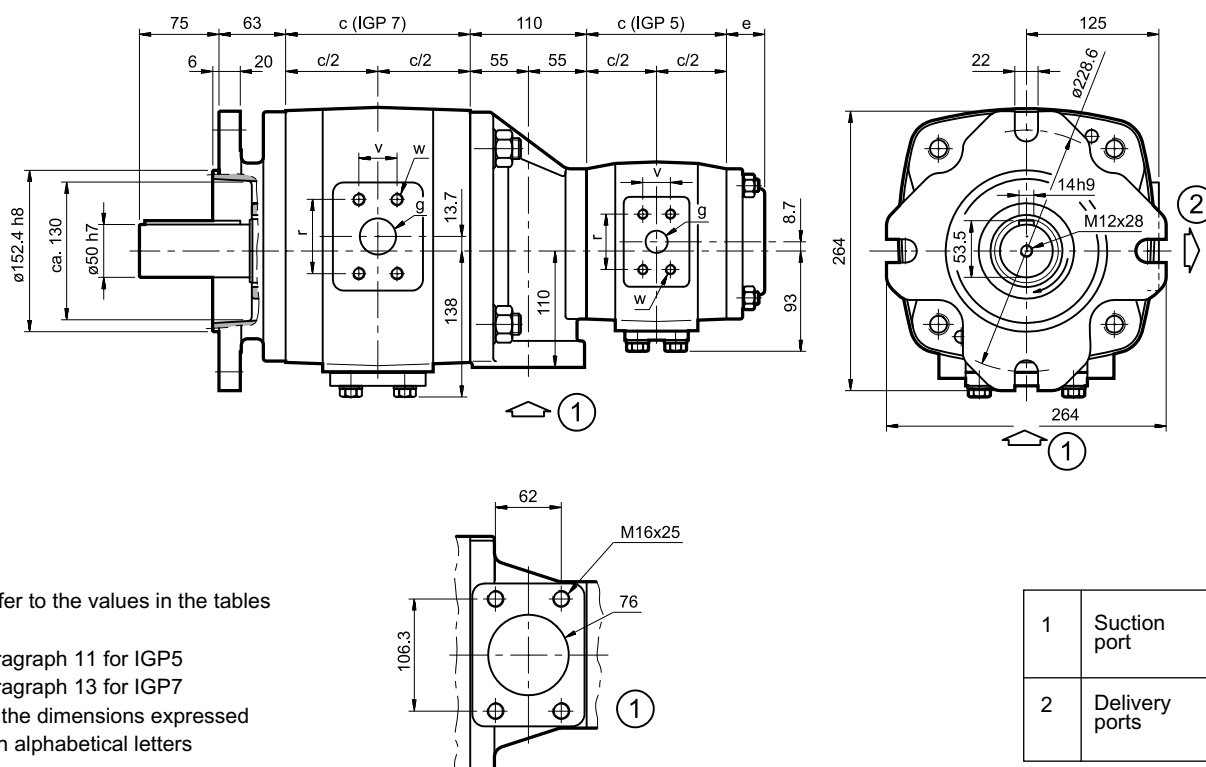


Refer to the values in the table of par. 12 for the dimensions expressed with alphabetical letters

dimensions in mm

NOTE: the pump is shown in the clockwise rotation configuration  
For the anticlockwise configuration, the delivery ports, 2), are on the opposite side of the pump

## 23 - IGP75 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

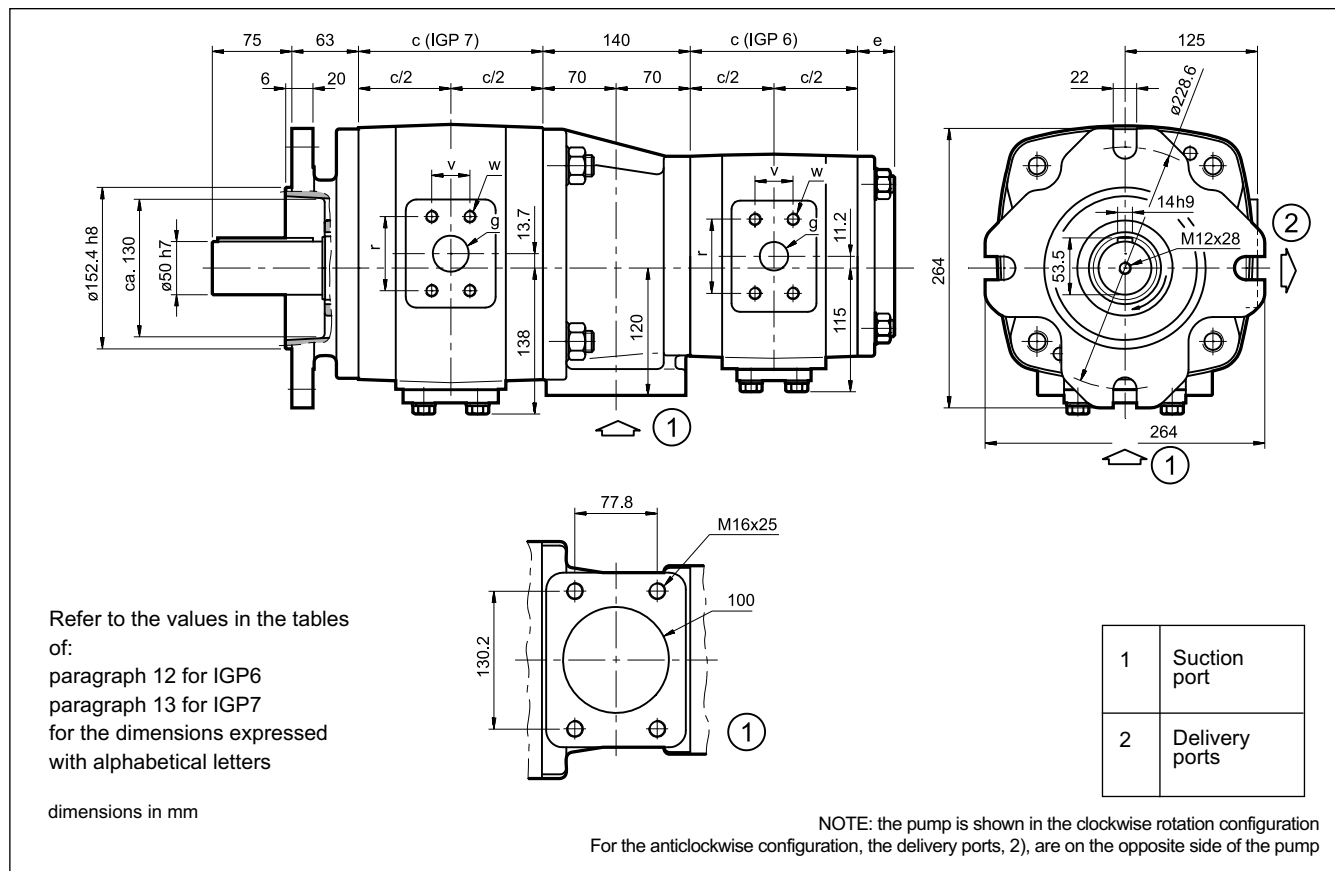


Refer to the values in the tables of:  
paragraph 11 for IGP5  
paragraph 13 for IGP7  
for the dimensions expressed with alphabetical letters

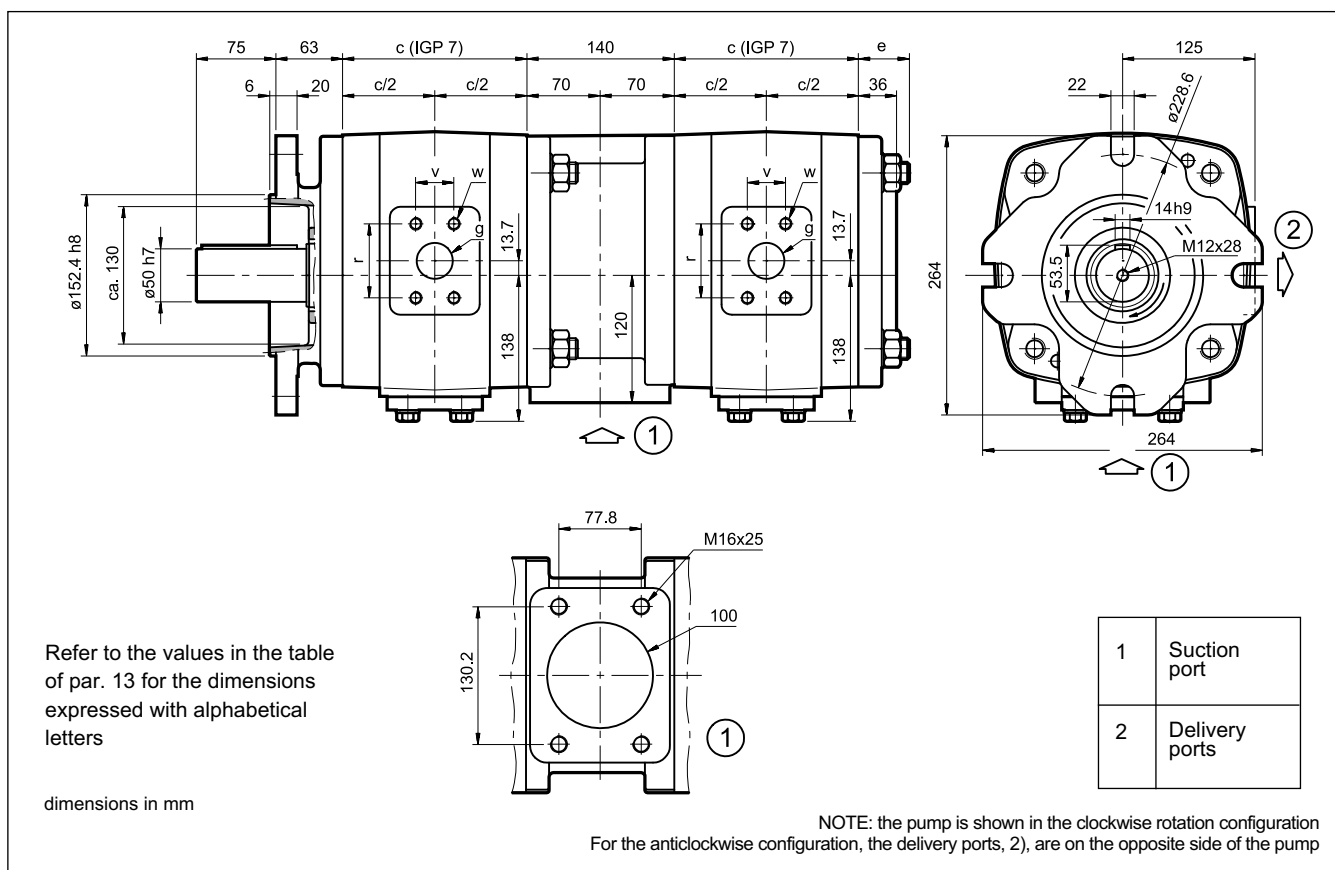
dimensions in mm

NOTE: the pump is shown in the clockwise rotation configuration  
For the anticlockwise configuration, the delivery ports, 2), are on the opposite side of the pump

## 24- IGP76 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



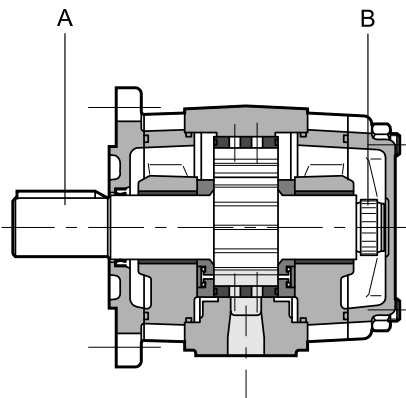
## 25- IGP77 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



## 26 - INSTALLATION

- The IGP pumps can be installed with the shaft oriented in any position.
- Prior to putting the pump into operation, check that the rotation direction of the motor is according to the direction of the arrow marked on the pump body.
- The suction line must be sized so that the speed of the fluid does not exceed 1 m/s (1,5 m/s with positive pressure at the pump inlet).  
The pump start up, especially at a cold temperature, should occur with the pump unloading.  
Any bends and restrictions or an excessive line length can impair correct working of the pump.  
The height of suction from the bottom of the tank must not be less than 50 mm.
- The IGP pumps are self-priming in the entire operating speed range specified. At the first start-up of the pump, it is necessary to vent the air from the delivery line.  
If a check valve with cracking pressure of >1 bar is installed on the delivery line, it is necessary to vent the air from the circuit branch between the check valve and the pump at the time of start-up.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling.  
Consult our technical dept. for installations that generate axial or radial loads on the pump shaft.  
The coupling must be mounted without axially forcing the pump shaft. Be sure that the joint coupling diameter be made with a K7 tolerance.
- Refer to paragraph 2.3 for the characteristics and installation of the filtering elements.

## 27 - MAXIMUM APPLICABLE TORQUE



PUMP SIZE	MAX. TORQUE APPLIED TO THE SHAFT [Nm]	
	PRIMARY SHAFT A	SECONDARY SHAFT B
IGP3	160	80
IGP4	335	190
IGP5	605	400
IGP6	1050	780
IGP7	1960	1200

**NOTE:** The pumps must be connected in order of decreasing displacement and size.

### 27.1 - Maximum applicable torque for double pumps

In the case of double pumps, even of the same displacement, each pump can operate at the maximum performances specified in par. 3.

### 27.2 - Maximum applicable torque for multiple pumps

The torque (M) at the inlet of each pump is given from the following equation:

$$M = \frac{9549 \cdot N}{n} = [\text{Nm}]$$

where the absorbed power (N) is given from:

$$N = \frac{Q \cdot \Delta p}{600 \cdot \eta_{\text{tot}}} = [\text{kW}]$$

n = rotation speed [rpm]

Q = delivery [l/min]

$\Delta p$  = differential pressure on the pump [bar]

$\eta_{\text{tot}}$  = total efficiency (noted from the relative diagrams in par. 4-5-6-7-8)

or is calculated from the ABSORBED POWER diagrams (see par. 4-5-6-7-8).

In the case of multiple pumps, the torque of the single pump must be added to the torque generated by the downstream pumps.

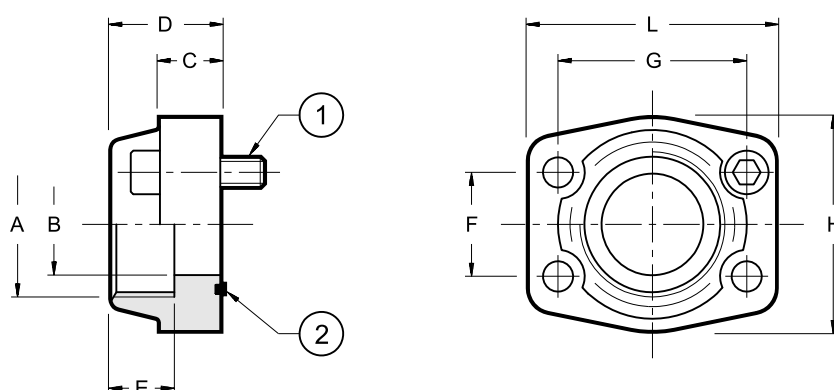
The torque value thus calculated for each pump must be less than the relative value specified in the above table, taking the following into consideration:

1st pump = refer to the specified values for primary shaft A

2nd, 3rd, 4th pump = refer to the specified values for secondary shaft B

In the event the calculated torque values are greater than the values shown in the table, it is necessary to reduce the operating pressure or substitute the overloaded pump with one that can support the required torque.

## 28 - SAE J518 c code 61 CONNECTION FLANGES



dimensions in mm

Flange code	Flange description	P <sub>max</sub> [bar]	ØA	ØB	C	D	E	F	G	H	L	1 4 bolts	2
0610718	SAE - 1/2"	345	1/2" BSP	13	16	36	19	17,5	38,1	46	54	M8 x 30	OR 4075
0610719	SAE - 3/4"	345	3/4" BSP	19	18	36	19	22,2	47,6	50	65	M10 x 35	OR 4100
0610713	SAE - 1"	345	1" BSP	25	18	38	22	26,2	52,4	55	70		OR 4131
0610720	SAE - 1 1/4"	276	1 1/4" BSP	32	21	41	22	30,2	58,7	68	79		OR 4150
0610714	SAE - 1 1/2"	207	1 1/2" BSP	38	25	45	24	35,7	70	78	94	M12 x 45	OR 4187
0610725	SAE - 1 1/2"	345	1 1/2" BSP	38	36	50	25	36	70	80	95	M12 x 55 12K	OR 4187
0610721	SAE - 2"	207	2" BSP	51	25	45	30	43	77,8	90	102	M12 x 45	OR 4225
0610722	SAE - 2 1/2"	172	2 1/2" BSP	63	25	50	30	50,8	89	105	116		OR 4275
0610723	SAE - 3"	138	3" BSP	73	27	50	34	62	106,4	124	134	M16 x 50	OR 4437
0610726	SAE - 4"	34	4" BSP	99	27	48	34	77,8	130,2	146	162		OR 4437

The fastening bolts and the O-Rings must be ordered separately.



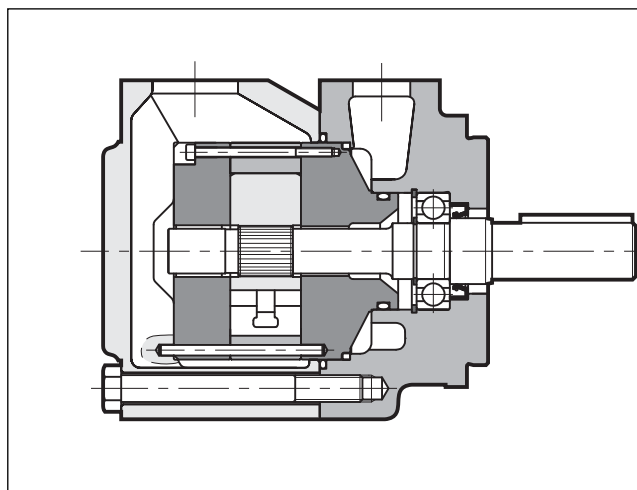


# DFP

## FIXED DISPLACEMENT VANE PUMPS

### SERIES 20

#### OPERATING PRINCIPLE



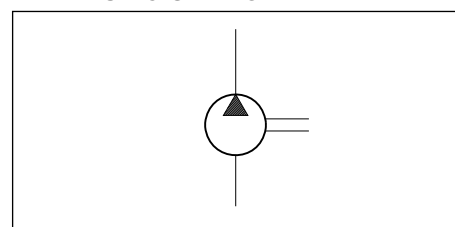
- The DFP pumps are fixed displacement vane pumps made in four different sizes, each size having five different nominal displacement. They are available with one pumping element (single pump) or with double pumping element (double pump). See par. 15 ÷ 20 for the combinations of double pumps.
- The pumping group is composed of a cartridge type compact element that contains the rotor, the vanes, the cam ring and the head disks. The cartridge is easily removable without the need to disconnect the pump from the hydraulic circuit, thus simplifying the maintenance operations.
- The special elliptical profile of the cam ring, with double suction and delivery chambers one against the other, eliminates the radial thrusts on the rotor, decisively reducing wear of the pump. In addition, the use of a 12-vane rotor reduces the delivery pressure pulsations, suppressing the vibrations and noise level of the pump.

#### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

DFP PUMP SIZE		1	2	3	4
Displacement range	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	18 ÷ 45,9	40,1 ÷ 67,5	69 ÷ 121,6	138,6 ÷ 193,4
Flow rate range (at 1.500 rpm)	l/min.	26,1 ÷ 69,6	58,8 ÷ 99,8	101,4 ÷ 177,3	203,4 ÷ 285
Operating pressures		see table 3 - performances			
Rotation speed		see table 3 - performances			
Rotation direction		clockwise or anticlockwise (seen from the shaft side)			
Loads on the shaft		axial loads are not allowed			
Hydraulic connection		flange fittings SAE J518 (see par. 22)			
Type of fastening		flanged SAE			
Mass (single pump)	kg	12	15	23	34

Ambient temperature range	°C	−20 / +50
Fluid temperature range (see par. 4)	°C	−10 / +70
Fluid viscosity range	see par. 4.2	
Recommended true viscosity	cSt	25 ÷ 50
Degree of fluid contamination	see par. 4.3	

#### HYDRAULIC SYMBOL



### 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE

<b>D</b>	<b>F</b>					<b>-</b>		<b>/</b>		<b>-</b>					<b>/</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>/</b>	
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Fixed displacement vane pump

Pump type  
**P** = single pump  
**DP** = double pump  
**C** = shaft side cartridge or for single pump  
**CC** = cover side cartridge

Pump size:  
 - single pump  
 - shaft side pump (only for double pumps):  
**1** = from 18 to 45,9 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  
**2** = from 40,1 to 67,5 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  
**3** = from 69 to 121,6 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  
**4** = from 138,6 to 193,4 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev

Added pump size (only for double pumps):  
**1** = from 18 to 45,9 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  
**2** = from 40,1 to 67,5 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  
**3** = from 69 to 121,6 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev

**NOTE:** the cover side pump must be at least one size smaller than the shaft side pump

Size:  
 - single pump  
 - shaft side pump  
 - shaft side cartridge (see performances table, par. 3)

Seals: omit for mineral oils  
**V** = viton for special fluids

Series No. (the overall and mounting dimensions remain unchanged from 20 to 29)

Type of shaft end  
**1** = with key  
 other shaft types are available upon request

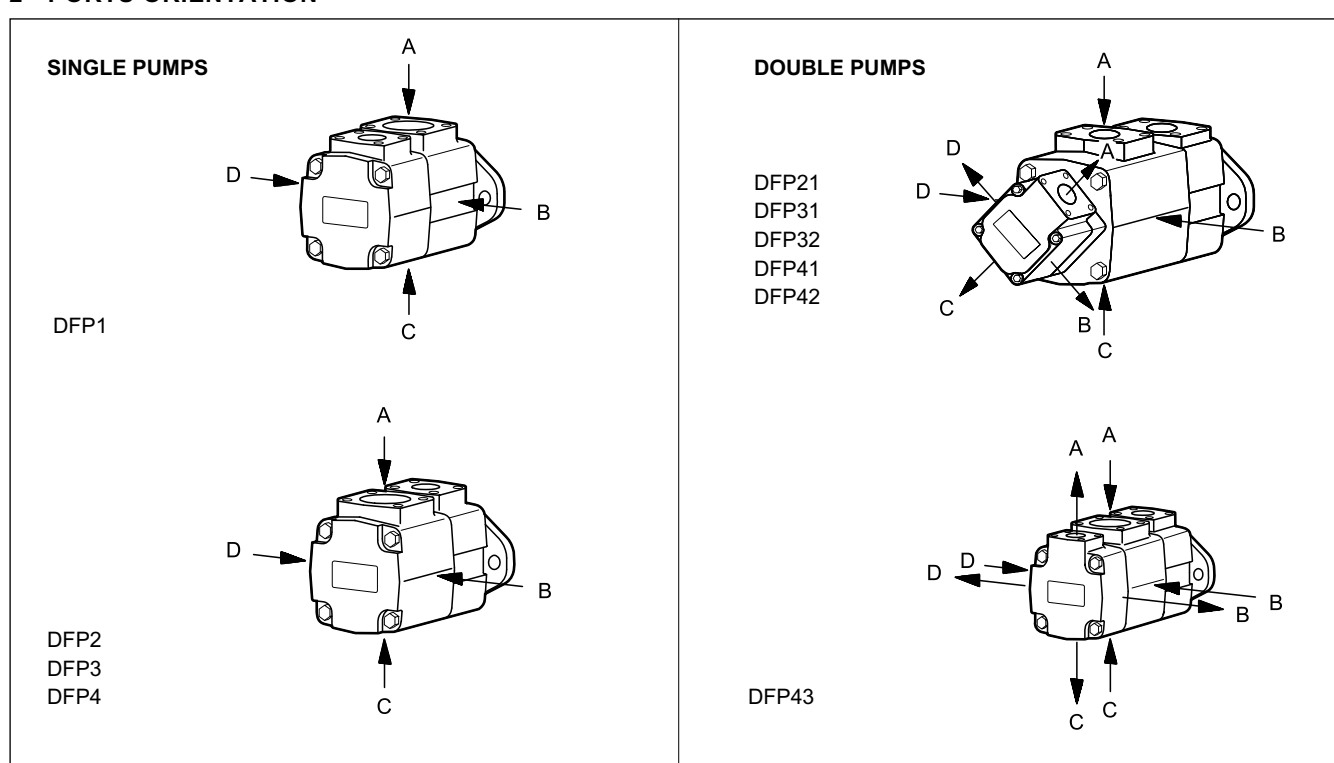
Cover side delivery port orientation compared with the shaft side delivery - for double pumps (omit for single pumps or cartridges)  
**A** = aligned on the same side  
**B** = at 90°  
**C** = opposed to each other  
**D** = at 270° } see par. 2

Suction opening orientation compared with the delivery (omit for cartridges)  
**A** = aligned on the same side  
**B** = at 90°  
**C** = opposed to each other  
**D** = at 270° } see par. 2

Rotation direction (seen from the shaft side)  
**R** = clockwise    **L** = anticlockwise

Size (only for double pumps)  
 - cover side pump  
 - cover side cartridge (see performances table, par. 3)

### 2 - PORTS ORIENTATION



### 3 - PERFORMANCES (obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 32 cSt at 40°C)

PUMP SIZE	NOMINAL DIMENSION	DISPLACEMENT [cm³/rev]	MAX. FLOW RATE (at 1500 rpm) [l/min.]	MAX. OPERATING PRESSURE (at 1500 rpm) [bar]	MAX. ROTATION SPEED [rpm] (see par. 5)	MIN. ROTATION SPEED [rpm]
DFP1	05	18	26,1	210	2700	600
	08	27,4	39,4			
	11	36,4	52,6			
	12	39,5	58,7	160		
	14	45,9	69,6	140		
DFP2	12	40,1	58,8	210	2500	600
	14	45,4	65,7			
	17	55,2	80,2			
	19	60,1	88,7			
	21	67,5	99,8			
DFP3	21	69	101,4	210	2400	600
	25	81,6	120,1			
	30	97,7	141,2			
	35	112,7	167,2			
	38	121,6	177,3			
DFP4	42	138,6	203,4	175	2200	600
	47	153,5	222,7			
	50	162,2	234			
	57	183,4	267			
	60	193,4	285			

### 4 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

#### 4.1 Fluid type

TYPE OF FLUID	MAXIMUM PRESSURE (bar)				MAXIMUM SPEED (rpm)				MAXIMUM FLUID TEMPERATURE [°C]
	DFP1	DFP2	DFP3	DFP4	DFP1	DFP2	DFP3	DFP4	
HFD PHOSPHATE ESTERS	175	175	175	175	1200	1200	1200	1200	≤ 70
HFC WATER GLYCOL	140	140	140	140	1500	1500	1500	1500	≤ 50

**NOTE 1:** The maximum suction pressure allowed, with all fluid types, is 1,4 bar. The minimum suction pressure varies from -0,2 bar with mineral oil to -0,1 bar with the other fluid types (the pressure values are to be considered relative).

The pressures, the maximum allowed speeds and the recommended temperatures according to the different types of hydraulic fluids used are shown in the table.

#### 4.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity	16 cSt	referred to the maximum temperature of 80 °C of the fluid
optimum viscosity	25 ÷ 50 cSt	referred to the operating temperature of the fluid in the tank
maximum viscosity	800 cSt	limited to only the pump start-up phase

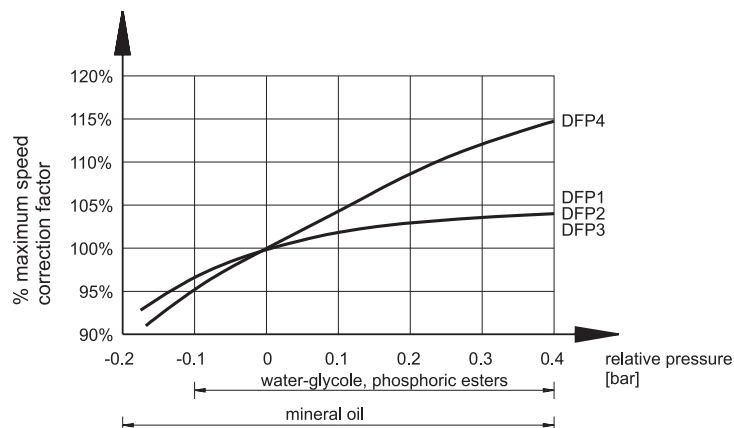
When choosing the fluid type, verify that the true viscosity at the operating temperature is within the above range.

#### 4.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore, use of a filter with  $\beta_{20} \geq 75$  is recommended. A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \geq 100$  is recommended.

If there is a filter installed on the suction line, be sure that the pressure at the pump inlet is not lower than the values specified in the note 1, at paragraph 3. The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator.

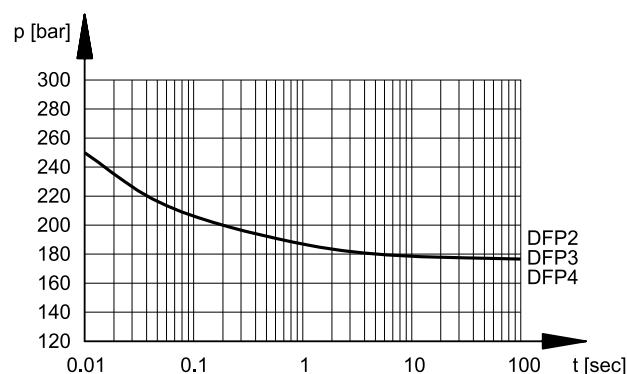
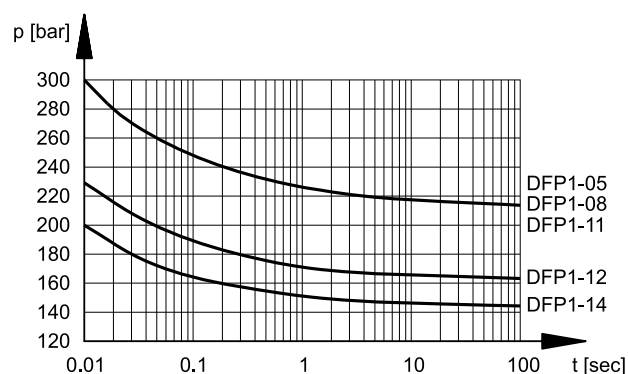
### 5 - MAXIMUM SPEED CORRECTION FACTOR



If the pressure in the suction line is different than zero, the maximum rotation speed shown in table 3 must be multiplied by the correction factor obtained from the diagram seen on the left.

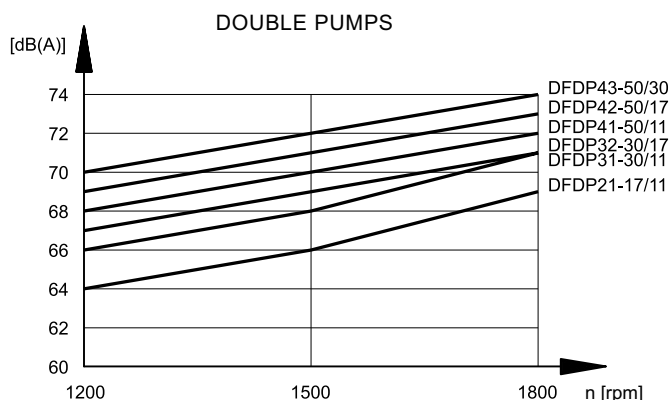
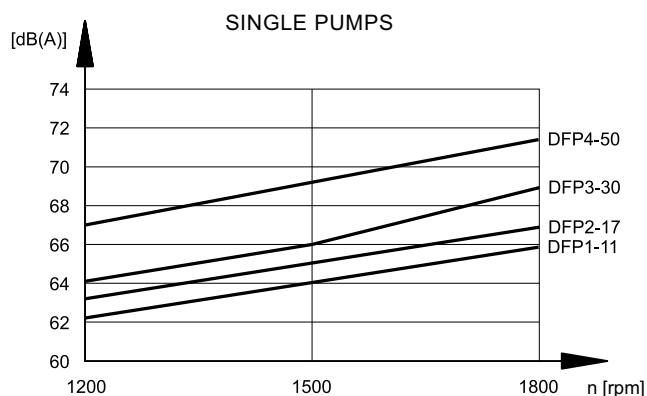
### 6 - PRESSURE PEAK (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 32 cSt at 40°C, delivery pressure 140 bar and suction pressure 0 bar)

The maximum allowed over pressure on the pump delivery according to the pressure peak residency time is shown in the diagrams. The curves are valid for both single pumps and double pumps.



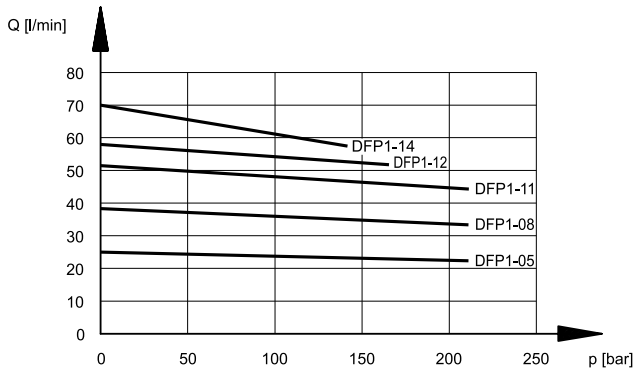
### 7- NOISE LEVEL (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 32 cSt at 40°C, delivery pressure 140 bar and suction pressure 0 bar)

The diagram curves were measured in a semi-anechoic room according to ISO 4412/1 at a distance of 1 m from the pump. The values refer to the intermediate size pump.

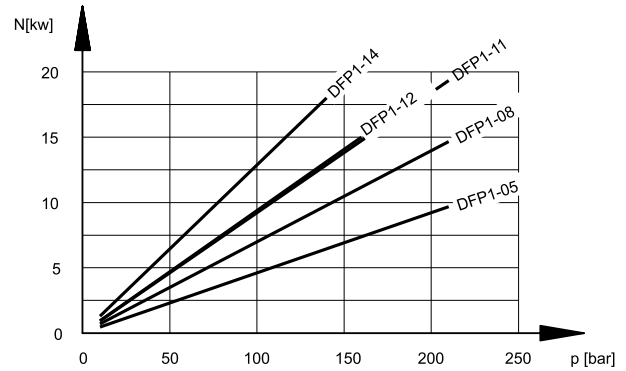


## 8 - DFP1 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 32 cSt at 40°C)

**FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES**  
(measured at 1500 rpm)

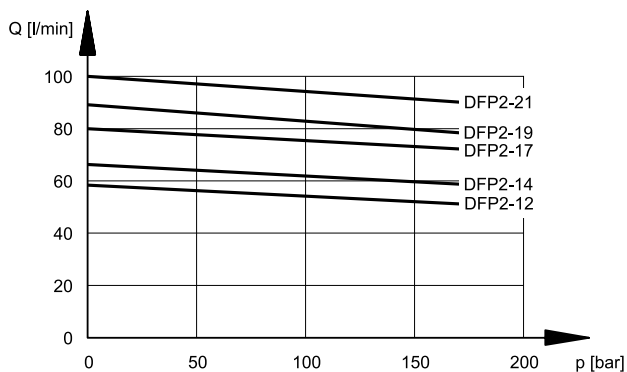


**ABSORBED POWER/PRESSURE CURVES**  
(measured at 1500 rpm)

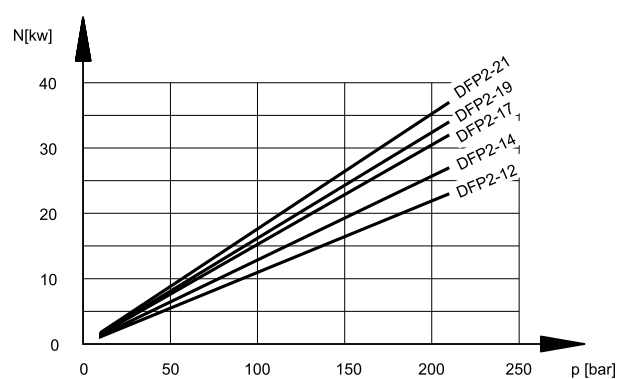


## 8 - DFP2 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 32 cSt at 40°C)

**FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES**  
(measured at 1500 rpm)



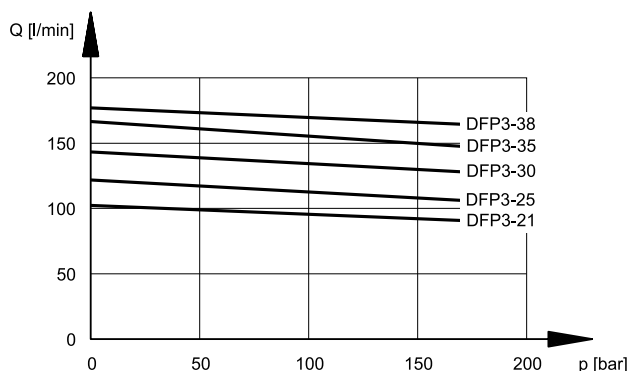
**ABSORBED POWER/PRESSURE CURVES**  
(measured at 1500 rpm)



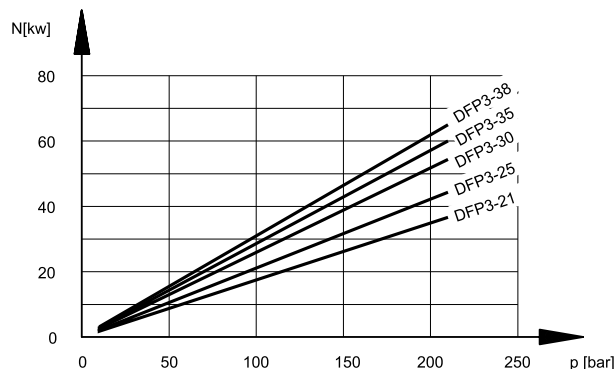


## 9 - DFP3 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 32 cSt at 40°C)

### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES (measured at 1500 rpm)

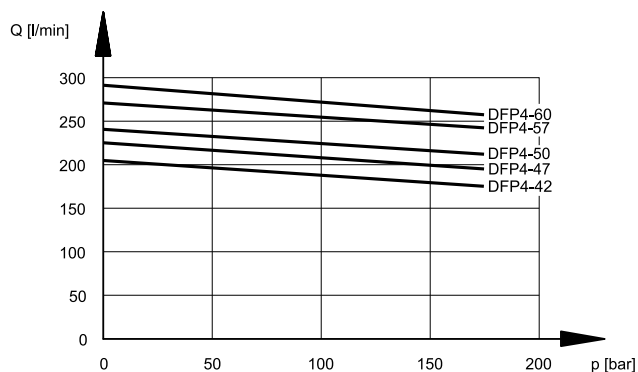


### ABSORBED POWER/PRESSURE CURVES (measured at 1500 rpm)

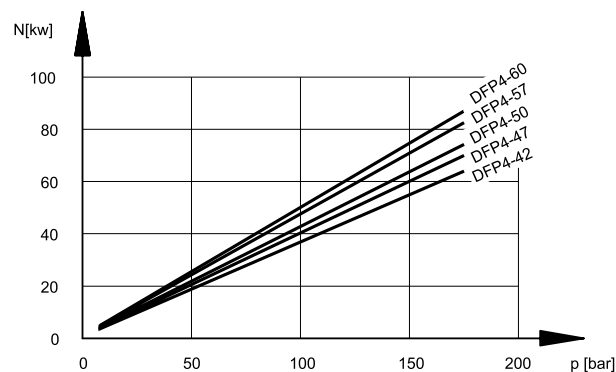


## 10 - DFP4 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 32 cSt at 40°C)

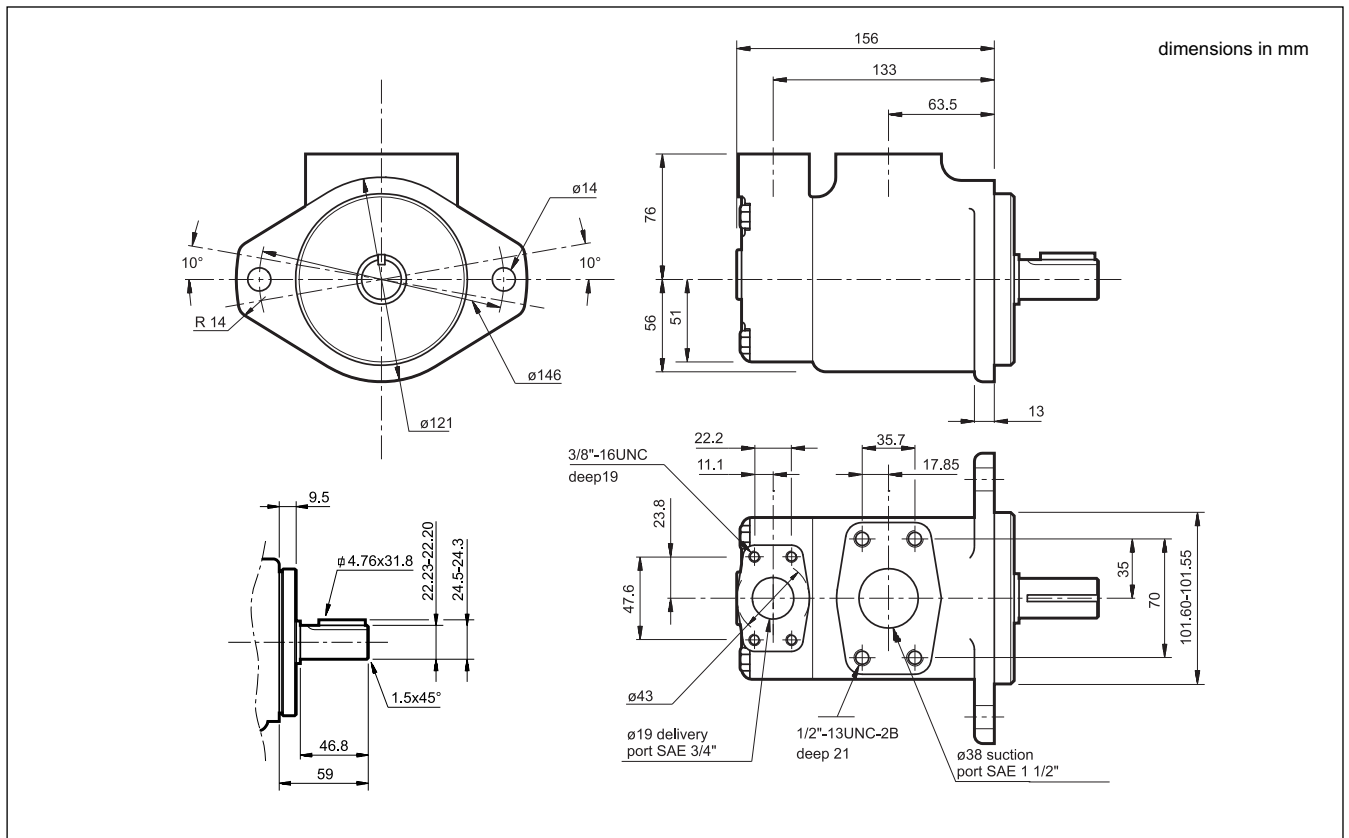
### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES (measured at 1500 rpm)



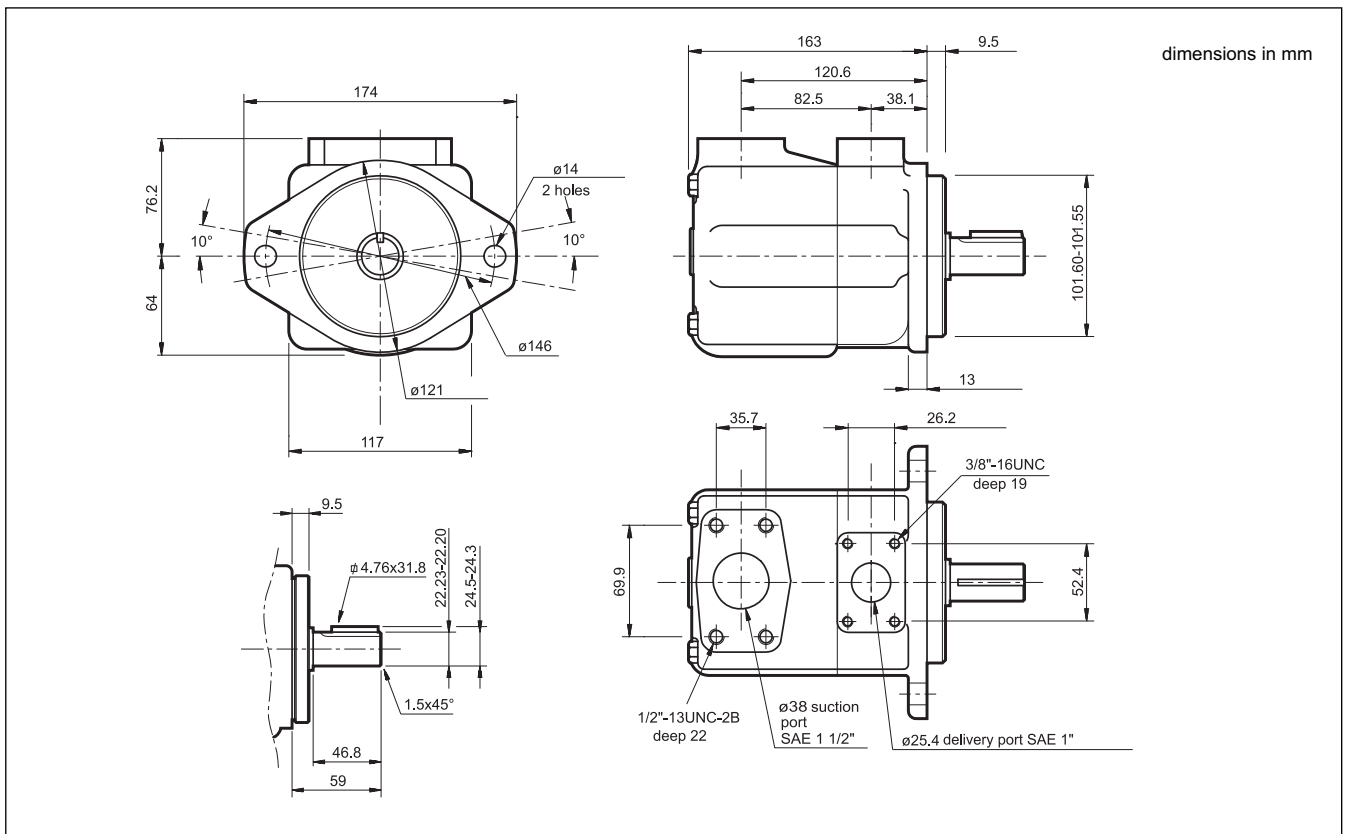
### ABSORBED POWER/PRESSURE CURVES (measured at 1500 rpm)



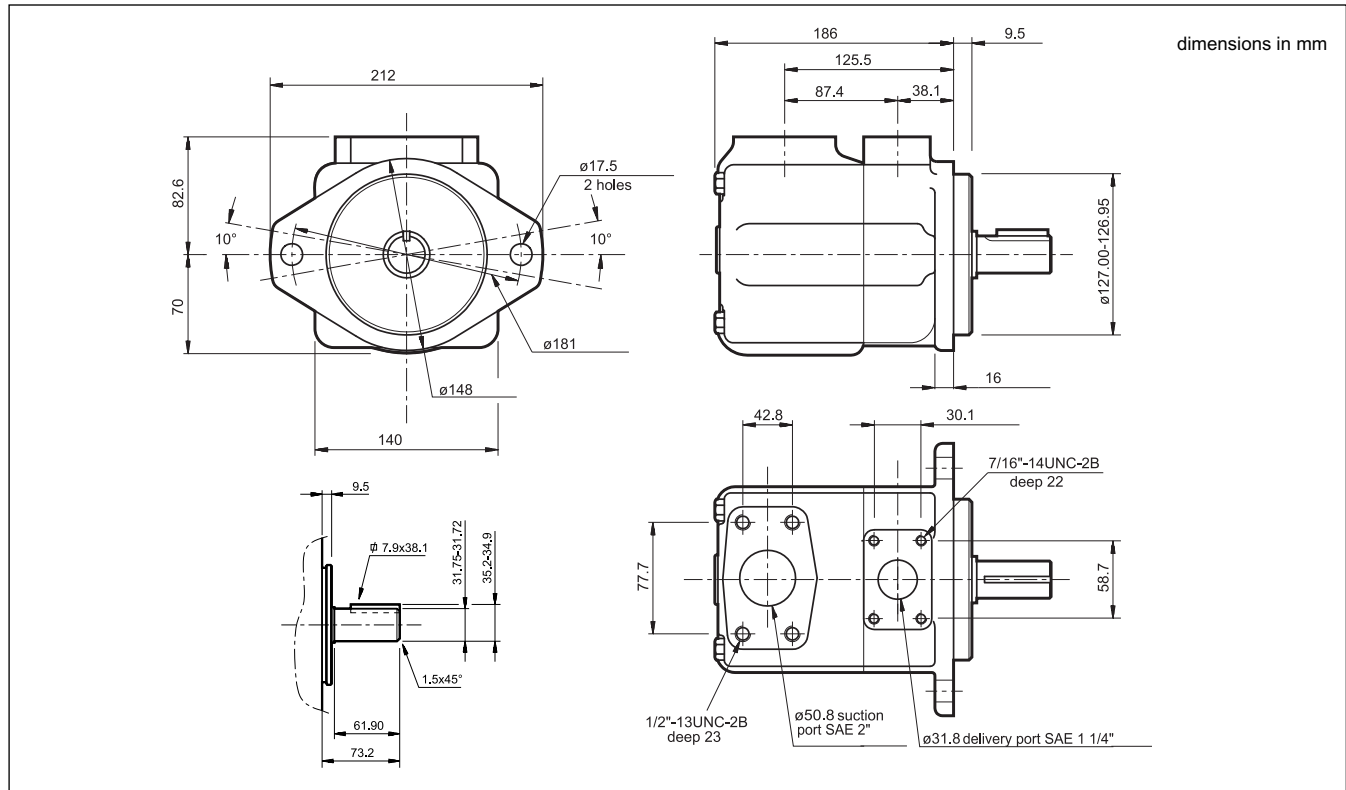
## 11 - DFP1 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



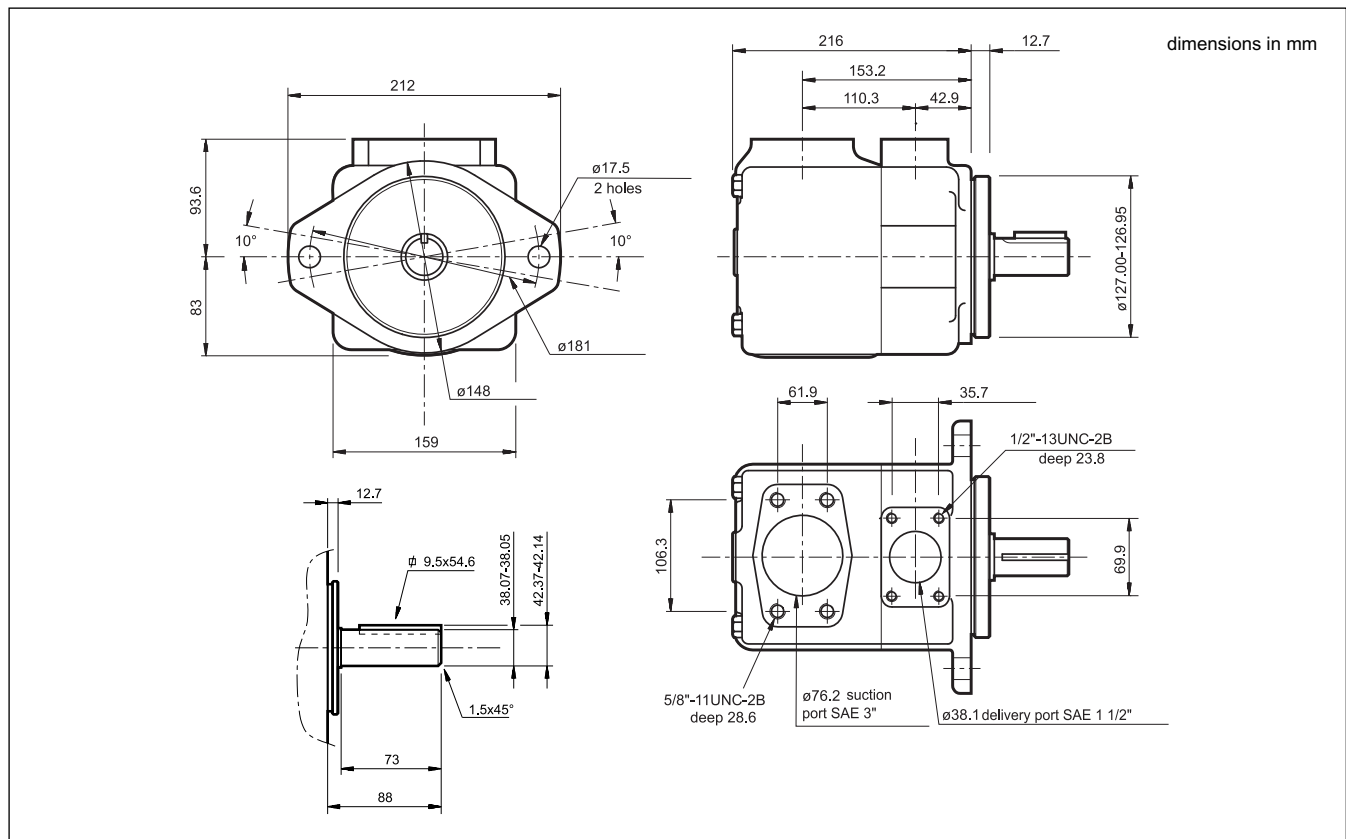
## 12 - DFP2 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



## 13 - DFP3 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

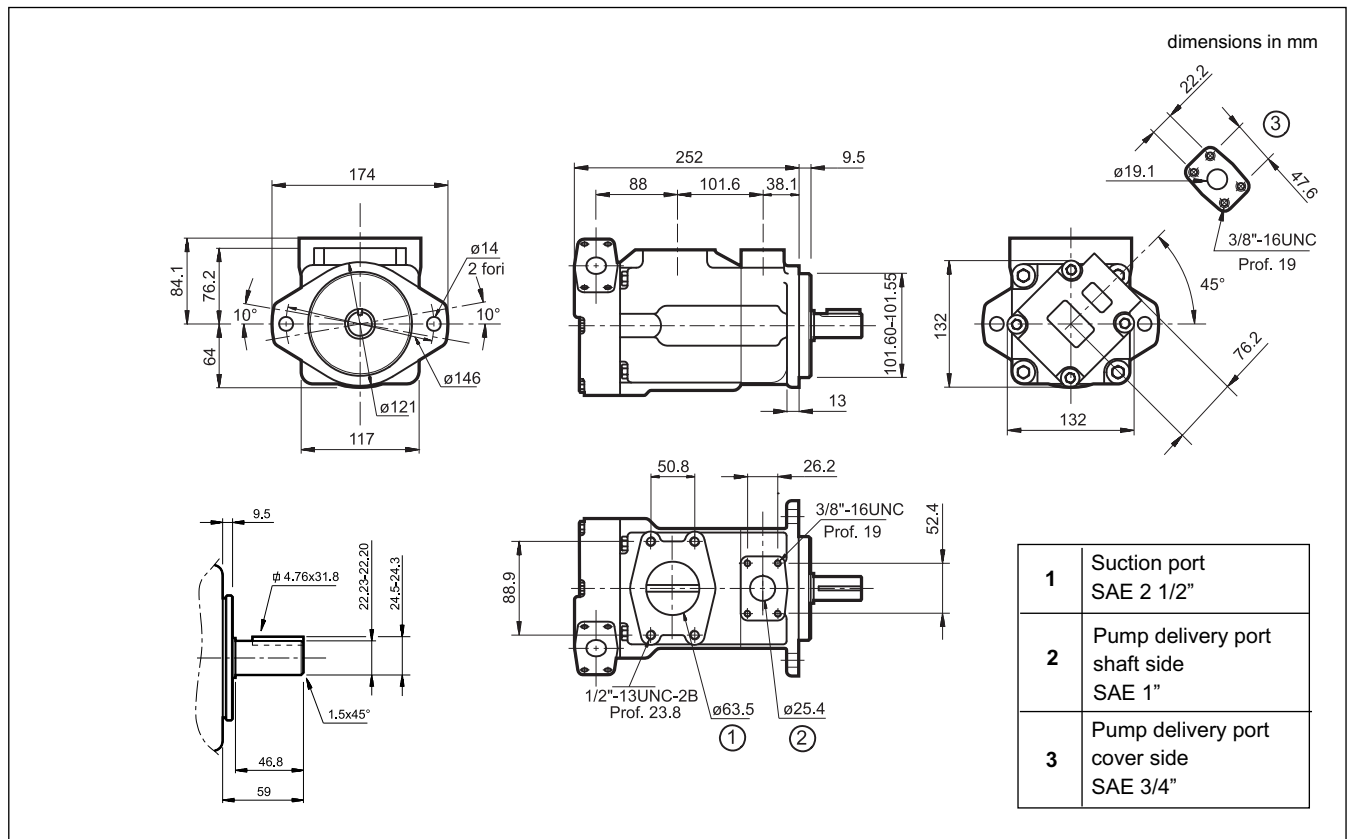


## 14 - DFP4 PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

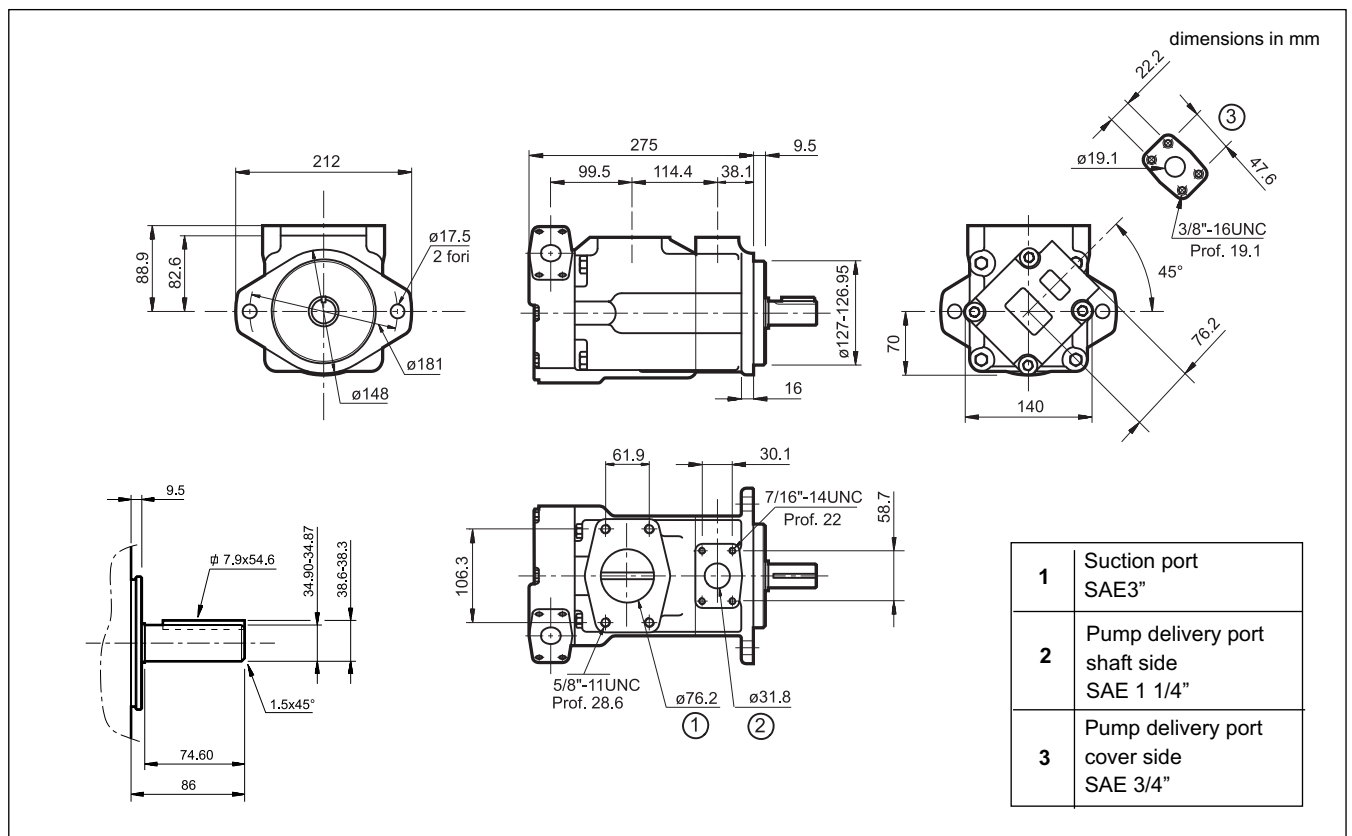




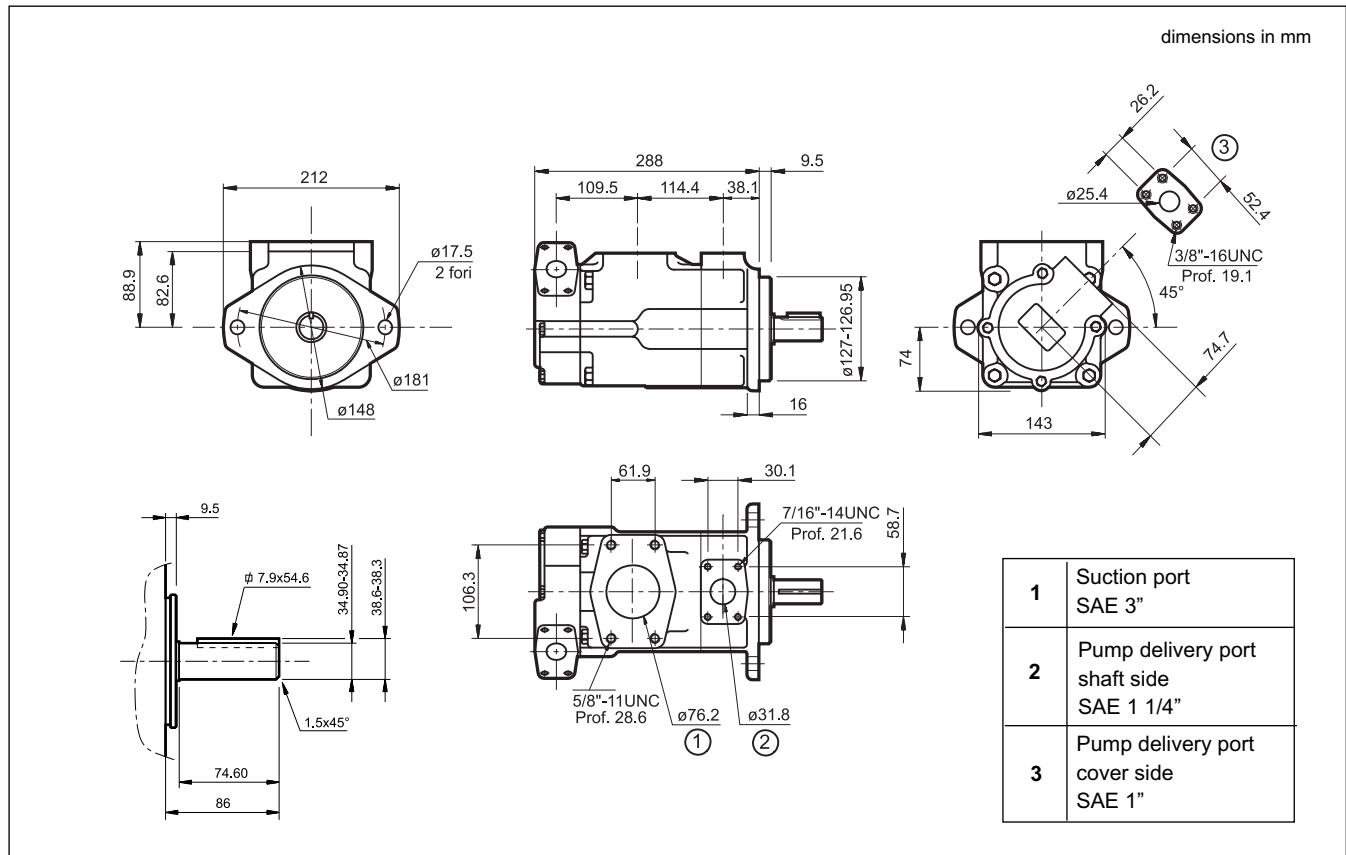
## 15 - DFDP21 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



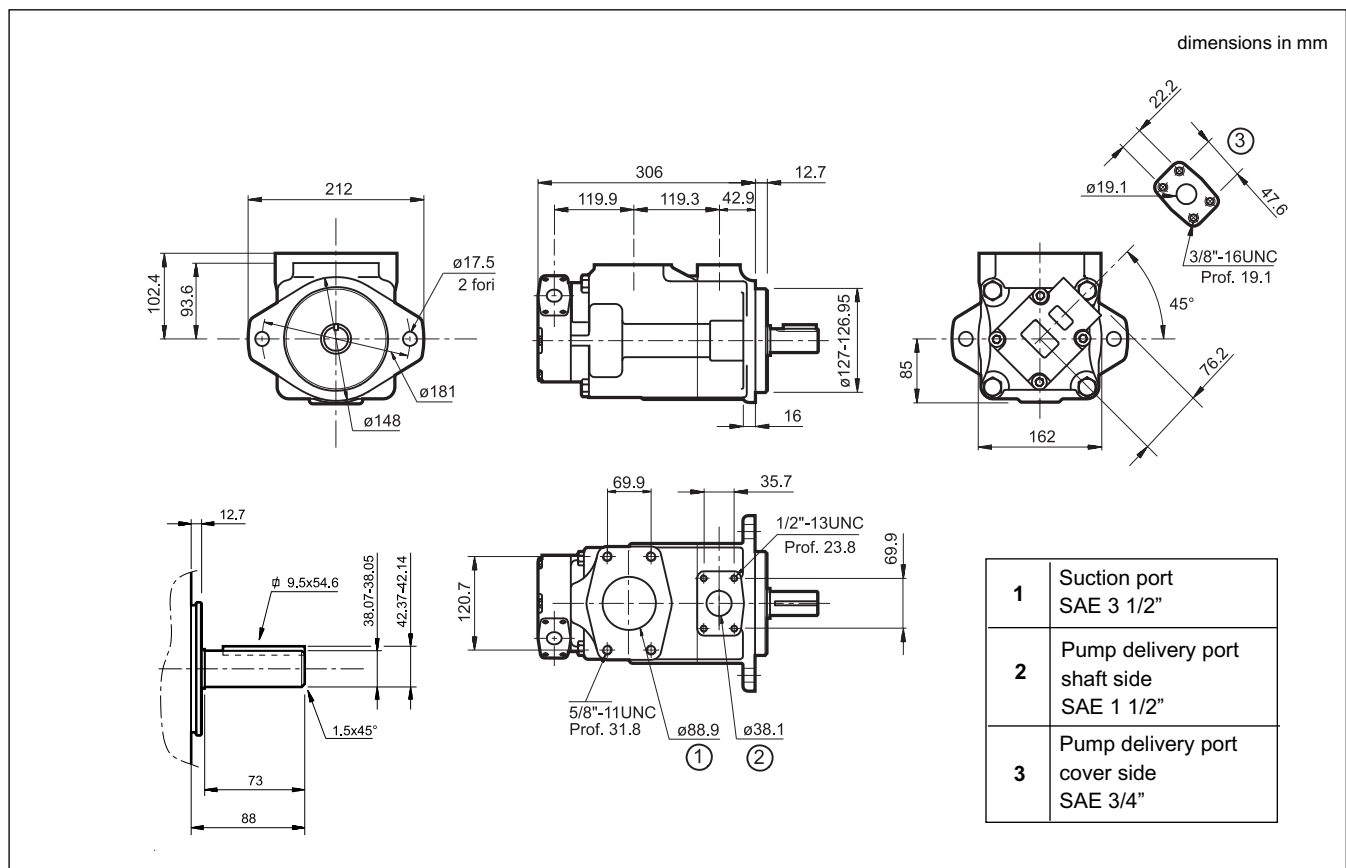
## 16 - DFDP31 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



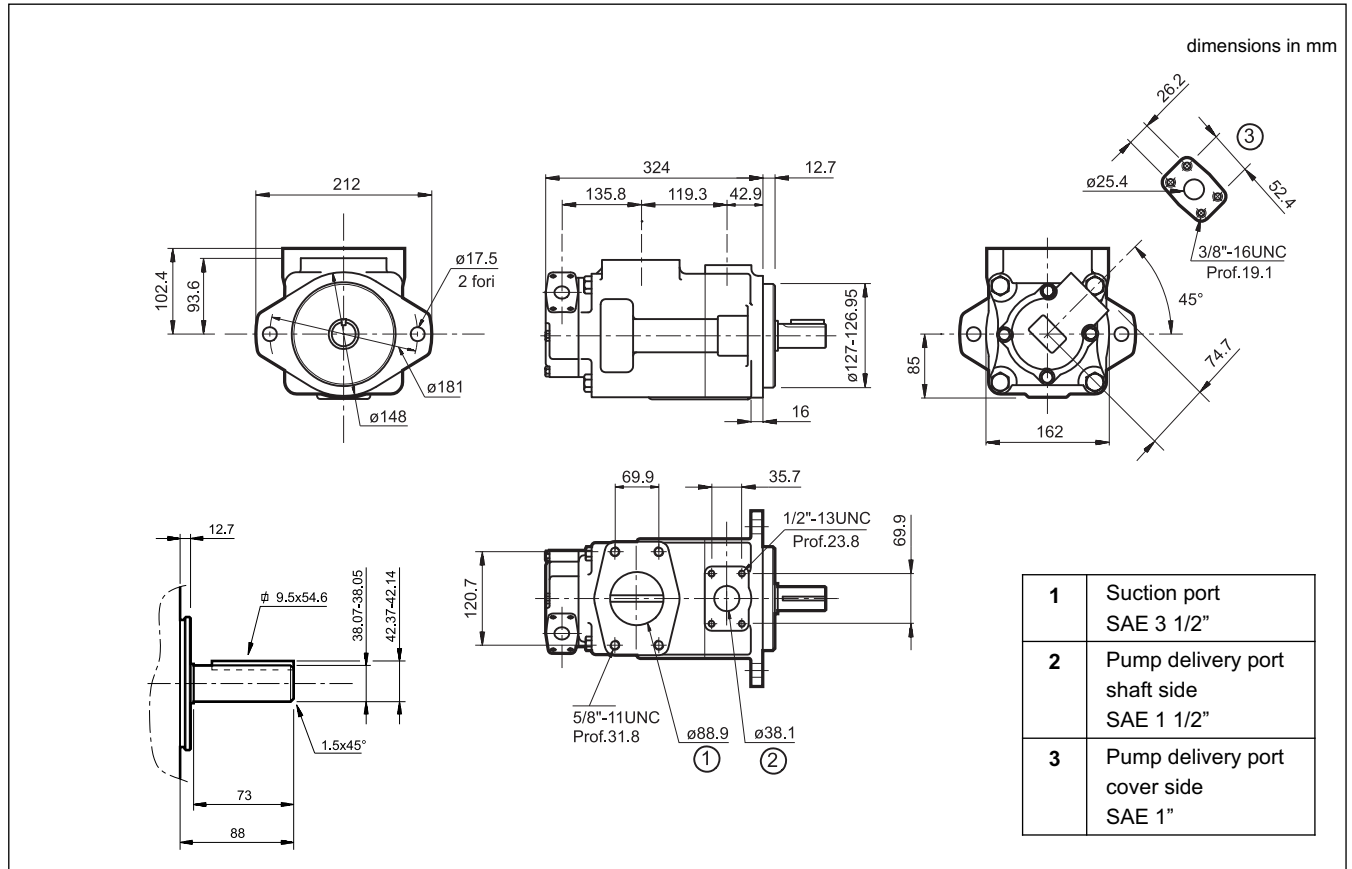
### 17 - DFDP32 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



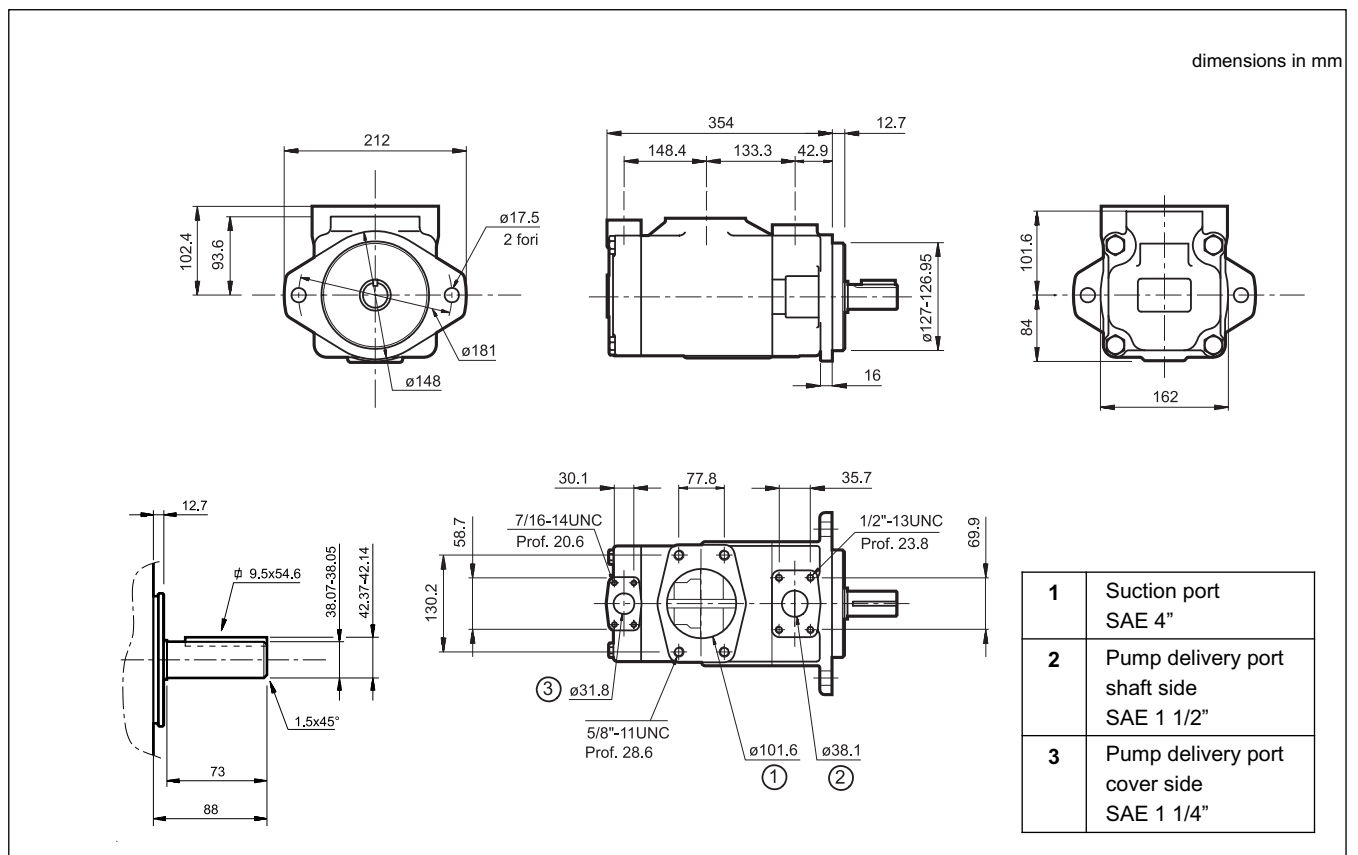
### 18 - DFDP41 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



### 19 - DFDP42 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



### 20 - DFDP43 DOUBLE PUMP OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



### 21 - INSTALLATION

- The DFP pumps can be installed with the shaft oriented in any position.
- Check that the rotation direction of the motor is according to the rotation direction of the pump before start up.
- The pump start up, especially at a cold temperature, should occur with the pump unloading.
- The suction line must be suitably sized to facilitate the flow of oil.  
Bends and restrictions or an excessive line length can impair correct functioning of the pump.
- The pumps are normally positioned directly above the oil tank.  
Flooded suction port installation of the pumps is advisable in the case of circuits with high flow rates and pressures.
- The motor-pump coupling must be made directly with a flexible coupling.  
Couplings that generate axial or radial loads on the pump shaft are not allowed.
- Refer to paragraph 4.3 for the characteristics and installation of the filtering elements.

### 22 - SAE J518 CONNECTION FLANGES

dimensions in mm

Flange code	Flange description	P <sub>max</sub> [bar]	ØA	ØB	C	D	E	F	G	H	L	1 N. 4 SHC bolts	Bolts code	2
0610719	SAE - 3/4"	345	3/4" BSP	19	18	36	19	22,2	47,6	50	65	3/8" UNC x 1 1/2"	0530612	OR 4100
0610713	SAE - 1"	345	1" BSP	25	18	38	22	26,2	52,4	55	70			OR 4131
0610720	SAE - 1 1/4"	276	1 1/4" BSP	32	21	41	22	30,2	58,7	68	79	7/16" UNC x 1 1/2"	0530613	OR 4150
0610714	SAE - 1 1/2"	207	1 1/2" BSP	38	25	45	24	35,7	70	78	93	1/2" UNC x 1 3/4"	0530638	OR 4187
0610721	SAE - 2"	207	2" BSP	51	25	45	30	43	77,8	90	102			OR 4225
0610722	SAE - 2 1/2"	172	2 1/2" BSP	63	25	50	30	50,8	89	105	116			OR 4175
0610723	SAE - 3"	138	3" BSP	73	27	50	34	62	106,4	116	134	5/8" UNC x 2"	0530658	OR 4337
0610724	SAE - 3 1/2"	34	3 1/2" BSP	89	27	48	34	69,8	120,7	136	152			OR 4387
0773528	SAE - 4"	34	4" BSP	99	27	48	34	77,77	130,18	146	162			OR 4437

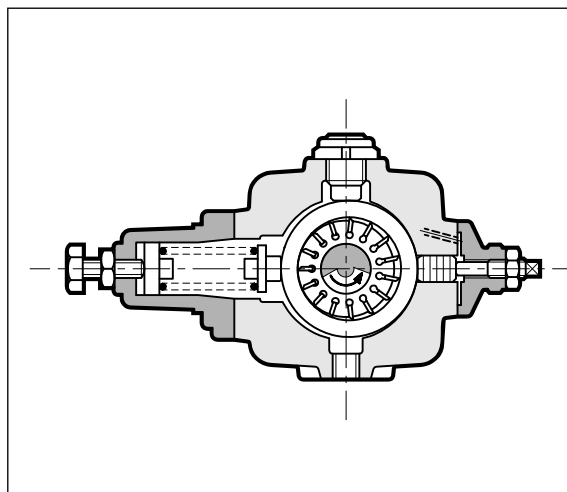
The fastening bolts and the O-Rings must be ordered separately.



# PVD

## VARIABLE DISPLACEMENT VANE PUMPS WITH DIRECT PRESSURE ADJUSTER

### OPERATING PRINCIPLE



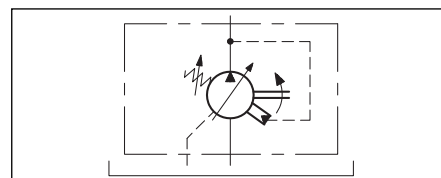
- The PVD pumps are variable displacement vane pumps with a mechanical type of pressure compensator.
- They allow instantaneous adjustment of the flow rate according to the circuit requirements. The consequence is that energy consumption is reduced and adequate in every phase of the cycle.
- The pump group is complete with hydrostatic axial compensation distribution plates that improve the volumetric efficiency and reduce wear of the components.
- The pressure compensator keeps the cam ring of the pumping group in the eccentric position with use of an adjustable load spring. When the delivery pressure equals the pressure corresponding to the spring setting, the cam ring is moved toward the center, adjusting the flow rate to the values required by the plant.
- In zero flow demand conditions, the pump delivers oil only to compensate any possible bleedings and pilotings, keeping the circuit pressure constant.
- The compensator response times are very low such as to allow elimination of the pressure relief valve.

### PERFORMANCE RATINGS (measured with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

PVD sizes		25	28	35	45	56	72	90	115	145
Geometric displacement (UNI ISO 3662)	cm³/rev	16	20	25	31,5	40	50	63	80	100
Actual displacement	cm³/rev	17,9	22,1	26,9	34,5	42,8	53,1	69	86,2	105,5
Maximum flow at 1450 rpm and p = 80 bar	l/min	25	29	36,2	45,6	58	72,5	91,3	116	145
Max working pressure	bar	120	100		100			80		
Pressure adjustment range	bar	20 ÷ 120	30 ÷ 100		30 ÷ 100			30 ÷ 80		
Maximum drain port pressure allowed	bar	1								
Rotation speed range	rpm	800 ÷ 1800								
Rotation direction		clockwise (seen from the outlet shaft side)								
Shaft loads		radial and axial loads are not allowed								
Max applicable torque on shaft: version H version K	Nm	110 70	197 -		400 -			740 -		
Mass	kg	7,3	12		32			44		

Ambient temperature range	°C	-20 / +50
Fluid temperature range	°C	-10 / +50
Fluid viscosity range		see paragraph 3.2
Recommended viscosity	cSt	22 ÷ 68
Degree of fluid contamination		see paragraph 3.3

### HYDRAULIC SYMBOL



## 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE

<b>P</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>D</b>					<b>/</b>		<b>/</b>		
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Variable displacement vane pump —

Mechanical pressure compensator —

Size: \_\_\_\_\_

**25** = 25 l/min      **72** = 72,5 l/min  
**28** = 29 l/min      **90** = 91,3 l/min  
**35** = 36,2 l/min      **115** = 116 l/min  
**45** = 45,6 l/min      **145** = 145 l/min  
**56** = 58 l/min

Mounting flange and shaft end: \_\_\_\_\_

**K** = four-bolt flange with conical keyed shaft end (for PVD25 only interchangeable with PVD 9, 13 and 17 series 30)  
**H** = ISO 3019-2 four-bolt flange with cylindrical keyed shaft end

Option: Combined pumps.  
Omit for single pump  
Not available for PVD25 see at par. 13

Seals: omit for mineral oils  
**V** = viton for special fluids

Series No.  
**31** for PVD25  
**30** for other sizes  
(the overall and mounting dimensions remain unchanged from 30 to 39):

Option:  
**Q** = Flow adjustment screw. Always present on PVD25  
Omit if not required (see at par. 2)

## 2 - VOLUME ADJUSTMENT SCREW - PVD\*Q

The volume adjuster is fitted as standard on PVD25 pumps, while is optional on the other sizes .It consists of an adjustment screw and a small balanced piston that limit the maximum eccentricity of the pumping group cam ring, changing the displacement. The maximum flow is reduced by turning the adjustment screw clockwise.

Size		25	28	35	45	56	72	90	115	145
Reduced displacement for screw turn	cm <sup>3</sup>	9,7	9,7	9,7	16,4	16,4	16,4	23,8	23,8	23,8
MIN displacement	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	3,1	7,6	11,7	1,6	9,9	20,9	9,7	26,9	45,5

Tools required for adjustment:

PVD 25: adjustment screw hexagon socket key 5. Locking nut spanner 17.

PVD 28 to 145: square head screw, spanner 7, tooth retainer KM1 type, to loosen with hook wrench.

## 3 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

### 3.1 - Fluid type

Use mineral oil based hydraulic fluids with anti-foam and antioxidant additives. For use of other types of fluid, keep in mind the limitations shown in the following table or consult our technical department for approval.

FLUID TYPE	NOTES
HFC (water glycol solutions with proportion of water ≤ 40%)	-The values shown in the performance ratings table must be reduced by at least 50% - The pump rotation speed must be limited to 1000 rpm. - Use NBR seals only
HFD (phosphate esters)	There are no particular limitations with this kinds of fluids. Operation with a fluid viscosity as close as possible to the optimum viscosity range specified in par. 3.2 is recommended. - Use FPM (Viton) seals only

### 3.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity	16 cSt	referred to the maximum drainage fluid temperature of 50 °C
optimum viscosity	22 ÷ 68 cSt	referred to the fluid working temperature in the tank
maximum viscosity	400 cSt	limited to only the start-up phase of the pump

When selecting the fluid type, be sure that the true viscosity is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

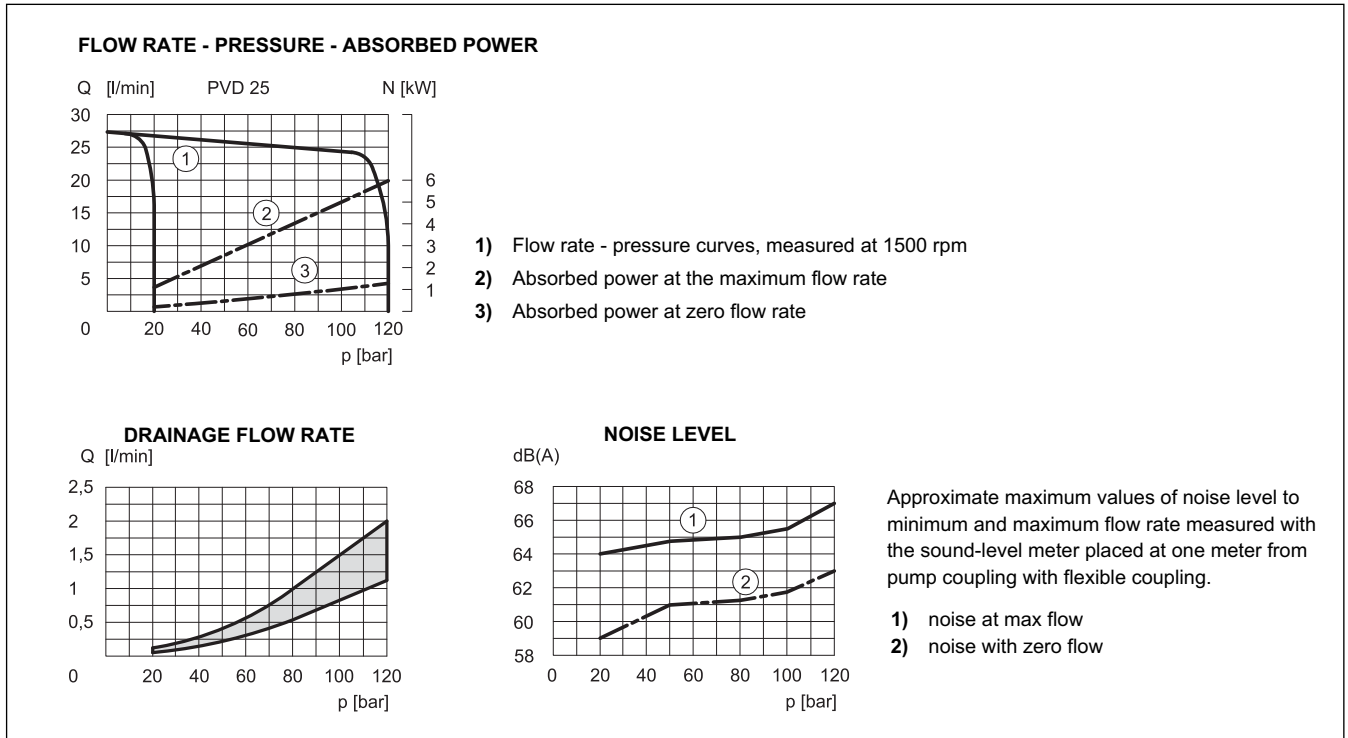
### 3.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore, use of a filter with  $\beta_{20} \geq 75$  is recommended. A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance

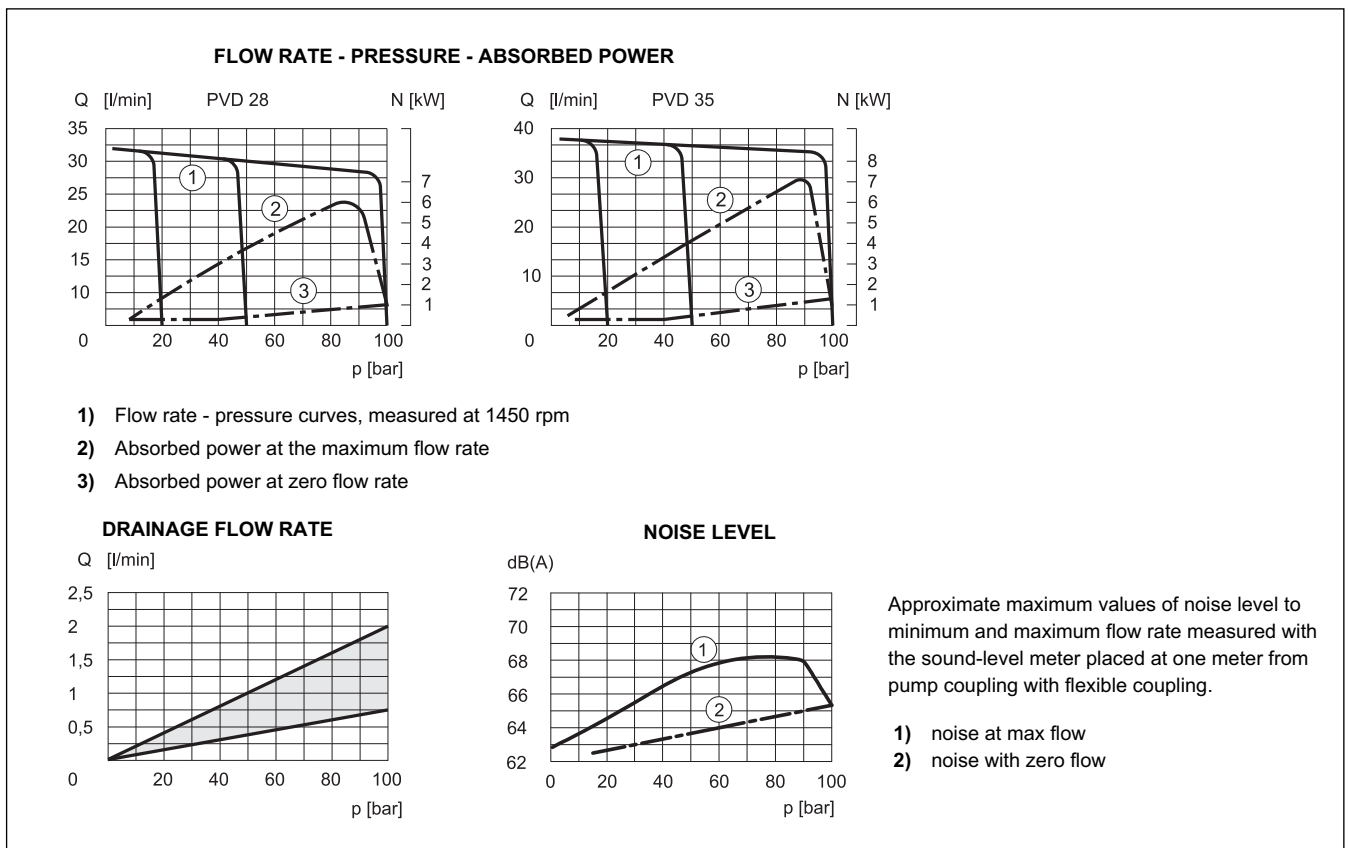
of the pump. Hence, use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \geq 100$  is recommended.

If there is a filter installed on the suction line, be sure that the pressure at the pump inlet is not lower than the values specified in paragraph 12. The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator.

#### 4 - PVD25 CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

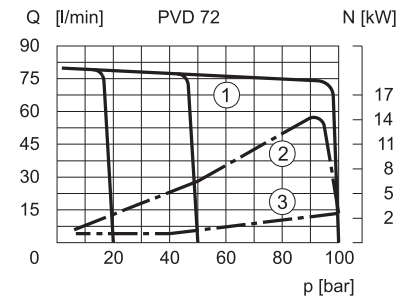
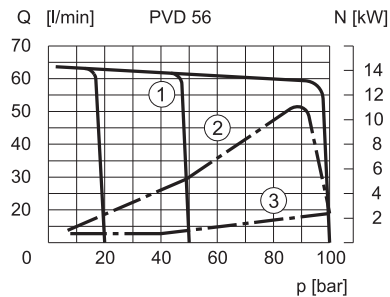
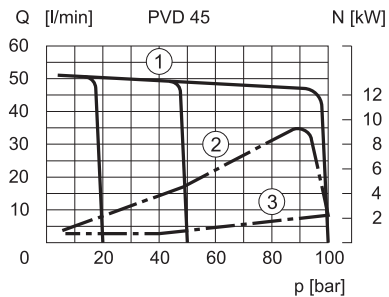


#### 5 - PVD28, PVD35 CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)



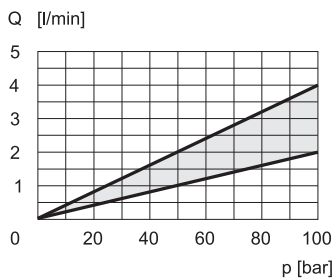
## 6 - PVD45, PVD56 and PVD72 CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

### FLOW RATE - PRESSURE - ABSORBED POWER

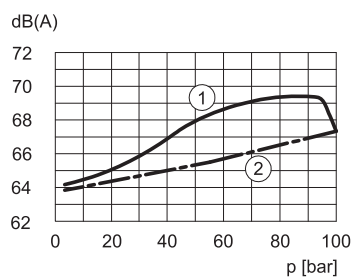


- 1) Flow rate - pressure curves, measured at 1450 rpm
- 2) Absorbed power at the maximum flow rate
- 3) Absorbed power at zero flow rate

### DRAINAGE FLOW RATE



### NOISE LEVEL

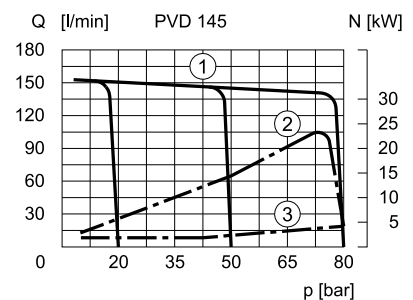
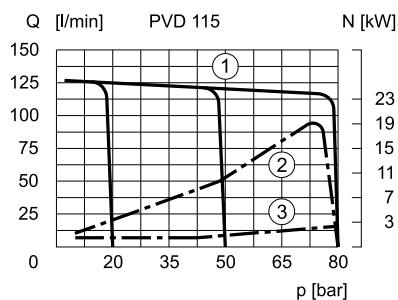
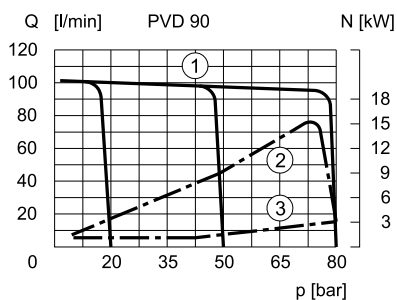


Approximate maximum values of noise level to minimum and maximum flow rate measured with the sound-level meter placed at one meter from pump coupling with flexible coupling.

- 1) noise at max flow
- 2) noise with zero flow

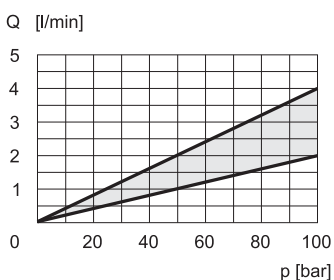
## 7 - PVD90, PVD115 and PVD145 CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

### FLOW RATE - PRESSURE - ABSORBED POWER

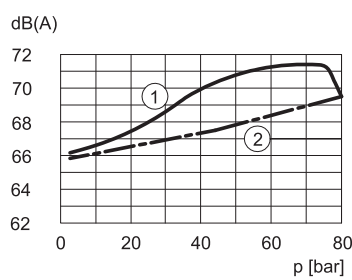


- 1) Flow rate - pressure curves, measured at 1450 rpm
- 2) Absorbed power at the maximum flow rate
- 3) Absorbed power at zero flow rate

### DRAINAGE FLOW RATE



### NOISE LEVEL

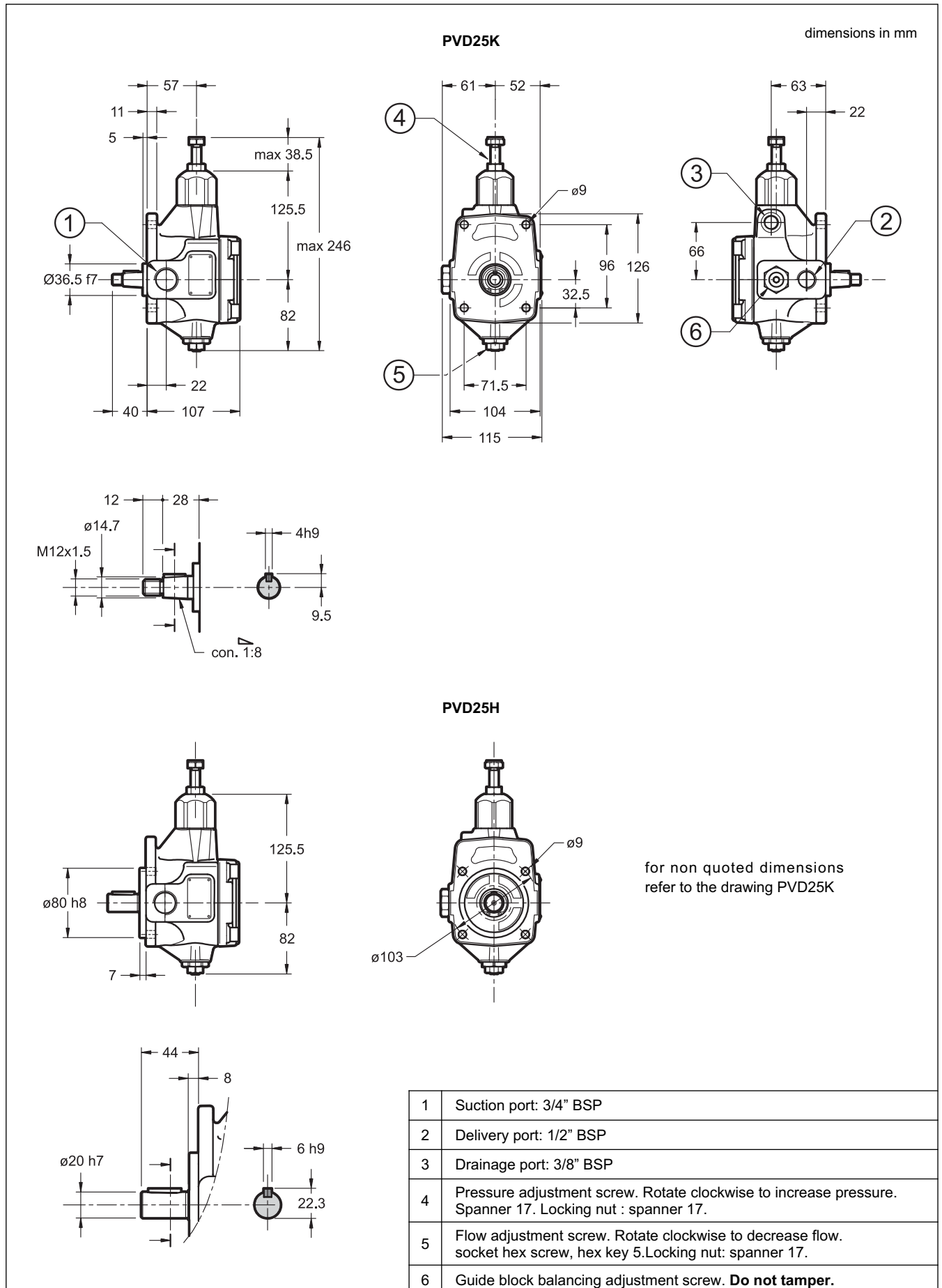


Approximate maximum values of noise level to minimum and maximum flow rate measured with the sound-level meter placed at one meter from pump coupling with flexible coupling.

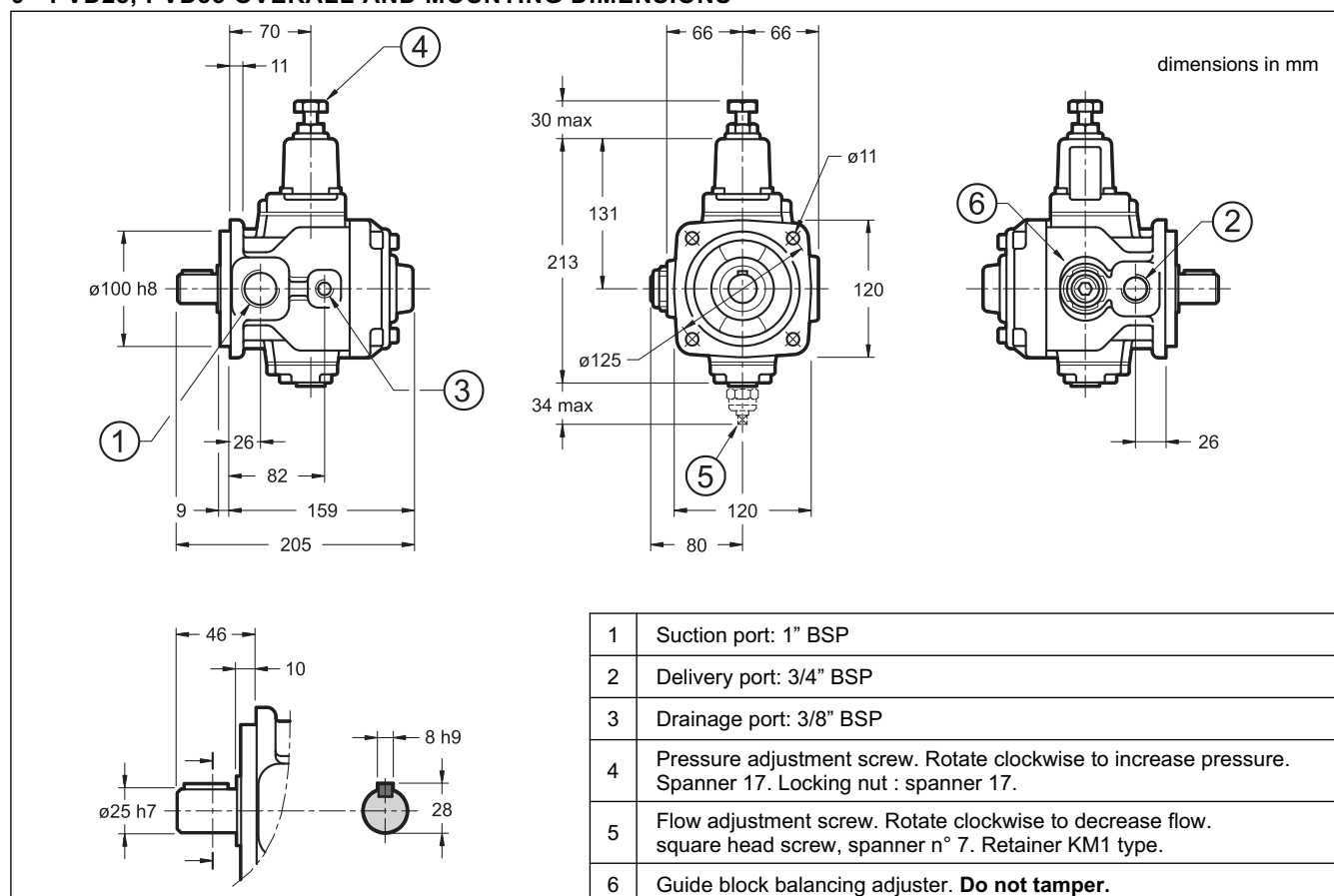
- 1) noise at max flow
- 2) noise with zero flow



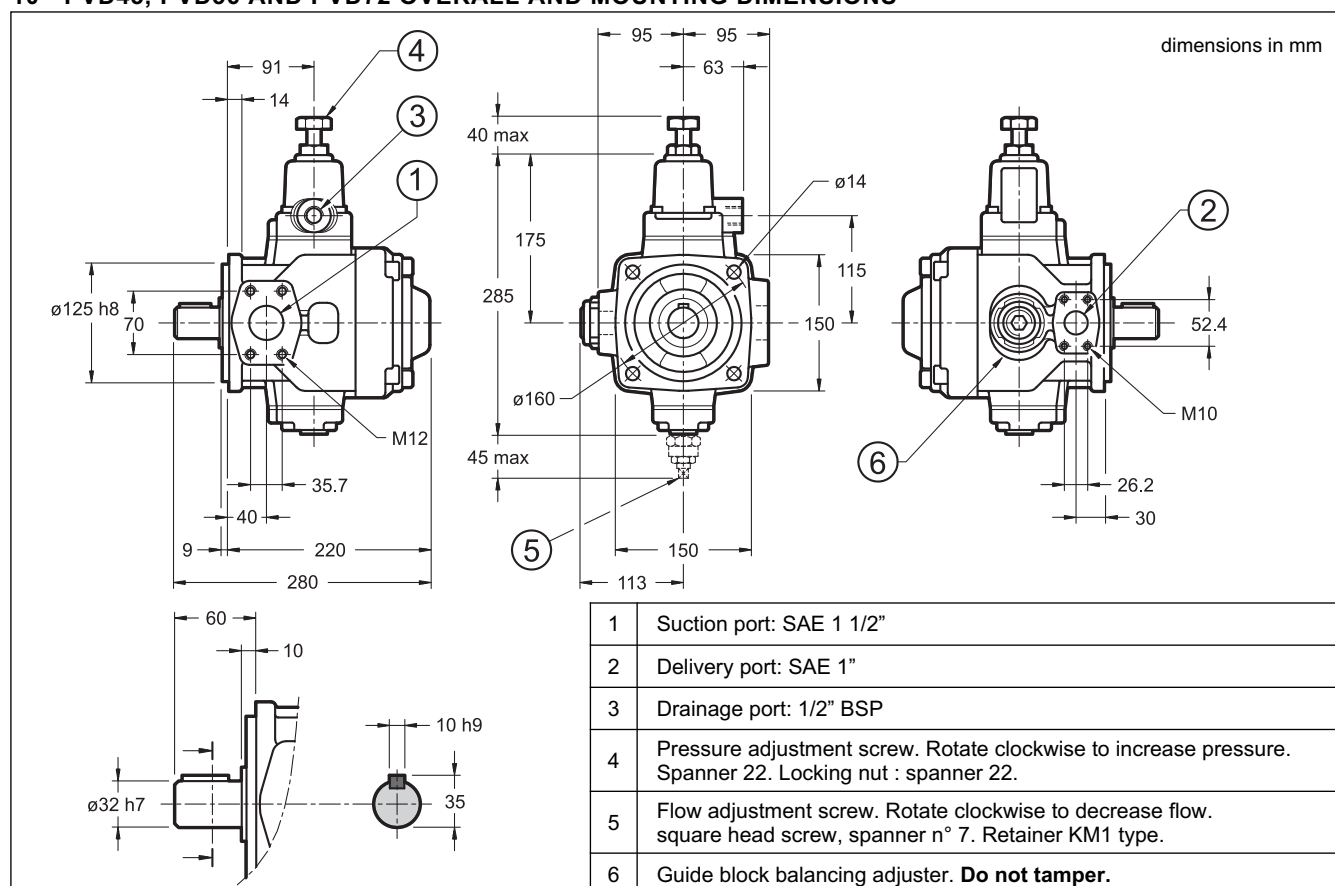
## 8 - PVD25 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



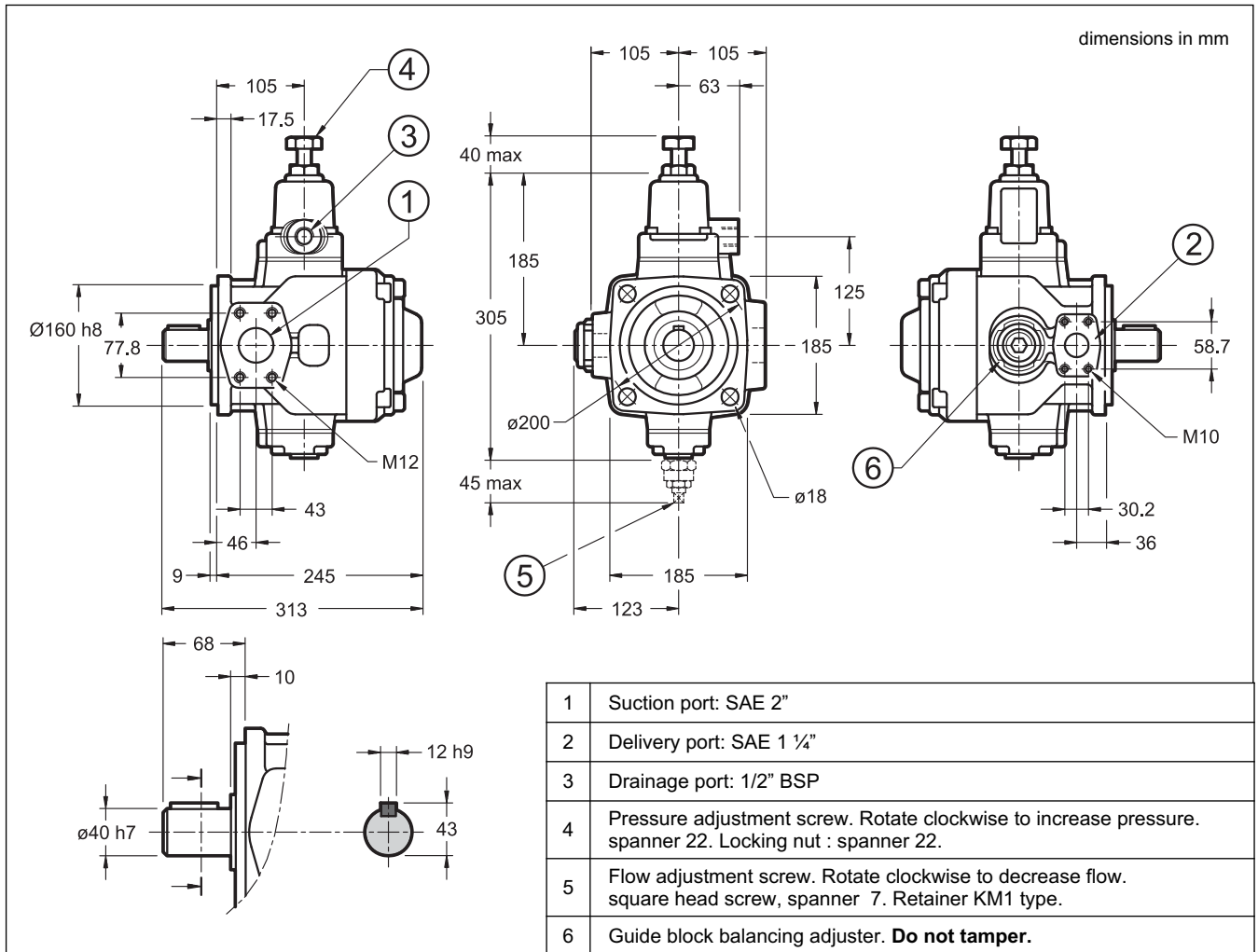
## 9 - PVD28, PVD35 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



## 10 - PVD45, PVD56 AND PVD72 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



## 11 - PVD90, PVD115 AND PVD145 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



## 12 - INSTALLATION

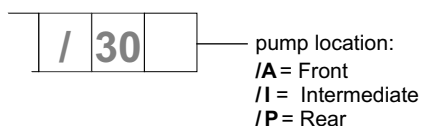
- The instruction manual for the installation and commissioning of the pumps is always included in the packaging with the pump. Observe restrictions in this document and follow the instructions.
- The PVD pumps up to size 35 can be installed with the axis oriented in any position. For other sizes the pump must be installed with the axis in horizontal position and with the pressure compensator upward.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling. Couplings that generate axial or radial loads on the pump shaft are not allowed.
- The suction line must be short, with end pipe cut at 45 ° and suitably sized: the minimum cross-section of the tube should reflect that of the thread on the inlet port of the pump to facilitate the oil flow. Bends and restrictions or an excessive line length can impair correct operation of the pump.  
Suction pressure should be between 0.8 and 1.5 bar absolute
- The drainage pipe must be connected directly to the tank by a line separate from other discharges, located as far as possible from the suction line and lengthened to below the minimum oil level in order to avoid foaming.
- The tank must be suitably sized in order to allow the cooling of the fluid. It should be good that the fluid in the tank do not exceed 50°C. If necessary, consider the installation of a heat exchanger on the drain line.
- The pump start up must be done in full displacement (P→T) with flow to the tank, to purge the air.
- It's essential that the difference between the fluid temperature and the ambient (pump body) temperature doesn't exceed 20°C
- The pumps are usually placed directly upon the oil tank. Flooded suction port installation of the pumps is recommended in the case of circuits with high flow rates and pressures.

### 13 - MULTIPLE PUMPS

The PVD pumps from size 28 and up are designed to be connected one to the other in decreasing order of displacement. They can be combined also with PVA type pumps (see catalogue 14 200) and with GP1 and GP2 size gear pumps (see catalogue 11 100). The torque on the shaft must be further reduced after the second pump. Consult our technical department for this type of applications .

### IDENTIFICATION CODE FOR MULTIPLE PUMPS

Fill the ordering code, following the coupling sequence of the pumps. Insert the suffix that shows the pump position at the end of each PVD pump identification code.



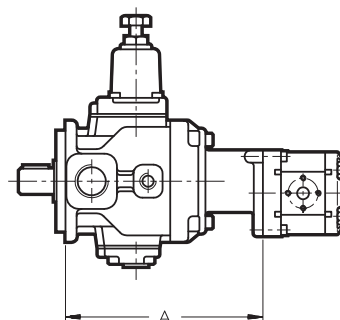
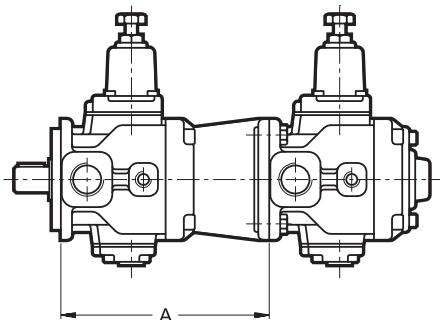
identification code    +    identification code    +    identification code  
1<sup>st</sup> pump                  2<sup>nd</sup> pump                  3<sup>rd</sup> pump  
(omit for single pumps)

Double pump identification example: PVD35HQ/30/V/**A** + PVD28H/30/V/**P**

Triple pump identification example: PVD90H/30/**A** + PVD35HQ/30/**I** + PVD28H/30/**P**

PVD pump + GP pump identification example: PVD35HQ/30/**A** + GP1-0061R97F/20N

**NOTE:** for the single pump identification codes see: cat. 11 100 par. 1 for GP pumps - cat. 14 200 par. 1 for PVA pumps

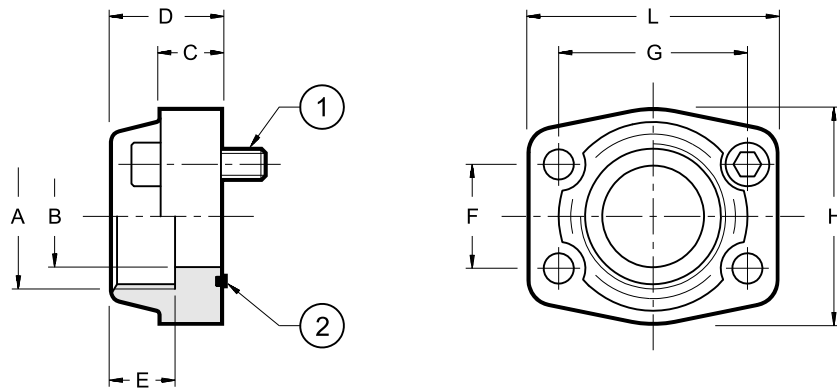


Max. torque applied to the shaft of the second pump (Nm)		
size group Primary pump	Second pump (same size group)	Second pump (smaller size group)
PVD 28/35	43	-
PVD 45/56/72	113	113
PVD 90/115/145	186	113

dimension A (mm)		
with PVD pump (same size group)	With gear pump type:	
207	GP1 and GP2	196
275	GP1 and GP2	262
315	GP1 and GP2	287

**14 - CONNECTION FLANGES**

dimensions in mm



The fastening bolts and the O-Rings must be ordered separately.

flange code	flange description	P <sub>max</sub> [bar]	ØA	ØB	C	D	E	F	G	H	L	(1) bolts	(2)
0610713	SAE - 1"	345	1" BSP	25	18	38	22	26.2	52.4	22	70	N. 4	OR 4131 (32.93x3.53)
0610720	SAE - 1 1/4"	276	1 1/4" BSP	32	21	41	22	30.2	58.7	68	79	SHC M10x35	OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)
0610714	SAE - 1 1/2"	207	1 1/2" BSP	38	25	44	24	35.7	70	78	93	N. 4	OR 4187 (47.22x3.53)
0610721	SAE - 2"	207	2" BSP	51	25	45	30	43	77.8	90	102	SHC M12x45	OR 4225 (56.74x3.53)



# PVD



**DIPLOMATiC OLEODiNAMiCA S.p.A.**

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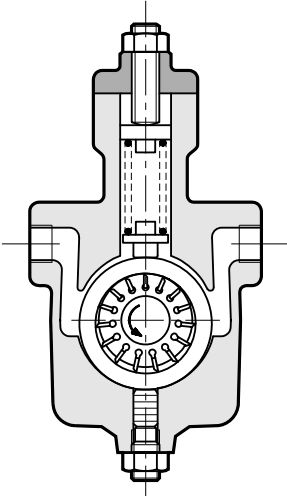


# PVE

## VARIABLE DISPLACEMENT VANE PUMPS WITH DIRECT PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT

### SERIES 30

#### OPERATING PRINCIPLE



- The PVE pumps are variable displacement vane pumps with direct pressure regulator.
- The pump group is complete with hydrostatic axial compensation distribution plates that improve the volumetric efficiency and reduce wear of the components.
- The pressure regulator adjustable load spring keeps the pump group cam ring in eccentric position.

When the delivery pressure equals the pressure corresponding to the spring setting, the cam ring is moved so to reduce the displacement, adjusting the flow rate to the values required by the plant.

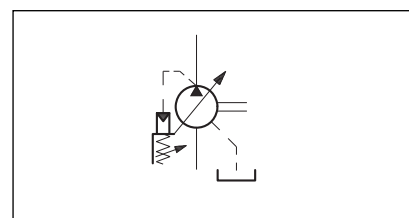
In zero flow demand conditions, the pump delivers oil only to compensate any possible bleedings, keeping the circuit pressure constant.

- The PVE pumps are available in four dimensions with maximum displacement from 6,6 to 22,2 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev and with pressure regulator max setting values up to 35 bar and 70 bar (standard).

#### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

PUMP SIZE		006	011	016	023
Displacement	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	6,6	11,1	16,6	22,2
Flow rate (at 1.500 rpm and with 3.5 bar delivery pressure)	l/min	10,0	16,7	25,0	33,3
Operating pressure	bar	70			
Rotation speed	rpm	min 800 - max 1800			
Rotation direction		clockwise (seen from the shaft side)			
Shaft loads	N	radial and axial loads are not allowed			
Hydraulic connection		BSPP (parallel) threading fittings			
Type of mounting		SAE flange J744 - 2 holes		rectangular flange - 4 holes	
Mass	kg	5	6	9	9

#### HYDRAULIC SYMBOL



Ambient temperature range	°C	-20 / +50
Fluid temperature range	°C	-10 / +70
Fluid viscosity range	see paragraph 2.2	
Fluid contamination degree	see paragraph 2.3	
Recommended viscosity	cSt	25 ÷ 50



## 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE

<div><div>P</div><div>V</div><div>E</div><div>-</div><div></div><div></div><div>-</div><div>R</div><div></div><div></div><div>0</div><div>B</div><div>/</div><div>30</div><div>N</div></div>											
Variable displacement vane pumps with direct pressure regulator						NBR seals for mineral oils (standard)					
Pump dimension: _____						Series No. (the overall and mounting dimensions remain unchanged from 30 to 39)					
006 011 016 023						BSPP (British Standard Pipe Parallel) threading hydraulic connection					
see table 3						Shaft end type cylindrical SAE J744					
Pressure regulator: _____						Mounting flange 0 = SAE J744 - 2 holes (only for PVE-006 and PVE-011) 9 = rectangular - 4 holes (only for PVE-016 and PVE-023)					
PC3 up to 70 bar (standard) PC2 up to 35 bar						Clockwise rotation (seen from the shaft side)					

## 2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

### 2.1 - Fluid type

Use only HL and HLP mineral oil based hydraulic fluids according to ISO 6743/4.

### 2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity	16 cSt	referred to the maximum drainage fluid temperature of 70 °C.
optimum viscosity	25 ÷ 50 cSt	referred to the fluid working temperature in the tank.
maximum viscosity	800 cSt	limited to only the start-up phase of the pump.

When selecting the fluid type, be sure that the true viscosity is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

### 2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore, use of a filter with  $\beta_{20} \geq 75$  is recommended. A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \geq 100$  is recommended.

The filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator.

## 3 - PERFORMANCES (obtained with viscosity of 46 cSt at 40°C)

PUMP	REGULATOR	DISPLACEMENT [cm³/rev]	MAX FLOW RATE [l/min]		PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT RANGE [bar]		ROTATION SPEED [rpm]	
			1500 rev	1800 rev	min	max	min	max
PVE-006	PC2	6,6	10	12	15	35	800	1800
	PC3				50	70		
PVE-011	PC2	11,1	16,7	20	15	35		
	PC3				50	70		
PVE-016	PC2	16,6	25	30	15	35		
	PC3				50	70		
PVE-023	PC2	22,2	33,3	40	15	35		
	PC3				50	70		

**NOTE:** Flow rate values are obtained with delivery pressure = 3.5 bar



### 4 - NOISE LEVEL

PUMP	NOISE LEVEL [dB (A)]	
	null displacement	full displacement
<b>PVE-006</b>	61	63
<b>PVE-011</b>	62	65
<b>PVE-016</b>	64	68
<b>PVE-023</b>	64	70

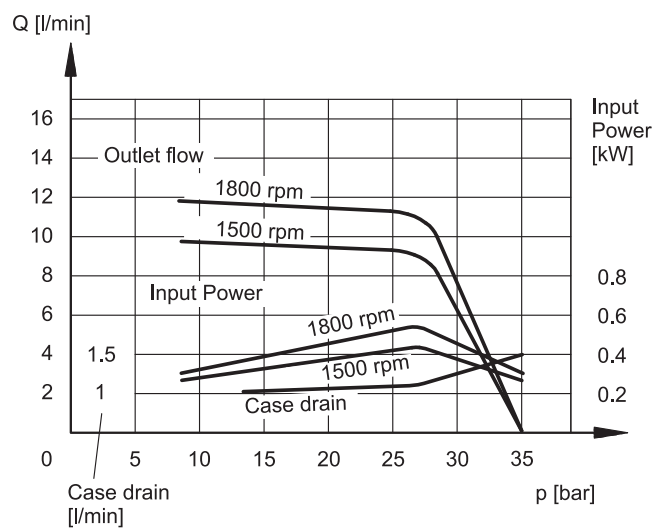
The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anechoic room, at an axial distance of 1 m from the pump.

The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anechoic room.

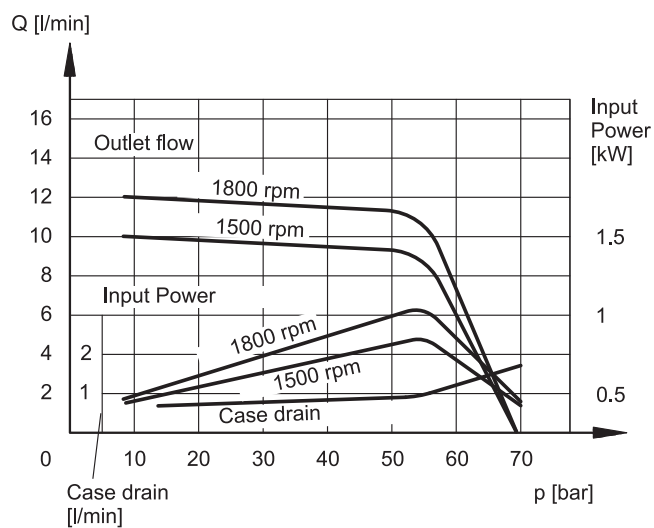
### 5 - CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 46 cSt at 40°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 and 1800 rev/min.

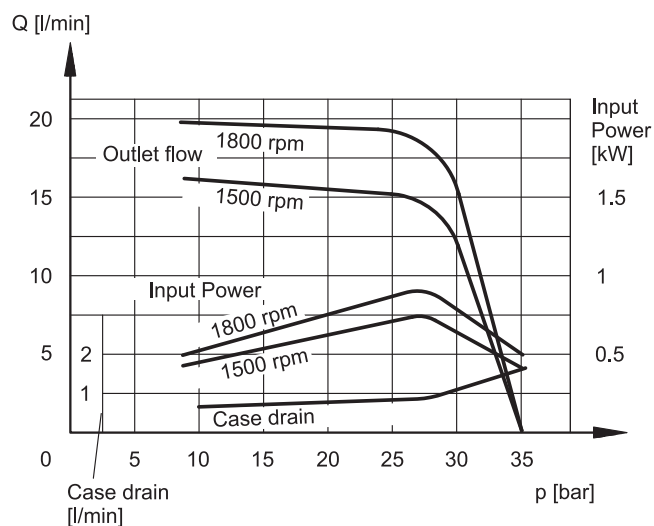
**PVE-006PC2**



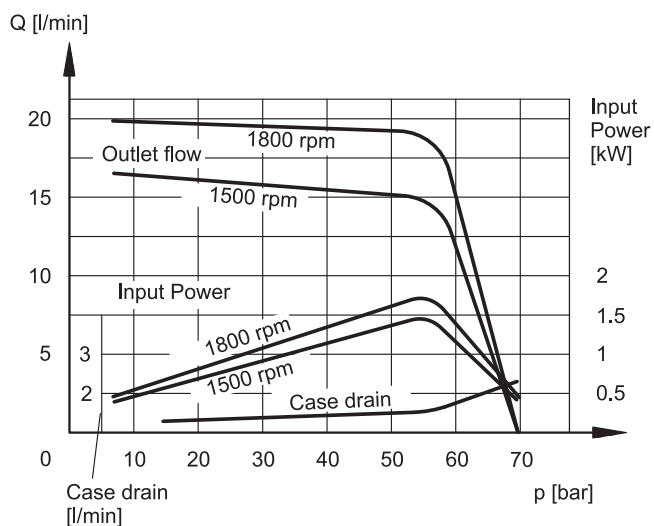
**PVE-006PC3**



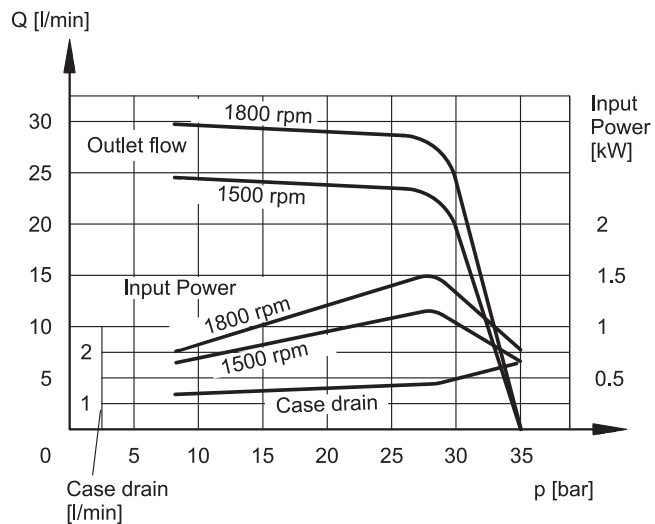
**PVE-011PC2**



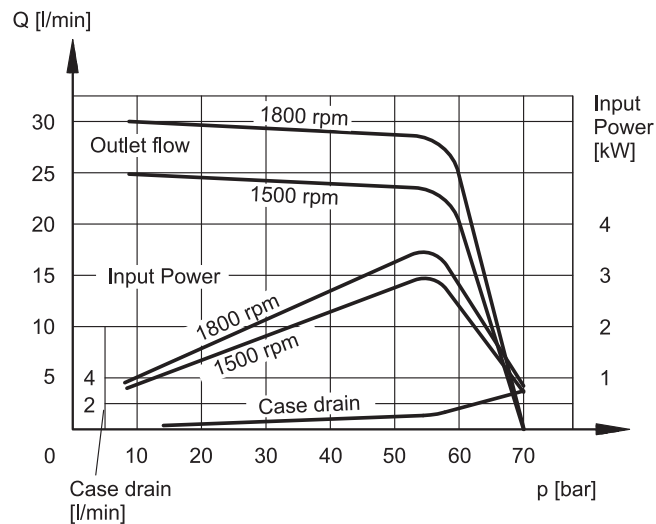
**PVE-011PC3**



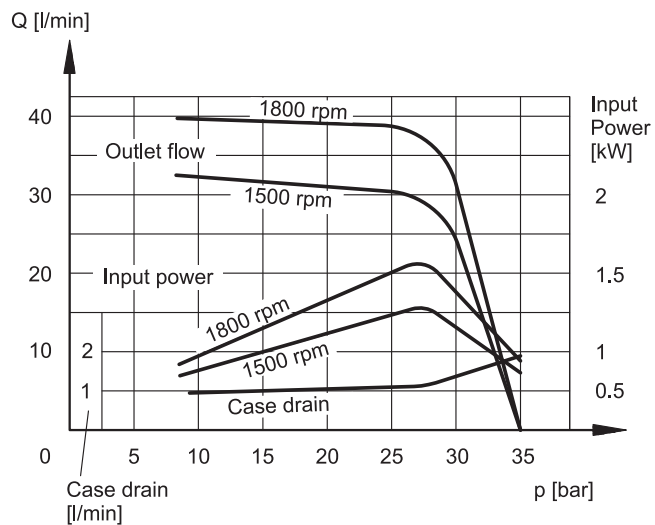
**PVE-016PC2**



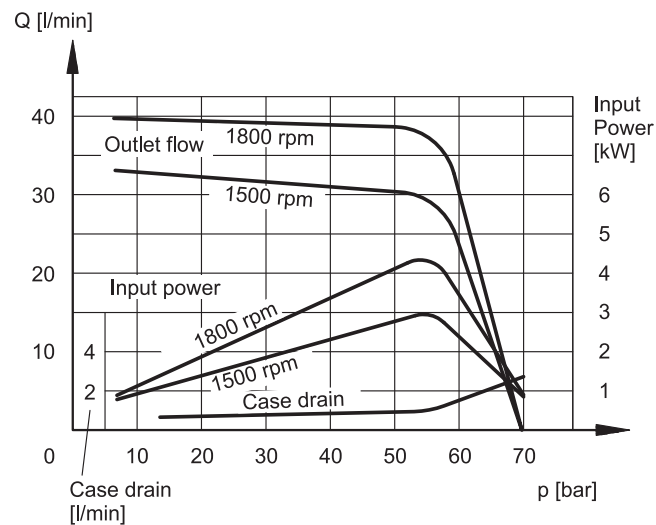
**PVE-016PC3**



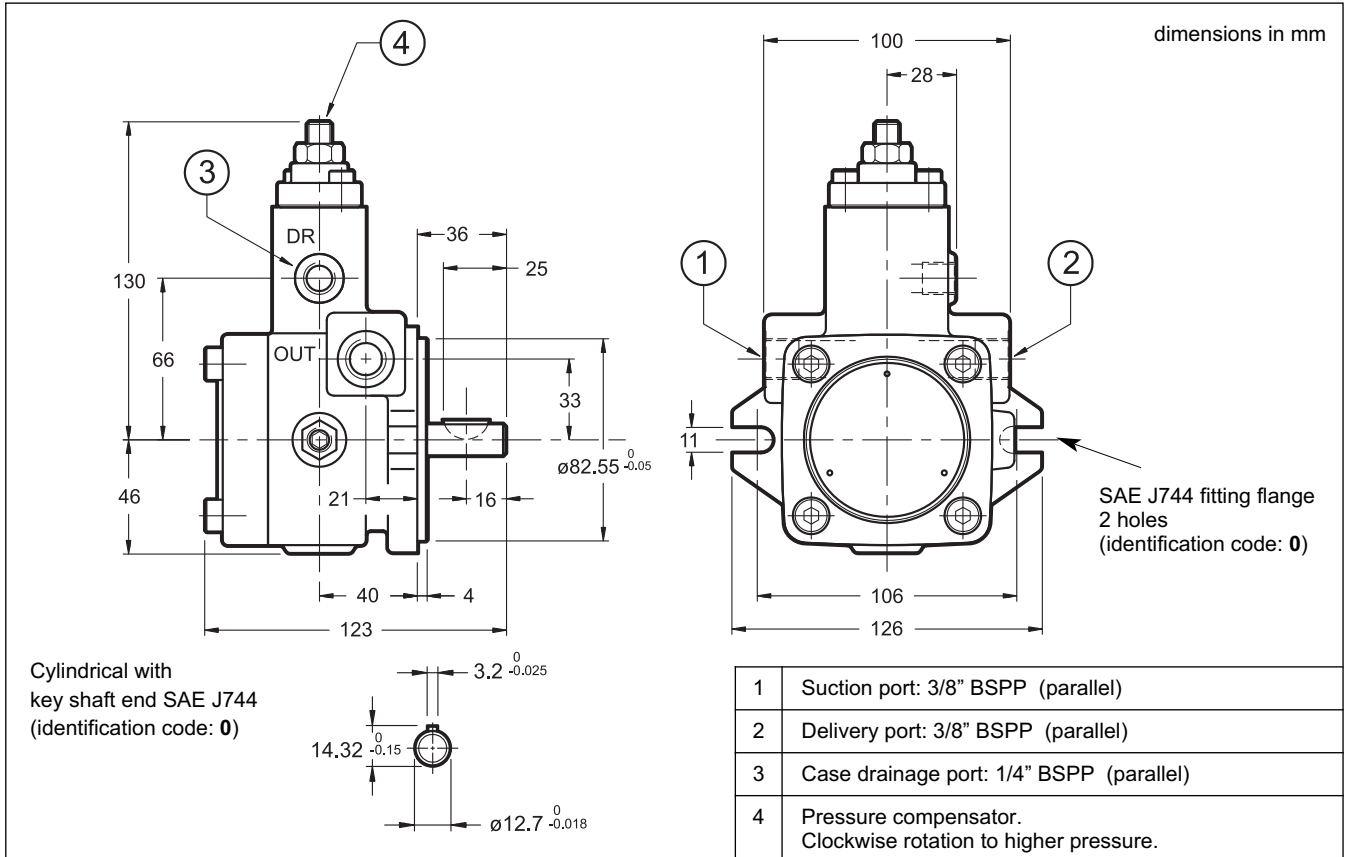
**PVE-023PC2**



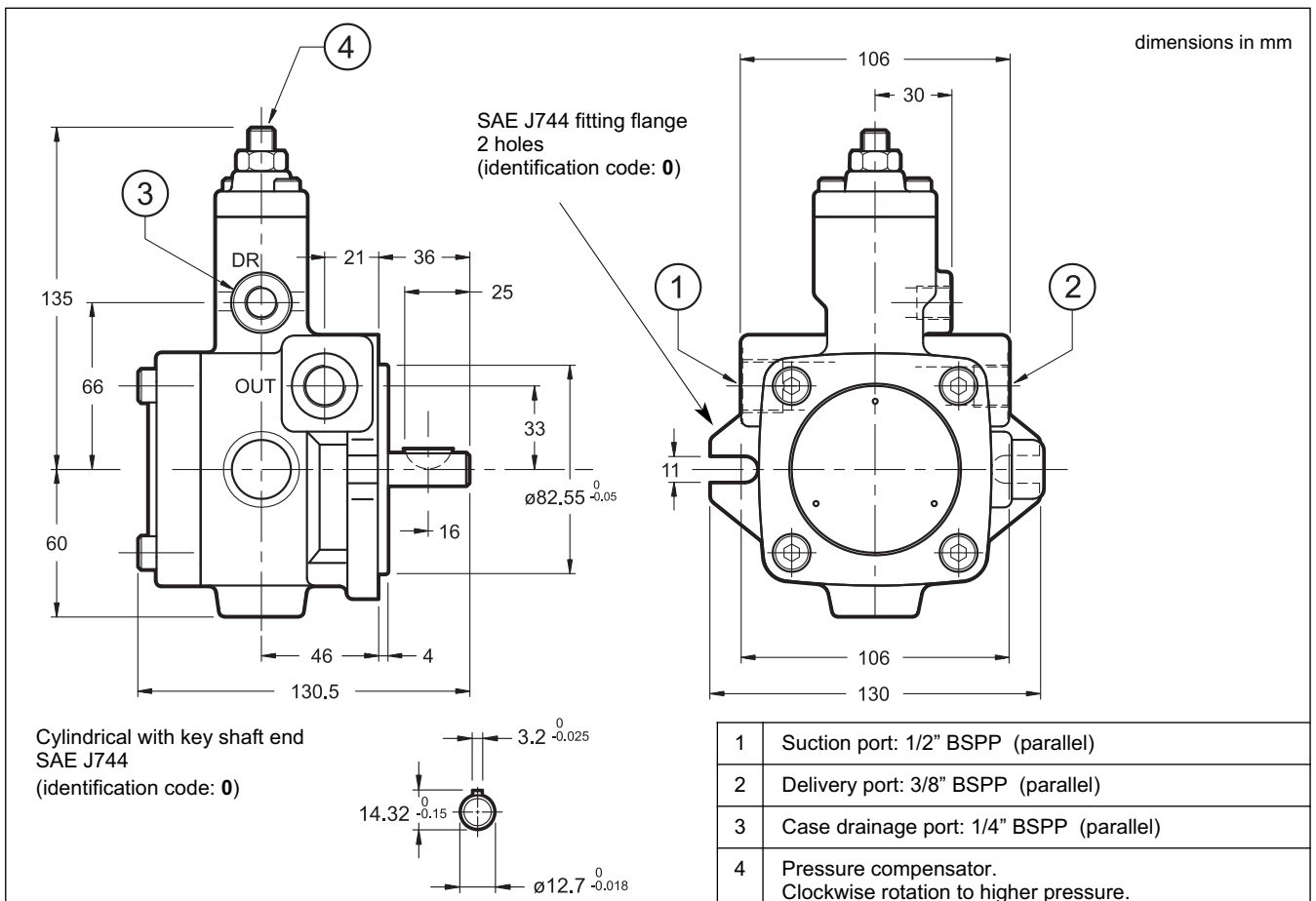
**PVE-023PC3**



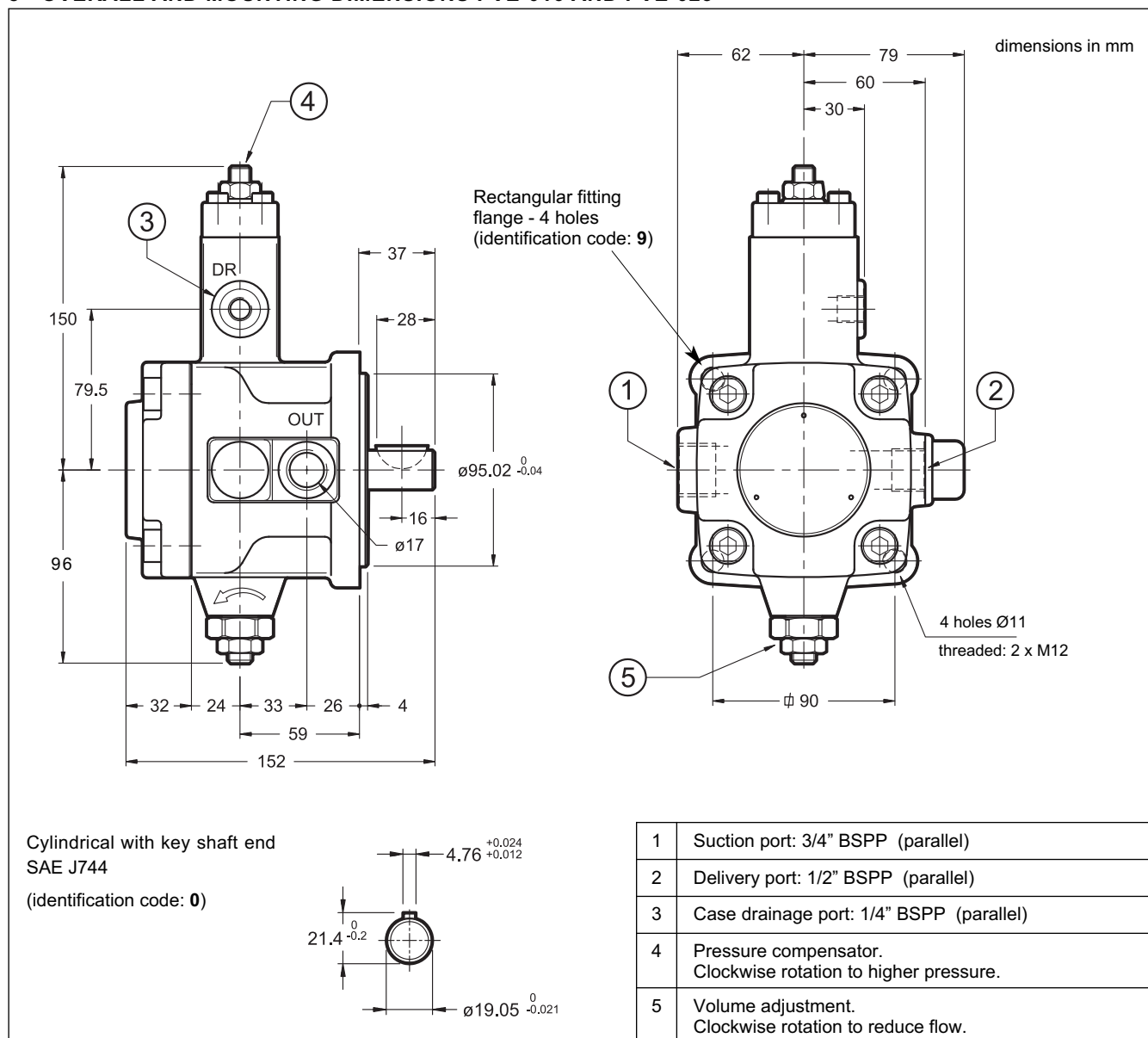
## 6 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS PVE-006



## 7 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS PVE-011



## 8 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS PVE-016 AND PVE-023



## 9 - INSTALLATION

- The PVE pumps can be installed with the axis oriented in any position.
- The suction tube has to be suitably sized so that the suction pressure is never lower than -0.3 bar (relative). Bends or restrictions or an excessive tube length could further decrease the value of the suction pressure with a following increase in the noise emissions and a decrease in the pump lifetime.
- The drainage port must be connected directly to the tank by a line separate from other discharges, located far from the suction line and lengthened to below the minimum oil level so as to avoid formation of foam.
- **Before starting, the pump body has to be filled with the fluid.** The pump start up, especially at a cold temperature, should occur with the pump unloading. Start and stop motor several time in order to purge the air from pump and pipelines.
- The pumps are normally positioned directly above the oil tank. Flooded suction port installation of the pumps is advisable in the case of circuits with high flow rates and pressures.
- The drainage tube has to be sized so that the pressure inside the pump body is always lower than 0.3 bars (relative), even during the dynamic change and flow rate phases. The drainage tube has to unload inside the tank far from the suction area. We suggest to interpose a screen between the two lines.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling. Couplings that generate axial or radial loads on the pump shaft are not allowed.

## 10 - MULTIPLE PUMPS

PVE-016 and PVE-023 pumps can be connected to external gear pumps (see available displacements in the table at par. 10.3). The possibility to couple two pumps makes possible to create multi-flow groups with independent hydraulic circuits.

### 10.1 - Maximum applicable torque

While sizing coupled pumps, consider that the shaft of the front pump must bear the torque generated by both pumps when they are loaded simultaneously.

**NOTE: The maximum applicable torque at the shaft of the front pump is 62 Nm.**

The input torque (M) for each pump is given by the following ratio:

$$M = \frac{9550 \cdot N}{n} = [\text{Nm}] \quad n = \text{rotation speed [rpm]}$$

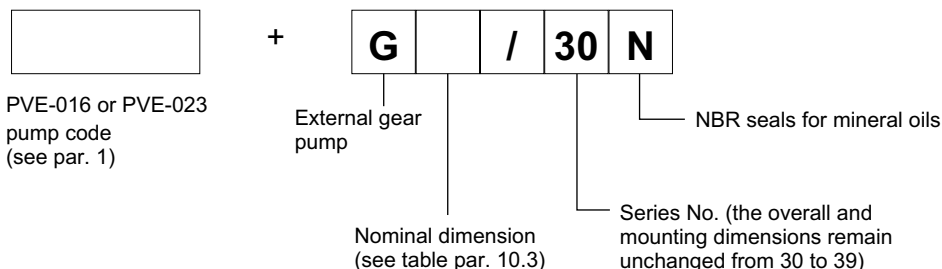
where the absorbed power (N) is given by:

$$N = \frac{Q \cdot \Delta p}{600 \cdot \eta_{\text{tot}}} = [\text{kW}]$$

Q = flow rate [l/min]  
 $\Delta p$  = differential pressure between the pump suction and delivery [bar]  
 $\eta_{\text{tot}}$  = total efficiency (coefficient = 0.8)

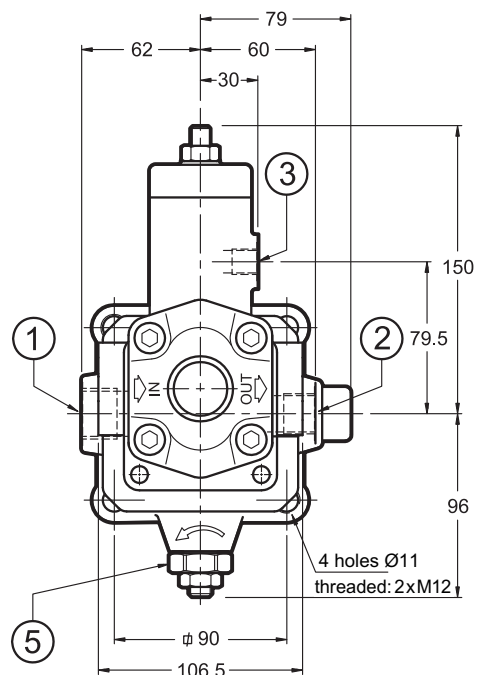
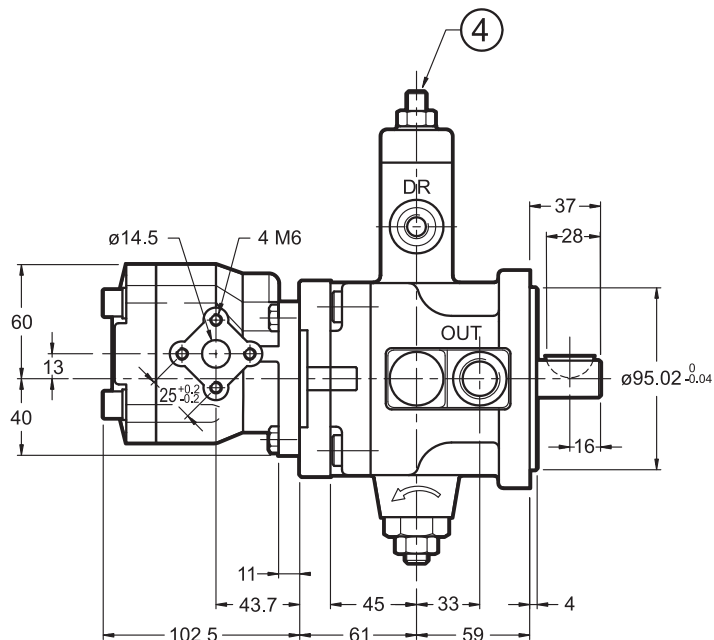
If the total of the obtained torques is higher than 62 Nm, it is necessary to reduce the working pressure / flow value of one or both the pumps until the total torque becomes lower than the maximum value indicated.

### 10.2 - Multiple pumps identification code

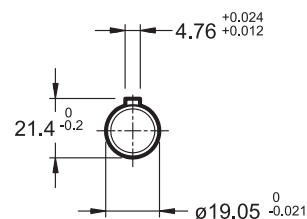


### 10.3 - Multiple pumps overall and mounting dimensions

dimensions in mm



Cylindrical with key shaft end  
SAE J744  
(identification code: 0)



#### AVAILABLE GEAR PUMPS

Nominal dimension	Displacement [cm <sup>3</sup> /rev]	Max working pressure [bar]	Peak pressure [bar]	Min speed [rev/min]
0020	2	210	250	900
0025	2.5			850
0030	3			800
0040	4			
0050	5			
0060	6			
0075	7.5			
0090	9	175	210	800
0105	10.5			
0120	12			

Gear pump weight: 1.7 kg

1	Suction port: 3/4" BSPP (parallel)
2	Delivery port: 1/2" BSPP (parallel)
3	Case drainage port: 1/4" BSPP (parallel)
4	Pressure compensator. Clockwise rotation to higher pressure.
5	Volume adjustment. Clockwise rotation to reduce flow.

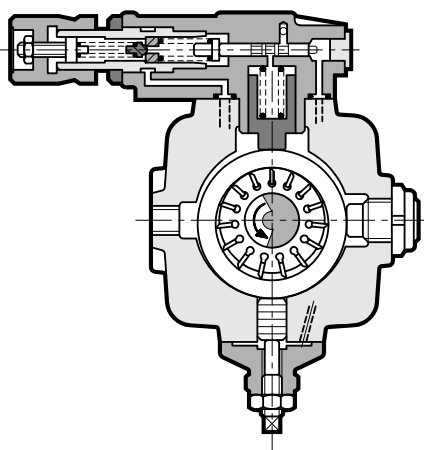


# PVA

## VARIABLE DISPLACEMENT VANE PUMPS

### SERIES 30

#### OPERATING PRINCIPLE



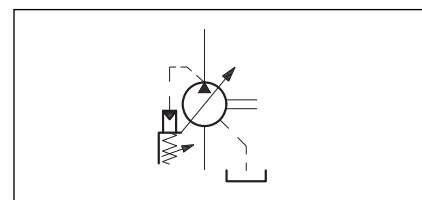
- The PVA pumps are variable displacement vane pumps with piloted type hydraulic pressure compensator.
- They permit instantaneous adjustment of the flow rate according to the circuit requirements. The consequence is that energy consumption is reduced and adequate in every cycle phase.
- The pumping group is complete with hydrostatic axial compensation distribution plates that improve the volumetric efficiency and reduce wear of the components.
- The pressure compensator operates with the principle of keeping the cam ring of the pumping group in the eccentric position with use of a piston controlled hydraulically by a pressure pilot stage.
- When the delivery pressure equals the pressure corresponding to the pilot stage setting, the cam ring is moved toward the center adjusting the flow rate to the plant requirements.
- In zero flow demand conditions, the pump delivers oil only to compensate any possible bleedings and pilotings, keeping the circuit pressure constant.
- The compensator response times are very restrained and such as to allow elimination of the pressure relief valve.
- Also available are the versions with maximum flow adjustment PVA\*\*\*Q and with the device for selection of two independent pressure values with solenoid valve PVA\*\*\*M.

#### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS (measured with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

PUMP SIZE		22	28	35	45	56	72	90	115	145
Displacement	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	16	20	25	31,5	40	50	63	80	100
Nominal flow rate (at 1450 rpm)	l/min	23,2	29	36,2	45,6	58	72,5	91,3	116	145
Maximum operating range	bar	160						150		
Pressure adjustment range	bar	30 ÷ 160						30 ÷ 150		
Maximum pressure on drain port	bar	1								
Rotation speed range	rpm	800 ÷ 1800								
Rotation direction		clockwise (seen from the outlet shaft side)								
Loads on the shaft:		loads radial and axial not allowed								
Maximum applicable shaft torque	Nm	197			400			740		
Mass	kg	13			33			45		

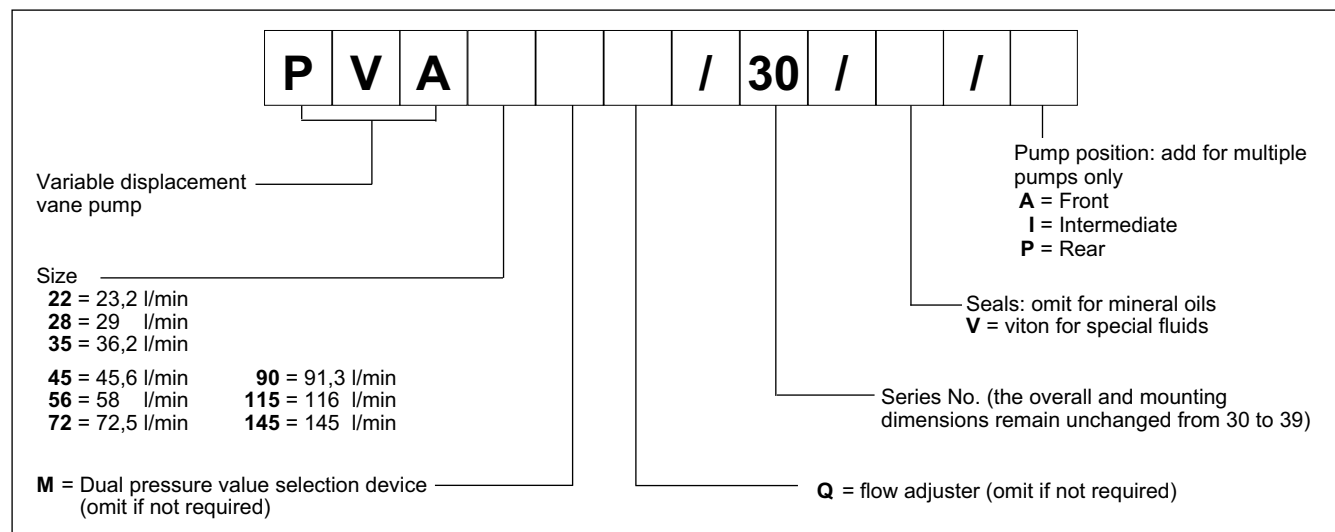
Ambient temperature range	°C	-20 / +50
Fluid temperature range	°C	-10 / +70
Fluid viscosity range	see paragraph 2.2	
Fluid contamination degree	see paragraph 2.3	
Recommended viscosity	cSt	25 ÷ 50

#### HYDRAULIC SYMBOL





## 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE



## 2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

### 2.1 - Fluid type

Use mineral oil based hydraulic fluids with anti-foam and antioxidant additives. For use of other types of fluid, keep in mind the limitations shown in the following table or consult our technical department for authorization of use.

FLUID TYPE	NOTES
HFC (water glycol solutions with proportion of water ≤ 40 %)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- The values shown in the performance ratings table must be reduced by at least 50% .</li><li>- The pump rotation speed must be limited to 1000 rpm.</li><li>- The maximum fluid temperature must be less than 50°C.</li></ul>
HFD (phosphate esters)	There are no particular limitations with respect to the values shown in the performance ratings table. Operation with a fluid viscosity as close as possible to the optimum viscosity range specified in par. 2.2 is recommended.

### 2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity	16 cSt	referred to the maximum drainage fluid temperature of 70 °C
optimum viscosity	25 ÷ 50 cSt	referred to the fluid working temperature in the tank
maximum viscosity	800 cSt	limited to only the start-up phase of the pump

When selecting the fluid type, be sure that the true viscosity is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

### 2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

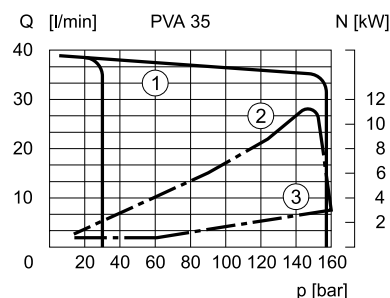
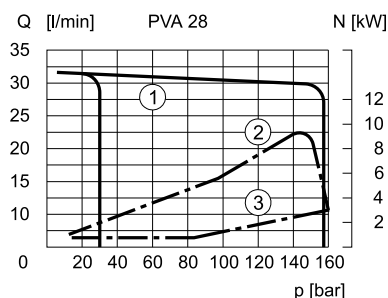
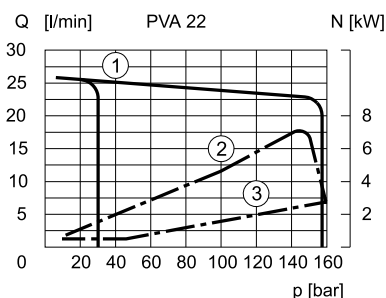
The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore, use of a filter with  $\beta_{20} \geq 75$  is recommended. A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \geq 100$  is recommended.

The filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator.



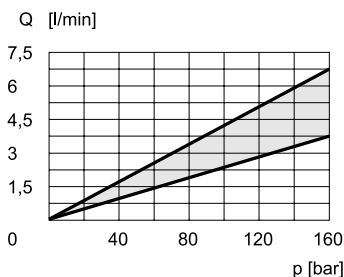
### 3 - PVA - 22/28/35 CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

#### FLOW RATE - PRESSURE - ABSORBED POWER



- ① Flow rate - pressure curves, measured at 1450 rpm
- ② Absorbed power at the maximum flow rate
- ③ Absorbed power at the zero flow rate

#### DRAINAGE FLOW RATE



#### RESPONSE TIMES AND PRESSURE PEAK

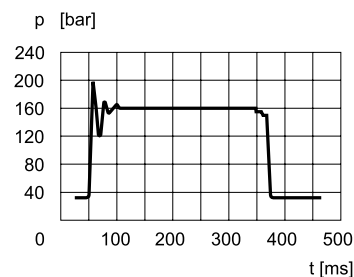
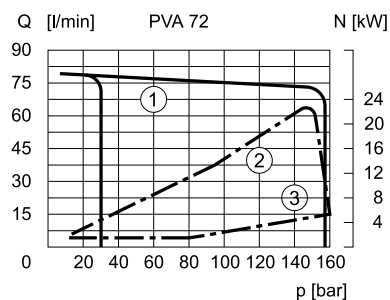
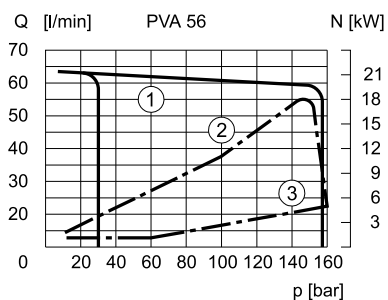
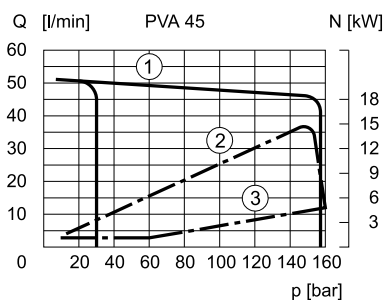


Diagram noted passing from maximum flow rate to zero flow rate and vice versa

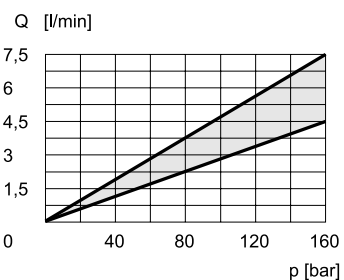
### 4 - PVA - 45/56/72 CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (obtained with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

#### FLOW RATE - PRESSURE - ABSORBED POWER



- ① Flow rate - pressure curves, measured at 1450 rpm
- ② Absorbed power at the maximum flow rate
- ③ Absorbed power at the zero flow rate

#### DRAINAGE FLOW RATE



#### RESPONSE TIMES AND PRESSURE PEAK

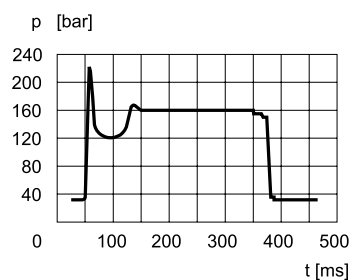
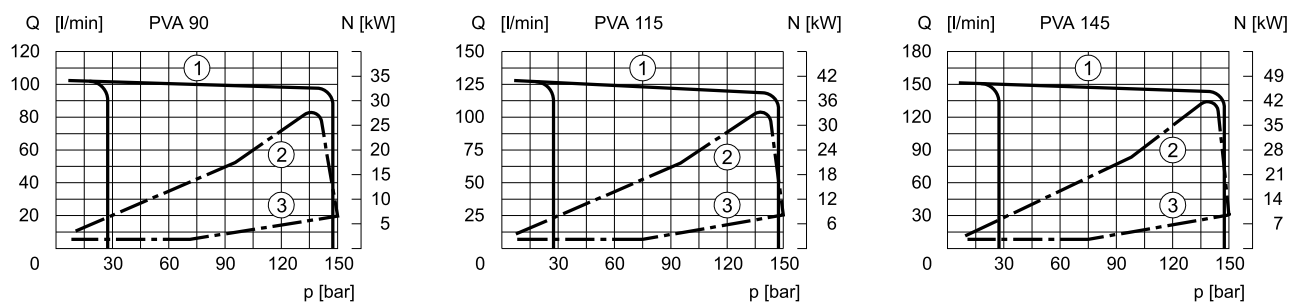


Diagram noted passing from maximum flow rate to zero flow rate and vice versa



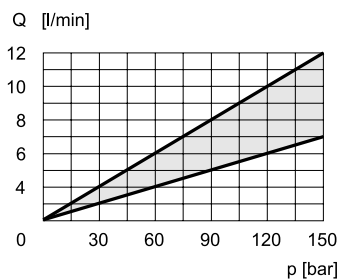
## 5 - PVA - 90/115/145 CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

### FLOW RATE - PRESSURE - ABSORBED POWER



- ① Flow rate - pressure curves, measured at 1450 rpm
- ② Absorbed power at the maximum flow rate
- ③ Absorbed power at zero flow rate

### DRAINAGE FLOW RATE



### RESPONSE TIMES AND PRESSURE PEAK

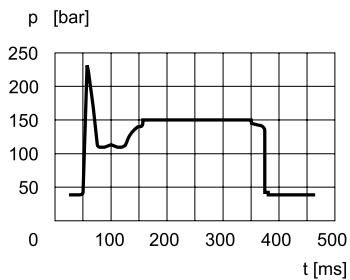
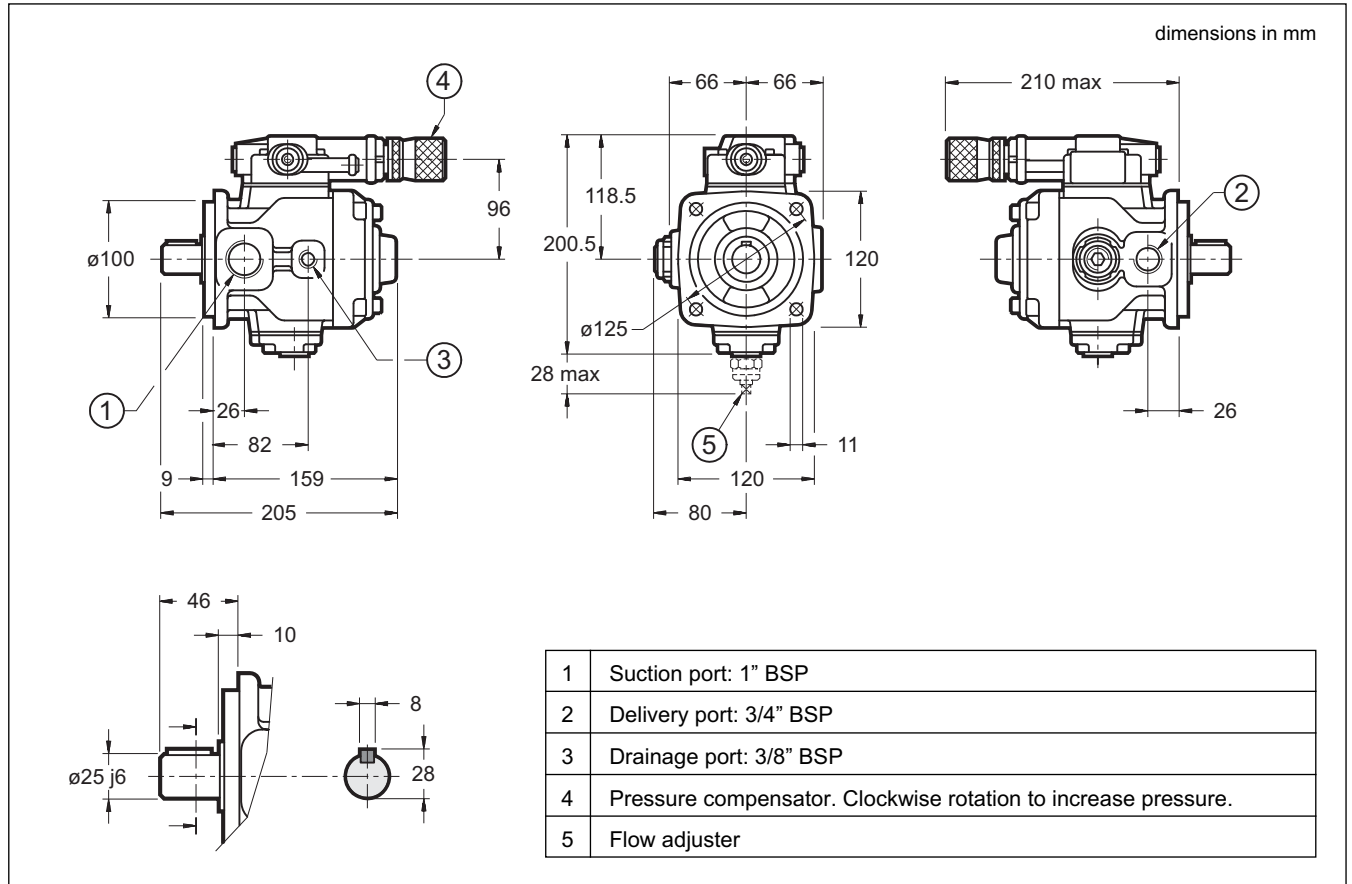
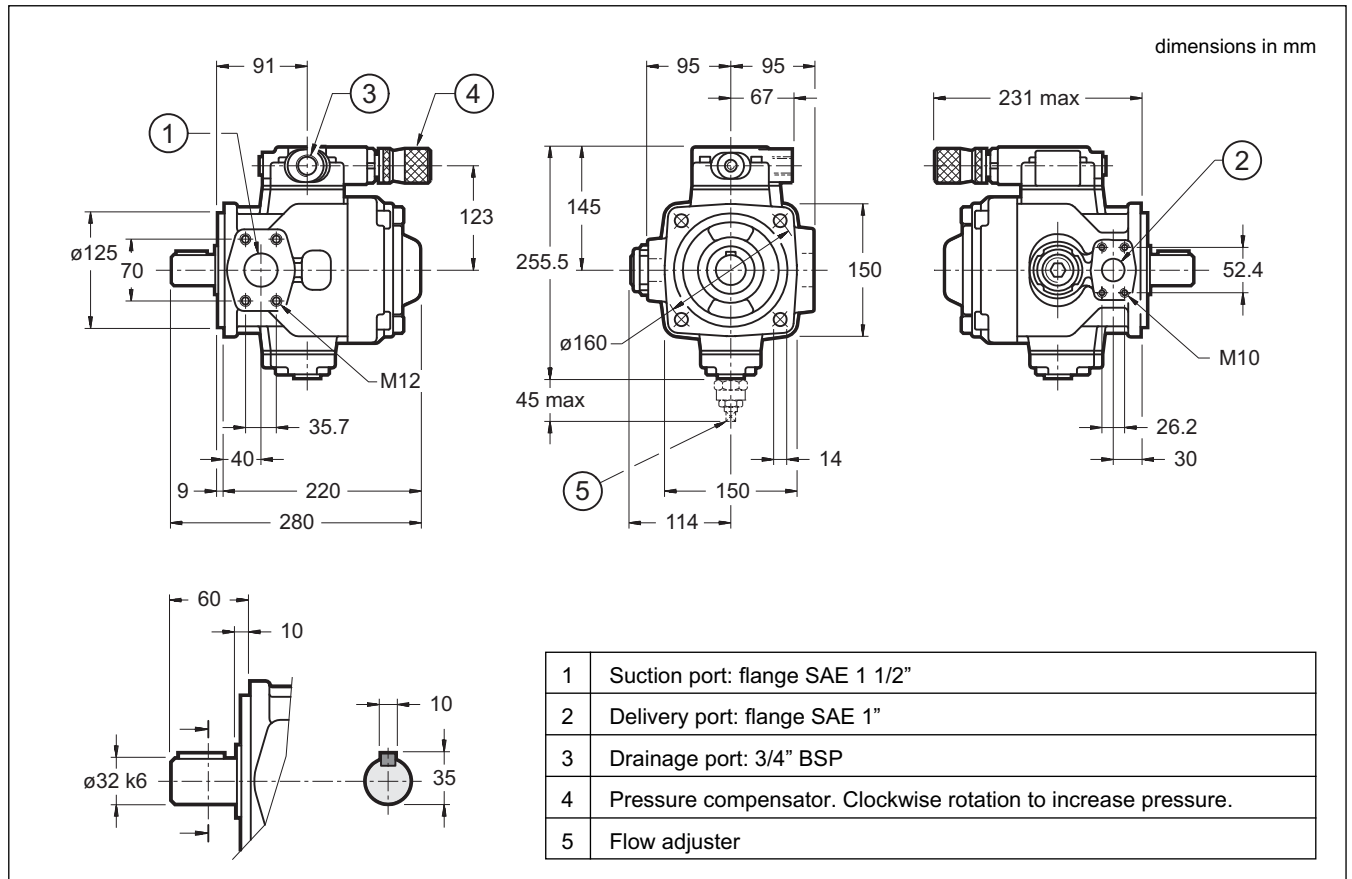


Diagram noted passing from maximum flow rate to zero flow rate and vice versa

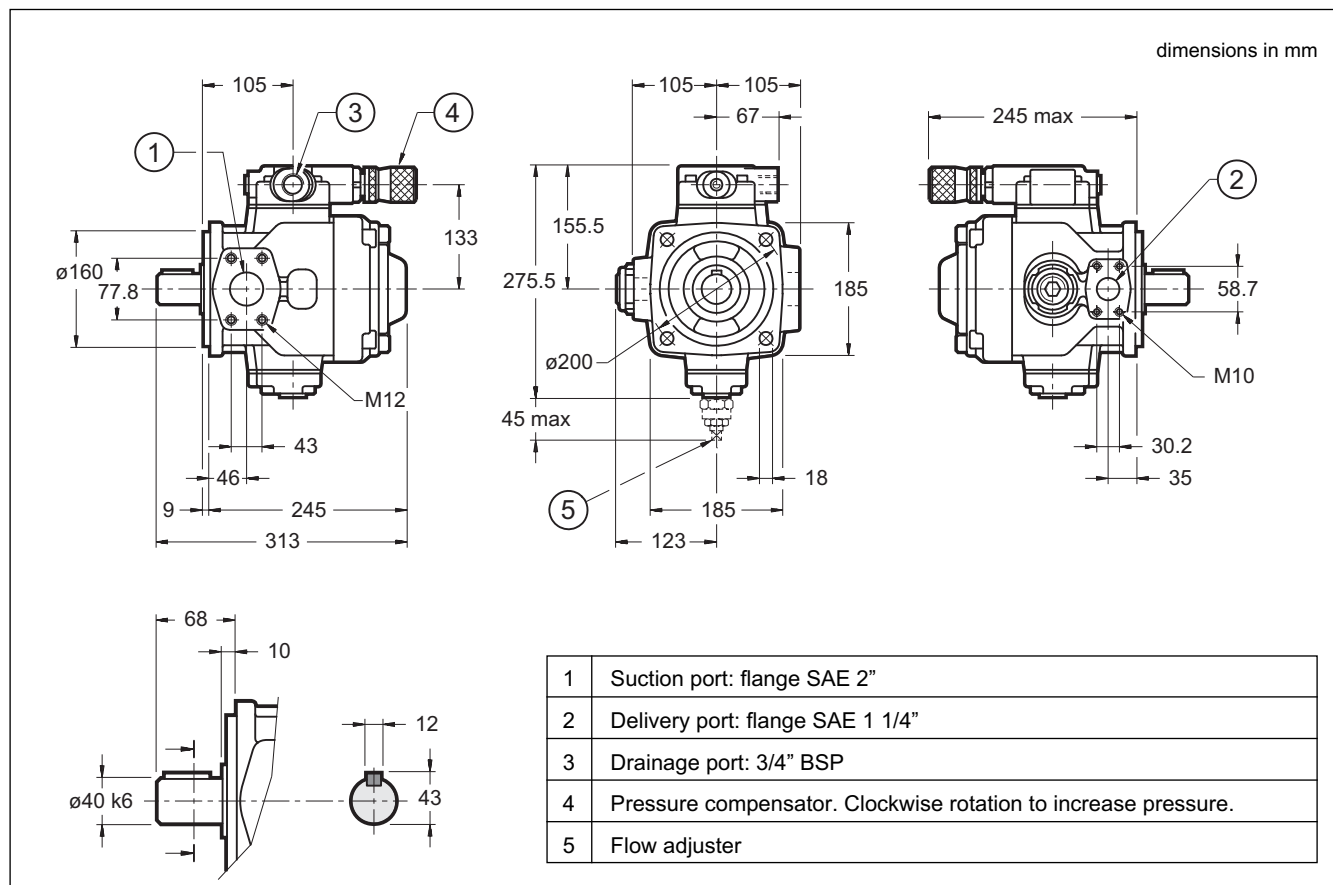
## 6 - PVA - 22/28/35 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



## 7 - PVA - 45/56/72 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



### 8 - PVA - 90/115/145 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS



### 9 - INSTALLATION

- The PVD pumps up to size 35 can be installed with the axis oriented in any position. For other sizes the pump must be installed with the axis in horizontal position.
- The suction line must be suitably sized to facility the flow of oil.  
Bends and restrictions or an excessive line length can impair correct operation of the pump.
- The drainage port must be connected directly to the tank by a line separate from other discharges, located far from the suction line and lengthened to below the minimum oil level so as to avoid formation of foam.
- The pump start up, especially at a cold temperature, should occur with the pump unloading.
- The pumps are normally positioned directly above the oil tank.  
Flooded suction port installation of the pumps is advisable in the case of circuits with high flow rates and pressures.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling.  
Couplings that generate axial or radial loads on the pump shaft are not allowed.

### 10 - PVA\*\*\*Q FLOW ADJUSTER

The flow adjustment group, supplied upon request, consists of an adjustment screw and a small balanced piston that limit the maximum eccentricity of the pumping group cam ring, changing the displacement.  
The screw is supplied with square head, spanner 7, that allows assembly of an adjustment handwheel or the attachment for remote control.  
The maximum flow is reduced by turning the adjustment screw clockwise.

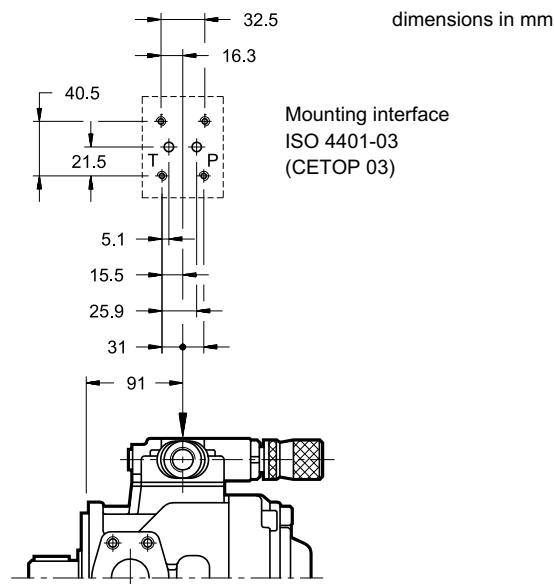
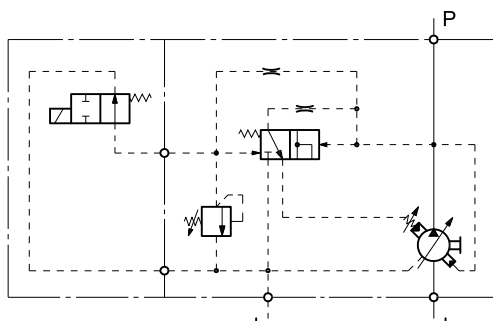
## 11 - PVA\*\*M DUAL PRESSURE VALUE SELECTION DEVICE

This version permits selection of two different set pump pressure values with a solenoid valve.

The main pressure compensator is equipped with a ISO 4401-03 (CETOP 03) mounting interface for mounting the control valve of the second pressure value and of the selection solenoid valve. **NOTE:** The valves are not included in the supply.

It is possible to make different pump set pressure control circuits and some examples are outlined in paragraph 13.

**DUAL PRESSURE VALUE PUMP  
OPERATING DIAGRAM**



## 12 - MULTIPLE PUMPS

The PVA pumps are designed to be connected one to the other in descending order of displacement. They can be connected also with PVD type pumps (see catalogue 14 100) and with GP1 and GP2 size gear pumps (see catalogue 11 100).

The torque on the shaft must be further reduced after the second pump.

Consult our technical department for applications of this type.

### IDENTIFICATION CODE FOR MULTIPLE PUMPS

identification code + identification code + identification code

1st pump

2nd pump

3rd pump  
(omit for double pumps)

Double pump identification example: **PVA 35 Q / 30 A + PVA 22 / 30/P**

Triple pump identification example: **PVA 56 / 30 / A + PVA 35 Q / 30/I + PVD 22 H/30/P**

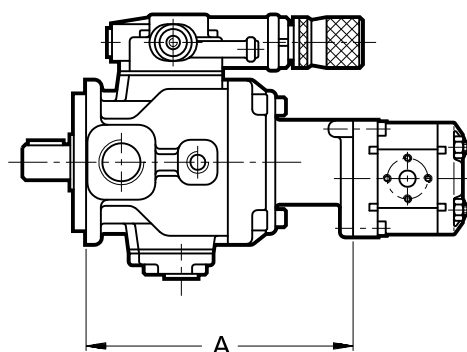
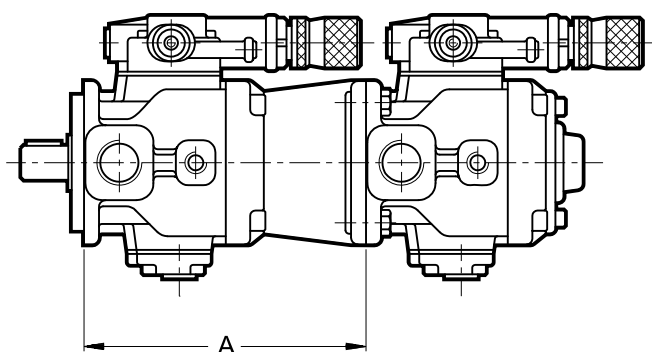
PVA pump + GP pump identification example: **PVA35Q/30/A + GP1-0061R97F/20N**

**NOTE:** for the identification codes of the single pumps see:

cat. 11 100 par. 1 for GP pumps

cat. 14 100 par. 1 for PVD pumps

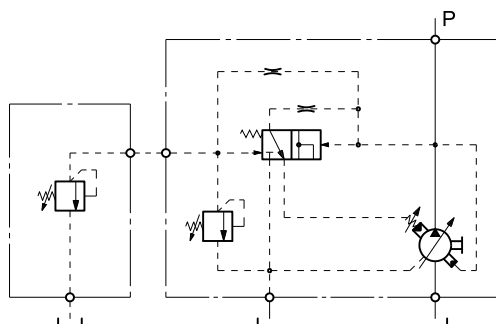
cat. 14 200 par. 1 for PVA pumps



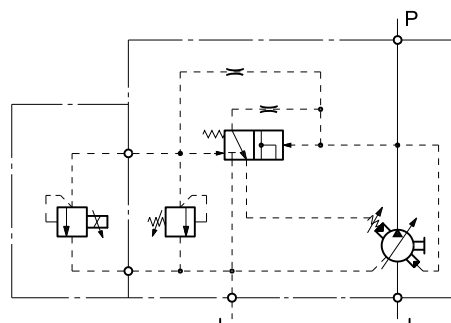
Max. torque applied to the shaft of the second pump (Nm)			Dimension A (mm)		
Size Group First pump	Second pump (same size group)	Second pump (smaller size group)	With PVA pump (same size group)	With gear pump type:	
PVA 22/28/35	43	-	207	GP1	203
PVA 45/56/72	113	113	275	GP1 and GP2	262
PVA 90/115/145	186	113	315	GP1 and GP2	287

## 13 - SET PRESSURE CONTROL CIRCUIT EXAMPLES

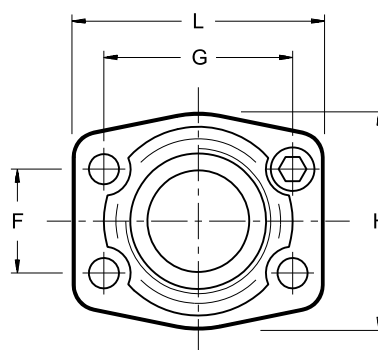
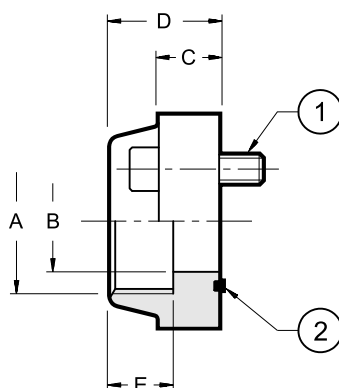
**PUMP WITH REMOTE PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT**



**PUMP WITH PROPORTIONAL PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT**



## 14 - CONNECTION FLANGES



dimensions in mm

The fastening bolts and the O-Rings must be ordered separately.

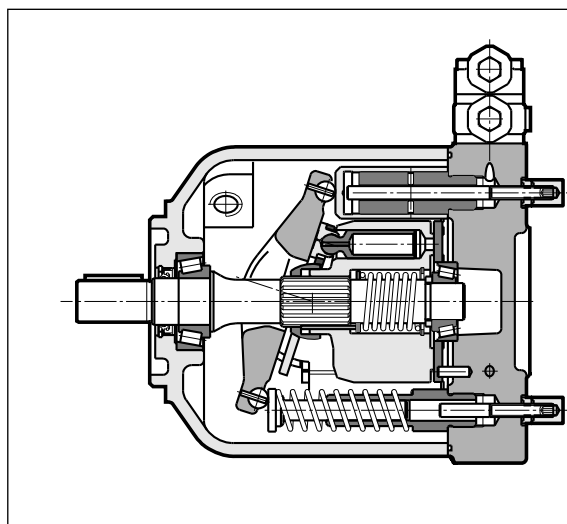
Flange code	Flange description	$p_{max}$ [bar]	$\varnothing A$	$\varnothing B$	C	D	E	F	G	H	L	(1)	(2)
0610713	SAE - 1"	345	1" BSP	25	18	38	22	26.2	52.4	22	70	N. 4 TCEI M10x35	OR 4131 (32.93x3.53)
0610720	SAE - 1 1/4"	276	1 1/4" BSP	32	21	41	22	30.2	58.7	68	79		OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)
0610714	SAE - 1 1/2"	207	1 1/2" BSP	38	25	44	24	35.7	70	78	93	N. 4 TCEI M12x45	OR 4187 (47.22x3.53)
0610721	SAE - 2"	207	2" BSP	51	25	45	30	43	77.8	90	102		OR 4225 (56.74x3.53)



# VPPM

## VARIABLE DISPLACEMENT AXIAL-PISTON PUMPS

### OPERATING PRINCIPLE



- The VPPM pumps are variable displacement axial-piston pumps with variable swash plate, suitable for applications with open circuits.
- They are available in three different frame sizes with maximum displacements up to 29, 46, 73 and 87 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev.
- The pump flow rate is proportional to the rotation speed and to the angle of the swash plate, which can be continuously modulated. The maximum and minimum angle can be limited mechanically via suitable regulating screws.
- The pumps feature medium-high working pressures (up to 280 bar constant and 350 bar peak). Thanks to some particular design features, these pumps are able to bear high axial and radial loads on the shaft.
- They are usually supplied with a ISO 3019/2 mounting flange, with the exception of the rear and intermediate pumps, which are only available with a SAE J744 2-holes flange and a SAE J744 splined shaft (see paragraph 16).
- They are available with seven different types of regulating control, each according to the application needs (see paragraphs 8 + 14).

### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

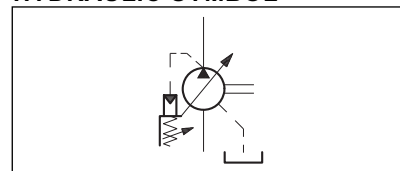
PUMP SIZE		029	046	073	087
Maximum displacement	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	29	46	73	087
Max. delivery pressure (relative):					
- continuous	bar		280		250
- intermittent ( <b>NOTE 1</b> )			315		280
- peak			350		315
Maximum rotation speed at maximum displacement ( <b>NOTE 2</b> )	rpm	3000	2600	2200	1850
Rotation direction		clockwise or anticlockwise (looking at the drive shaft)			
Hydraulic connection		SAE flange fittings (see paragraph 24)			
Type of mounting (single pump)		ISO 3019/2 flange			
Mass (empty single pump)	kg	18	24	33	33

Ambient temperature range	°C	-15 / +70
Fluid temperature range	°C	-25 / +80
Fluid viscosity range	see paragraph 2.2	
Fluid contamination degree	see paragraph 2.3	
Recommended viscosity	cSt	15 + 35

**NOTE 1:** Allowed intermittent duty pressures with a duration equal to 6 seconds per minute.

**NOTE 2:** Values referring to a zero bar pressure (relative) on the suction port.

### HYDRAULIC SYMBOL



## 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODES

### 1.1 - Identification code for single and front pumps with a through output shaft

<b>V</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>-</b>			<b>-</b>					<b>/</b>			<b>/</b>								
<p>Variable displacement piston pump</p>				<p>Pump size:</p> <p><b>029</b> = 29 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p> <p><b>046</b> = 46 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p> <p><b>073</b> = 73 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p> <p><b>087</b> = 87 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev</p>				<p>Regulator type:</p> <p><b>PC</b> = pressure regulator</p> <p><b>PCR</b> = remote-controlled pressure regulator</p> <p><b>PCX</b> = regulator with pressure control devices</p> <p><b>PQC</b> = pressure and flow rate regulator</p> <p><b>PQCE5</b> = integrated proportional flow and pressure control regulator - pmax 280 bar (not available for VPPM-029)</p> <p><b>PQNC</b> = power regulator</p> <p><b>PQNCE5</b> = power regulator with integrated proportional flow and pressure control pmax 280 bar (not available for VPPM-029)</p>				<p>Rotation direction (seen from the shaft end)</p> <p><b>R</b> = clockwise    <b>L</b> = anticlockwise</p>				<p>Mounting flange</p> <p><b>5</b> = ISO 3019/2 (<b>standard</b>)</p> <p><b>0</b> = SAE J744 - 2 holes</p>				<p><b>MXXX:</b> Torque setting value [Nm] only for pumps with a PQNC and PQNCE regulator (see paragraph 1.5)</p> <p>Intermediate flange <b>000</b> = single pump without flange</p> <p><b>12S</b> <b>62S</b> <b>63S</b> <b>64S</b> } intermediate flange and mating joint for rear pumps (see par. 1.4)</p> <p>Seals: <b>N</b> = NBR seals for mineral oils (<b>standard</b>) <b>V</b> = FPM seals for special fluids</p> <p>Series No. <b>11</b> for VPPM-*PQCE5 and VPPM-*PQNCE5 <b>10</b> for all the other versions (from 10 to 19 sizes and mounting dimensions remain unchanged)</p> <p>Hydraulic connection <b>S</b> = suction / delivery SAE flange with metric bolts (<b>standard</b>) drainage port with BSP threading <b>T</b> = suction / delivery SAE flange with UNF bolts drainage port with UNF threading</p> <p>Shaft end type <b>5</b> = cylindrical with key ISO 3019/2 (<b>standard</b>) <b>0</b> = cylindrical with key SAE J744 <b>1</b> = splined SAE J744</p>			

**NOTE 1:** See at table below compatibility among mounting flange, type of shaft and type of hydraulic connection

### Compatibility among mounting flange, type of shaft and type of hydraulic connection

FLANGE CODE	SHAFT CODE			HYDRAULIC CONNECTION CODE	
	5	0	1	S	T
5	yes	no	no	yes	no
0	no	yes	yes	yes	yes

VPPM pumps are supplied as standard with mechanical minimum and maximum displacements limit controls. These devices are not available for front and intermediate pumps with a through output shaft.



## 1.2 - Identification code for intermediate pumps with a through output shaft and rear pumps

<b>V</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>XXXX</b>
----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	-----------	----------	-------------

Variable \_\_\_\_\_  
displacement piston pump

Pump size: \_\_\_\_\_  
**029** = 29 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  
**046** = 46 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  
**073** = 73 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  
**087** = 87 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev

Regulator type: \_\_\_\_\_  
**PC** = pressure regulator  
**PCR** = remote-controlled pressure regulator  
**PCX** = regulator with pressure control devices  
**PQC** = pressure and flow rate regulator  
**PQNC** = power regulator

Rotation direction (seen from the shaft end) \_\_\_\_\_  
**R** = clockwise    **L** = anticlockwise

Mounting flange \_\_\_\_\_  
 SAE J744 - 2 holes (**mandatory**)

Type of shaft end \_\_\_\_\_  
 splined SAE J744 (**mandatory**)

**XXXX**: torque setting value [Nm] only for pumps with a PQNC regulator (see paragraph 1.5)

Intermediate flange  
**000** = single pump without flange

**12S**  
**62S**  
**63S**  
**64S** } intermediate flange and mating joint for rear pumps (see paragraph 1.4)

Seals:  
**N** = NBR seals for mineral oils (**standard**)  
**V** = FPM seals for special fluids

Series No. (from 10 to 19 sizes and mounting dimensions remain unchanged)

Hydraulic connection  
**S** = suction / delivery SAE flange with metric bolts (**standard**)  
 drainage port with BSP threading  
**T** = suction / delivery SAE flange with UNF bolts  
 drainage port with UNF threading

## 1.3 - Identification code for double pumps

identification code + identification code  
 1st pump                      2nd pump

## 1.4 - Identification code for intermediate flange and mating joint for pumps with a through output shaft

According to the pump to be coupled, it is necessary to define, into the identification code, the flange and mating joint type to be applied to the pump with a through output shaft.

The following table states the flange and joint reference code according to the different pump types to be pulled, stating also the possible coupling combinations.

Identification code for intermediate flange + mating joint	intermediate flange	mating joint	pump to be mated	possible combinations for VPPM pump with a through output shaft			
				29	46	73	87
<b>12S</b>	SAE J744 2 holes - type "A"	SAE J744 splined 16/32 D.P. - 9T	GP 2 external gear	yes	yes	yes	yes
<b>62S</b>	SAE J744 2 holes - type "B"	SAE J744 splined 16/32 D.P. - 13T	GP 3 external gear VPPM-029	yes	yes	yes	yes
<b>63S</b>	SAE J744 2 holes - type "B"	SAE J744 splined 16/32 D.P. - 15T	VPPM-046	no	yes	yes	yes
<b>64S</b>	SAE J744 2 holes - type "C"	SAE J744 splined 12/24 D.P. - 14T	VPPM-073	no	no	yes	yes
<b>64S</b>	SAE J744 2 holes - type "C"	SAE J744 splined 12/24 D.P. - 14T	VPPM-087	no	no	no	yes

**NOTE:** For the flange type and dimensions see paragraph 20.

## 1.5 - Standardized torque values for PQNC and PQNCE regulators

ELECTRICAL MOTOR 4 POLES		VPPM-029		VPPM-046		VPPM-073		VPPM-087	
Power [kW]	N [rpm]	torque [Nm]	p regulation start. [bar]	torque [Nm]	p regulation start. [bar]	torque [Nm]	p regulation start. [bar]	torque [Nm]	p regulation start. [bar]
4	1425	26 (#)	46	-	-	-	-	-	-
5,5	1440	36 (#)	62	36 (#)	41	-	-	-	-
7,5	1450	50	84	50 (#)	56	-	-	-	-
9,2	1460	60	103	60 (#)	68	60 (#)	44	-	-
11	1455	72	124	72	82	72 (#)	53	-	-
15	1460	98	168	98	111	98 (#)	72	-	-
18,5	1460	-	-	122	137	122	89	-	-
22	1465	-	-	144	163	144	105	-	-
30	1470	-	-	-	-	196	143	196	126
37	1470	-	-	-	-	240	175	240	156
45	1470	-	-	-	-	-	-	293	190
55	1475	-	-	-	-	-	-	356	231

(#) With this adjustment value the pump is in venting position with a pressure lower than 280 bar.

## 1.6 - Identification examples

- a) 29 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev single pump with pressure regulator - ISO mounting flange and shaft (standard)  
**VPPM-029PC-R55S/10N000**
- b) 46 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev single pump with pressure regulator with remote control - SAE mounting flange and SAE splined shaft  
**VPPM-046PCR-R01S/10N000**
- c) 73 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev single pump with pressure control devices - ISO mounting flange and shaft (standard)  
**VPPM-073PCX-R55S/10N000**
- d) 46 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev single pump with integrated proportional flow and pressure control regulator - pressure regulation up to 280 bar  
**VPPM-046PQCE5-R55S/11N000**
- e) 46 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev single pump with power regulator set at 18,5 kW at 1460 rpm (torque = 122 Nm)  
**VPPM-046PQNC-R55S/10N000/M122**
- f) 73 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev single pump with power regulator with integrated proportional flow and pressure control - power regulator set at 98 Nm - pressure regulation up to 280 bar  
**VPPM-073PQNCE5-R55S/11N000/M098**
- g) 73 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev front pump with pressure regulator, ready to mate to a VPPM-029 pump  
**VPPM-073PC-R55S/10N62S**
- h) double pump made of:
  - 46 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev front pump with pressure and flow rate regulator
  - 29 cm<sup>3</sup>/rear pump with pressure regulator**VPPM-046PQC-R55S/10N62S + VPPM-029PC-R01S/N000**
- i) triple pump made of:
  - 73 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev front pump with flow rate and pressure regulator
  - 46 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev intermediate pump with pressure regulator
  - 14 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev rear gear pump group 2**VPPM-073PQC-R55S/10N63S + VPPM-046PC-R01S/10N12S + GP2-0140R01F/20N**

## 2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

### 2.1 - Fluid type

Use mineral oil based hydraulic fluids with anti-foam and antioxidant additives according to the DIN 51524 norm.

For use with other types of fluid, keep in mind the limitations shown in the following table or consult our technical department for authorization of use.

FLUID TYPE	NOTES
HFC (water glycol solutions with proportion of water $\leq 40\%$ )	<p>The performance ratings shown in the table 'PERFORMANCES' must be reduced as follows:</p> <p>max continuous pressure: 170 bar  max peak pressure: 200 bar  max rotation speed: VPPM-029 = 2100 rpm  VPPM-046 = 2000 rpm  VPPM-073 and VPPM-087 = 1700 rpm</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- The suction pressure must be lower than 0,8 absolute bars (-0,2 relative bars)</li> <li>- The fluid maximum temperature must be between 0°C and 50°C.</li> <li>- Use NBR seals only.</li> </ul>
HFD (phosphate esters)	<p>Such fluids do not require any particular performance limitation.  It is suggested to operate with continuous duty pressures not higher than 200 bar and pressure peaks not higher than 240 bar.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- The operating temperature must be between -10°C and 90°C.</li> <li>- Use VITON seals</li> </ul>

### 2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity	10 cSt	referred to a maximum temperature of 90 °C for the drainage fluid
optimum viscosity	15÷ 35 cSt	referred to the operating temperature of the fluid in the tank
maximum viscosity	1000 cSt	limited only to the cold start-up of the pump, which has to be carried out with the plant at minimum pressure.

When selecting the fluid type, be sure that the true viscosity is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

### 2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore the use of a delivery or return filter with  $\beta_{10(c)} \geq 75$  is suggested.

A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 18/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, the use of a filter with  $\beta_{10(c)} \geq 100$  is recommended.

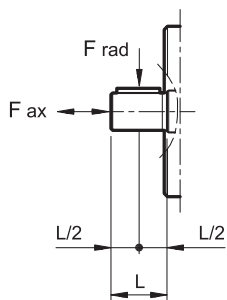
In the event that the filter is installed on the suction line, be sure that the pressure at the pump inlet is not lower than the values specified in the table of paragraph 3.

The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator and should be oversized to avoid cavitation problems.

### 3 - PERFORMANCES (measured with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

PUMP SIZE		029	046	073	087
Maximum displacement	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	29	46	73	87
Maximum flow rate: - at 1500 rpm - at max rotation speed	l/min	43,5 87	69 119,6	109,5 160,5	131,9 162,6
Input pressure (absolute): - min - max	bar (abs)	0,8 25			
Max. delivery pressure (absolute): - continuous - intermittent ( <b>NOTE 1</b> ) - peak		280 315 350			250 280 315
Max pressure on drainage port	bar (abs)	2			
Maximum power ( $\Delta p = 280$ bar): - at 1500 rpm - at max rotation speed	kW	20,3 40,6	32,2 55,8	51,1 74,9	54,9 67,8
Max velocity at maximum displacement	rpm	3000	2600	2200	1850
Moment of inertia on the shaft	kgm <sup>2</sup>	0,0020	0,0030	0,0080	0,0080
Max absorbed torque: - $\Delta p = 100$ bar - $\Delta p = 280$ bar	Nm	46,2 129,3	73,2 205	116,2 325,3	139,9 349,8
Max operating pressure with NBR seals - minimum - continuous - peak	°C	-25 80 100			
Max operating pressure with Viton seals - minimum - continuous - peak	°C	-10 110 125			
Oil volume in the pump body	lt	0,7	0,9	1,5	1,5

**NOTE 1:** Allowed intermittent duty pressures with a duration equal to 6 seconds per minute.

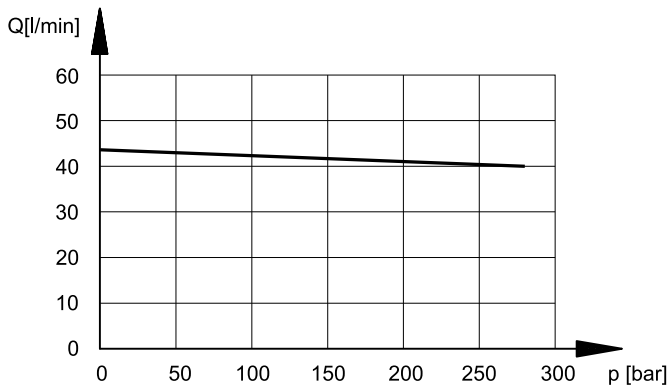


Loads on the shaft:					
- axial load ( $F_{ax}$ )	N	1000	1500	2000	2000
- radial load ( $F_{rad}$ )		1500	1500	3000	3000

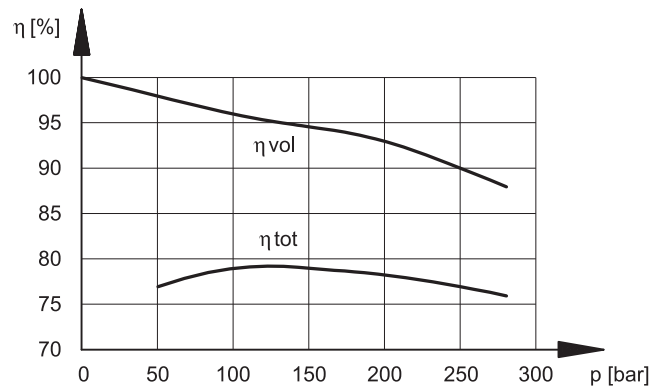
## 4 - VPPM-029 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm.

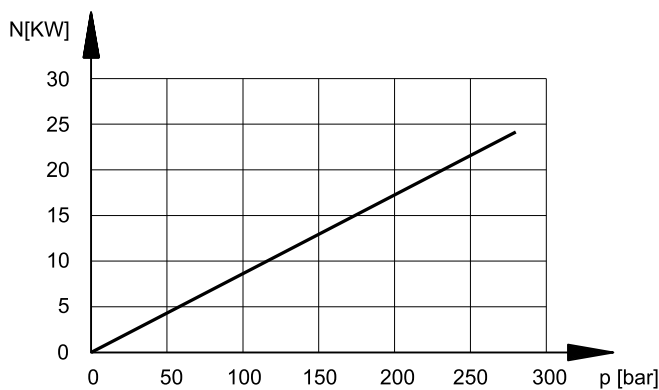
**FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES**



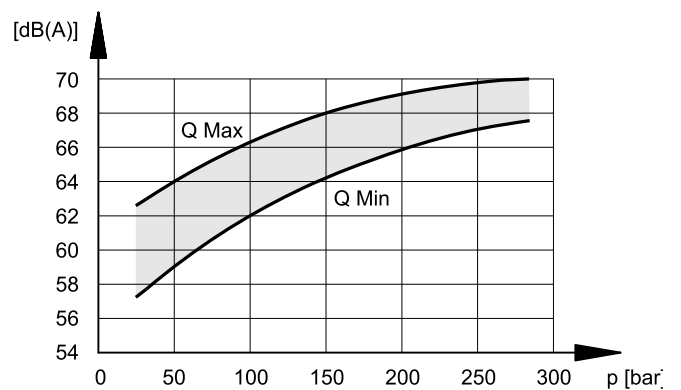
**VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**



**ABSORBED POWER**



**NOISE LEVEL**

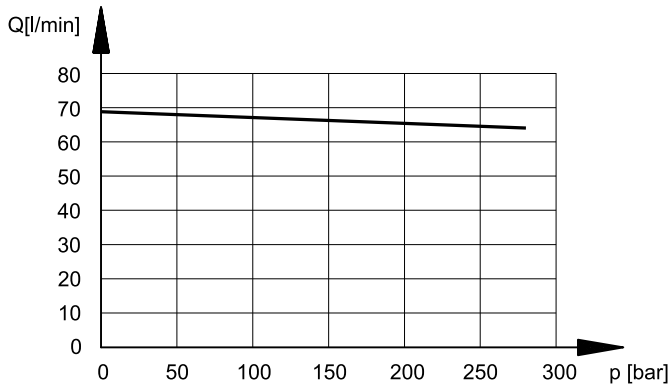


The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anechoic chamber, at a distance of 1 m from the pump and with a tolerance of  $\pm 2$  dB(A). The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anechoic room.

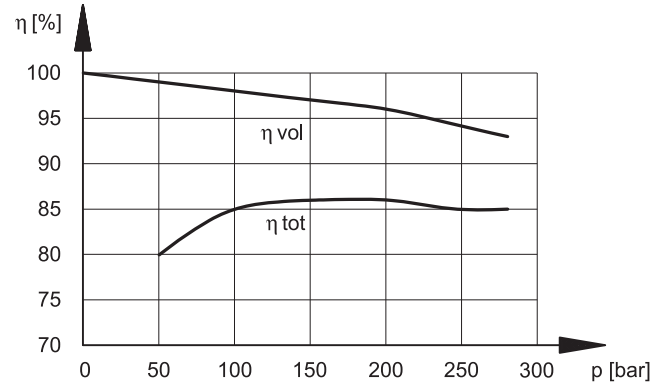
## 5 - VPPM-046 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm.

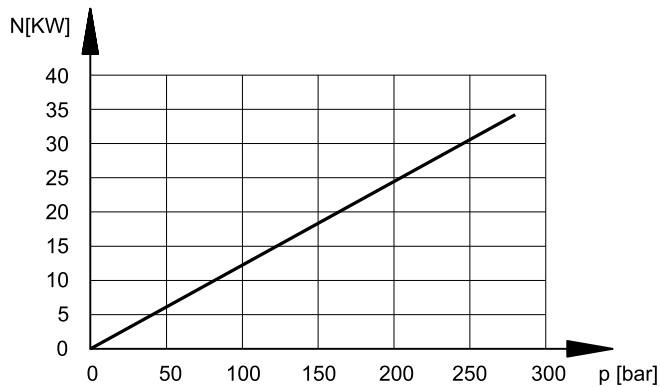
**FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES**



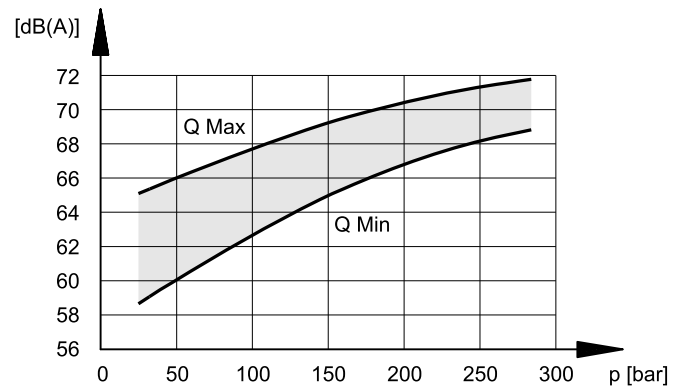
**VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**



**ABSORBED POWER**



**NOISE LEVEL**

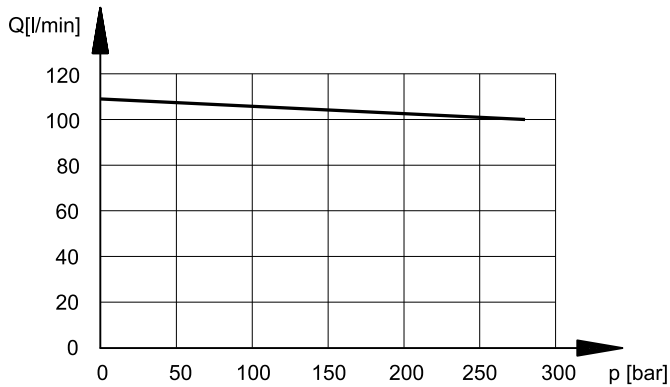


The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anechoic chamber, at a distance of 1 m from the pump and with a tolerance of  $\pm 2$  dB(A). The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anechoic room.

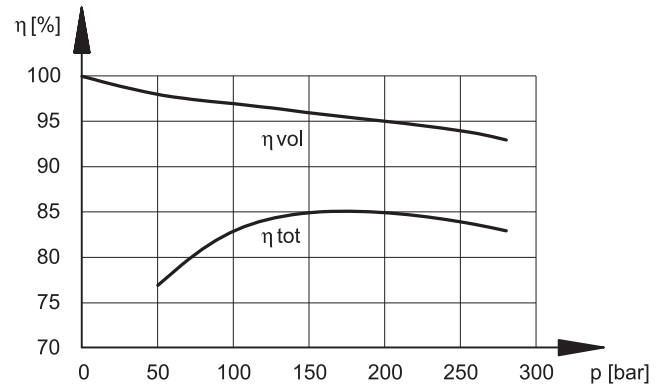
## 6 - VPPM-073 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm.

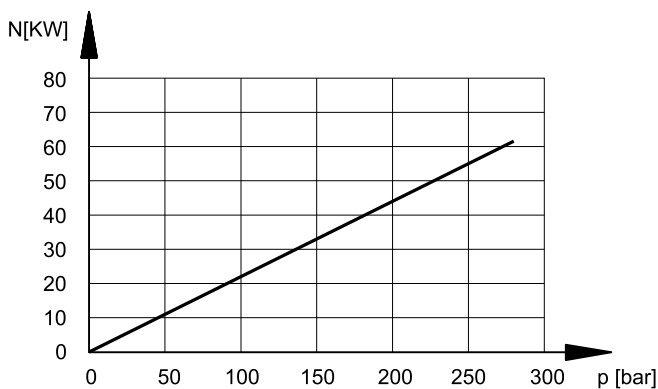
**FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES**



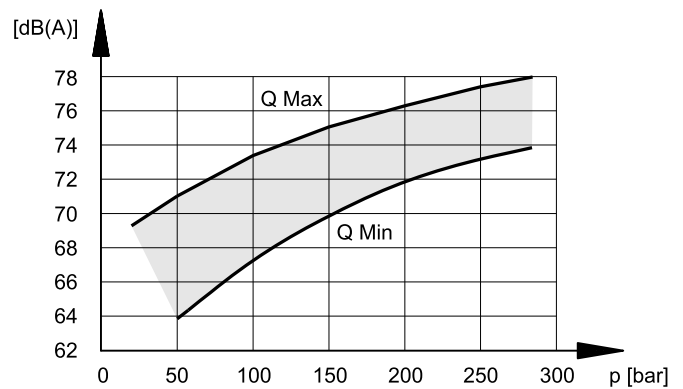
**VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**



**ABSORBED POWER**



**NOISE LEVEL**

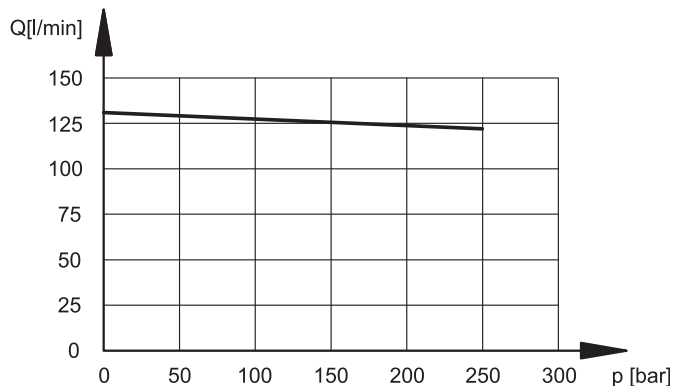


The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anechoic chamber, at a distance of 1 m from the pump and with a tolerance of  $\pm 2$  dB(A). The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anechoic room.

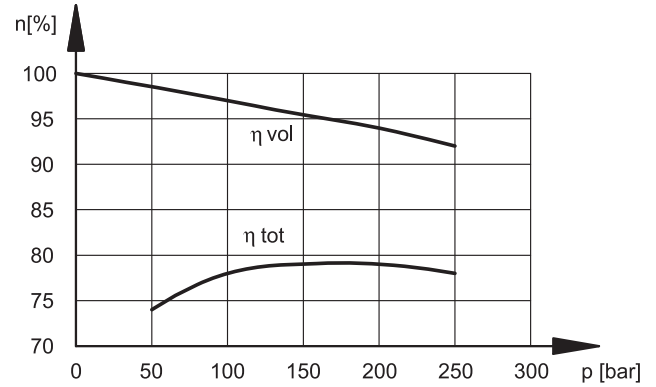
## 7 - VPPM-087 PUMP CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm.

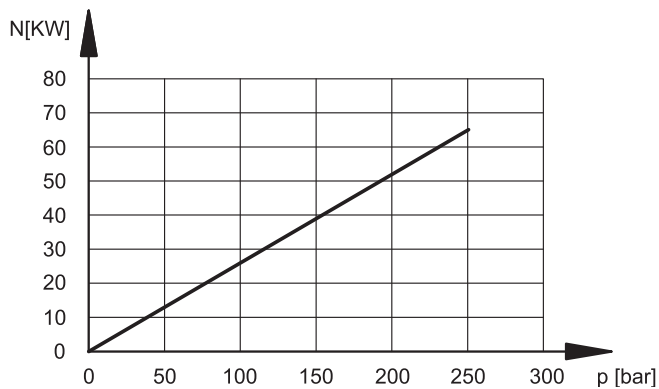
**FLOW RATE/PRESSURE CURVES**



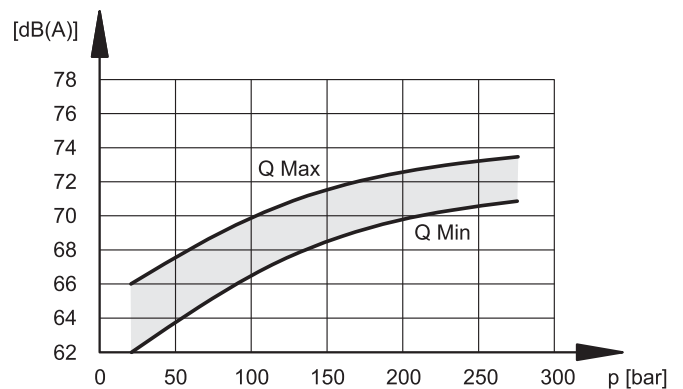
**VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY**



**ABSORBED POWER**



**NOISE LEVEL**

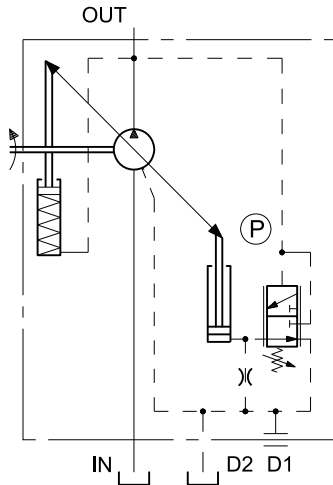


The noise pressure levels were measured in a semi-anechoic chamber, at a distance of 1 m from the pump and with a tolerance of  $\pm 2$  dB(A). The values shown must be reduced by 5 dB(A) if they are to be considered in a completely anechoic room.



## 8 - PRESSURE REGULATOR: PC

### FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



The PC pressure regulator keeps the pressure at a constant set level in the circuit, thus adjusting automatically the pump flow rate according to the real need of the system.

The desired pressure can be set by manually adjusting the (P) regulation valve.

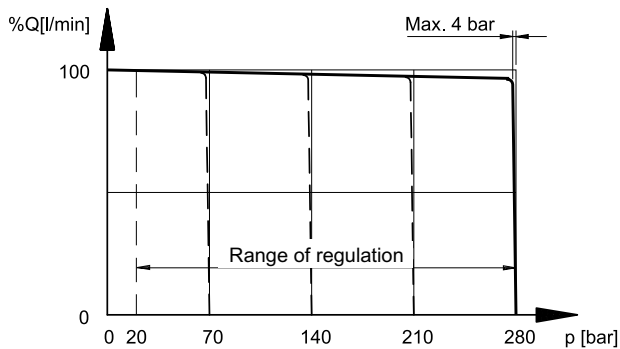
### FEATURES OF THE PC REGULATOR:

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bars
- default setting (P) = 280 bars

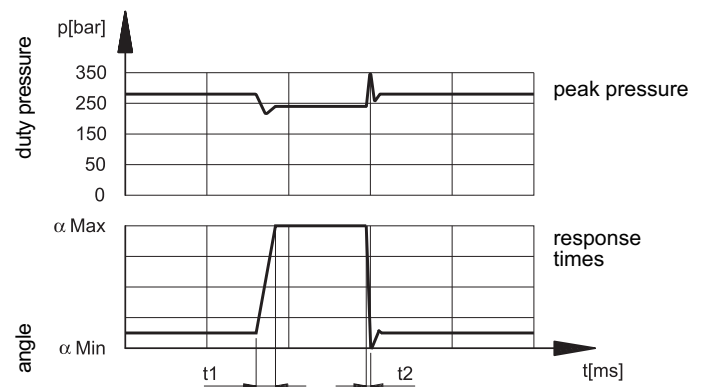
### 8.1 - Characteristic curves of the PC regulator (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.

#### FLOW RATE/PRESSURE FEATURE



#### RESPONSE TIMES AND PEAK PRESSURE



t1 = response time for a change from a min. to a max. displacement.

t2 = response time for a change from a max. to a min. displacement.

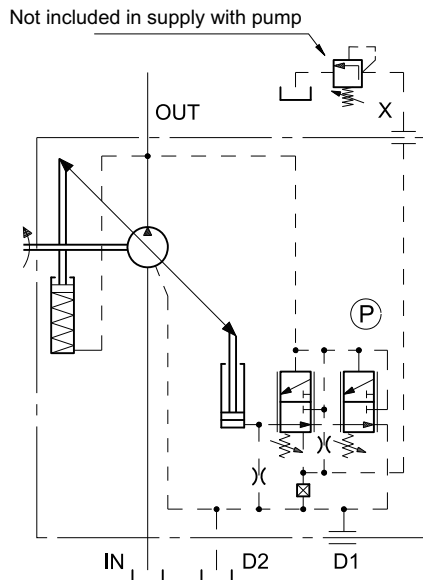
### PC pressure regulator set at 280 bars

pump size	t1 [ms]	t2 [ms]
029	30	20
046	45	25
073	50	30
087	53	28

The values stated in the table are obtained from the opening until the instant the delivery level is achieved, by using a maximum pressure valve set at 350 bars for a load simulation, placed at a distance of 1 m from the pump delivery port.

## 9 - REMOTE-CONTROLLED PRESSURE REGULATOR: PCR

### FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



The PCR regulator, apart from limiting the line maximum pressure (P valve), allows a remote-control of the device via a remote control connected to the X port (typical application for submerged pumps). In case a pressure regulating valve is used for the remote-control, it is suggested to use a direct operated valve with a size suitable to 1,5 l/min pilot flow rate.

N.B. The maximum length of the connection between the valve and the pump X port must not be longer than 2 m.

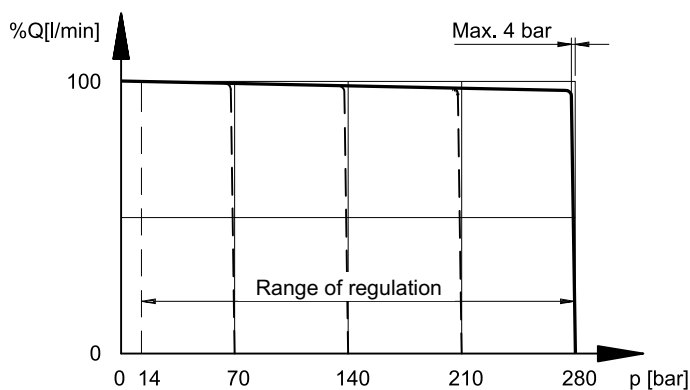
#### PCR FEATURES:

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bars
- default setting (P) = 280 bars
- remote-regulated pressure range = 14 ÷ 315 bars
- flow rate available on the X port for the remote-control = about 1,5 l/min

### 9.1- Characteristic curves of the PCR regulator (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.

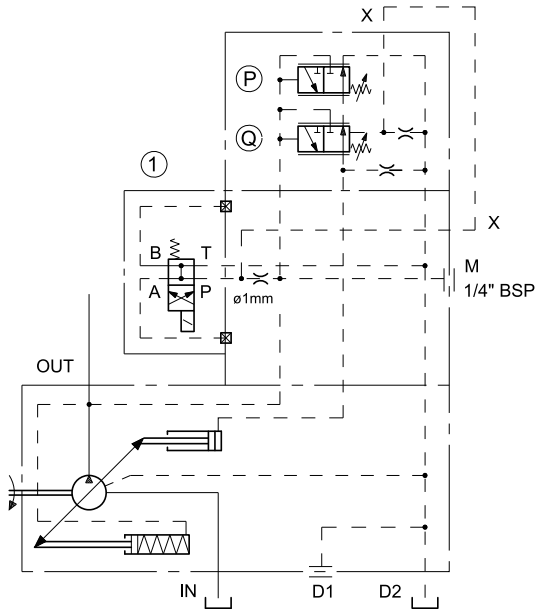
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE FEATURE



## 10 - REGULATOR WITH PRESSURE CONTROL DEVICES: PCX

### 10.1 - Electrical unloading

#### FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



The PCX regulator, mated to a suitable two-position solenoid valve, allows the electrical switching of the pump displacement in null condition and with minimum delivery pressure.

This function is useful for the pump unloading at the start-up or to operate at minimum pressure in the system during the machine cycle pause, with considerable energy saving.

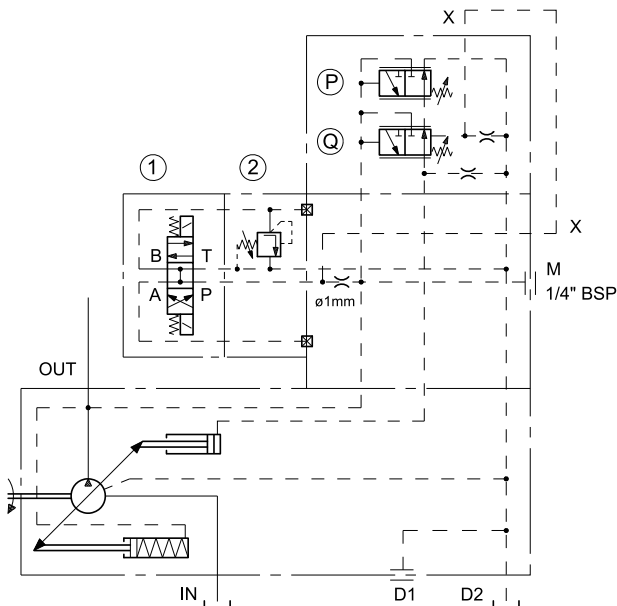
The pressure switching is made by means of a solenoid valve (to be ordered separately) installed on the pump regulator directly.

#### PCX FEATURES (electrical unloading):

- solenoid switching valve (1) = DS3-SA2 (to be ordered separately see cat. 41 150)
- solenoid valve OFF = pump at null displacement and delivery pressure = 20 bar
- solenoid valve ON = maximum displacement and delivery pressure set on regulator (P).
- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bar
- default setting (P) = 280 bar

### 10.2 - Two pressure settings + unloading

#### FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



This type of regulator allows to select, by means of a three-position solenoid valve, two different working pressures; it allows also the pump unloading.

The solenoid valve (1) and the relief valve (2) for the intermediate pressure setting are directly installed on the pump regulator and they are to be ordered separately.

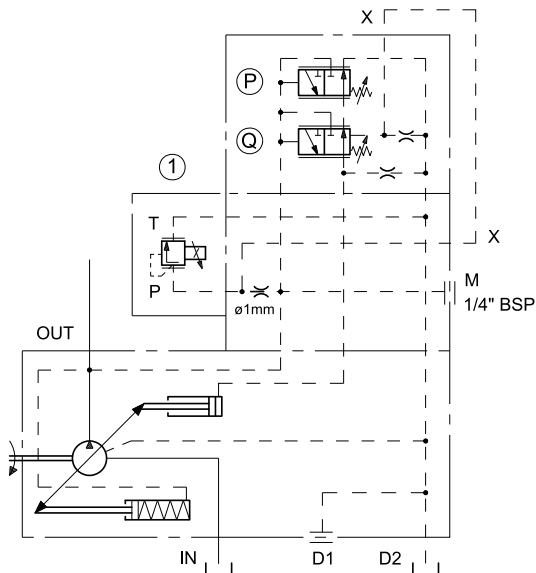
#### PCX FEATURES (two pressure settings + unloading):

- solenoid switching valve (1) = DS3-S2 (to be ordered separately see catalogue 41 150)
- solenoid valve OFF = pump unloading - delivery pressure = 20 bar
- solenoid side "a" ON = maximum displacement and delivery pressure set on relief valve (2) (intermediate value)
- solenoid side "b" ON = maximum displacement and delivery pressure set on regulator (P) (maximum value)
- pressure relief valve (2) = MCD\*-SBT (to be ordered separately - see cat. 61 200)
- pressure regulating range (2) = MCD3-SBT 20 ÷ 100 bar  
MCD5-SBT 20 ÷ 250 bar
- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bar
- default setting (P) = 280 bar

**NOTE:** For PCX regulators characteristic curves (with two pressure settings + unloading functions), see PC regulator diagrams at paragraph 8.1.

## 10.3 - Pressure regulation with electric proportional control

### FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



The PCX regulator mated with a proportional pressure relief valve, allows a continuous control and modulation of the system pressure.

The proportional pressure relief valve (to be ordered separately) is installed on the pump regulator directly.

#### PCX FEATURES (proportional pressure regulation):

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bar
- default setting (P) = 280 bar
- proportional pressure relief valve (1) = PRED3 (to be ordered separately with its relative electronic control unit - see catalogue 81 210)
- proportional pressure regulating range:
 

PRED3-070	20 ÷ 100 bar
PRED3-210	20 ÷ 240 bar

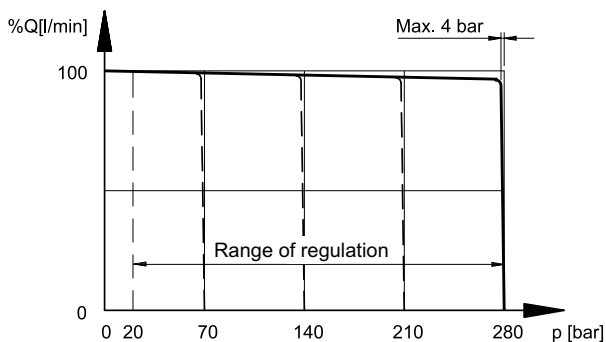
Hysteresis = < 5% of p nom

Repeatability = < ± 1,5% of p nom

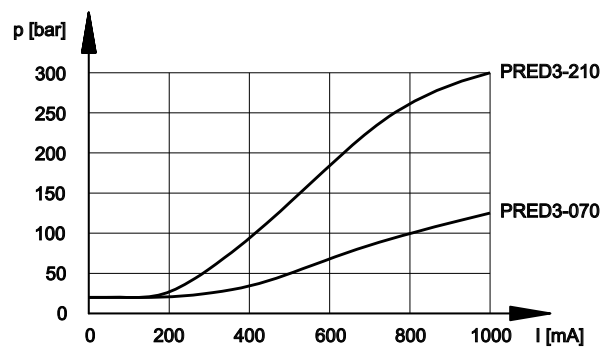
### 10.3.1 - Characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.

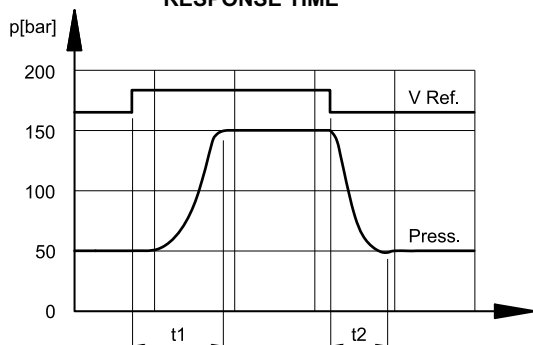
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE FEATURE



#### CURRENT / PRESSURE FEATURE



#### RESPONSE TIME



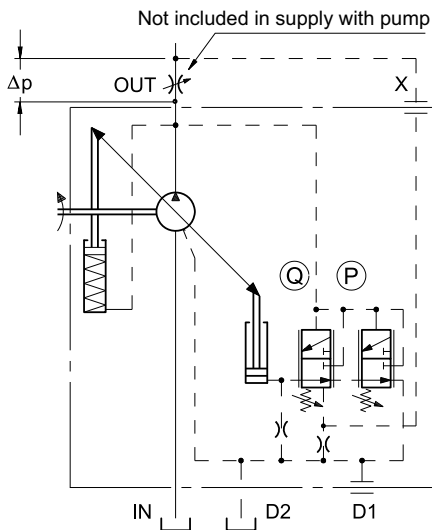
The response times are obtained with a VPPM-046 pump, by changing the reference signal (V Ref) on the proportional valve in order to have a line pressure variation from 50 to 150 bar and vice versa, with an oil volume of 5 lt.

t1 = 80 ms (response time for an increasing pressure change)

t2 = 60 ms (response time for a decreasing pressure change)

## 11 - FLOW RATE AND PRESSURE REGULATOR: PQC

### FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



This regulator, apart from regulating the pressure (as for the PC model), allows the pump flow rate to be regulated according to the  $\Delta p$  pressure drop measured on either side of a throttle valve installed on the user line. The connection pipe between the X port and the flow line downstream the restrictor (or valve) must always be made (customer charge).

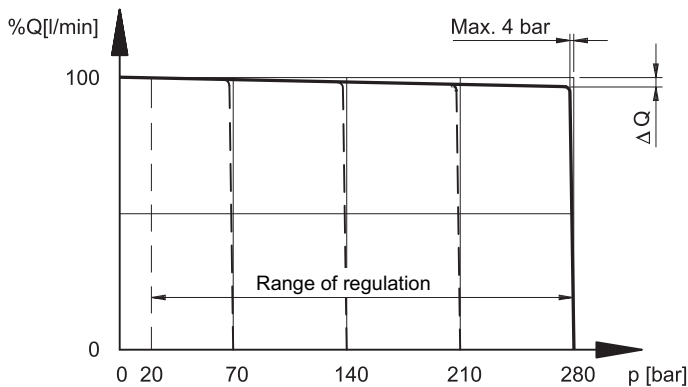
### PQC FEATURES:

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350
- default setting (P) = 280 bar
- differential pressure regulating range (Q) = 10 ÷ 40 bars
- default setting = 14 bar
- Min. discharge head =  $18 \pm 2$  bar  
(with a zero flow rate, X discharge pilot and with a default (Q) setting of the differential regulator)

### 11.1 - Characteristic curves of the PQC regulator (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.

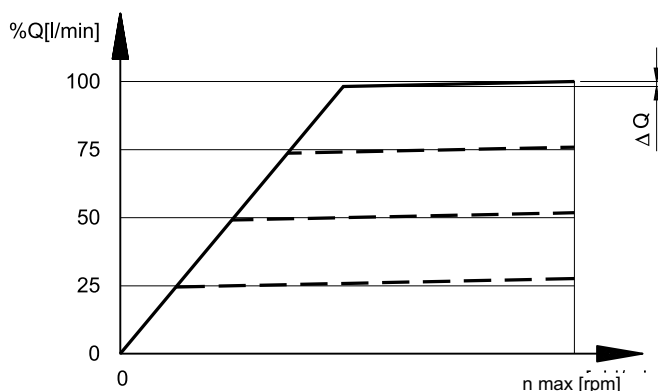
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE FEATURE



**Flow variation between minimum and maximum pressure with pump set at max displacement**

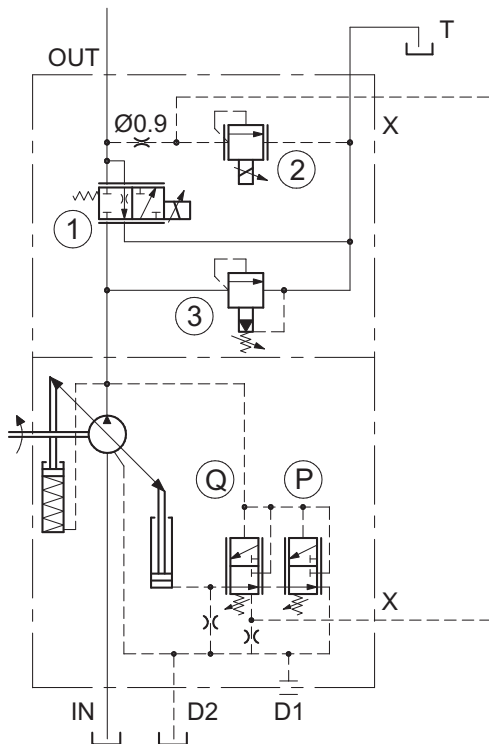
pump size	$\Delta Q$ max [l/min]
029	0.9
046	1.7
073	2.5
087	2.5

#### FLOW RATE / ROTATION SPEED STATIC FEATURE



## 12 - INTEGRATED PROPORTIONAL FLOW AND PRESSURE CONTROL REGULATOR: PQCE5

### FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



This regulator allows an independent regulation of the pump flow and pressure, both with an electric proportional control.

The pump flow is regulated through the proportional valve (1) which operates directly on the pump delivery, while the system pressure is controlled by means of the proportional relief valve (2) working as a pilot stage of the differential regulator (Q).

The maximum system pressure is limited by the regulator (P). The regulator is also equipped of a built-in pressure relief valve (3) with manual adjustment, which limits the pressure peak due to quick flow variations in the system.

### PQCE5 FEATURES

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350 bar
- default setting (P) = 280 bar
- differential pressure regulating range (Q) = 10 ÷ 30 bar
- default setting = 16 bar
- proportional pressure regulating range:  
20 ÷ 250 bar (for VPPM-\*PQCE5 pump)
- proportional flow regulating range:  
0 ÷ 69 l/min (for VPPM-046 PQCE5 pump)  
0 ÷ 109,5 l/min (for VPPM-073 PQCE5 pump)  
0 ÷ 132 l/min (for VPPM-073 PQCE5 pump)

### PERFORMANCES and ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

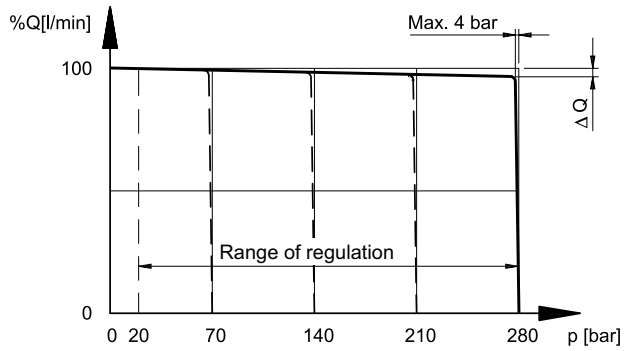
	FLOW REGULATION (1) (DSE5 valve)	PRESSURE REGULATION (2) (CRE valve)
HYSTERESIS	< 6% of Q max	< 5% of p nom
REPEATABILITY	< ±1,5% of Q max	< ±1,5% of p nom
NOMINAL VOLTAGE	24 VDC	24 VDC
COIL RESISTANCE (at 20°C)	8,65 Ω	16,6 Ω
MAXIMUM CURRENT	1,6 A	0,85 A
ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY (EMC)	According to 2004/108/CEE	
DEGREE OF PROTECTION : Atmospheric agents (CEI EN 60529)	IP 65	
ELECTRONIC CONTROL UNITS for proportional valves	EDM-M3312 see cat. 89 250	

## 12.1 - Characteristic curves of the PQCE5 regulator

(values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.

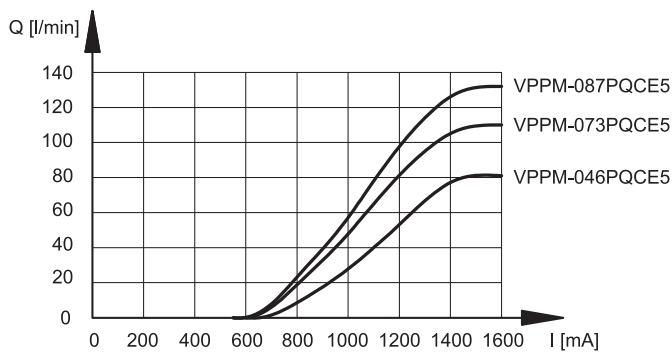
**FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVE**



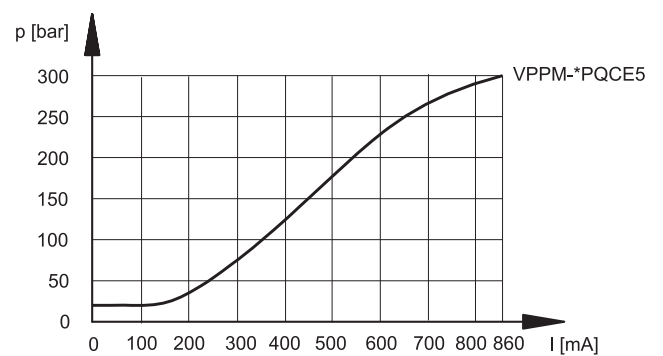
**Flow variation  
between minimum and maximum pressure  
with pump set at max displacement**

pump size	$\Delta Q$ max [l/min]
<b>046</b>	1.7
<b>073</b>	2.5
<b>087</b>	2.5

**CURRENT / FLOW CURVE**

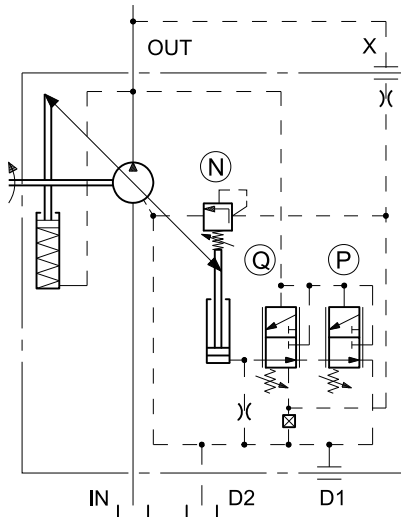


**CURRENT / PRESSURE CURVE**



## 13 - POWER REGULATOR: PQNC

### FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



Such regulator keeps the pump torque at a constant level by changing the displacement according to the delivery pressure, so that the ratio  $p \times (Q)$  (absorbed power) remains unchanged. The functions limiting the (P) maximum pressure and regulating the (Q) flow rate are always present, if a restrictor has been installed on the user line.

In the 1/8" BSP coupling supplied for the X port, there is a restrictor of  $\varnothing 0,8$  orifice.

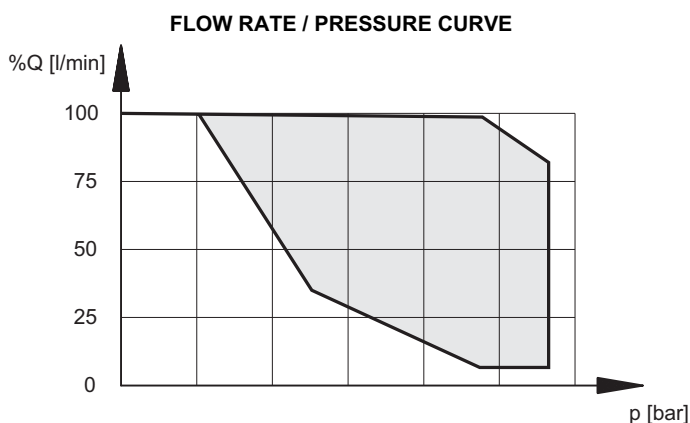
**Note:** The connection pipe between the X port and the pump outlet must always be made (customer charge).

#### PQNC FEATURES:

- pressure regulating range (P) = 20 ÷ 350
- default setting (P) = 280 bar
- differential pressure regulating range (Q) = 10 ÷ 30 bar
- default setting = 16 bar
- min. discharge head =  $18 \pm 2$  bar  
(with a zero flow rate, X discharge pilot and with a default Q setting of the differential regulator)
- the power regulator is factory set. The setting value has to be specified with the order, by stating into the identification code the Nm torque value (see paragraph 1).
- Start of the regulation: looking at values table of paragraph 1.5

### 13.1 - Characteristic curves of the PQNC regulator (values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

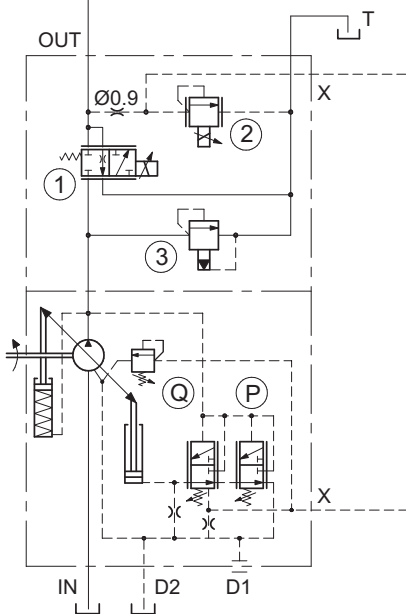
The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.





## 14 - POWER REGULATOR WITH INTEGRATED PROPORTIONAL FLOW AND PRESSURE CONTROL: PQNCE5

### FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



This system combines all the functions of the constant power control as a standard PQNC5 regulator, and moreover it allows the independent proportional regulation of the pump flow and pressure at values behind the power curve characteristic set on the regulator (N).

### PQNCE5 FEATURES

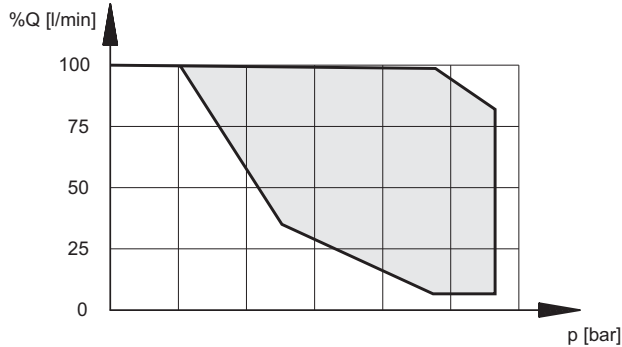
For technical characteristics and settings of regulator, see paragraph 13.

### 14.1 - Characteristic curves of the PQNCE5 regulator

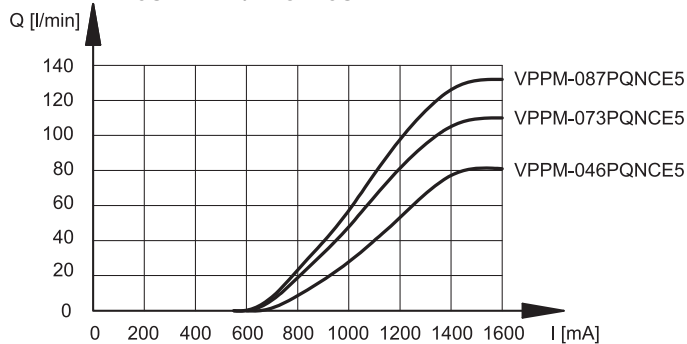
(values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C with driver EDM-M3312)

The diagram curves were measured with a pump rotation speed of 1500 rpm and an oil temperature of 50°C.

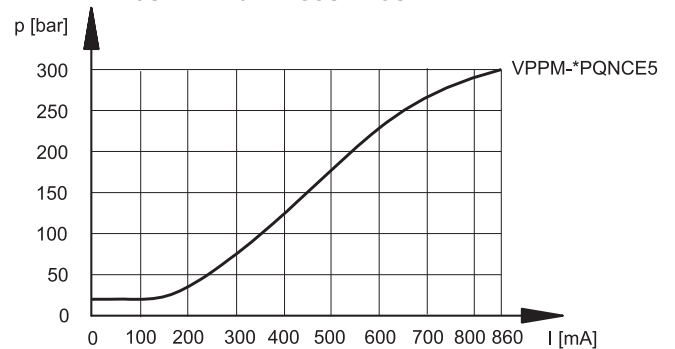
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVE



#### CURRENT / FLOW CURVE

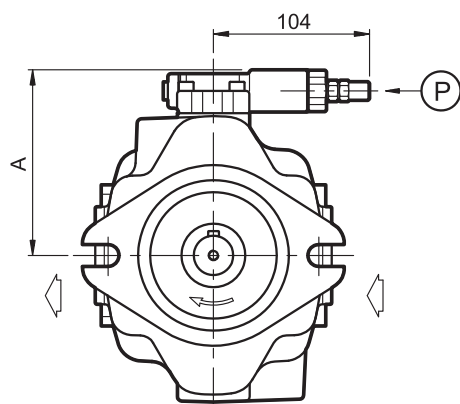


#### CURRENT / PRESSURE CURVE



## 15 - REGULATOR OVERALL DIMENSIONS

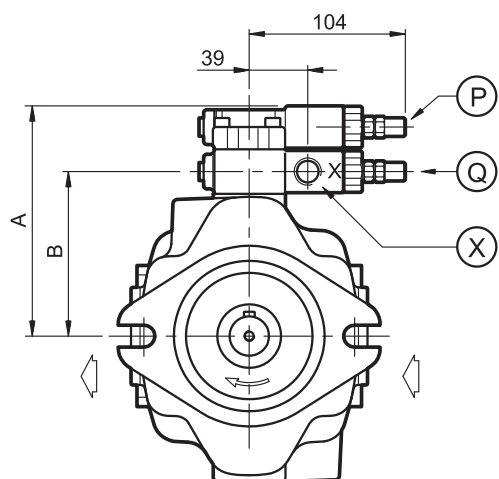
dimensions in mm



### PRESSURE REGULATOR PC

pump size	A [mm]
<b>029</b>	114
<b>046</b>	123
<b>073 / 087</b>	136

P	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
---	---

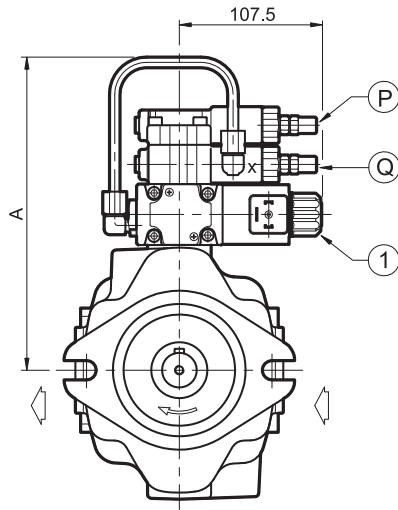


### REMOTE-CONTROLLED PRESSURE REGULATOR PCR

pump size	A [mm]	B [mm]
<b>029</b>	144	100
<b>046</b>	153	109
<b>073 / 087</b>	165	122

P	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
X	Pilot port for remote control X: 1/8" BSP

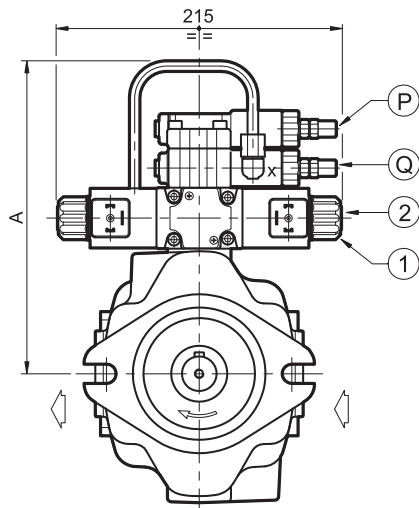
dimensions in mm



#### PCX REGULATOR WITH ELECTRICAL UNLOADING

pump size	A [mm]
029	244
046	253
073 / 087	265

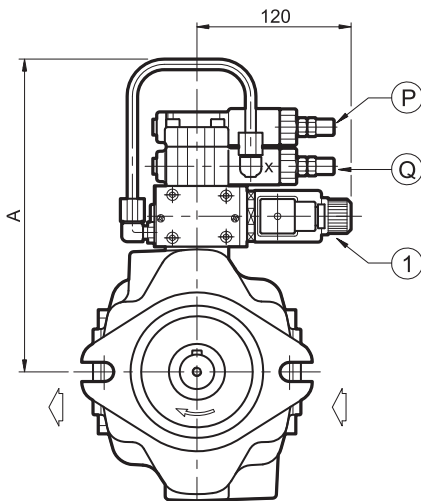
P	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
1	Solenoid switching valve type DS3-SA2



#### PCX REGULATOR WITH TWO PRESSURE SETTINGS + UNLOADING

pump size	A [mm]
029	244
046	253
073 / 087	265

P	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
1	Solenoid switching valve type DS3-S2
2	Relief valve for the intermediate pressure setting MCI*-SBT

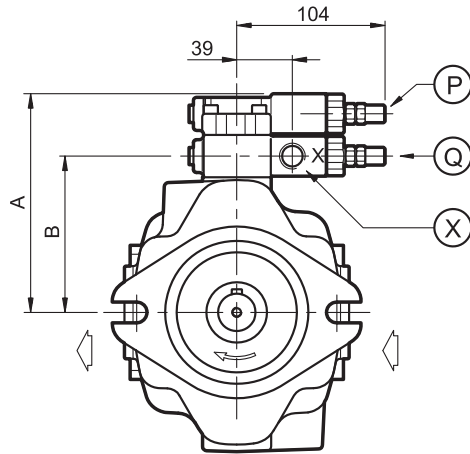


#### PCX REGULATOR FOR PRESSURE REGULATION WITH ELECTRIC PROPORTIONAL CONTROL

pump size	A [mm]
029	244
046	253
073 / 087	265

P	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
1	Proportional pressure relief valve PRED3 type

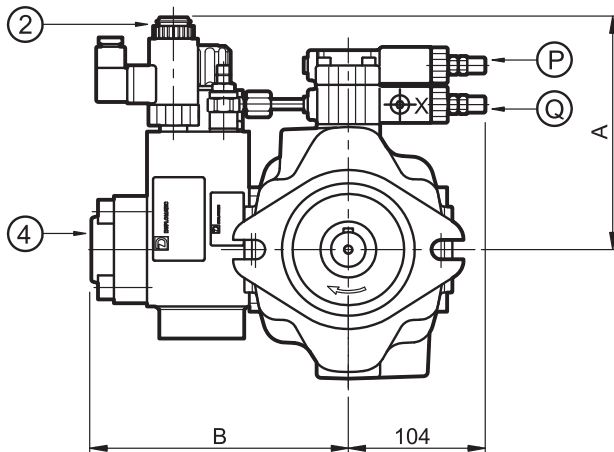
dimensions in mm



## FLOW RATE AND PRESSURE REGULATOR PQC

pump size	A [mm]	B [mm]
<b>029</b>	144	100
<b>046</b>	153	109
<b>073 / 087</b>	165	122

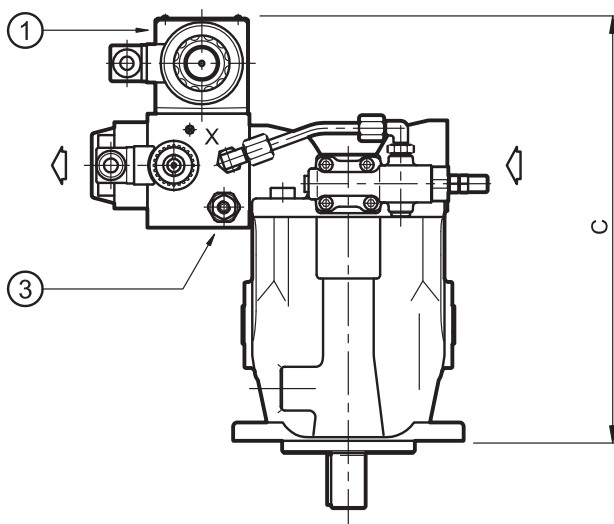
P	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: Spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
X	Pilotage port X: 1/8" BSP (see paragraph 11)

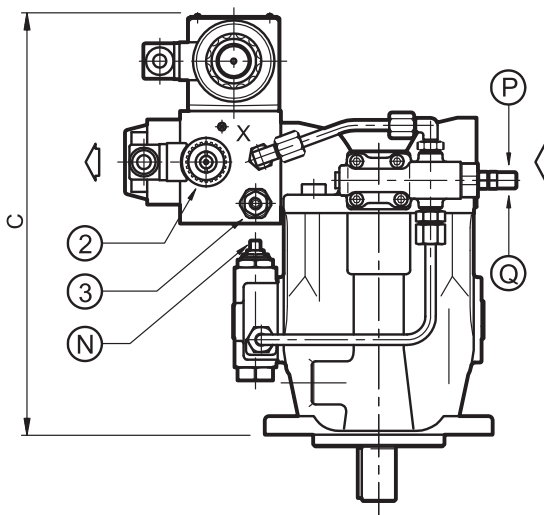
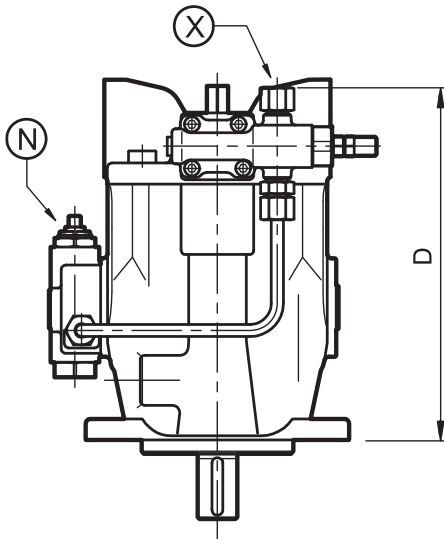
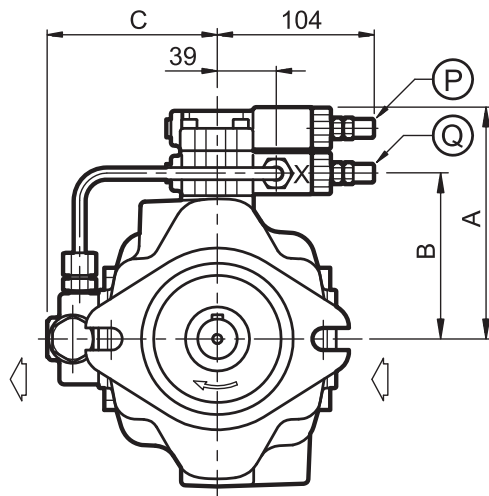


## PQCE REGULATOR WITH INTEGRATED PROPORTIONAL FLOW AND PRESSURE CONTROL

pump size	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]
<b>046</b>	175	194	337
<b>073 / 087</b>	181	207	345

P	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: Spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
1	Proportional flow control valve type: DSE5-P070B - DSE5-P110SB
2	Proportional pressure valve type: CRE-250
3	Safety pressure relief valve
4	Delivery port SAE 6000 flange 1" for VPPM-046 - 1 1/4" for VPPM-073 and -087





**POWER REGULATOR PQNC**

dimensions in mm

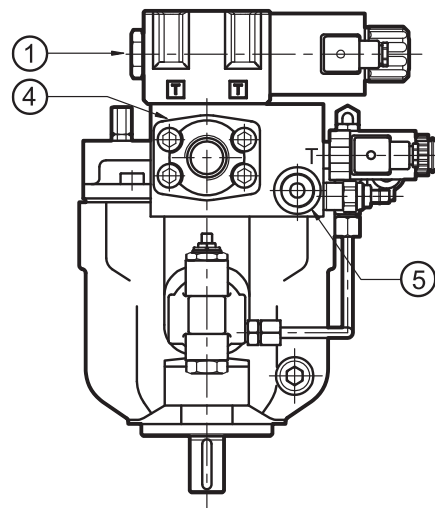
pump size	A [mm]	B [mm]	C [mm]	D [mm]
<b>029</b>	144	100	104	211
<b>046</b>	153	109	111	235
<b>073 / 087</b>	165	122	120	258

P	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
X	Pilotage port X: 1/8" BSP (restrictor with Ø0,8 orifice included - see paragraph 13)
N	Power regulator

**POWER REGULATOR WITH INTEGRATED PROPORTIONAL  
FLOW AND PRESSURE CONTROL PQNCE5**

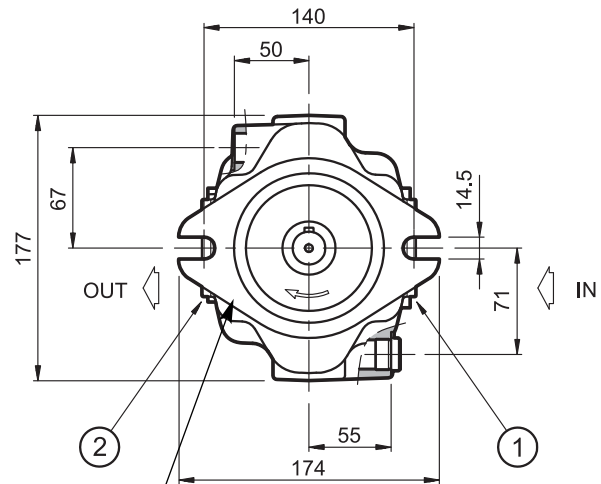
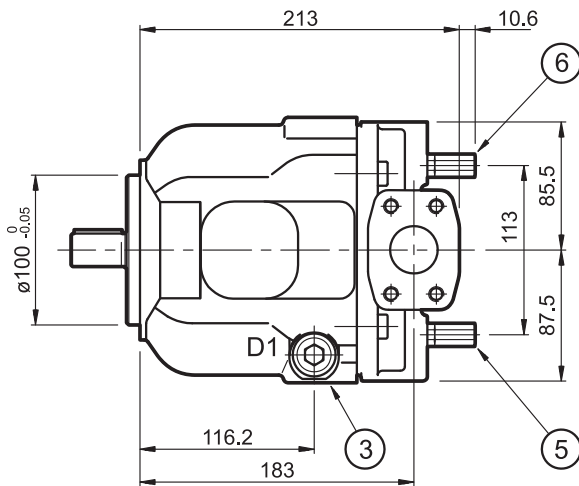
(for dimensions see PQCE5 page 22)

P	Pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4. Clockwise rotation to increase pressure Locknut: spanner 13
Q	Differential pressure regulator countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 Clockwise rotation to increase differential pressure Locknut: spanner 13
N	Power regulator
1	Proportional flow control valve type: DSE5-P070SB - DSE5-P110SB
2	Proportional pressure control valve type: CRE-250
3	Safety pressure relief valve
4	Delivery port SAE 6000 flange: 1" for VPPM-046 - 1 1/4" for VPPM-073 and -087
5	Outlet port T: 3/4" BSP

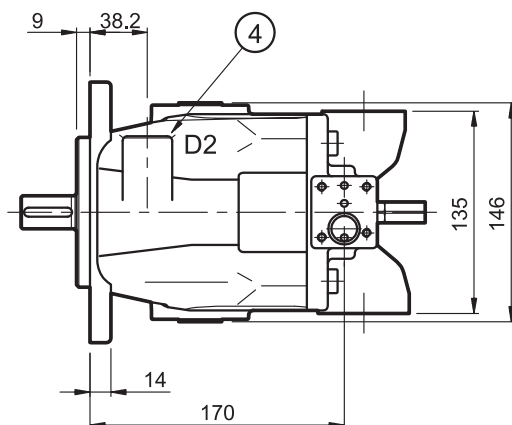


## 16 - VPPM-029 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

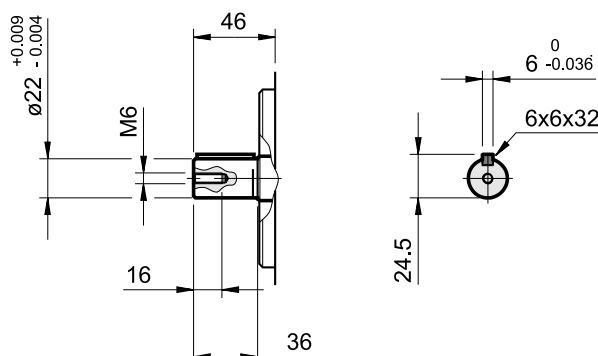
dimensions in mm



ISO 3019/2 fitting flange  
(standard, identification code 5)



Cylindrical shaft end with ISO 3019/2 key  
(standard, identification code 5)

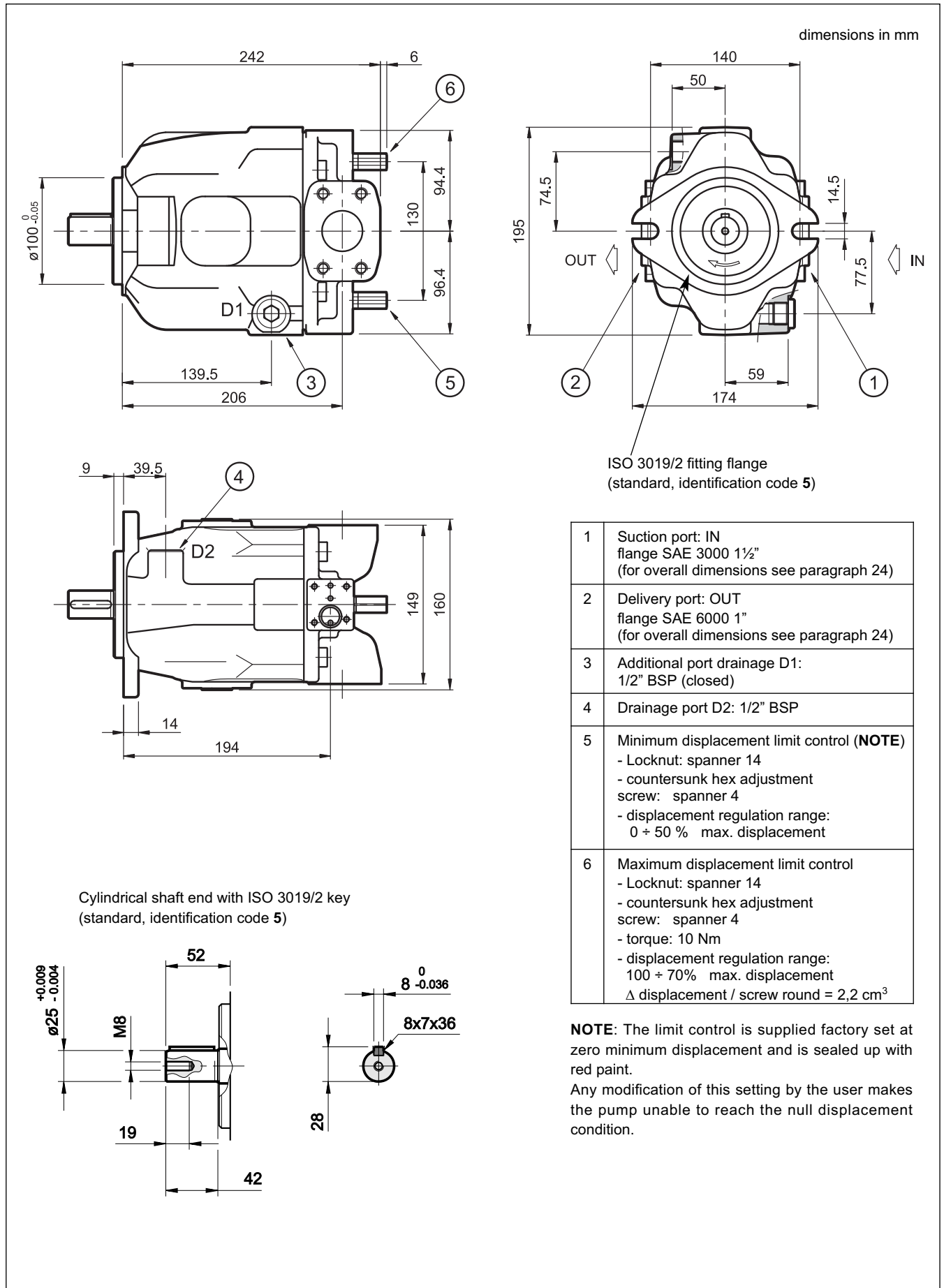


1	Suction port: IN flange SAE 3000 1/4" (for overall dimensions see paragraph 24)
2	Delivery port: OUT flange SAE 6000 3/4" (for overall dimensions see paragraph 24)
3	Additional port drainage D1: 1/2" BSP (closed)
4	Drainage port D2: 1/2" BSP
5	Minimum displacement limit control ( <b>NOTE</b> ) - Locknut: spanner 14 - countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 - displacement regulation range: 0 ÷ 50 % max. displacement
6	Maximum displacement limit control - Locknut: spanner 14 - countersunk hex adjustment screw: spanner 4 - torque: 10 Nm - displacement regulation range: 100 ÷ 70% max. displacement Δ displacement / screw round = 1,5 cm <sup>3</sup>

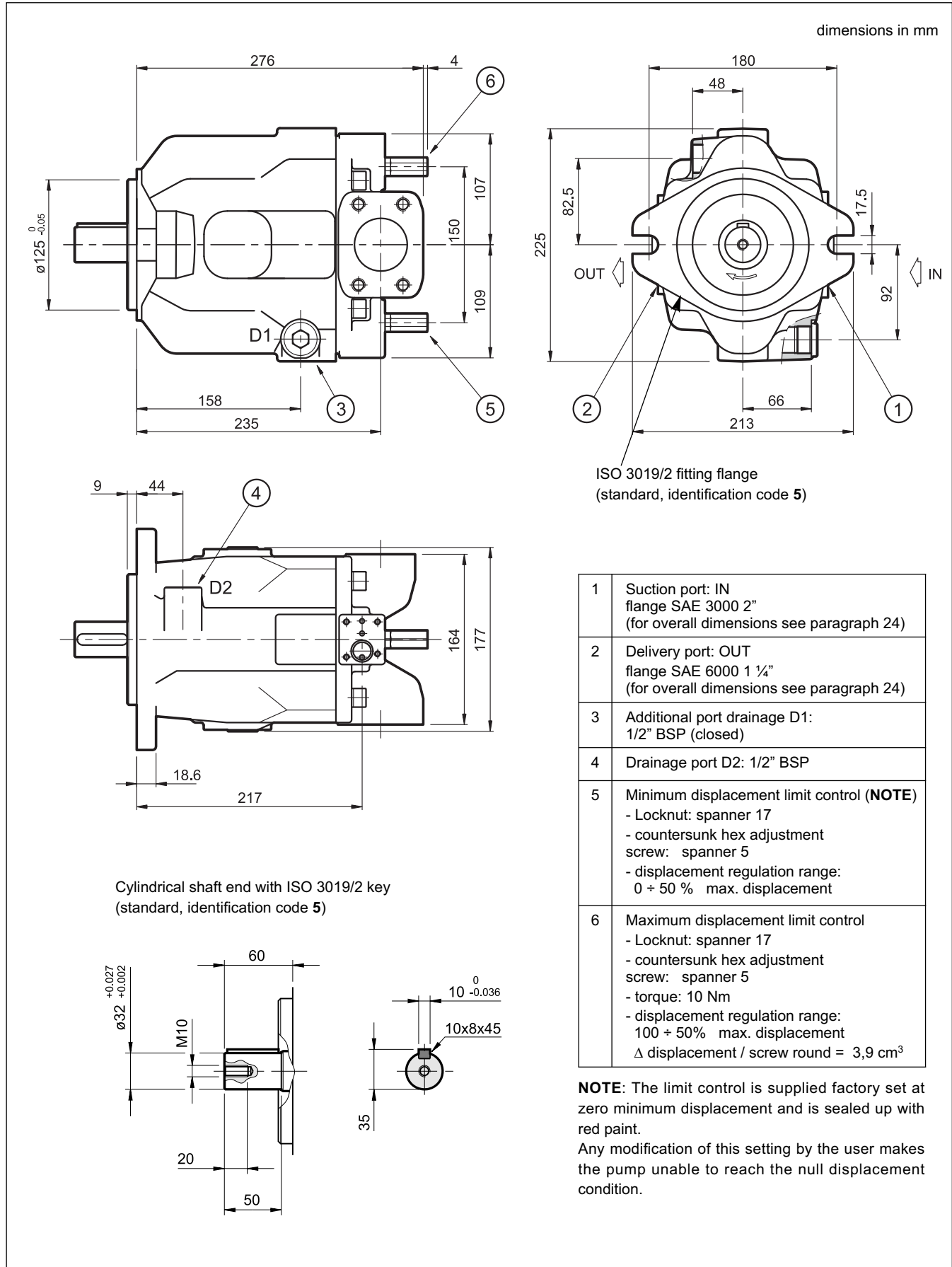
**NOTE:** The limit control is supplied factory set at zero minimum displacement and is sealed up with red paint.

Any modification of this setting by the user makes the pump unable to reach the null displacement condition.

## 17 - VPPM-046 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

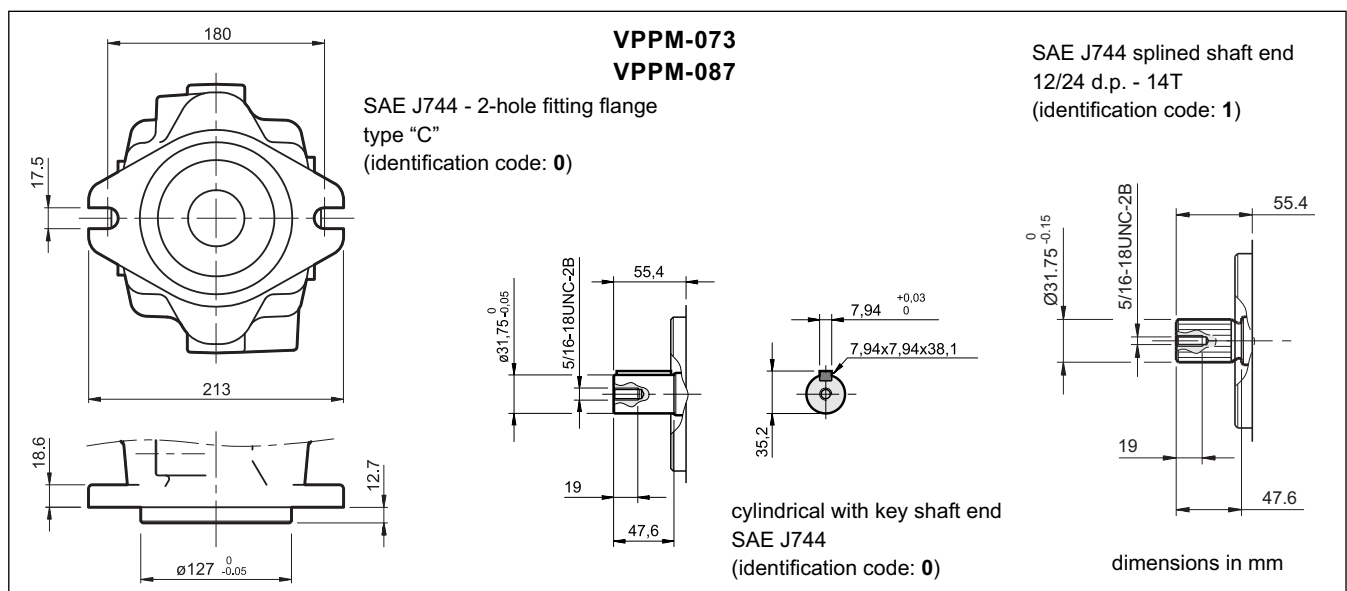
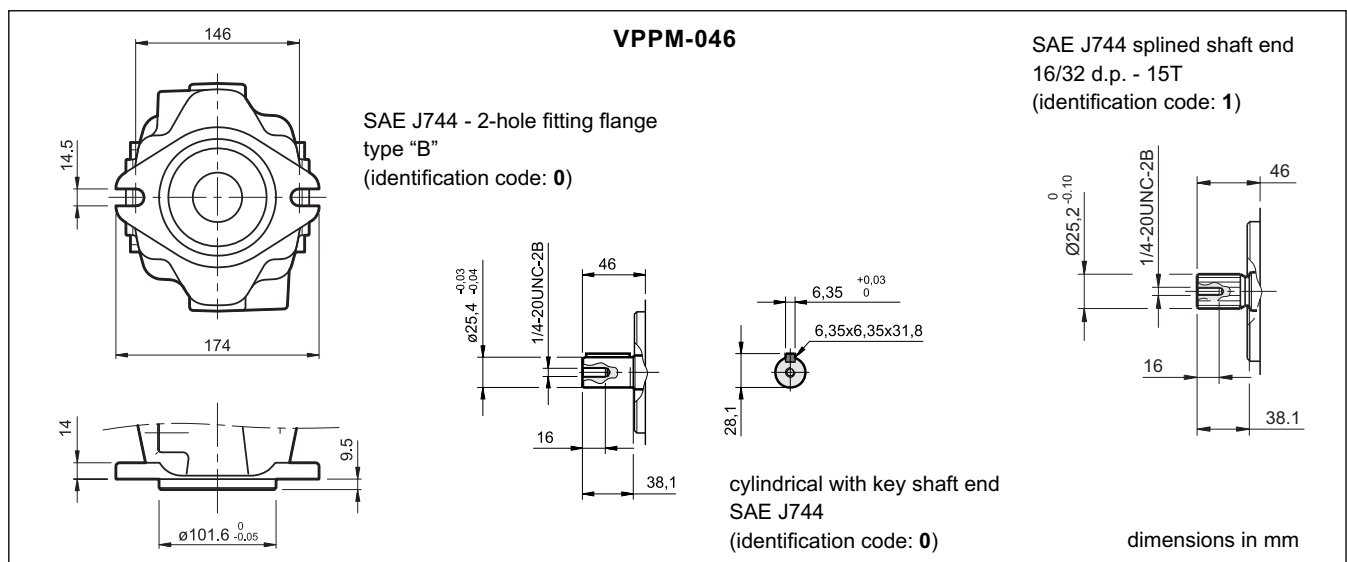
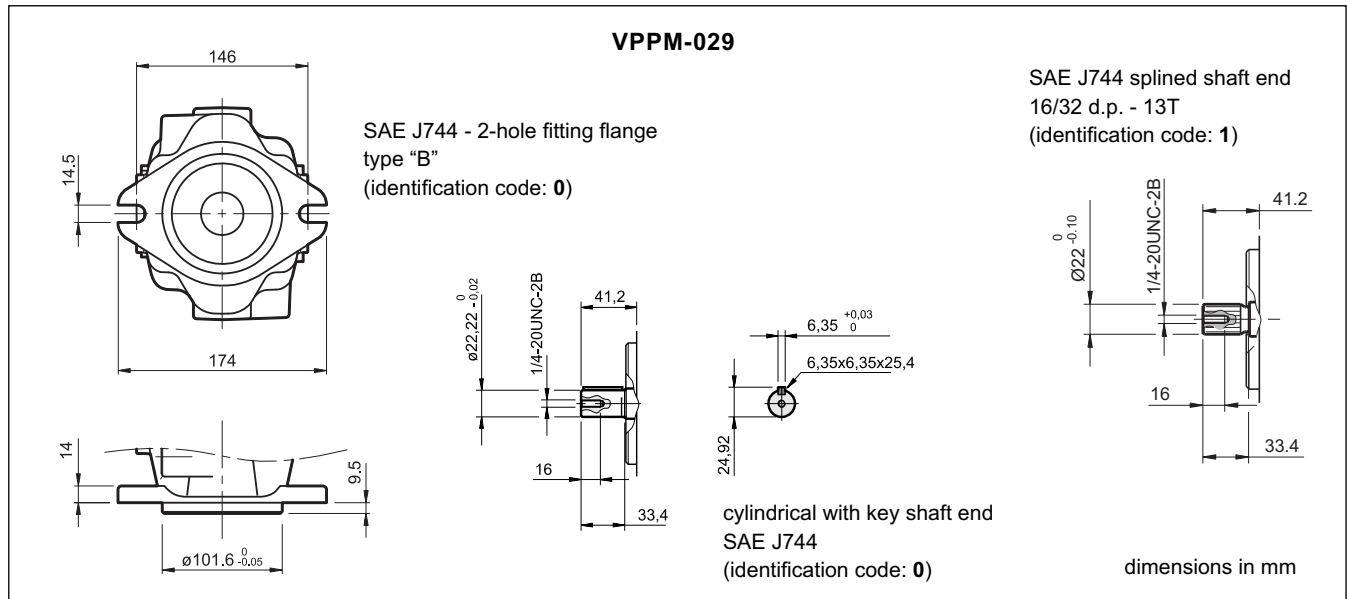


## 18 - VPPM-073 AND VPPM-087 OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS





## 19 - OVERALL DIMENSIONS FOR FLANGES AND SHAFTS TYPE SAE J744



## 20 - INSTALLATION

- The VPPM pumps can be installed both in a horizontal and vertical position, with the shaft in an upward position.

N.B.: The drainage port has to be oriented so that the oil level inside the pump body is never lower than 3/4 of its volume (according to the installation use the D1 or D2 drainage ports).

- Installation below the oil reservoir is suggested. As for an installation above the oil level, check that the min. suction pressure is not lower than -0.2 bars (relative). If a low noise emission level is required, the installation inside the tank is suggested.

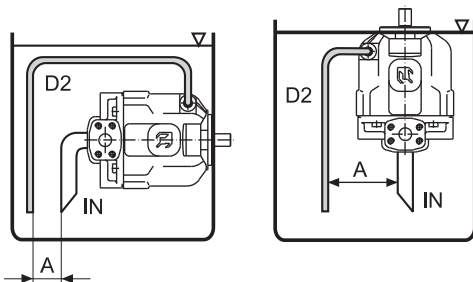
In case of an installation inside the tank, with an oil level which does not grant complete pump submersion, it is suggested that the drain tube is adjusted so that the pump higher bearing can be always lubricated.

- **Before starting, the pump body has to be filled with the fluid.**

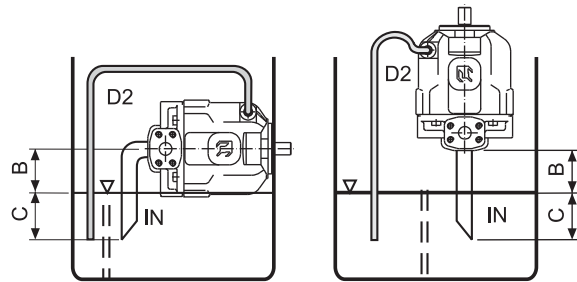
- It is necessary to vent the air from the delivery connection before operating it the first time. The pump start up, especially at a cold temperature, should occur with the plant at minimum pressure.
- The suction tube has to be suitably sized so that the suction pressure is never lower than -0.2 bar (relative). Bends or restrictions or an excessive tube length could further decrease the value of the suction pressure with a following increase in the noise emissions and a decrease in the pump lifetime.
- The drainage tube has to be sized so that the pressure inside the pump body is always lower than 2 bar (absolute), even during the dynamic change and flow rate phases. The drainage tube has to unload inside the tank far from the suction area. We suggest to interpose a screen between the two lines.
- The drain pressure can be max 0.5 bar higher than the suction pressure but it can never exceed the max of 2 bar of absolute pressure.
- No check valves allowed on the suction line.
- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling. Radial and axial loads have to be lower than the values specified in the table at paragraph 3.
- As for details and the installation of filter elements, see par. 2.3.

### MOUNTING INSIDE THE TANK

Minimum level of oil in the tank at or above the surface of the pump flange  
 $A \geq 200 \text{ mm}$



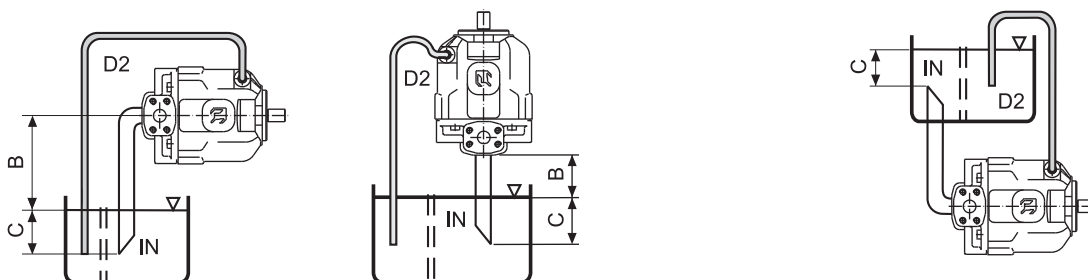
Minimum level of oil in the tank below the surface of the pump flange  
 Minimum inlet pressure = -0,2 bar (relative)  
 $B \leq 800 \text{ mm}$        $C = 200 \text{ mm}$



### MOUNTING OUTSIDE THE TANK

Minimum inlet pressure = -0,2 bar (relative)  
 $B \leq 800 \text{ mm}$        $C = 200 \text{ mm}$

$C = 200 \text{ mm}$



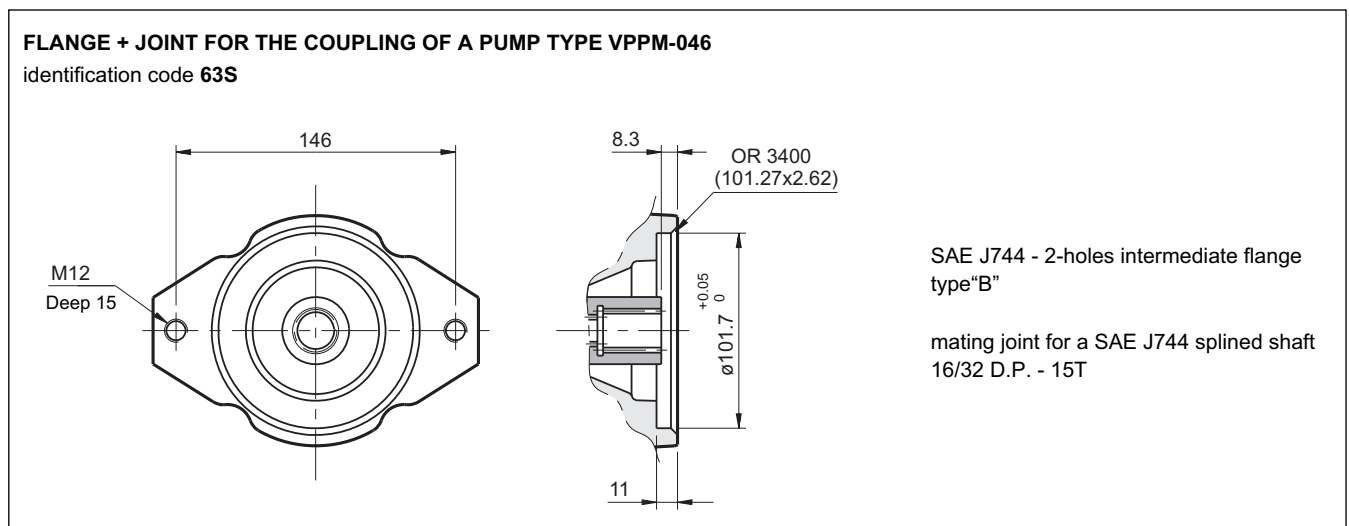
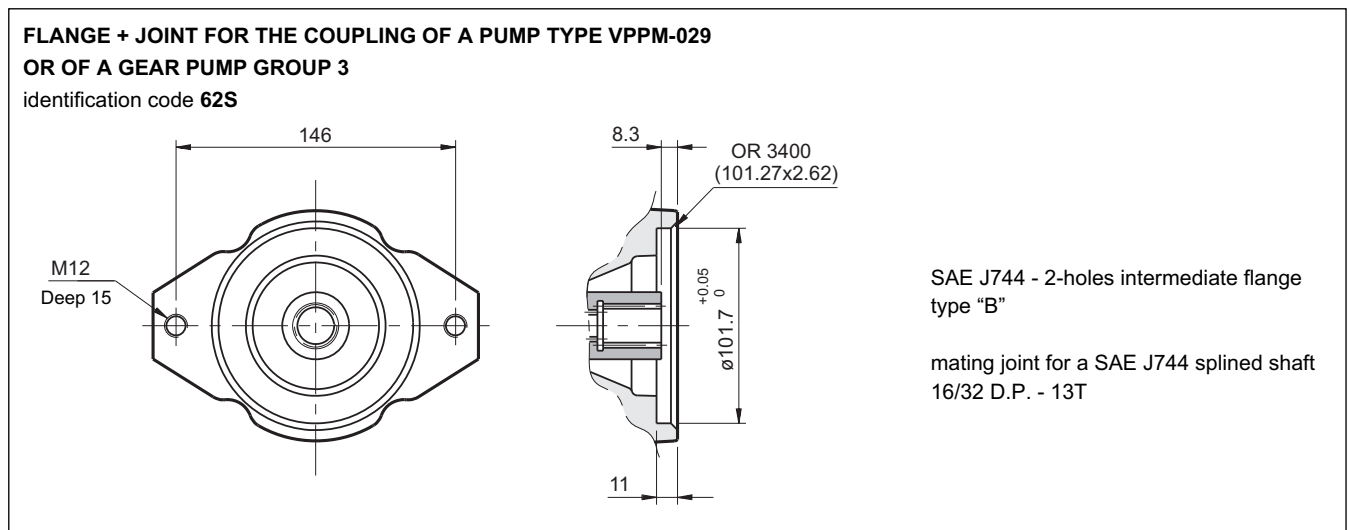
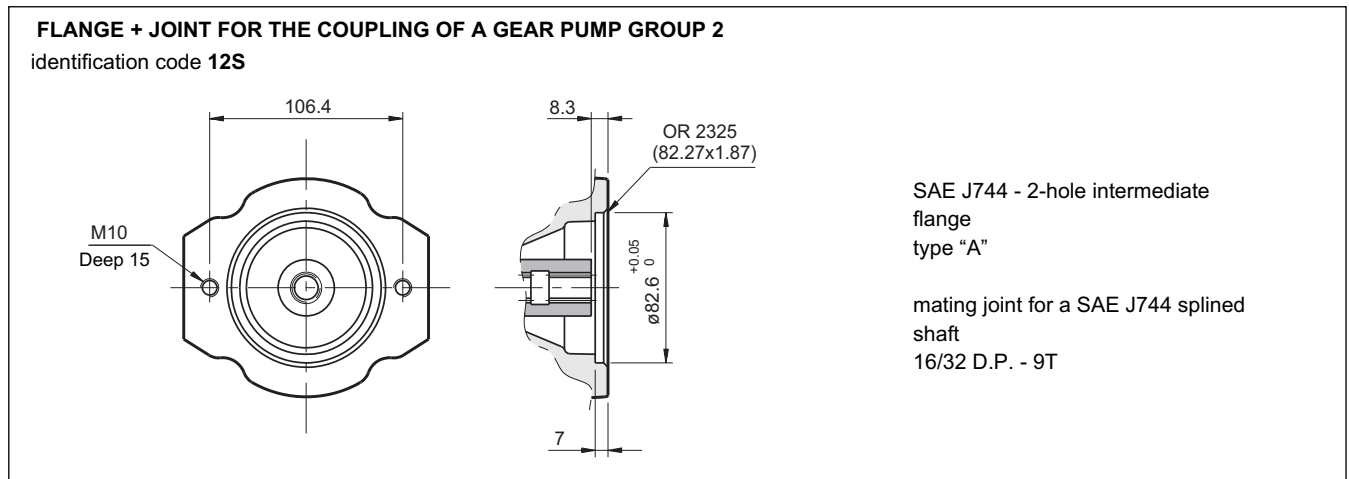
## 21 - THROUGH OUTPUT SHAFT

The VPPM pumps can be supplied with a through output shaft, which allows coupling with other pump models.

**N.B.:** The pumps with a through output shaft are supplied with an intermediate 2-hole flange type SAE J744 - and with a mating joint for splined shaft type SAE J744.

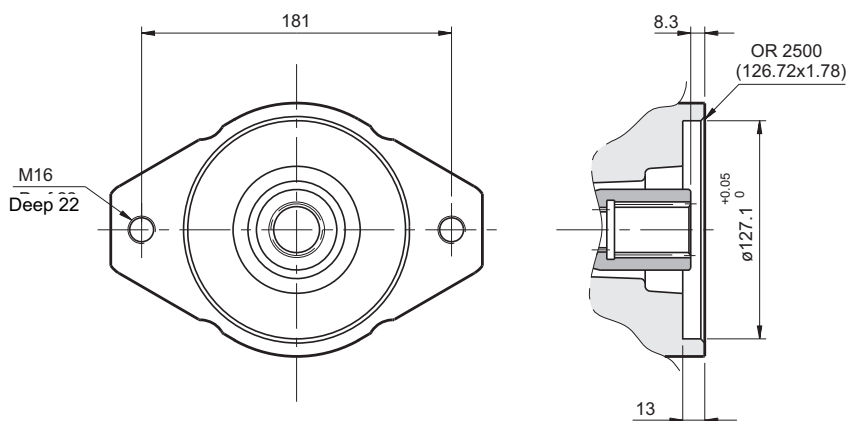
The mechanical adjustment for the min and max displacement are not available on these front or intermediate pumps: VPPM-029 with flange 62S, VPPM-073 with flange 64S, VPPM-087 with flange 64S.

As for identification see par. 1 "Identification code". For the pump overall dimensions (intermediate flange included) see paragraph 23 "overall dimensions for multiple pumps".



## FLANGE + JOINT FOR THE COUPLING OF A PUMP TYPE VPPM-073

identification code **64S**



SAE J744 - 2-holes intermediate flange type "C"

mating joint for a SAE J744 splined shaft 12/24 D.P. - 14T

## 22 - MULTIPLE PUMPS

The possibility to couple several pumps makes it possible to create multi-flow groups with independent hydraulic circuits. While sizing coupled pumps, it's necessary to make reference to the following conditions:

- The coupling can be carried out between pumps with the same dimensions or to a size of decreasing order.
- The max. rotation speed is determined by the pump with the lowest speed.
- The values of the max. applicable torque can not be exceeded.

### 22.1 - Max. applicable torque

The input torque (M) for each pump is given by the following ratio:

$$M = \frac{9550 \cdot N}{n} = [\text{Nm}]$$

n = rotation speed [rpm]

where the absorbed power (N) is given by:

$$N = \frac{Q \cdot \Delta p}{600 \cdot \eta_{\text{tot}}} = [\text{kW}]$$

Q = flow rate [l/min]  
 $\Delta p$  = differential pressure between the pump suction and delivery [bar]  
 $\eta_{\text{tot}}$  = total efficiency (obtainable from the diagrams in par. 4-5-6)

or it can be obtained from the diagrams ABSORBED POWER (see par. 4 - 5 - 6 -7).

If several pumps are coupled, the torque of each single pump has to be added to the torque of subsequent pumps when they are loaded simultaneously.

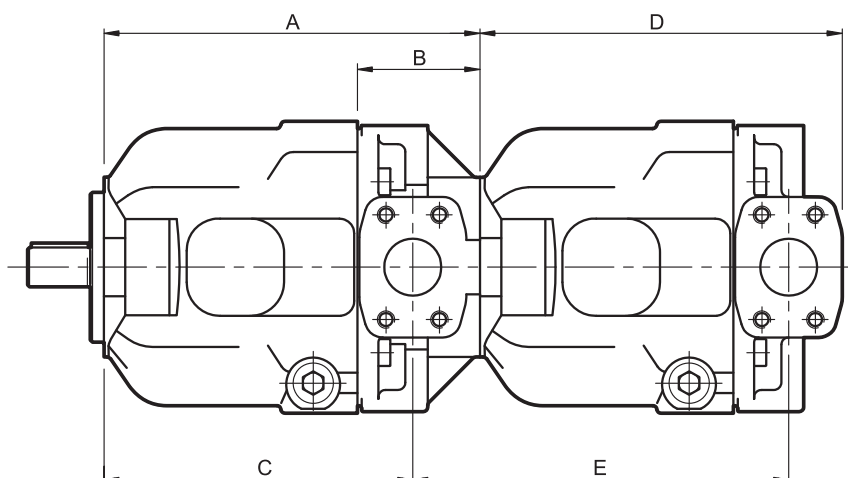
The obtained torque value for each pump has to be lower than the value specified in the table below :

pump with a through output shaft	MAXIMUM TORQUE APPLICABLE AT THE FRONT PUMP SHAFT [Nm]			MAXIMUM TORQUE APPLICABLE AT THE PUMP TO BE COUPLED [Nm] (not simultaneously to the front pump)					
	cylindrical ISO 3019/2 (cod. 5)	cylindrical SAE J744 (cod. 0)	splined SAE J744 (cod. 1)	GP2 external gear	GP3 external gear	VPPM-029	VPPM-046	VPPM-073	VPPM-087
<b>VPPM-029</b>	170	200	190	100	135	135	-	-	-
<b>VPPM-046</b>	220	230	330	135	250	250	250	-	-
<b>VPPM-073</b>	450	490	620	135	330	330	400	440	-
<b>VPPM-087</b>	450	490	620	135	330	330	400	440	440

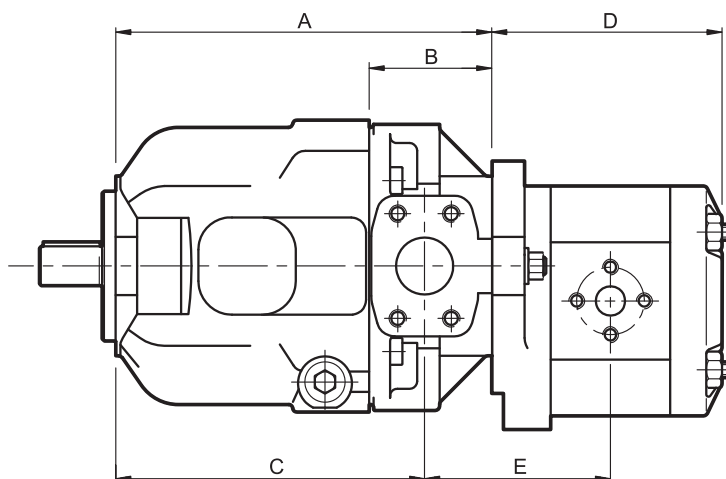
The maximum transmissible torque for those pumps with a through output shaft is determined by the coupling used for the transmission. If the obtained torque values are higher than the ones stated in the table, it is necessary to reduce the working pressure value or to replace the overloaded pump with a pump suitable to bear the required torque.

## 23 - OVERALL DIMENSIONS FOR MULTIPLE PUMPS

dimensions in mm



	REAR PUMP														
	VPPM-029					VPPM-046					VPPM-073 / 087				
	A	B	C	D	E	A	B	C	D	E	A	B	C	D	E
<b>VPPM-029</b>	222	77	183	213	222	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VPPM-046</b>	251	82	206	213	220	251	82	206	242	251	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VPPM-073 VPPM-087</b>	291	99	235	213	226	291	99	235	242	249	296	104	235	276	296



	REAR PUMP									
	external gear GP2					external gear GP3				
	A	B	C	D	E	A	B	C	D	E
<b>VPPM-029</b>	222	77	183	99 ÷ 121	86 ÷ 97	-	-	-	-	-
<b>VPPM-046</b>	251	82	206	99 ÷ 121	85 ÷ 96	251	82	206	132 ÷ 147	103 ÷ 110
<b>VPPM-073 VPPM-087</b>	291	99	235	99 ÷ 121	91 ÷ 102	291	99	235	132 ÷ 147	109 ÷ 116

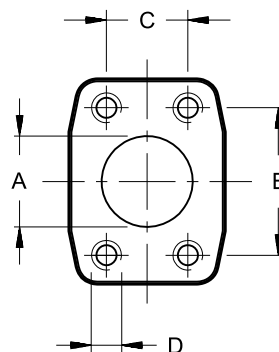
**NOTE:** The D and E values in the table make reference to the dimensions of the gear pumps according to the available min. and max. displacement range. For further details apply to our Technical department.

## 24 - SUCTION AND DELIVERY PORTS DIMENSIONS FOR SAE FLANGES

SUCTION PORT: "IN" (SAE 3000)						
Pump	nominal size	A mm	B mm	C mm	D threading and depth (mm) METRIC                      UNC	
VPPM 029	1 1/4"	32	58,7	30,2	M 10x28	7/16 -14 UNC-2B 28
VPPM 046	1 1/2"	38,1	70	35,7	M12x26	1/2 -13 UNC-2B 26
VPPM 073 VPPM 087	2"	50,8	77,8	43	M12x25	1/2 -13 UNC-2B 25

DELIVERY PORT "OUT" (SAE 6000)						
Pump	nominal size	A mm	B mm	C mm	D threading and depth (mm) METRIC                      UNC	
VPPM 029	3/4"	19	50,8	23,8	M10x24	3/8 - 16 UNC-2B 24
VPPM 046	1"	25,4	57,1	27,7	M12x20	7/16 -14 UNC-2B 20
VPPM 073 VPPM 087	1 1/4"	32	66,7	31,7	M14x23	1/2 - 13 UNC-2B 23

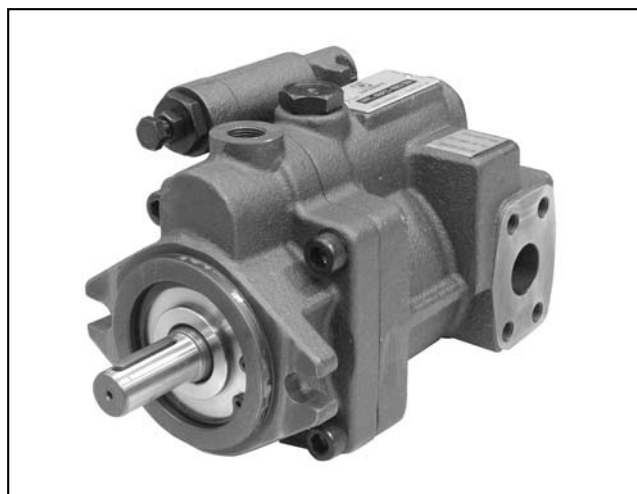


## 25 - CONNECTION FLANGES

dimensions in mm  
The fastening bolts and the O-Rings must be ordered separately

	Flange code	Flange description
SAE 3000	0610720	OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)
	0610714	OR 4187 (47.22x3.53)
	0610721	OR 4225 (56.74x3.53)
SAE 6000	0770075	OR 4100 (24.99x3.53)
	0770092	OR 4131 (32.93x3.53)
	0770106	OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)

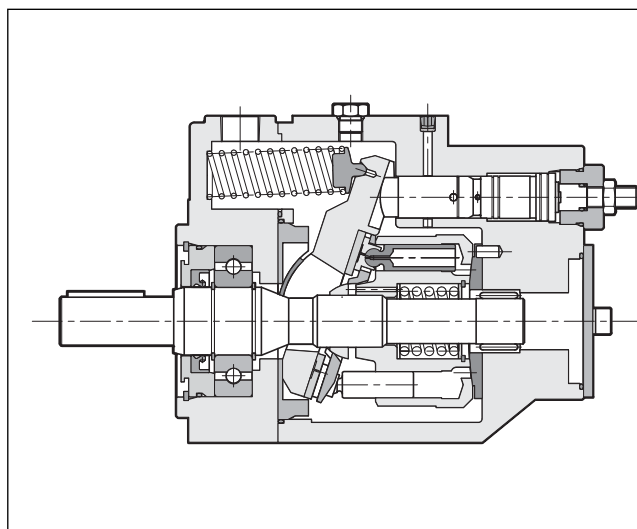
	Flange code	Flange description	P <sub>max</sub> [bar]	ØA	ØB	C	D	E	F	G	H	L	metric SHCS	1 UNC SHCS
SAE 3000	0610720	SAE - 1 1/4"	280	1 1/4" BSP	32	21	41	22	30,2	58,7	68	79	n° 4 - M10x35	n° 4 - 7/16 UNC x 1 1/2"
	0610714	SAE - 1 1/2"	210	1 1/2" BSP	38	25	45	24	35,7	70	78	94	n° 4 - M12x45	n° 4 - 1/2 UNC x 1 3/4"
	0610721	SAE - 2"	210	2" BSP	51	25	45	30	43	77,8	90	102	n° 4 - M12x45	n° 4 - 1/2 UNC x 1 3/4"
SAE 6000	0770075	SAE - 3/4"	420	3/4" BSP	19	21	35	22	23,8	50,8	55	71	n° 4 - M10x35	n° 4 - 3/8 x 1 1/2"
	0770092	SAE - 1"	420	1" BSP	25	25	42	24	27,7	57,1	65	81	n° 4 - M12x45	n° 4 - 7/16 x 1 3/4"
	0770106	SAE - 1 1/4"	420	1 1/4" BSP	32	27	45	25	31,7	66,7	78	95	n° 4 - M14x50	n° 4 - 1/2 x 1 3/4"



# VPPL

## VARIABLE DISPLACEMENT AXIAL-PISTON PUMPS FOR INTERMEDIATE PRESSURE SERIES 20

### OPERATING PRINCIPLE



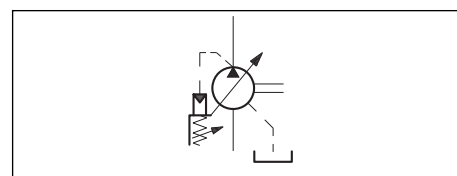
- The VPPL are variable displacement axial-piston pumps with variable swash plate, suitable for applications with open circuits and intermediate pressures.
- They are available in seven nominal sizes, with displacements of 8, 16, 22, 36, 46, 70 and 100 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev.
- The pump flow rate is proportional to the rotation speed and to the angle of the swash plate, which can be continuously modulated. The maximum and minimum angle can be limited mechanically via suitable regulating screws.
- They are usually supplied with a SAE J744 2-hole flange and a SAE J744 cylindrical with key shaft.
- They are available with four different types of regulating control, each according to the application needs.

### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

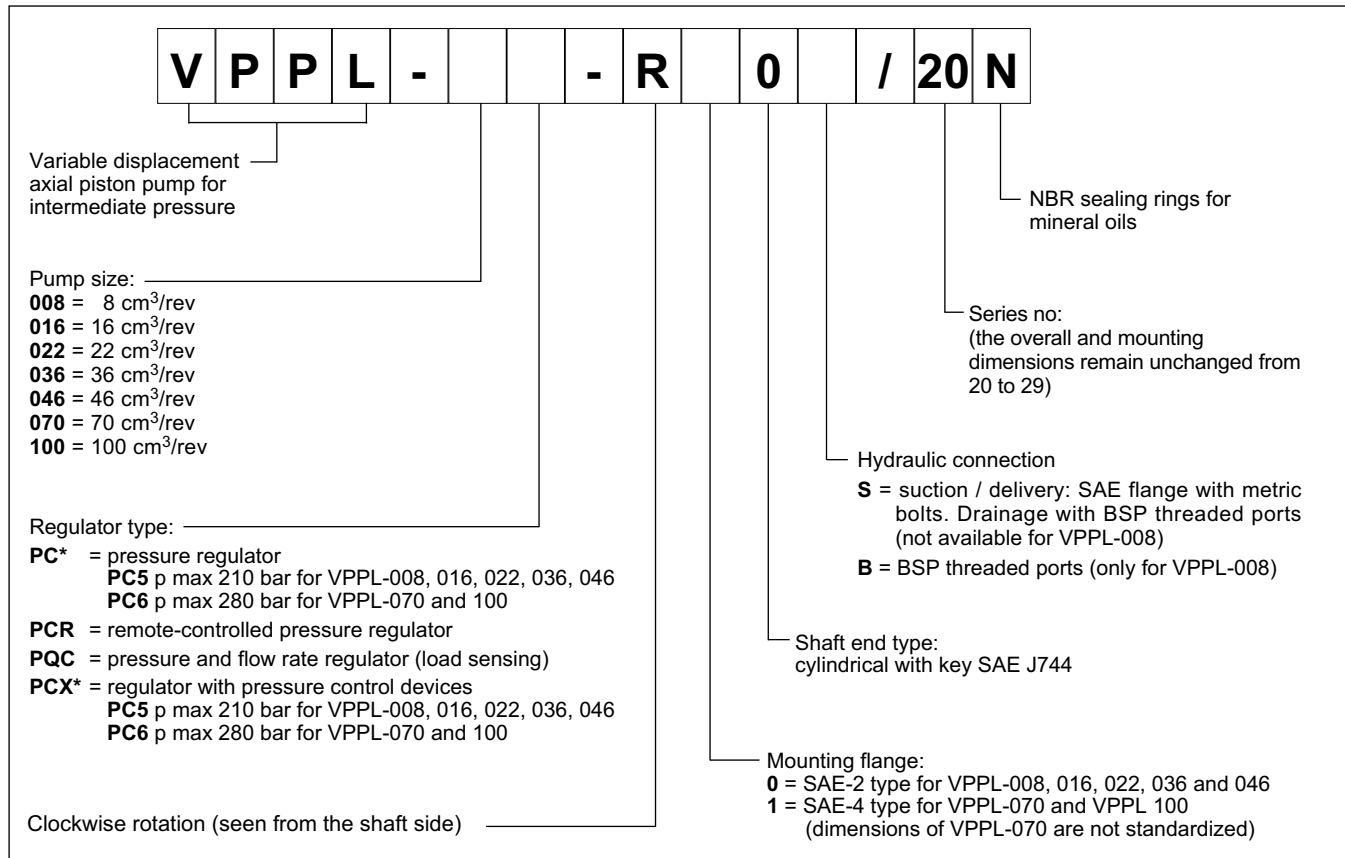
PUMP SIZE		008	016	022	036	046	070	100
Maximum displacement	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	8	16	22	36	46	70	100
Flow rate at 1500 rpm	lt/min	12	24	33	54	69	105	150
Operating pressures	bar	210					280	
Rotation speed	rpm	min 500 - max 2000						min 500 - max 1800
Rotation direction		clockwise (seen from the shaft side)						
Hydraulic connection		SAE flange						
Type of mounting		SAE flange J744 - 2 holes						
Oil volume in the pump body	dm <sup>3</sup>	0,2	0,3		0,6		1	1,8
Mass	kg	8	12	12	23	23	41	60

### HYDRAULIC SYMBOL

Ambient temperature range	°C	-10 / +50
Fluid temperature range	°C	-10 / +70
Fluid contamination degree	see paragraph 2.3	
Recommended viscosity	cSt	20 ÷ 50



### 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODE



### 2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

#### 2.1 - Fluid type

Use mineral oil-based hydraulic fluids HL or HM type, according to ISO 6743-4. With these fluids use NBR seals. Using fluids at temperatures higher than 70 °C causes a faster degradation of the fluid and of the seals characteristics. The fluid must be preserved in its physical and chemical characteristics.

#### 2.2 - Fluid viscosity

The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity	10 cSt	referred to a maximum temperature of 90 °C for the drainage fluid
optimum viscosity	20 / 50 cSt	referred to the operating temperature of the fluid in the tank
maximum viscosity	1000 cSt	limited only to the cold start-up of the pump, which has to be carried out with the plant at minimum pressure.

When selecting the fluid type, be sure that the true viscosity is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

#### 2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

The maximum degree of fluid contamination must be according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/18/15; therefore the use of a delivery or return filter with  $\beta_{20} \geq 75$  is suggested.

A degree of maximum fluid contamination according to ISO 4406:1999 class 20/16/13 is recommended for optimum endurance of the pump. Hence, the use of a filter with  $\beta_{10} \geq 100$  is recommended.

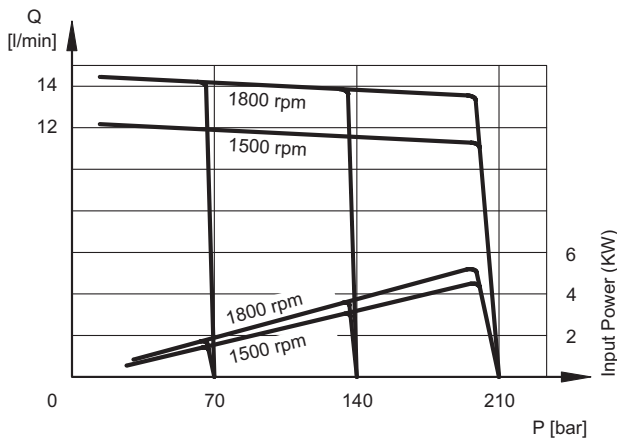
For the installation of filters on the suction line, see paragraph 10. The suction filter must be equipped with a by-pass valve and, if possible, with a clogging indicator and should be oversized to avoid cavitation problems.



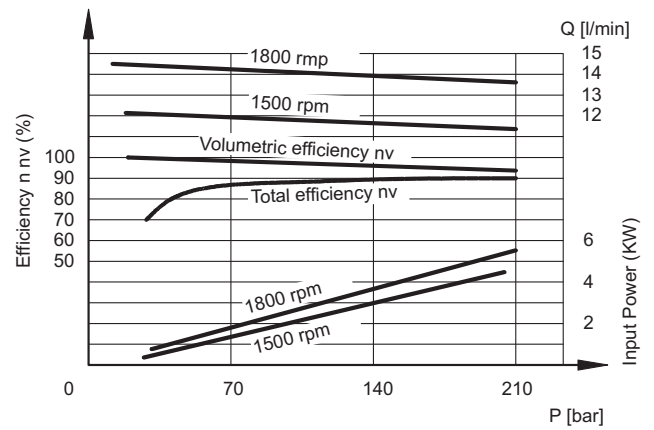
## 3 - CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

### 3.1 - VPPL-008 pump characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

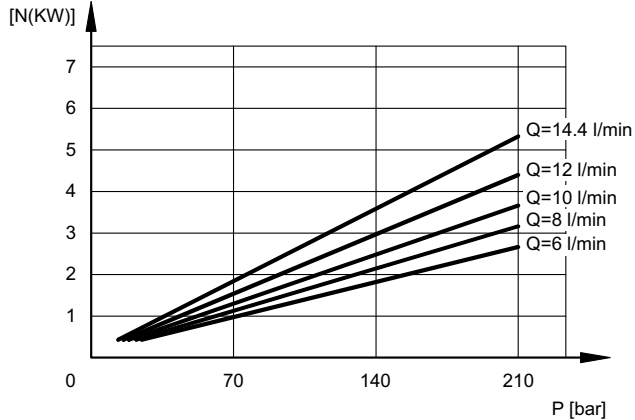
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



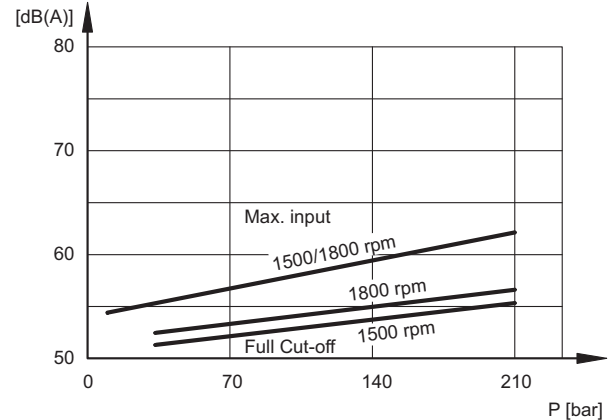
#### VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



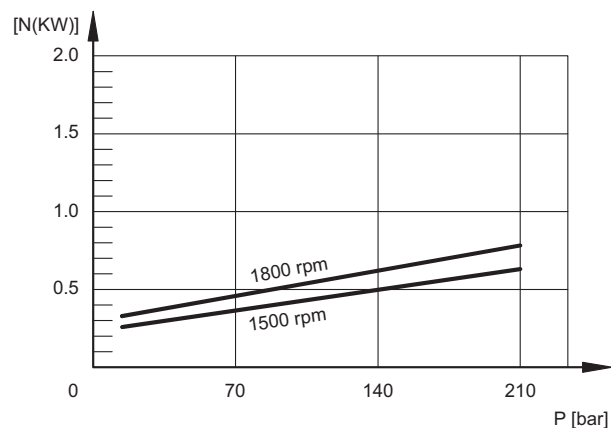
#### ABSORBED POWER



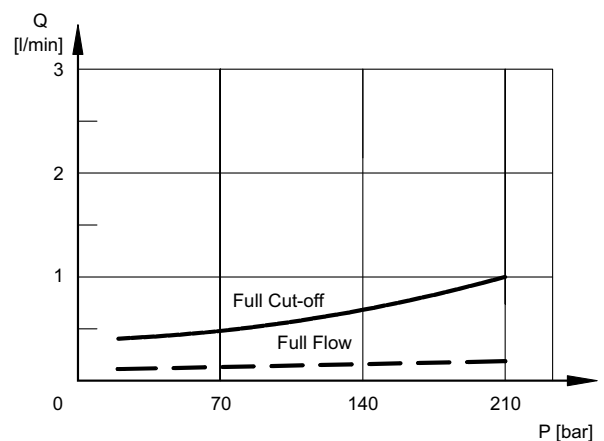
#### NOISE LEVEL



#### INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF

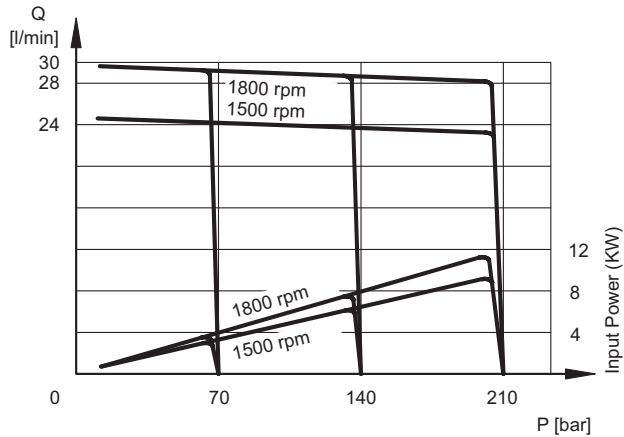


#### DRAIN FLOW RATE

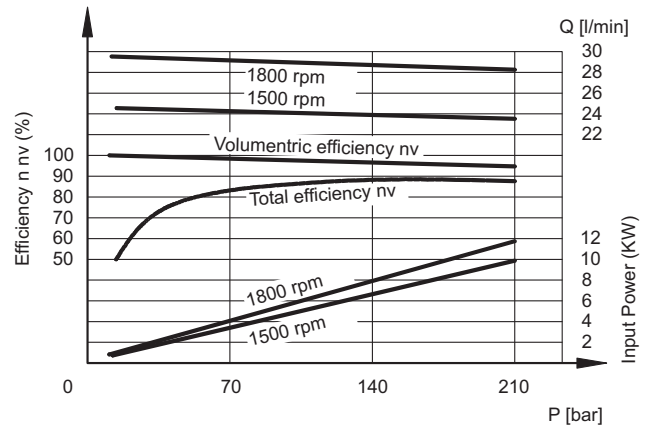


### 3.2 - VPPL-016 pump characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

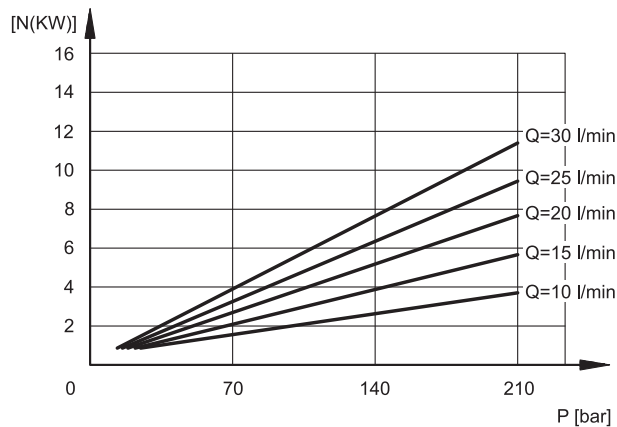
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



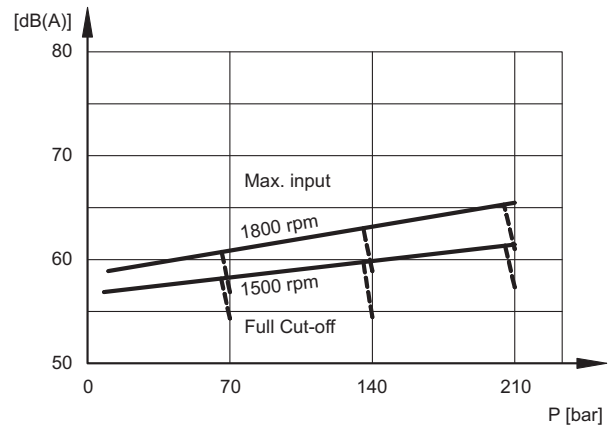
#### VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



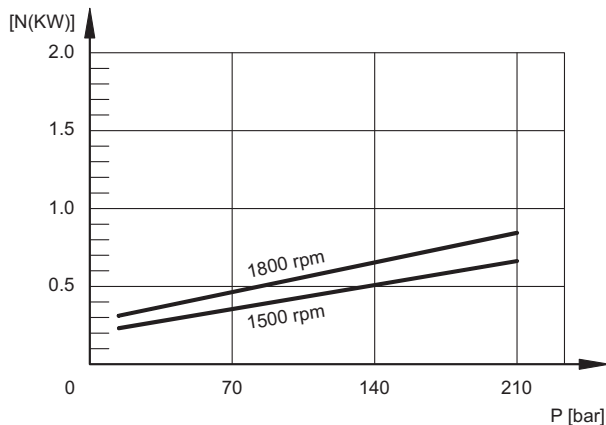
#### ABSORBED POWER



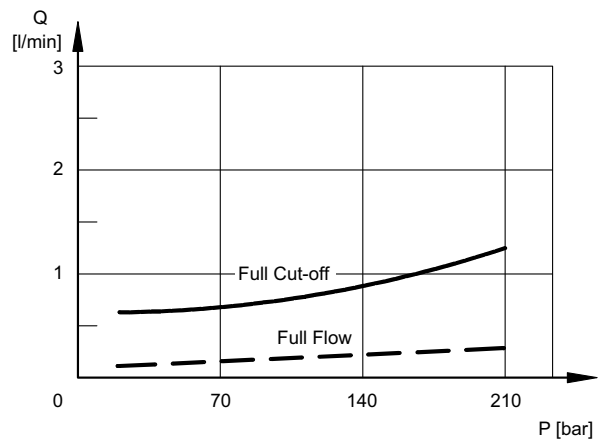
#### NOISE LEVEL



#### INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF

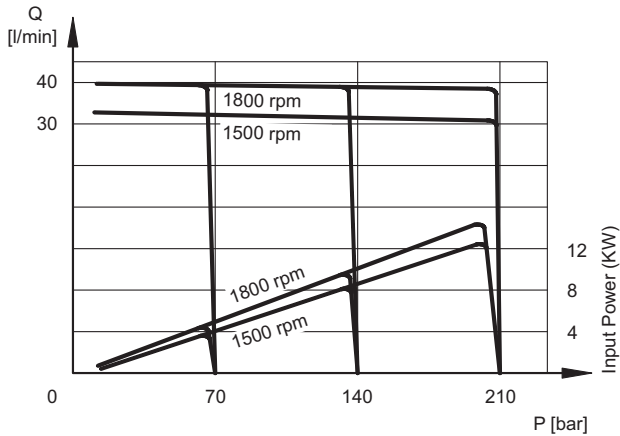


#### DRAIN FLOW RATE

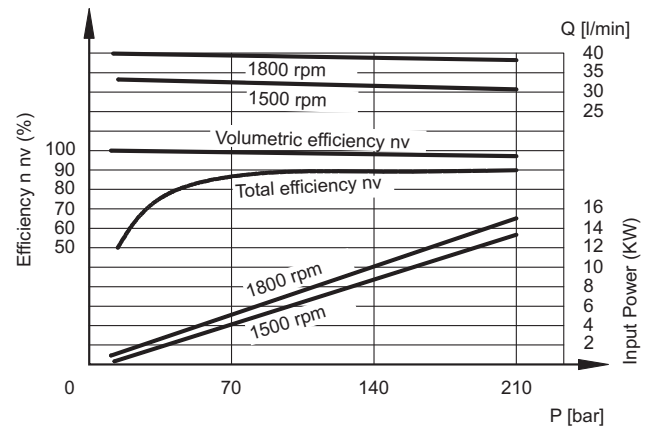


### 3.3 - VPPL-022 pump characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

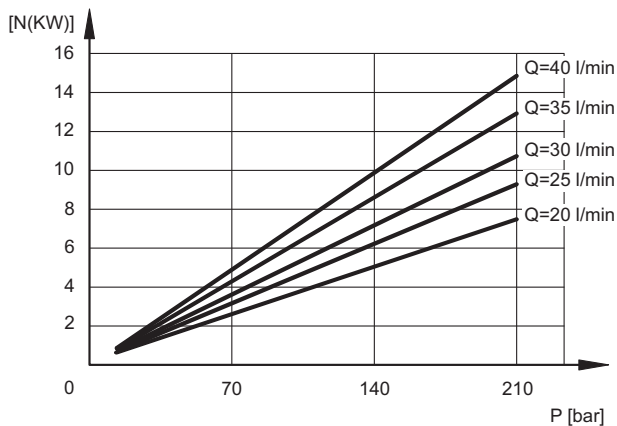
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



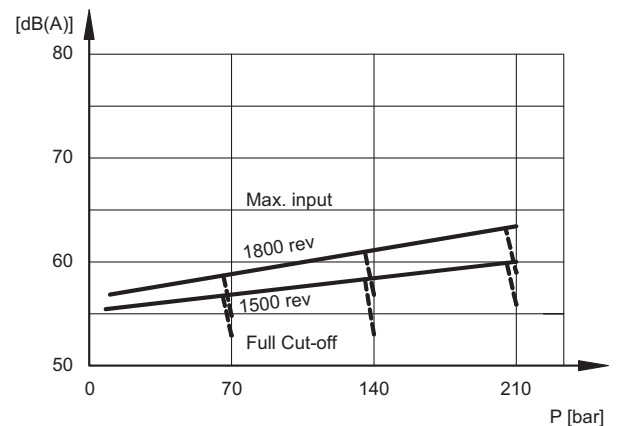
#### VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



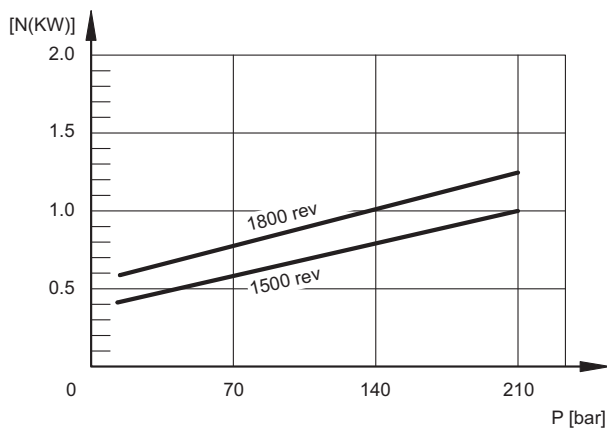
#### ABSORBED POWER



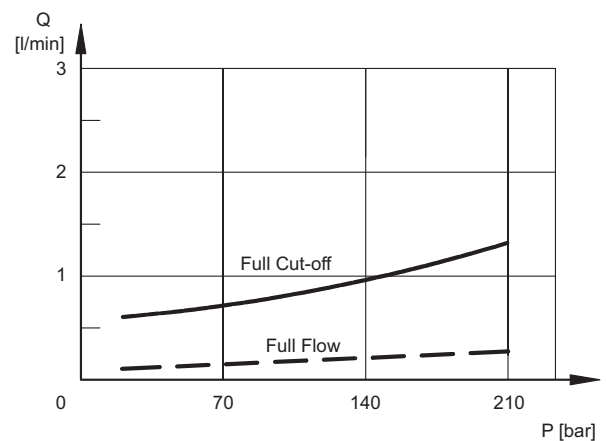
#### NOISE LEVEL



#### INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF

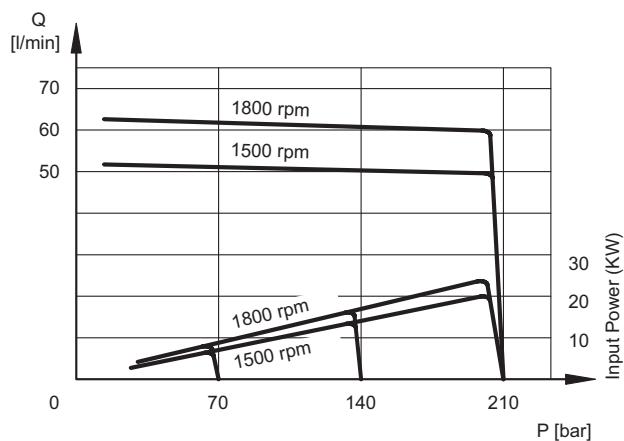


#### DRAIN FLOW RATE

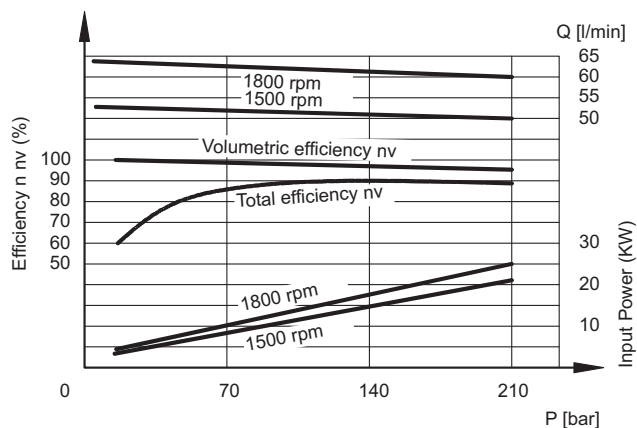


### 3.4 - VPPL-036 pump characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

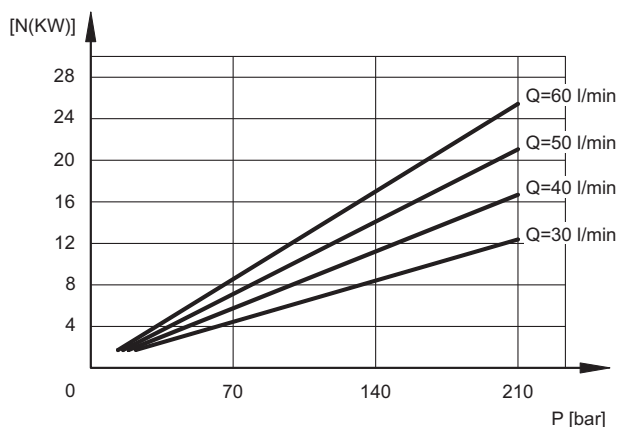
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



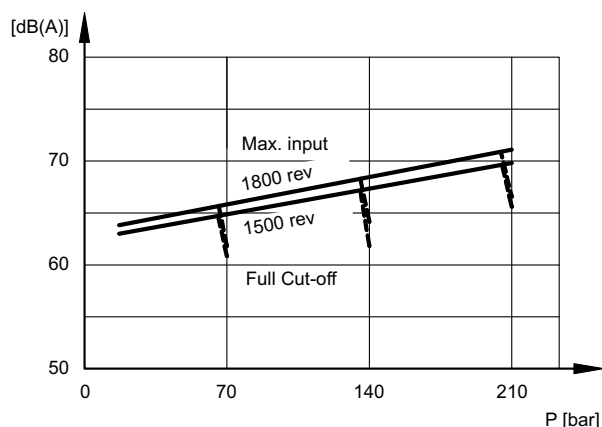
#### VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



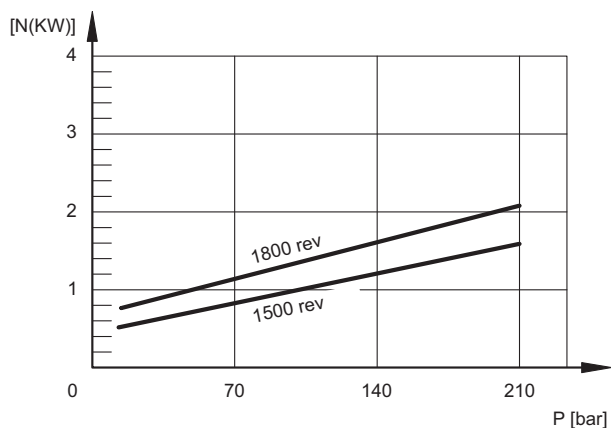
#### ABSORBED POWER



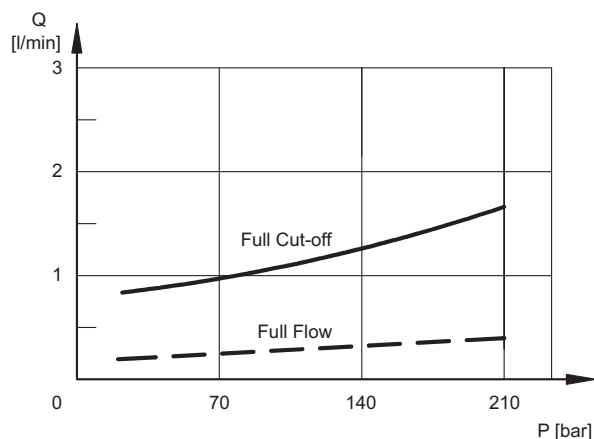
#### NOISE LEVEL



#### INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF

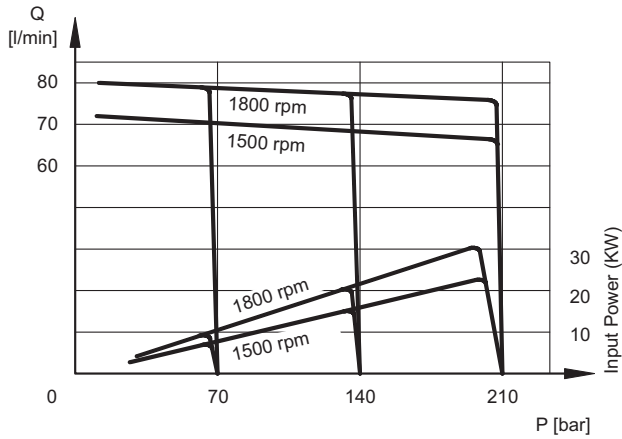


#### DRAIN FLOW RATE

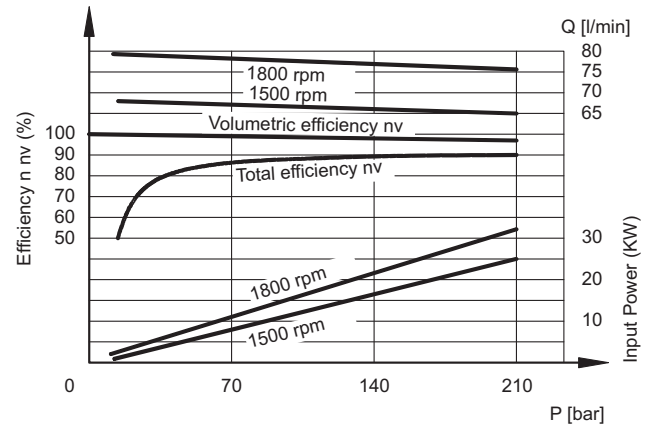


### 3.5 - VPPL-046 pump characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

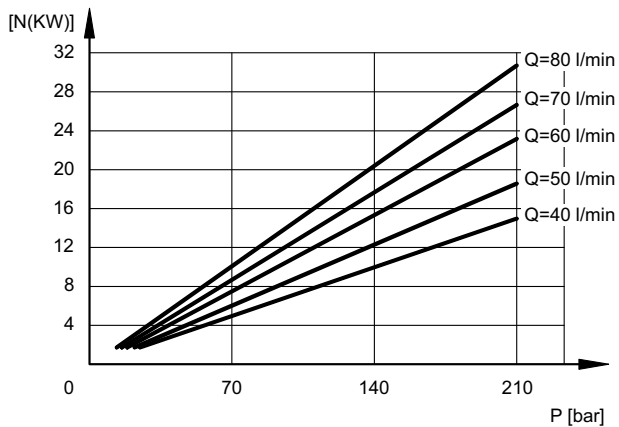
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



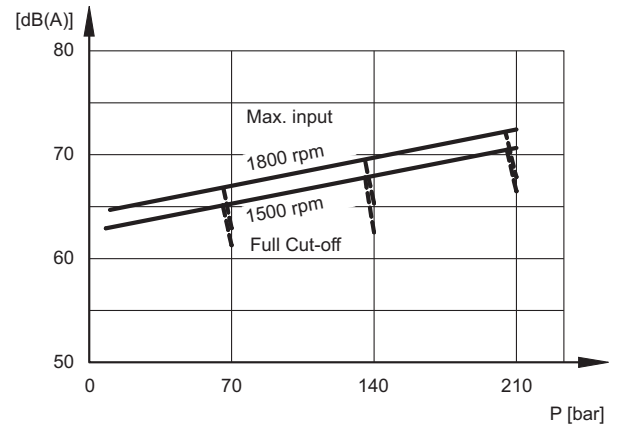
#### VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



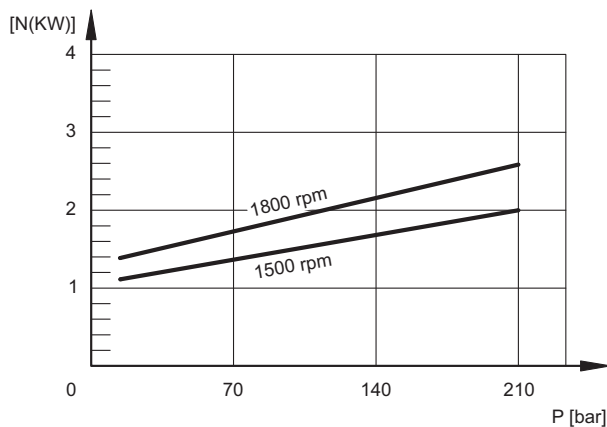
#### ABSORBED POWER



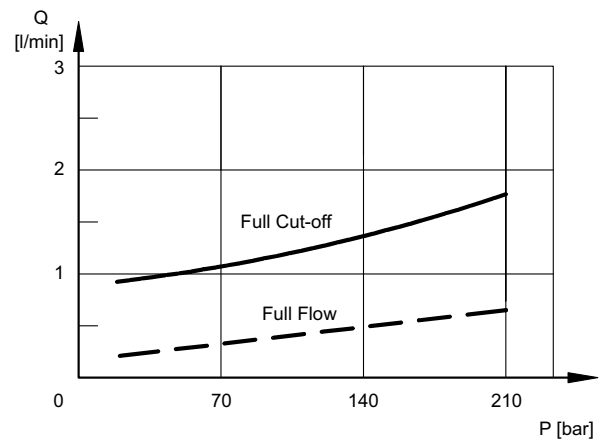
#### NOISE LEVEL



#### INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF

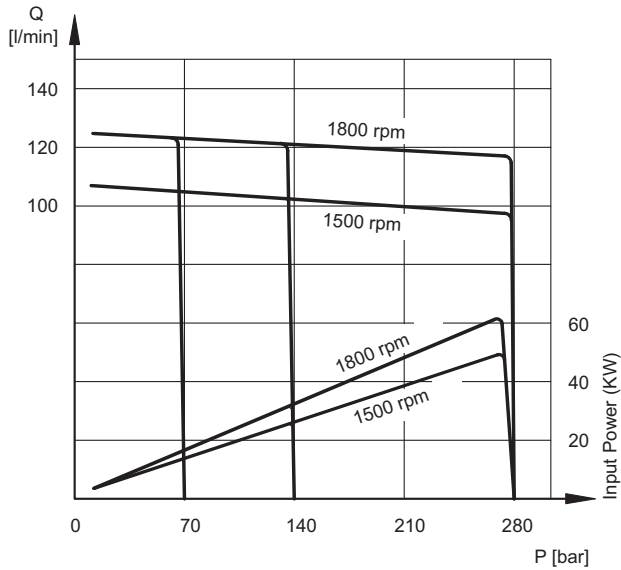


#### DRAIN FLOW RATE

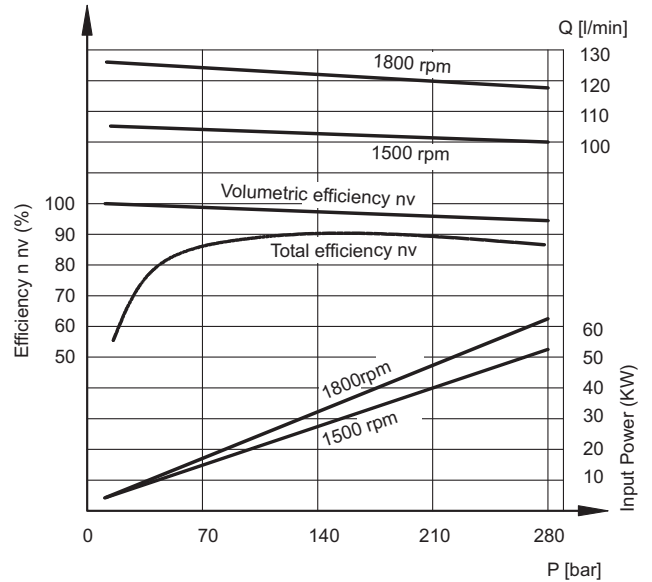


### 3.4 - VPPL-070 pump characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

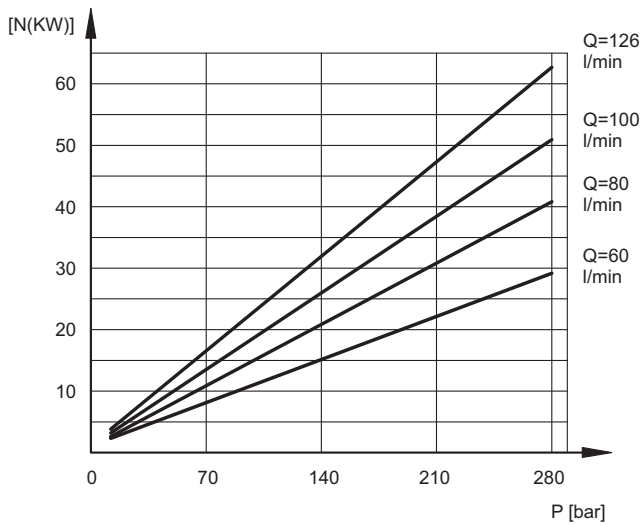
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



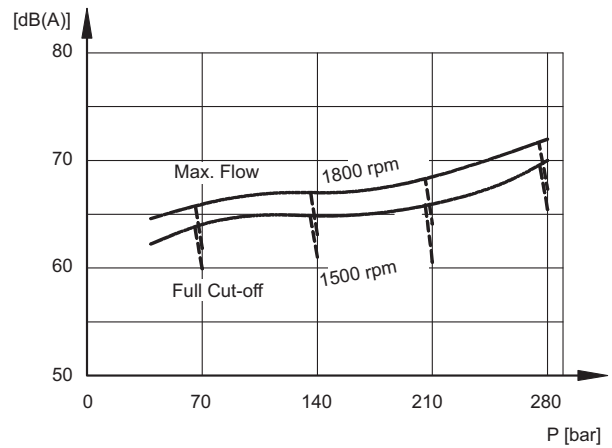
#### VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



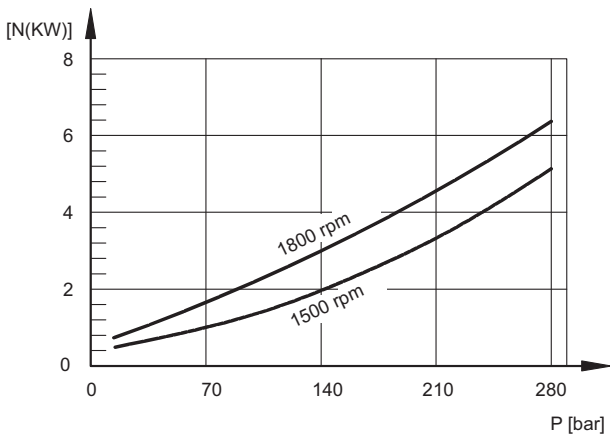
#### ABSORBED POWER



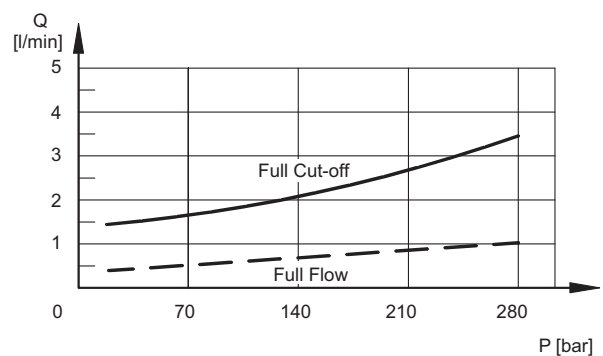
#### NOISE LEVEL



#### INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF

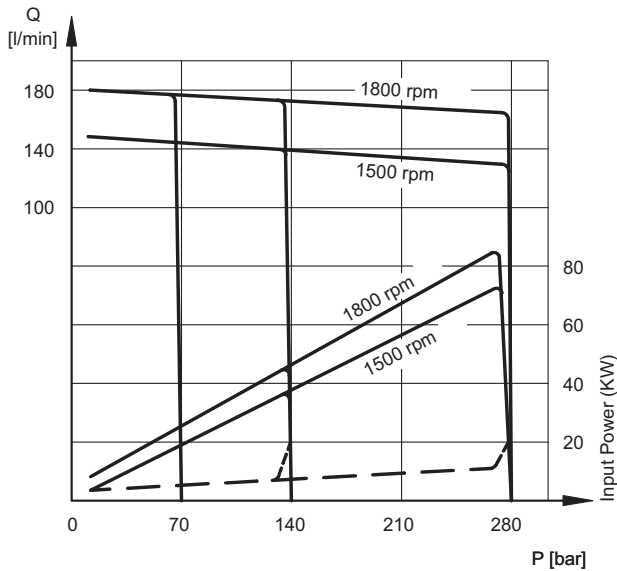


#### DRAIN FLOW RATE

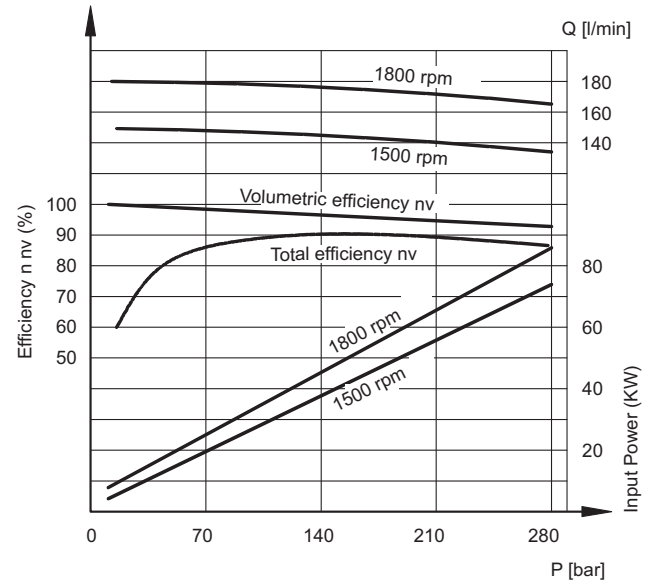


### 3.5 - VPPL-100 pump characteristic curves (values obtained with mineral oil with viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

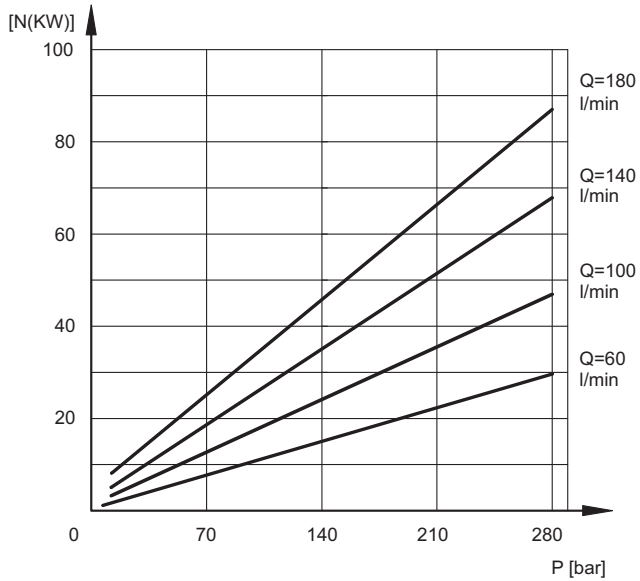
#### FLOW RATE / PRESSURE CURVES



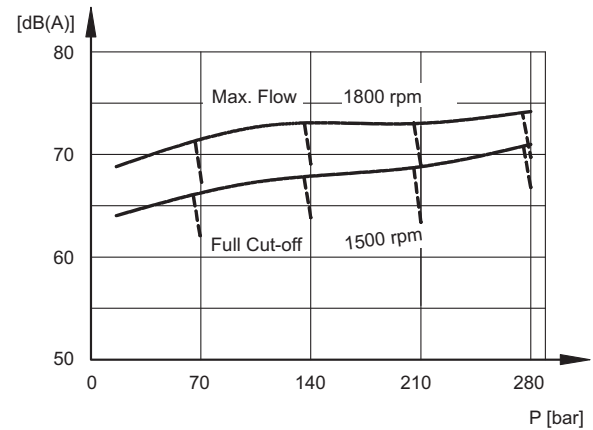
#### VOLUMETRIC AND TOTAL EFFICIENCY



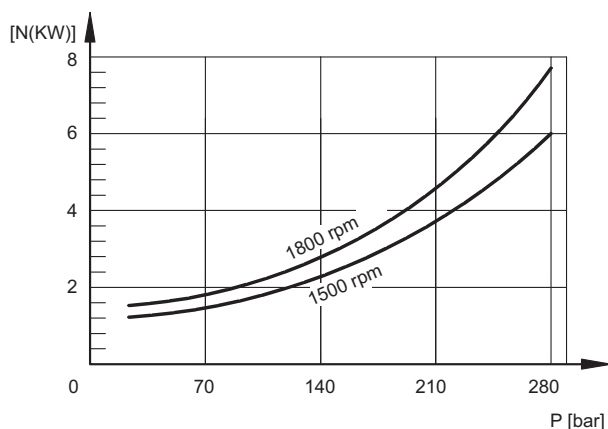
#### ABSORBED POWER



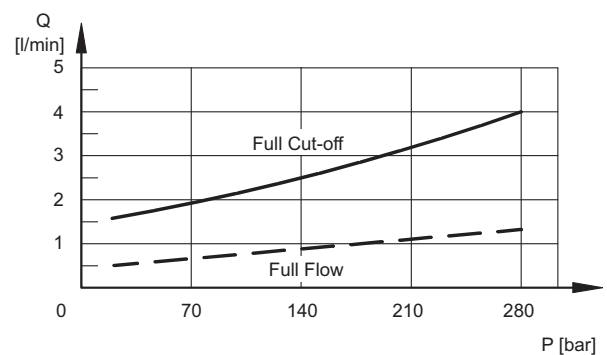
#### NOISE LEVEL



#### INPUT POWER AT FULL CUT-OFF

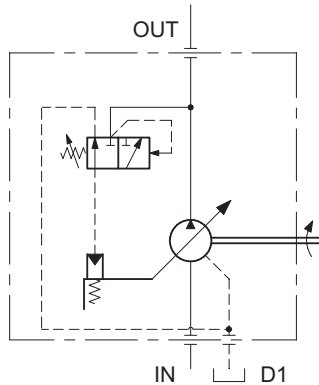


#### DRAIN FLOW RATE



## 4 - REGULATORS

### 4.1 - Pressure regulator: PC\*



The PC\* pressure regulator keeps the pressure at a constant set level in the circuit, thus adjusting automatically the pump flow rate according to the real need of the system.

The desired pressure can be set by manually adjusting the P regulation valve. The clockwise rotation of the adjustment bolt makes the pressure increase.

#### FEATURES OF THE PC REGULATOR:

- pressure adjustment range:
  - PC5** = 30 ÷ 210 bar (for VPPL 008, 016, 022, 036 and 046)
  - pressure increase/adjustment screw round: 69 bar
  - PC6** = 30 ÷ 280 bar (for VPPL 070 and 100)
  - pressure increase/adjustment screw round: 78 bar

### 4.2 - Remote-controlled pressure regulator: PCR

The PCR regulator allows a remote-control of the device via a remote control connected to the X port (typical application for submerged pumps).

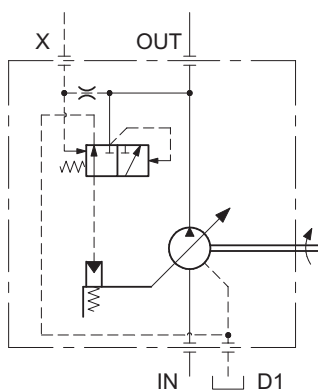
In case a pressure regulating valve is used for the remote-control, it is suggested to use a direct operated valve with a size suitable to 1,5 l/min pilot flow rate.

Note: The maximum length of the connection between the valve and X port of the pump must not be longer than 2 m.

#### 4.2.1 - Remote-controlled pressure regulator: PCR for VPPL 008, 016, 022, 036 e 046

##### FEATURES OF THE REGULATOR:

- remote-adjustment pressure = 20 ÷ 210 bar
- flow rate available on the X port for the remote-control = about 1,5 l/min (approx.)

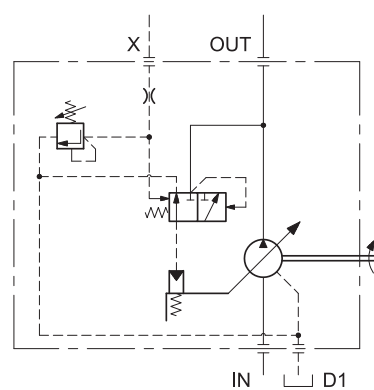


#### 4.2.2 - Remote-controlled pressure regulator: PCR for VPPL 070 e 100

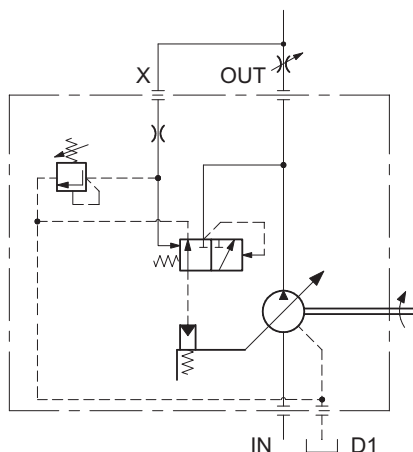
##### FEATURES OF THE REGULATOR:

It also limits the line maximum pressure.

- pressure regulating range 30 ÷ 280 bar
- pressure increase/adjustment screw round: 78 bar
- remote-regulated pressure range = 20 ÷ 280 bar
- flow rate available on the X port for the remote-control = about 1,5 l/min



### 4.3 - Pressure and flow rate regulator: PQC



This regulator, in addition to the pressure adjustment (as for the PC\* model), allows the pump flow rate control, according to the  $\Delta p$  pressure drop measured on either side of a throttle valve installed on the user line.

Note: The connection pipe between the X port and the flow line downstream the restrictor (or valve) must always be made (customer charge).

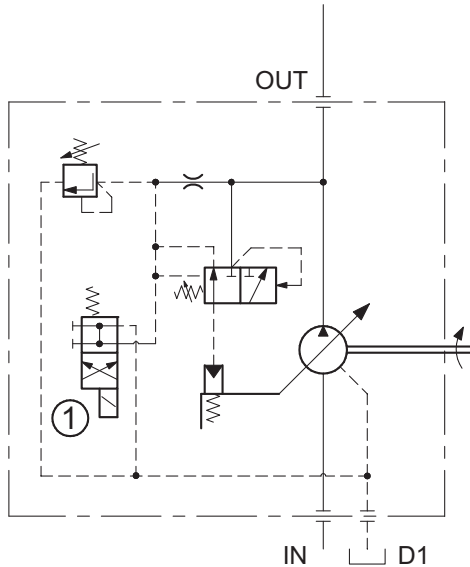
#### FEATURES OF THE PQC REGULATOR:

- pressure adjustment range:
  - 11 ÷ 190 bar (for VPPL 008, 016, 022, 036 and 046)
  - 13 ÷ 230 bar (for VPPL 070 and 100)
- pressure increase/adjustment screw round: 78 bar
- differential pressure adjustment range = 15 ÷ 28 bar
- minimum delivery pressure = 15 bar



### 4.4 - Regulator with pressure control devices: PCX\*

#### 4.4.1 - Electrical unloading



The PCX\* regulator, mated to a suitable two-position solenoid valve, allows the electrical switching of the pump displacement in null condition and with minimum delivery pressure.

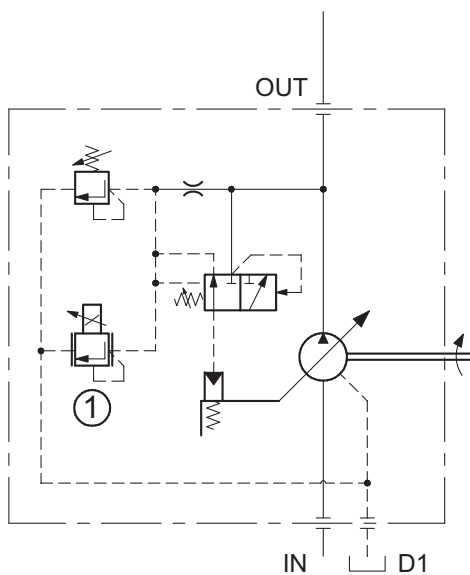
This function is useful for the pump unloading at the start-up or to operate at minimum pressure in the system during the machine cycle pause, with considerable energy saving.

The pressure switching is made by means of a solenoid valve (to be ordered separately) installed on the pump regulator directly.

#### PCX\* FEATURES (electrical unloading):

- solenoid switching valve (1) = DS3-SA2 type (to be ordered separately - see cat. 41 150)
- solenoid valve OFF = pump at null displacement and delivery pressure = 20 bar
- solenoid valve ON = maximum displacement and delivery pressure set on regulator.
- pressure regulating range:
  - 20 ÷ 210 bar for VPPL-008, 016, 022, 036 and 046
  - 20 ÷ 280 bar for VPPL-070 and 100
- pressure increase/adjustment screw round = 78 bar
- default settings:
  - 210 bar for VPPL-008, 016, 022, 036 and 046
  - 280 bar for VPPL-070 and 100

#### 4.4.2 - Pressure regulation with electric proportional control



The PCX regulator mated with a proportional pressure relief valve, allows a continuous control and modulation of the system pressure.

The proportional pressure relief valve (to be ordered separately) is installed on the pump regulator directly.

#### PCX\* FEATURES (proportional pressure regulation):

- pressure regulating range:
  - PCX5** = 20 ÷ 210 bar for VPPL-008, 016, 022, 036, 046.
  - PCX6** = 20 ÷ 280 bar for VPPL-070 and 100
- pressure increase/adjustment screw round = 78 bar
- default setting:
  - PCX5** = 210 bar for VPPL-008, 016, 022, 036 and 046
  - PCX6** = 280 bar for VPPL-070 and 100
- proportional pressure relief valve (1) = PRED3 type (to be ordered with the relative control card separately - see cat. 81 210)
- proportional pressure regulating range :
 

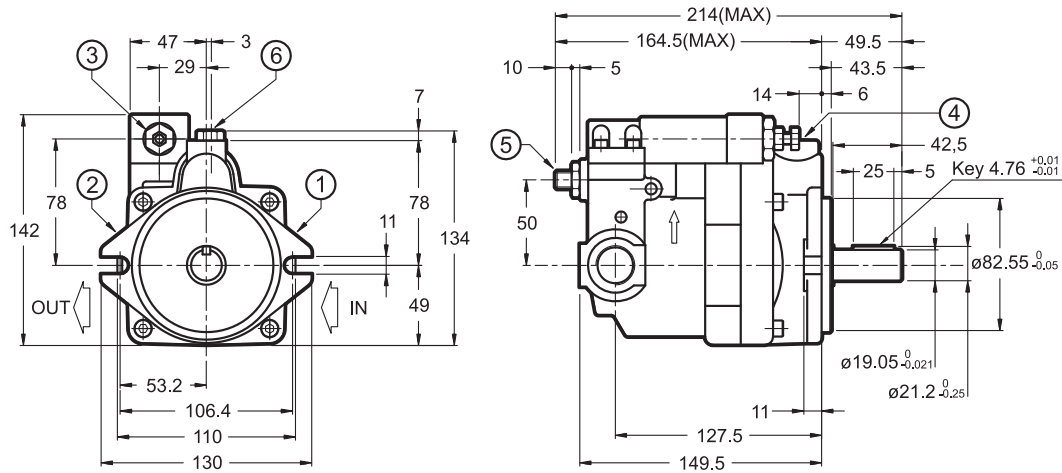
PRED3-070	20 ÷ 85 bar
PRED3-210	20 ÷ 225 bar

Hysteresis = < 5% of p nom

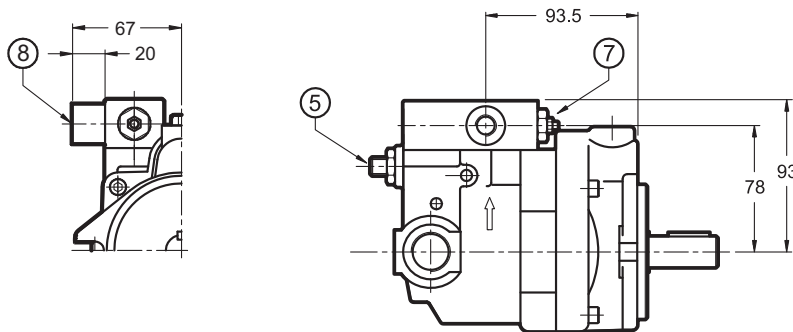
Repeatability = < ±1,5% of p nom

## 5 - VPPL-008 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

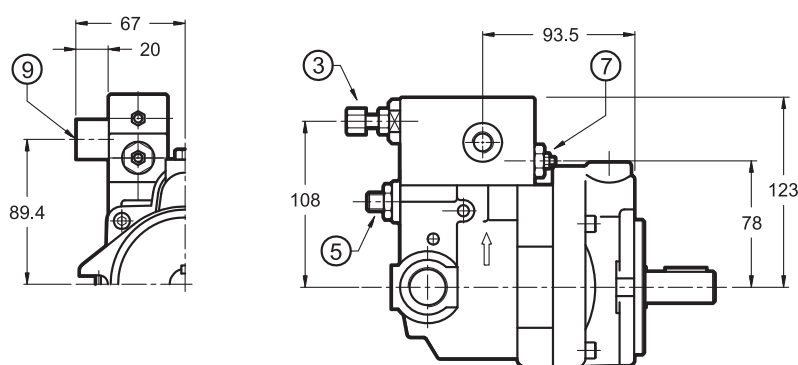
### VPPL-008PC5 PUMPS



### VPPL-008PCR PUMPS

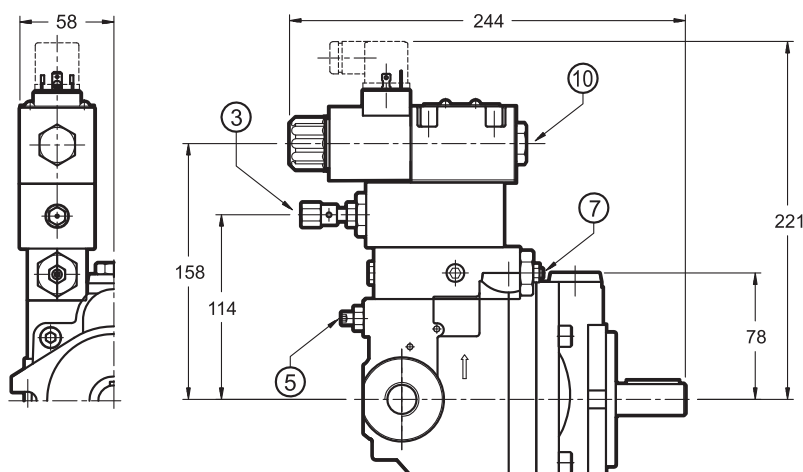


### VPPL-008PQC PUMPS



dimensions in mm

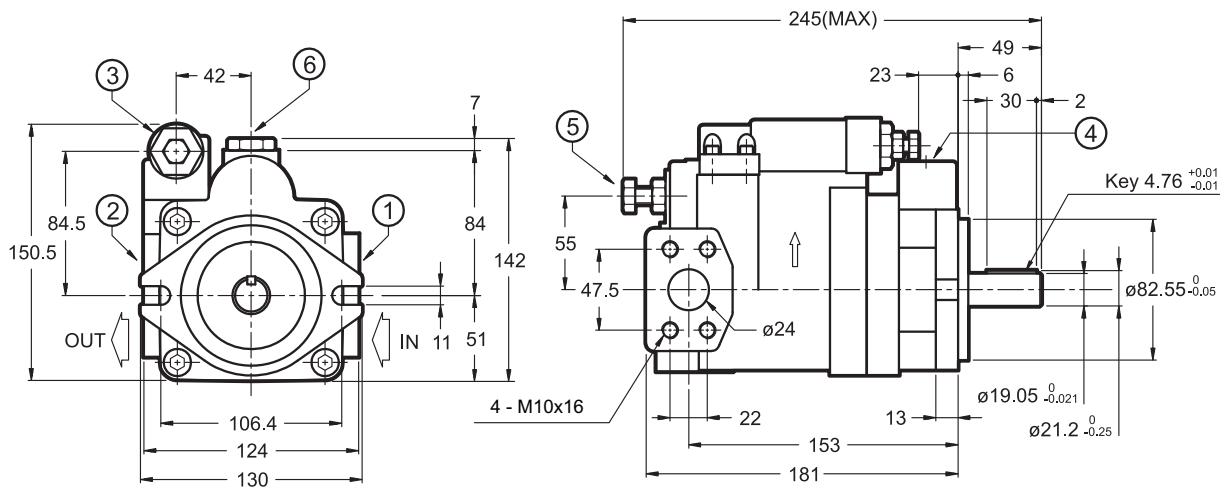
### VPPL-008PCX5 PUMPS



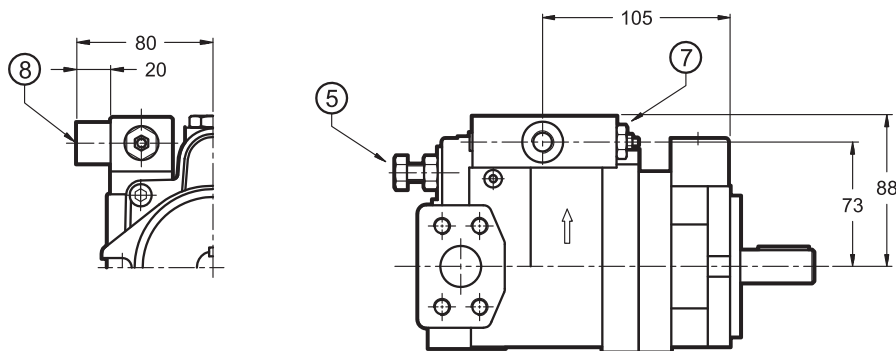
1	Suction port IN: 1/2" BSP
2	Delivery port OUT: 1/2" BSP
3	Pressure adjustment screw
4	Drain port: 3/8" BSP
5	Flow adjustment screw $\Delta$ displacement/round = 0,8 cm <sup>3</sup>
6	Oil supply port
7	Differential pressure (not adjustable)
8	Remote pressure control port: 1/4" BSP
9	Load sensing port: 1/4" BSP
10	Solenoid switching valve DS3-SA2 type (to be ordered separately - see cat. 41 150)

## 6 - VPPL-016 and VPPL-022 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

### VPPL-016PC5 and VPPL-022PC5 PUMPS

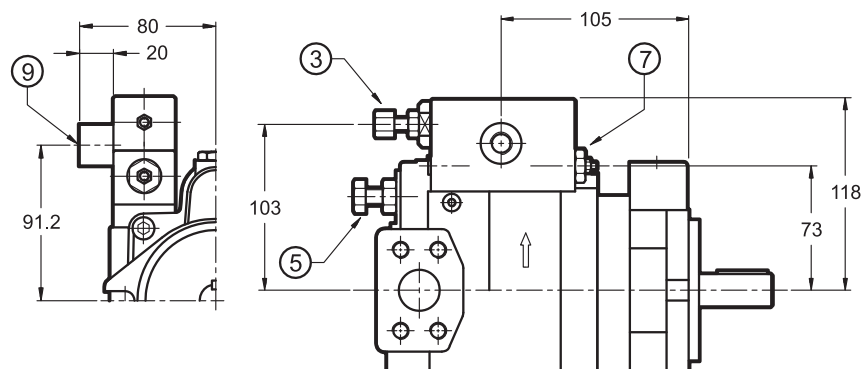


### VPPL-016PCR and VPPL-022PCR PUMPS



dimensions in mm

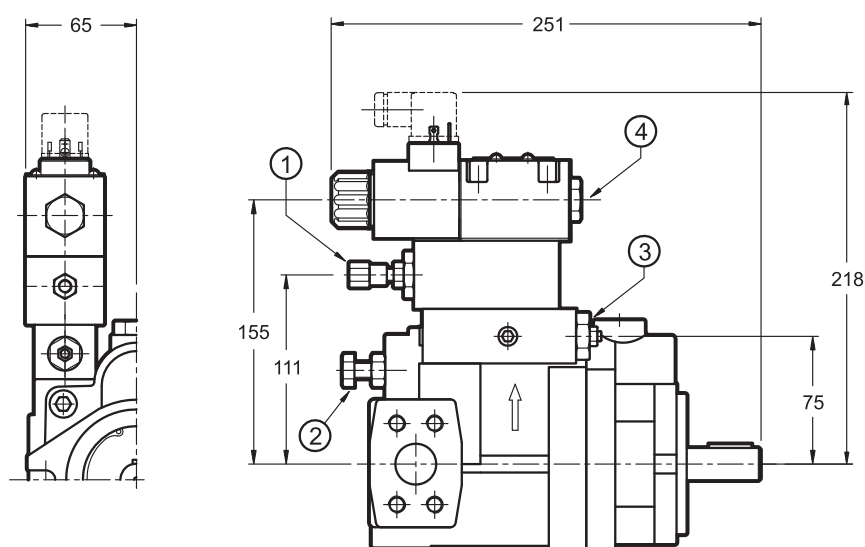
### VPPL-016PQC and VPPL-022PQC PUMPS



1	Suction port IN: SAE 3000 1" flange (see par. 11)
2	Delivery port OUT: SAE 3000 3/4" flange (see par. 11)
3	Pressure adjustment screw
4	Drain port: 3/8" BSP
5	Flow adjustment screw Δ displacement/round: 1,5 cm <sup>3</sup> (for VPPL-016) 2,0 cm <sup>3</sup> (for VPPL-022)
6	Oil supply port
7	Differential pressure (not adjustable)
8	Remote pressure control port: 1/4" BSP
9	Load sensing port: 1/4" BSP

## VPPL-016PCX5 and VPPL-022PCX5 PUMPS

dimensions in mm

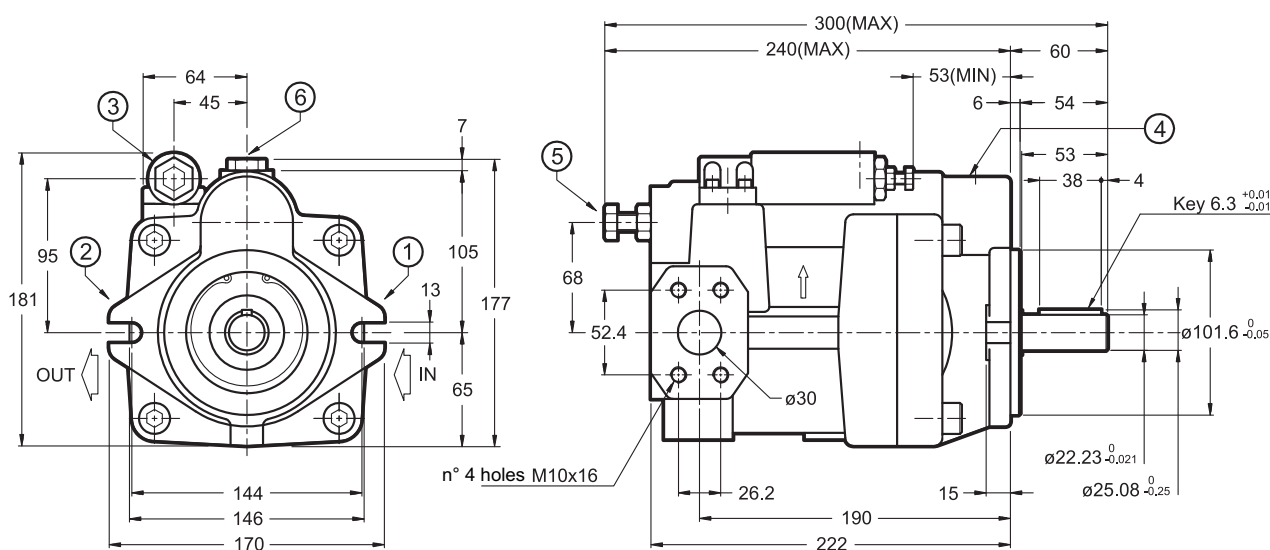


1	Pressure adjustment screw
2	Flow adjustment screw Δ displacement/round: 1,5 cm³ (for VPPL-016) 2,0 cm³ (for VPPL-022)
3	Differential pressure (not adjustable)
4	Solenoid switching valve DS3-SA2 type (to be ordered separately - see cat. 41 150)

## 7 - VPPL-036 and VPPL-046 PUMPS OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS

## VPPL-036PC5 and VPPL-046PC5 PUMPS

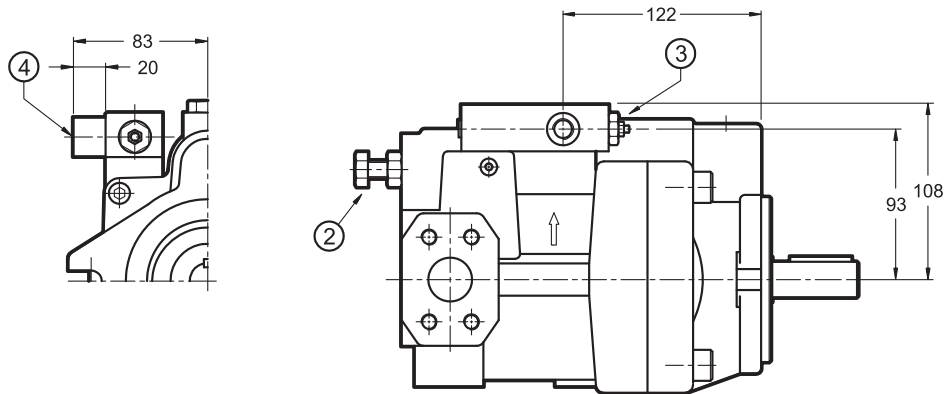
dimensions in mm



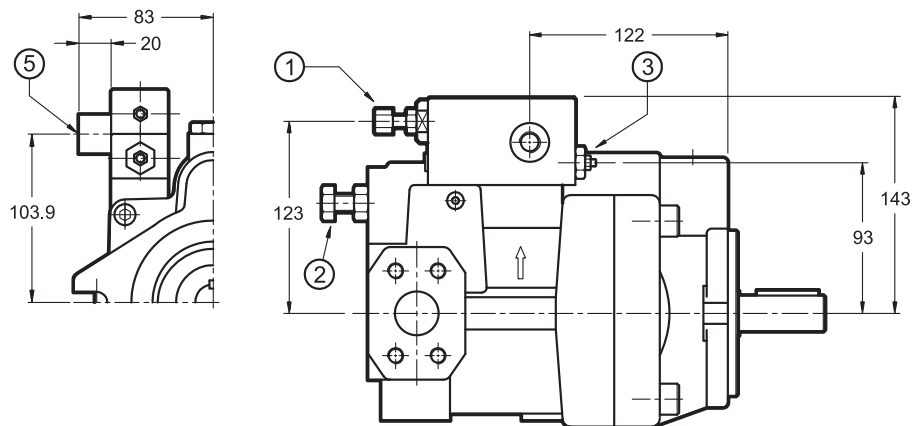
1	Suction port IN: SAE 3000 1 1/4" flange (see par. 11)
2	Delivery port OUT: SAE 3000 1" flange (see par. 11)
3	Pressure adjustment screw
4	Drain port: 1/2" BSP
5	Flow adjustment screw Δ displacement/round: 2,6 cm³ (for VPPL-036) 3,2 cm³ (for VPPL-046)
6	Oil supply port

## VPPL-036PCR and VPPL-046PCR PUMPS

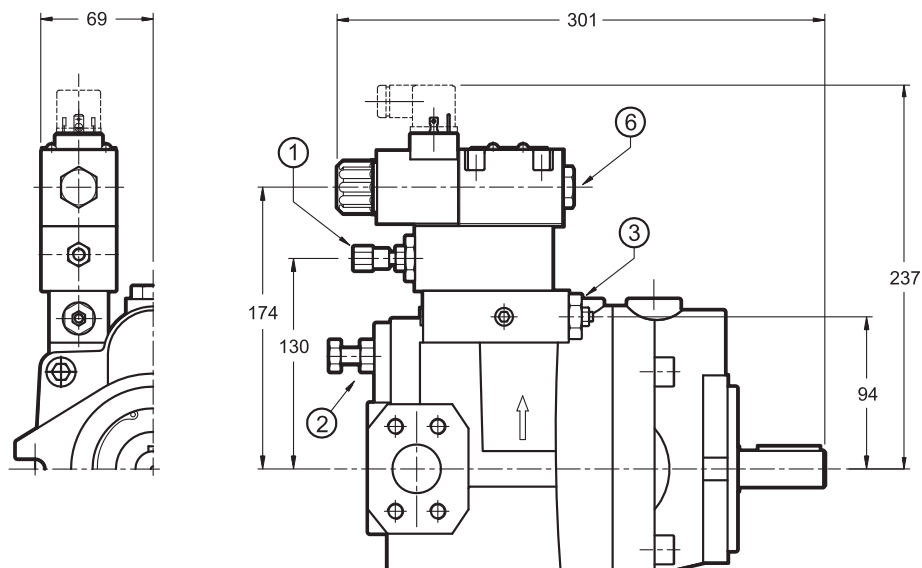
dimensions in mm



## VPPL-036PQC and VPPL-046PQC PUMPS



## VPPL-036PCX5 and VPPL-046PCX5 PUMPS

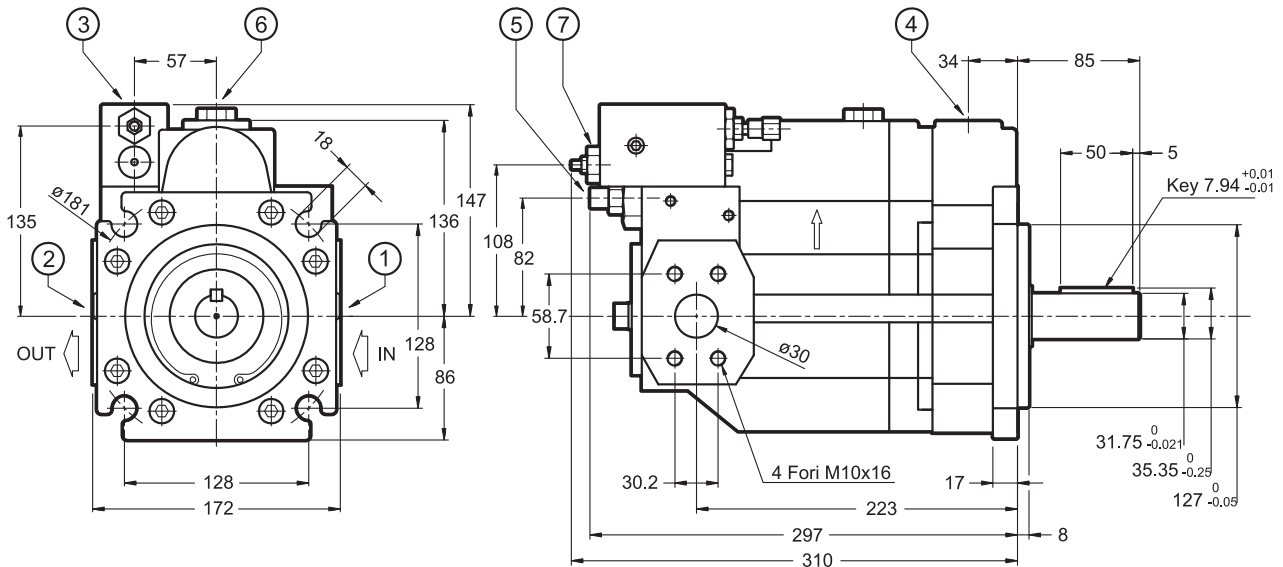


1	Pressure adjustment screw
2	Flow adjustment screw $\Delta$ displacement/round: 2,6 cm <sup>3</sup> (per VPPL-036) 3,2 cm <sup>3</sup> (per VPPL-046)
3	Differential pressure (not adjustable)
4	Remote pressure control port: 1/4" BSP
5	Load sensing port: 1/4" BSP
6	Solenoid switching valve DS3-SA2 type (to be ordered separately - see cat. 41 150)

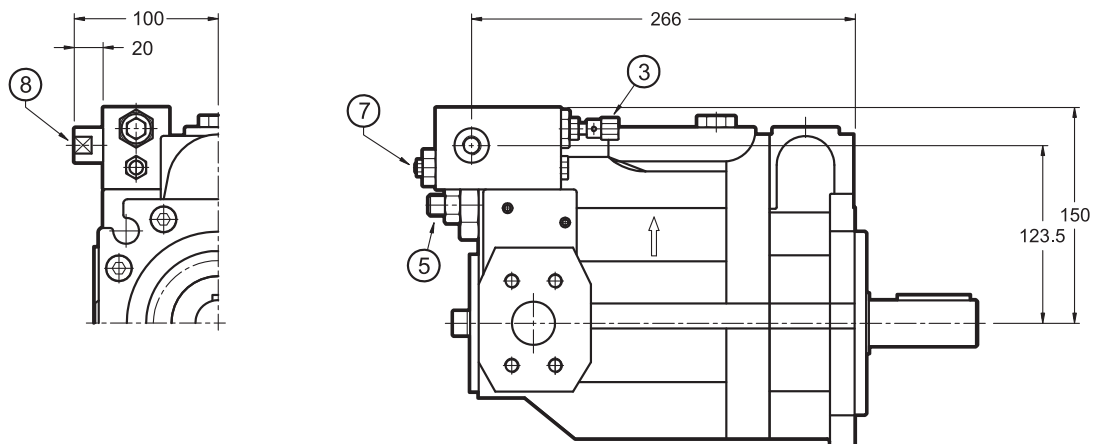
## 8 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS VPPL-070 PUMPS

### VPPL-070PC6 PUMP

dimensions in mm



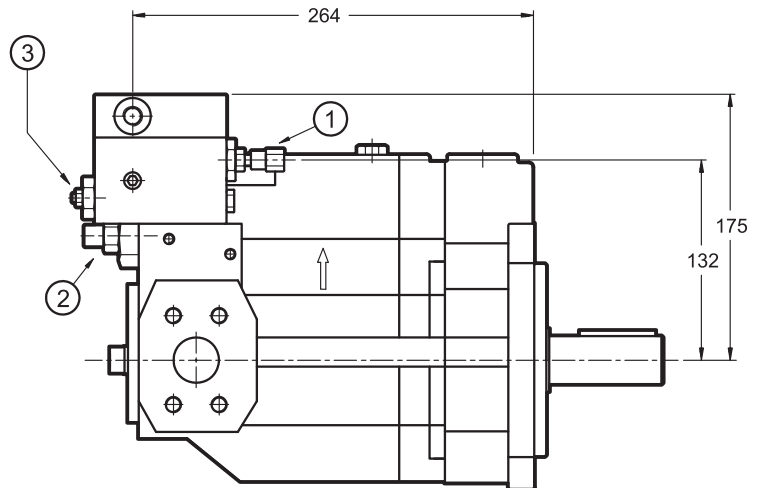
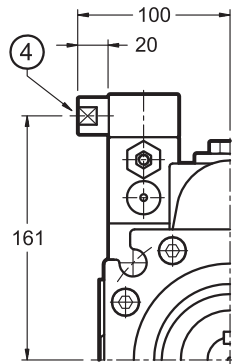
### VPPL-070PCR PUMP



1	Suction port IN: SAE 3000 1 1/2" flange (see paragraph 11)
2	Delivery port OUT: SAE 3000 1 1/4" flange (see paragraph 11)
3	Pressure adjustment screw
4	Drain port: 3/4" BSP
5	Flow adjustment screw $\Delta$ displacement/round = 4,1 cm <sup>3</sup>
6	Oil supply port
7	Differential pressure (not adjustable)
8	Remote pressure control port: 1/4" BSP

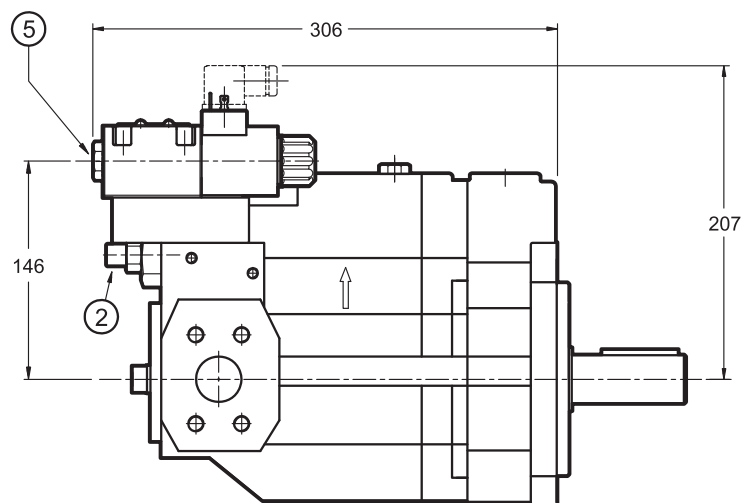
dimensions in mm

## VPPL-070PQC PUMP

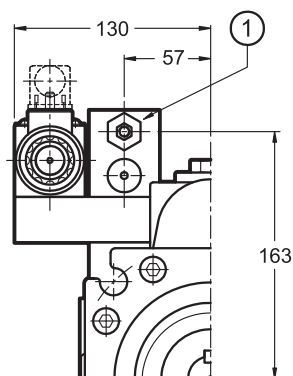


## VPPL-070PCX6 PUMP

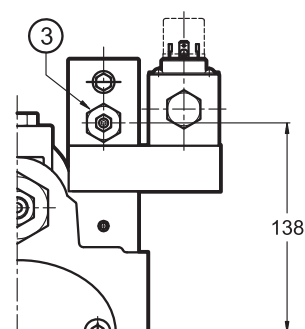
1	Pressure adjustment screw
2	Flow adjustment screw $\Delta$ displacement/round = 4,1 cm <sup>3</sup>
3	Differential pressure (not adjustable)
4	Load sensing port: 1/4" BSP
5	Solenoid switching valve DS3-SA2 type (to be ordered separately - see cat. 41 150)



Shaft side view



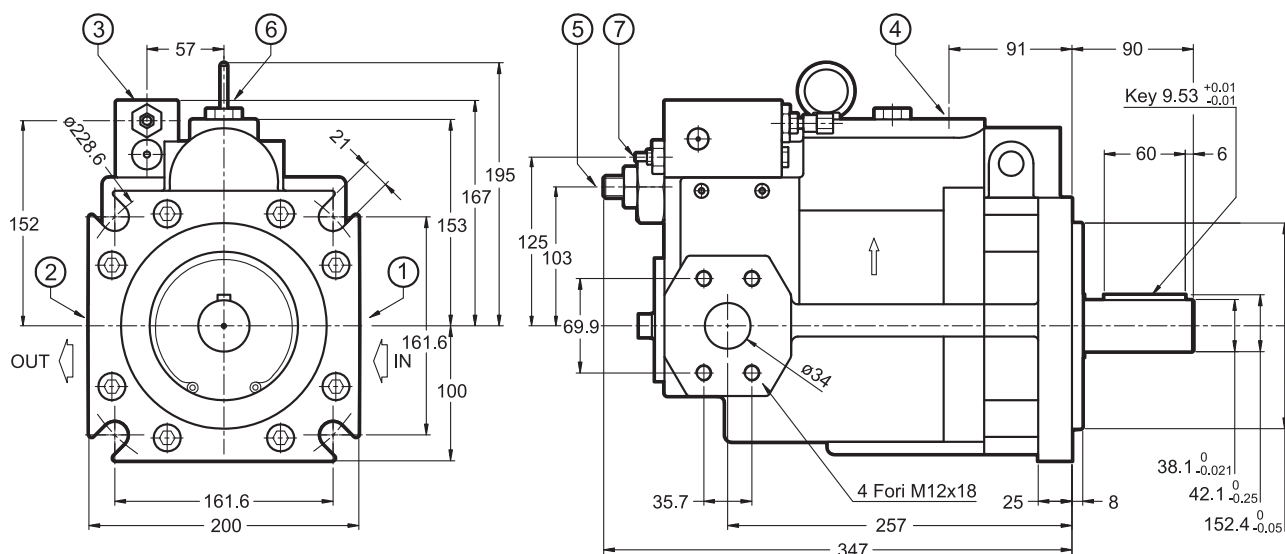
Regulator side view



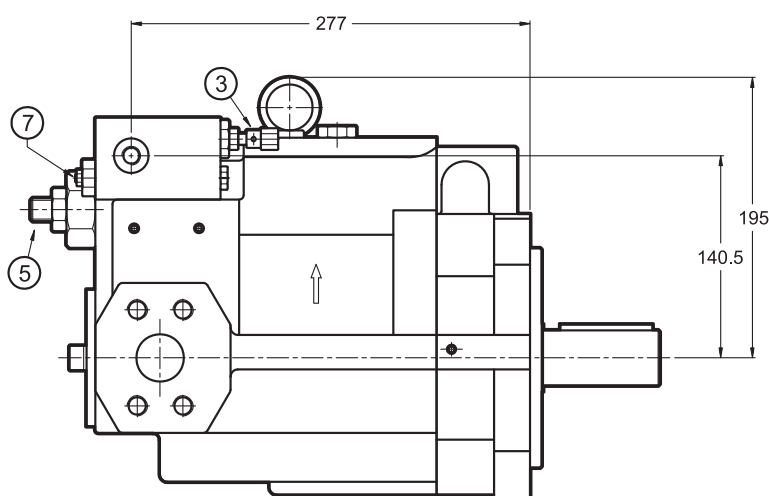
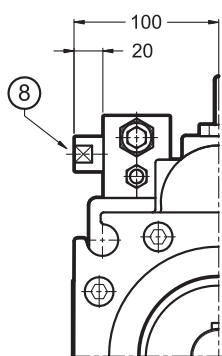
## 9 - OVERALL AND MOUNTING DIMENSIONS VPPL-100 PUMPS

## VPPL-100PC6 PUMP

dimensions in mm



## VPPL-100PCR PUMP

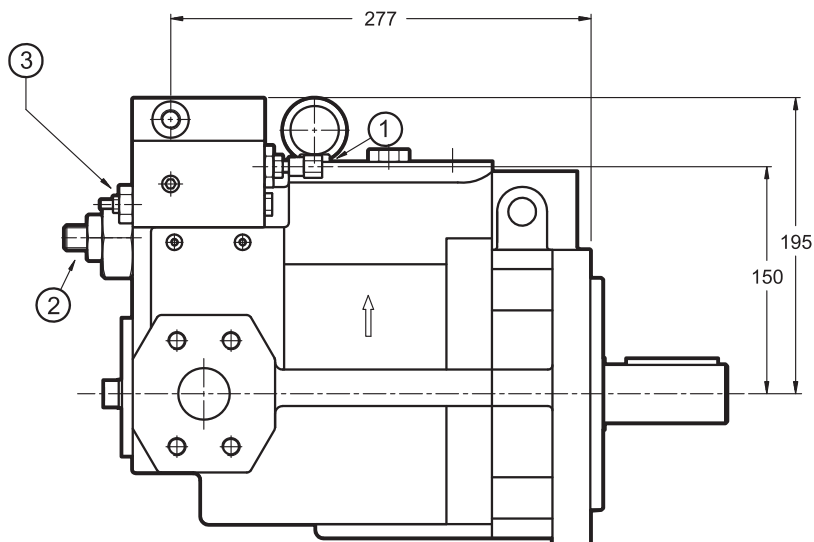
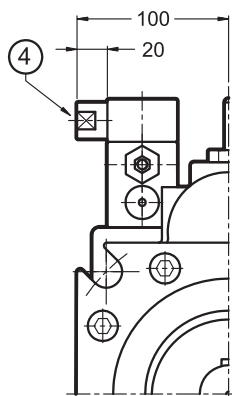


1	Suction port IN: SAE 3000 2" flange (see paragraph 11)
2	Delivery port OUT: SAE 6000 1 ¼" flange (see paragraph 11)
3	Pressure adjustment screw
4	Drain port: 3/4" BSP
5	Flow adjustment screw $\Delta$ displacement/round = 5,1 cm <sup>3</sup>
6	Oil supply port
7	Differential pressure (not adjustable)
8	Remote pressure control port: 1/4" BSP



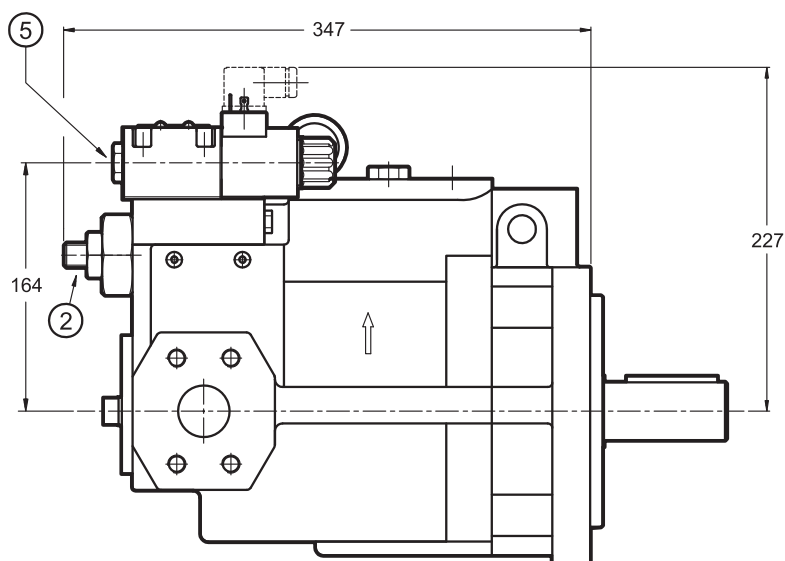
## VPPL-100PQC PUMP

dimensions in mm

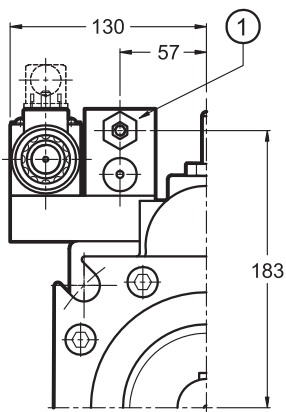


## VPPL-100PCX6 PUMP

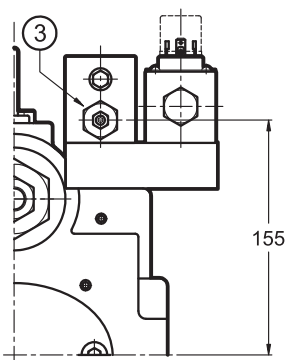
1	Pressure adjustment screw
2	Flow adjustment screw $\Delta$ displacement/round = 5,1 cm <sup>3</sup>
3	Differential pressure (not adjustable)
4	Load sensing port: 1/4" BSP
5	Solenoid switching valve DS3-SA2 type (to be ordered separately - see cat. 41 150)



Shaft side view



Regulator side view



## 10 - INSTALLATION

- The VPPL pumps can be installed both in a horizontal and vertical position, with the shaft in an upward position.

Note: the drain port has to be oriented so that the oil level inside the pump body is never lower than 3/4 of its volume.

- In the case of installation above the oil level, check that the minimal inlet pressure is not lower than -0.2 bars (relative). If a low noise emission level is required, the installation inside the tank is suggested.

In case of an installation inside the tank, with an oil level which does not grant complete pump submersion, it is suggested to adjust the drain tube so that the pump higher bearing can be always lubricated.

- **Before starting, the pump body has to be filled with the fluid.**

- Check the pump direction of rotation.

- It is necessary to vent the air from the delivery connection before operating it the first time. If the air venting should be difficult, the use of a venting valve is recommended.

The pump start up should occur with the plant at minimum pressure, especially with low temperatures.

- The suction tube has to be suitably sized so that the suction pressure is never lower than -0.2 bar (relative). Bends or restrictions or an excessive tube length could further decrease the value of the suction pressure with a following increase in the noise emissions and a decrease in the pump lifetime.

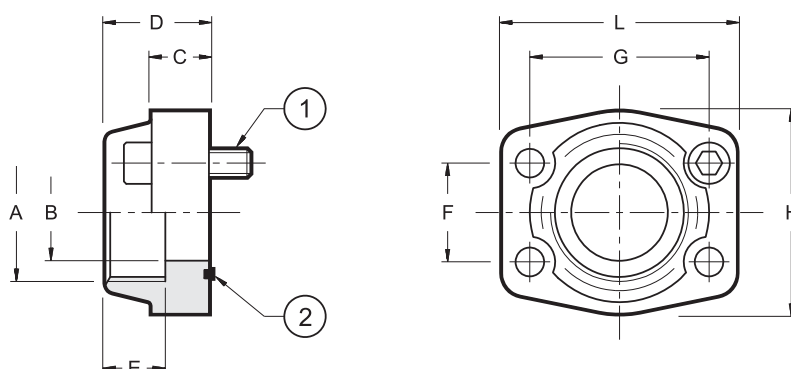
- The drainage tube has to be sized so that the pressure inside the pump body is always lower than 0.5 bars (relative), even during the dynamic change and flow rate phases. The minimum piping size is 3/8" for the pump type 008, 016 and 022, while it should be at least 1/2" for the pumps type 036 and 046, 3/4" for the 070 and 100 pumps type.

The drain tube has to unload inside the tank far from the suction area.

- No check valves allowed on the suction line. As for details and the installation of filter elements, see paragraph 2.3.

- The motor-pump connection must be carried out directly with a flexible coupling, to reduce at the minimum the axial and radial loads on the pump shaft. The alignment tolerance between the two shafts must be within 0.05 mm.

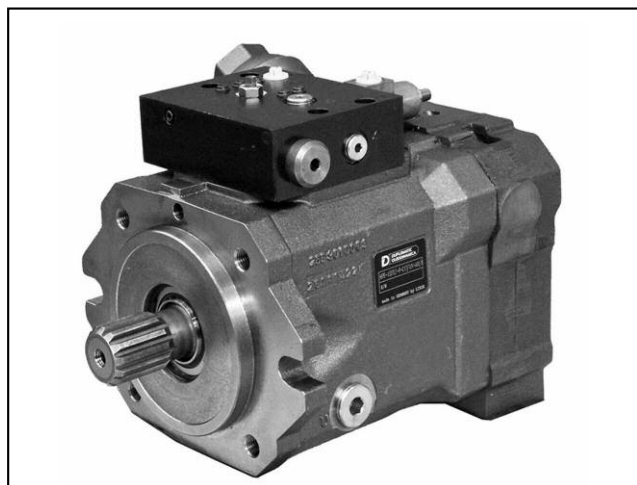
## 11 - CONNECTION FLANGES



dimensions in mm

Bolts and O-rings must be ordered separately.

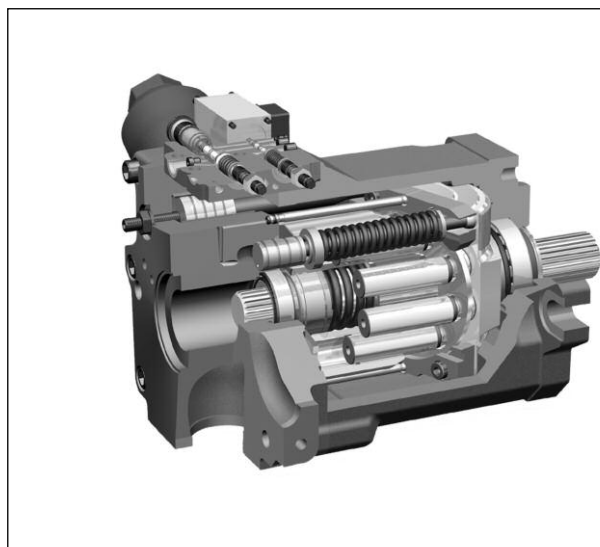
	Flange code	Flange description	p <sub>max</sub> [bar]	ØA	ØB	C	D	E	F	G	H	L	1 SHC bolts ISO 4762	2
SAE 3000	0610719	SAE - 3/4"	345	3/4" BSP	19	18	36	19	22,2	47,6	50	65	n° 4 - M10x35	OR 4100 (24.99x3.53)
	0610713	SAE - 1"	345	1" BSP	25	18	38	22	26,2	52,4	55	70		OR 4131 (32.93x3.53)
	0610720	SAE - 1 1/4"	276	1 1/4" BSP	32	21	41	22	30,2	58,7	28	79		OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)
	0610714	SAE - 1 1/2"	207	1 1/2" BSP	38	25	45	24	35,7	69,9	78	93	n° 4 - M12x45	OR 4187 (47.23x3.53)
	0610721	SAE - 2"	207	2" BSP	51	25	45	30	42,9	77,8	90	102	n° 4 - M12x45	OR 4225 (56.74x3.53)
SAE 6000	0770106	SAE - 1 1/4"	420	1 1/4" BSP	32	27	45	25	31,7	66,7	78	95	n° 4 - M14x50	OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)



# HPR

## HIGH PRESSURE SELF-REGULATING PUMP FOR OPEN LOOP OPERATION SERIES 10

### OPERATING PRINCIPLE



- HPR pumps are variable displacement axial-piston pumps with swash plate design, suitable for applications with open circuits.
- Seven frame sizes are available, from 55 up to 280 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev.
- The pump flow rate is proportional to the shaft speed and to the swash plate angle, which can be continuously modulated. The maximum angle can be limited mechanically by means of an adjustment screw.
- Due to the special design, these pumps are able to operate at high working pressures (420 bar continuously and 500 bar peak)
- All the pumps are equipped with a noise reduction device.

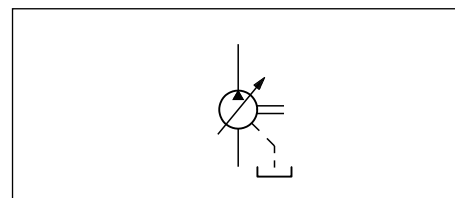
### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

PUMP SIZE		55	75	105	135	165	210	280
Maximum displacement	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	55	75,9	105	135,7	165,6	210,1	281,9
Maximum operating pressure	bar	420						
Rotation speed and operating flow rate		see table 3 - Performances						
Rotation direction		clockwise						
Loads on the shaft: axial load radial load	N	2000 on request						
Hydraulic connection		flange fittings - SAE 3000 suction / SAE 6000 pressure						
Type of mounting		SAE J744						
Mass (empty single pump)	kg	39	39	50	65	89	116	165

Ambient temperature range	°C	-15 / +70
Fluid temperature range	°C	-20 / +80
Fluid recommended viscosity	cSt	15 ÷ 30
Fluid contamination degree (ISO 4406:1999)		18/16/13

**NOTE:** Values referring to 1 bar absolute on suction port.

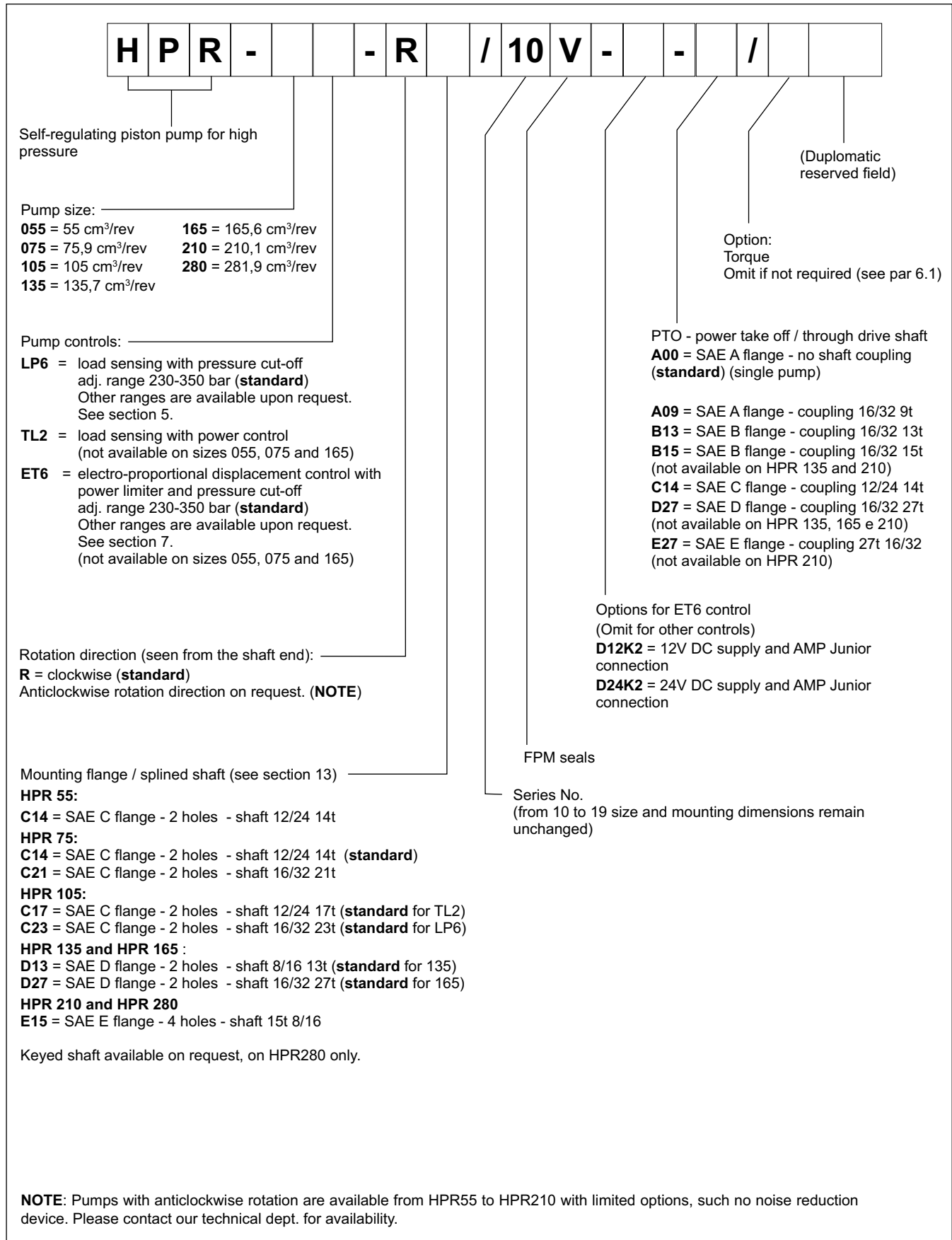
### HYDRAULIC SYMBOL





## 1 - IDENTIFICATION CODES

### 1.1 - Identification code for single pumps and pumps with power take-off



## 2 - HYDRAULIC FLUID

### 2.1 - Fluid type

Use mineral oil based hydraulic fluids HLP with anti-foam and antioxidant additives according to the DIN 51524-2 standard. For use with other types of fluid, keep in mind the limitations shown here below or consult our technical department for authorization of use.

### 2.2 - Fluid viscosity

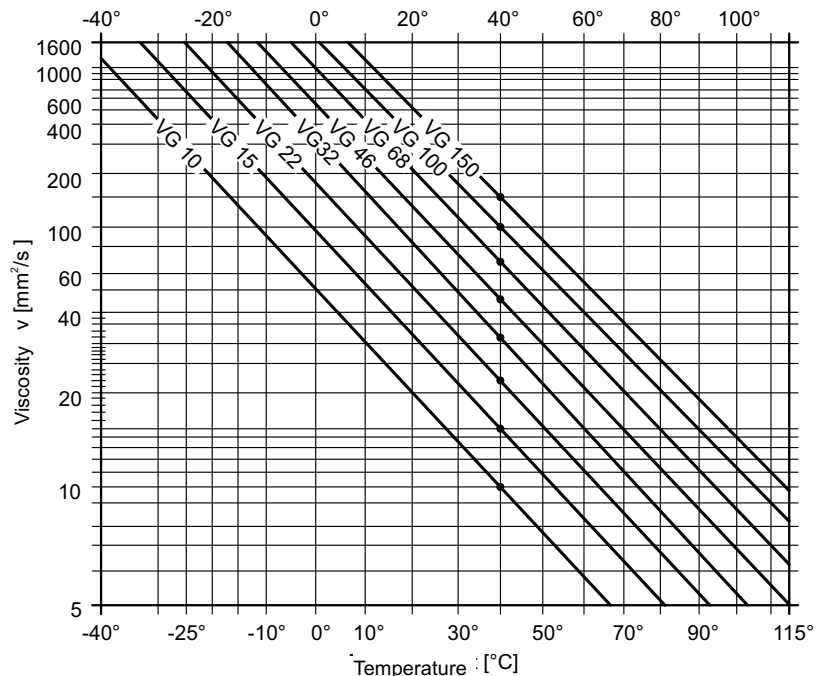
The operating fluid viscosity must be within the following range:

minimum viscosity	10 cSt	referred to a maximum temperature of 80°C for the drain line
optimum viscosity	15 + 30 cSt	referred to the fluid operating temperature in the tank.
maximum viscosity	1000 cSt	limited to the cold start-up of the pump only, which has to be carried out with the circuit at minimum pressure.

When selecting the fluid type, check its viscosity is within the range specified above at the operating temperature.

Recommended viscosity values are indicated in the table and diagram.

Operating temperature [°C]	Viscosity class [cSt at 40°C]
from 30 to 40	22
from 40 to 60	32
from 60 to 80	46 or 68



### 2.3 - Degree of fluid contamination

In order to guarantee long-term proper function and high efficiency of the hydraulic pumps the purity of the operating fluid must comply with the following class according to the ISO 4406:1999. High purity oil can extend the service time of the hydraulic system significantly.

For reliable proper function and long service life 18/16/13

Minimum requirements 20/18/15

Commissioning The minimum purity requirement for the hydraulic oil is based on the most sensitive system component. For commissioning we recommend a filtration in order to achieve the required purity

Filling and operation of hydraulic systems The required purity of the hydraulic oil must be ensured during filling or topping up. When drums, canisters or large-capacity tanks are used the oil generally needs to be filtered.

We recommend the implementation of suitable measures (e.g. filters) to ensure the required minimum purity of the oil is also achieved during these tasks.



### 3 - PERFORMANCES

(values obtained with mineral oil with a viscosity of 36 cSt at 50°C)

PUMP SIZE		055	075	105	135	165	210	280
Max displacement	cm <sup>3</sup> /rev	55	75.9	105	135.7	165.6	210.1	281.9
Max flow: - at 1500 rpm - at max rotation speed	l/min	82.5 148.5	113.9 189.8	157.5 262.5	203.5 318.9	248.2 364.1	315.5 441.2	422.9 563.8
Minimum operating speed	rpm	500						
Maximum operating speed	rpm	2700	2500	2500	2350	2200	2100	2000
Max delivery pressure: - continuous - intermittent	bar	420 500						
Inlet pressure:	bar abs	from 0.8 up to 20 bar (see par. 12)						
Max housing pressure	bar	1,5						
Max power ( $\Delta p = 420$ bar): - at 1500 rpm - at max rotation speed	kW	57.8 104	79.7 132.8	110.3 183.8	142.5 223.2	173.8 254.9	220.6 308.8	296 394.7
Max absorbed torque: $\Delta p = 100$ bar $\Delta p = 420$ bar	Nm	87 368	121 507	167 702	216 907	263 1106	334 1404	446 1884
Moment of inertia on the shaft	kgm <sup>2</sup> x 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0,79	0,79	1,44	2,15	3,41	4,68	8,34

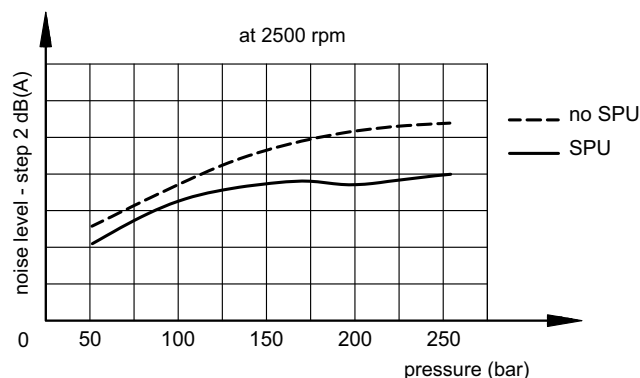
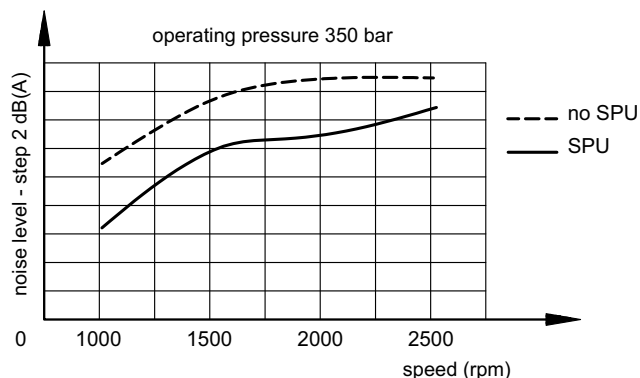
### 4 - NOISE REDUCTION DEVICE

All the HPR-02 hydraulic pumps are optimized with respect to pulsation characteristics and therefore noise generation. In addition to common primary measures such as exclusive use of noise-optimized port plates, the SPU noise reduction device is available.

Without affecting the functionality and efficiency of the pump, this system reduces pressure noise by up to 70%, irrespective of pressure, speed or temperature.

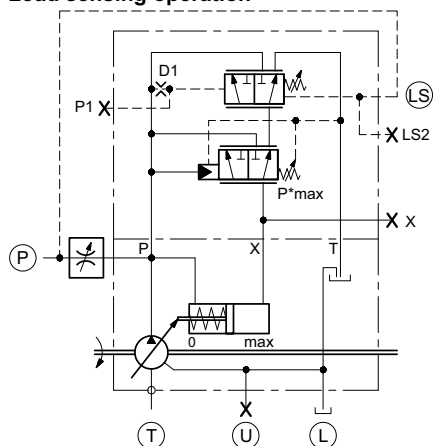
The SPU system is adaptive over the entire operating range. No setting up or maintenance is required.

#### Comparison of noise pressure levels for a HPR 75 pump with and without SPU



## 5 - LP6 - LOAD SENSING WITH PRESSURE CUT-OFF CONTROL

### Load sensing operation



This load sensing control allows the pump flow rate to be regulated according to the  $\Delta p$  pressure drop measured on both the sides of a throttle valve installed on the working line.

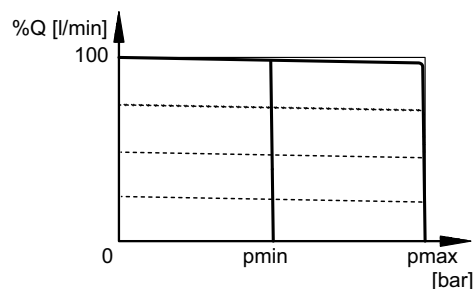
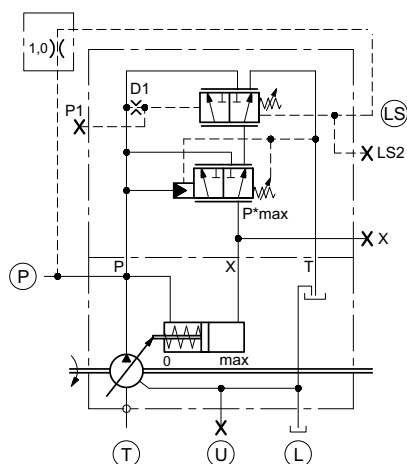
**NOTE:** The connection pipe between the LS port and the flow line downstream the restrictor (or valve) is always in customer's charge. **The restrictor is not supplied.**

The maximum operating pressure can be set manually adjusting the P\*max valve.

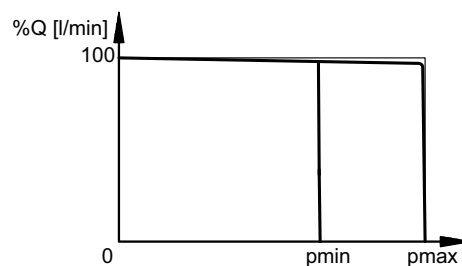
**LP\* FEATURES:**

- pressure adjustment range:  
**LP6** = 230 ÷ 350 (**standard**)  
default setting = 350 bar  
  
**LP5** = 125 ÷ 230 (upon request)  
**LP7** = 350 ÷ 420 (upon request)
- differential pressure regulating range = 16 ÷ 27 bar
- default setting = 20 bar

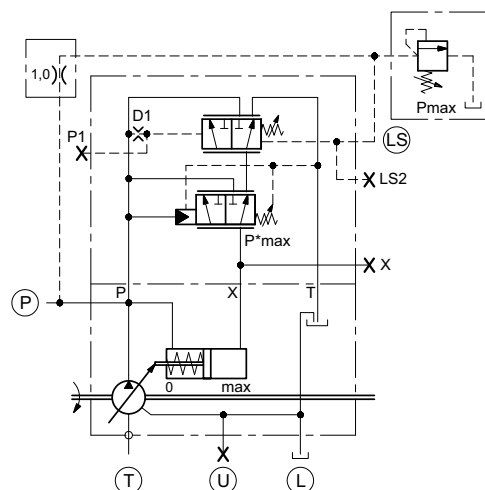
### Pressure control operation



Bypassing both P and LS ports with an external connection and an orifice (both in customer's charge) the pump will operate as pressure control that works at maximum displacement up to the set pressure  $P^*_{max}$ .

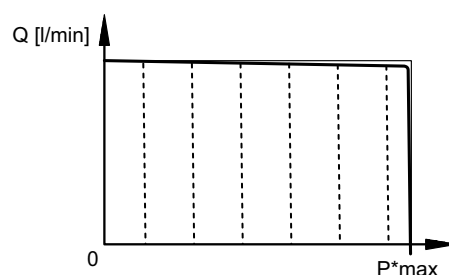


## Remote pressure operation

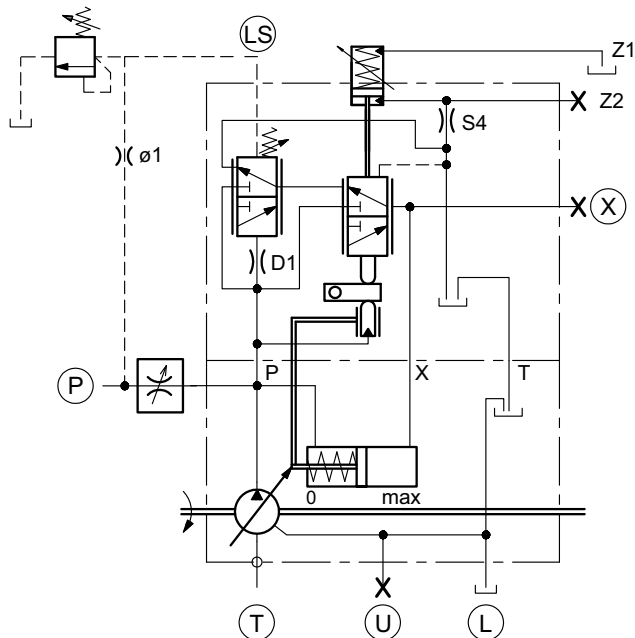


It is possible to create a remote pressure control by means of both an external pressure relief valve and an orifice (both in customer's charge) as shown in the schema.

This configuration allows to regulate remotely the maximum pressure up to  $P^{\text{max}}$ . When the pressure it's lower than the set value  $P^{\text{max}}$  the pump is at its maximum displacement.



## 6 - TL2 - LOAD SENSING WITH POWER CONTROL



The TL2 control is available for pumps HPR105, HPR135, HPR210 and HPR280.

This control combines the load sensing function typical of LP control with a power limiter with hyperbolic characteristic. Such limiter keeps the pump torque at a constant level by changing the displacement according to the delivery pressure, so that the absorbed power remains unchanged (at constant pump speed).

The Z1 port must always be connected to the tank separately and without back pressure. The Z2 port is plugged.

**NOTE:** The pipe connection between the LS port and the delivery of the pump, the orifice and the external pressure relief valve are always charged to the customer.

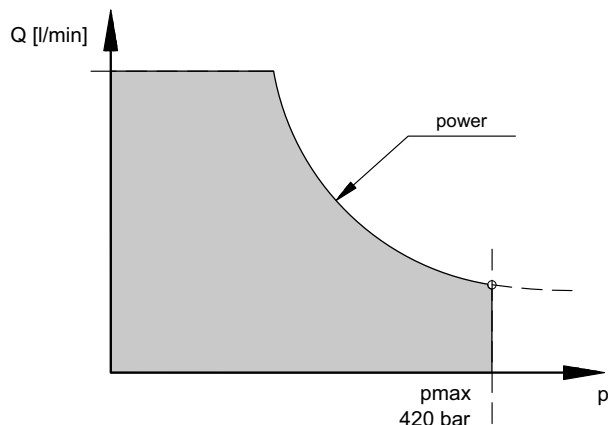
**NOTE:** The feature of the pressure cut-off is not present on this control, it is necessary to provide suitable external valve, as shown in the diagram at side.

### TL2 FEATURES:

- differential pressure adjustment range = 16 ÷ 27 bar  
default setting = 20 bar
- pressure adjustment range for torque regulation:  
HPR105, HPR135 = 60 ÷ 250 bar  
HPR210, HPR280 = 80 ÷ 250 bar  
default setting = 250 bar

The power control is factory set. The setting value has to be specified with the order, by stating into the identification code the Nm torque value.

Start of the regulation: looking at values table below.



6.1 - Standardized torque values

PUMPS	ELECTRICAL MOTOR 4 POLES (at 50 Hz)										
	Power [kW]	18.5	22	30	37	45	55	75	90	110	132
	N [rpm]	1500									
	torque [Nm]	118	140	191	236	286	350	477	573	700	840
105	start of pressure regulation [bar]	63	75	103	127	154	189	-	-	-	-
135		-	-	80	98	119	146	199	239	-	-
210		-	-	-	-	-	94	129	154	188	226
280		-	-	-	-	-	-	96	115	140	169



## 7 - ET6 - ELECTRO-PROPORTIONAL DISPLACEMENT CONTROL WITH POWER LIMITER AND REMOTE PRESSURE CUT-OFF

The ET6 control is available for pumps HPR105, HPR135, HPR210 and HPR280.

It combines a pump displacement regulation proportional to the current supplied to the solenoid with a constant input torque control. The limitation of maximum pressure is also available.

With no current the pump is in null displacement, so it is required a supply pressure on port E (located on the pump body) for the start of the control.

Once the P port is pressurized, then the shuttle valve on the pump excludes the piloting of port E and picks the fluid directly from the pump delivery line.

### ET6 FEATURES:

- pressure adjustment range:

**ET6** = 230 ÷ 350 (standard)  
default setting = 350 bar

**ET5** = 125 ÷ 230 (on request)

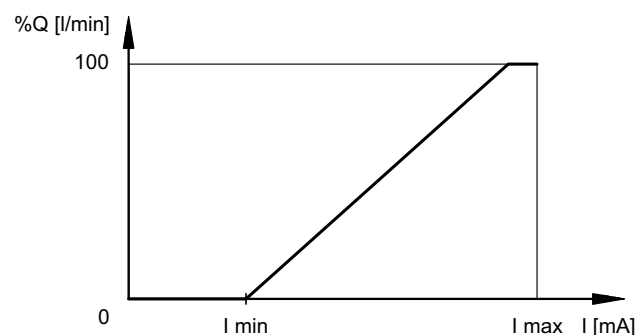
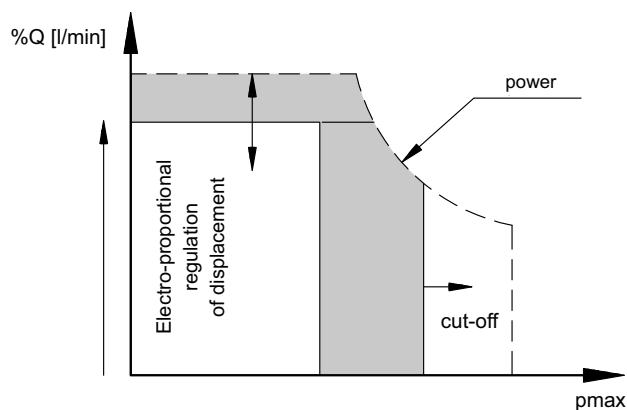
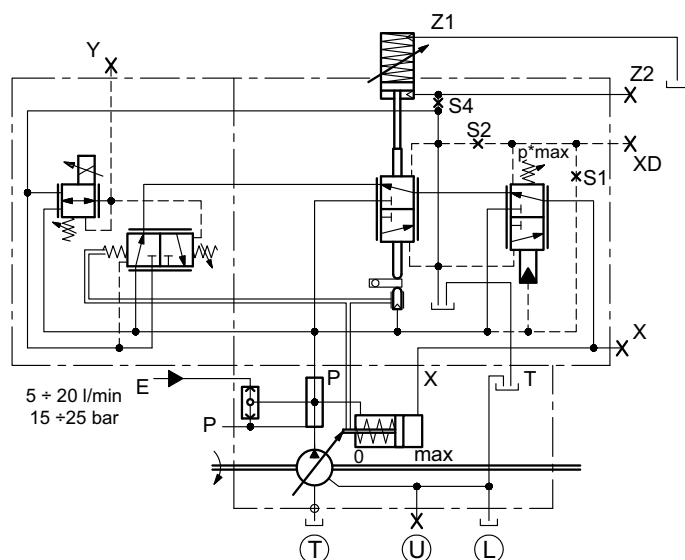
**ET7** = 350 ÷ 420 (on request)

- pressure adjustment range for torque regulation:

HPR105, HPR135 = 60 ÷ 250 bar

HPR210, HPR280 = 80 ÷ 250 bar

default setting = 250 bar



		<b>D12K2</b>	<b>D24K2</b>
Nominal voltage	V CC	12	24
Coil connection	AMP Junior (2 pin)		
Power consumption	W	15,6	
Nominal current	A	1,2	0,6
Relative duty cycle	100%		
Protection class (EN 60529)	IP 67		

regulation	pump	ET1	ET2
I min	<b>105, 135</b>	464 mA	232 mA
	<b>210</b>	490 mA	245 mA
	<b>280</b>	524 mA	262 mA
I max	<b>ALL</b>	1200 mA	600 mA



## 8 - PUMPS WITH LP6 CONTROL - OVERALL DIMENSIONS

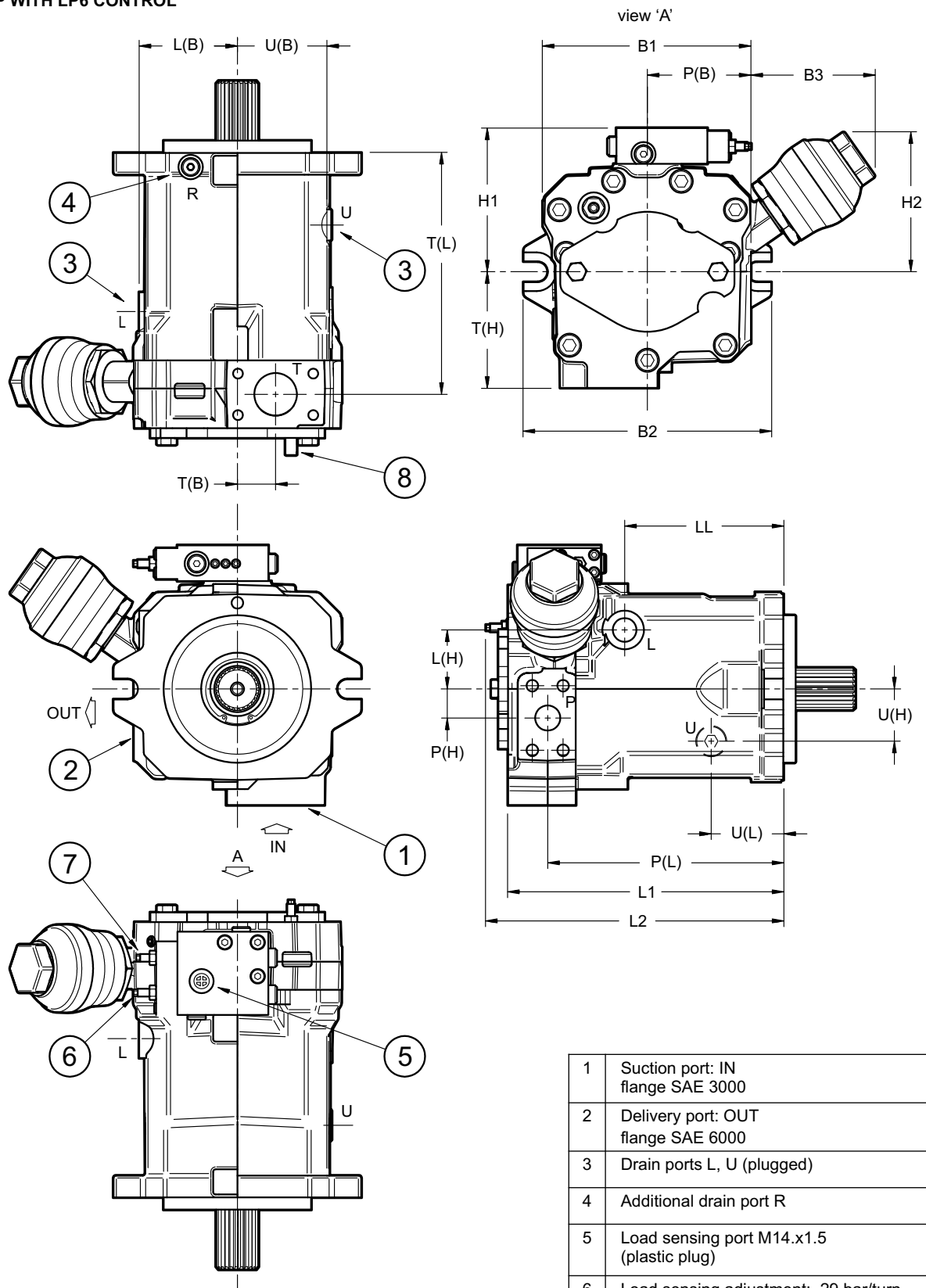
dimensions in mm

PUMP	55	75	105	135	165	210	280
Ø of flange	127			152.4		165.1	
L1	220.3	231.8	262	284.5	333.1	348	403
L2	259.3	270.8	301	323.5	372.1	387	442
H1	137	139	140.5	148.5	165.5	171.5	189
H2	146	146	136	145.5	152.4	143.5	238
B1	11	190.3	199.6	216	251.5	268	306.1
B2	208		207	256	269	268.8	314.5
B3	120	111	122	129	128.9	126.5	125.1

PUMP	55	75	105	135	165	210	280
P delivery (SAE)	3/4"		1"	1 1/4"		1 1/2"	
P (L)	182.8	194.3	218	243.5	283.1	295	344.5
P (H)	23.5		26	30	43	27	46
P (B)	91	90.5	100	107	134.5	134.5	149.5
T suction (SAE)	1 1/2"		2"	2"	2 1/2"	3"	3 1/2"
T (L)	189.8	201.3	227	249.5	285.6	298	344.5
T (H)	94		103.5	120	119	149	167
T (B)	21		25	30	0	57	
L, U drain ports	M22x1.5			M27x2			M33x2
L (L)	112.8	124.3	142	164	180.6	197.5	215.5
L (H)	52		53	61	65	71.5	80.5
L (B)	86.5		85	101.5	108	128	145
U (L)	72		72	74.5	81.1	83	109
U (H)	44		54	54	62	60	68
U (B)	78.5		92.5	92.5	101	118	129.5
R - additional drain port	M14x1.5, 13 deep ( <b>NOTE</b> )						

**NOTE:** If the pump is set vertically with shaft upward then the R port is strictly to be connected. The port R is located on the flange, at side (like U port) or bottom (like suction port) depending on the pump shape.

## PUMP WITH LP6 CONTROL



1	Suction port: IN flange SAE 3000
2	Delivery port: OUT flange SAE 6000
3	Drain ports L, U (plugged)
4	Additional drain port R
5	Load sensing port M14.x1.5 (plastic plug)
6	Load sensing adjustment: 29 bar/turn
7	P*max adjustment: 22.8 bar/turn
8	Max displacement limit adjustment see par. 11



## 9 - SINGLE PUMPS WITH TL2 CONTROL - OVERALL DIMENSIONS

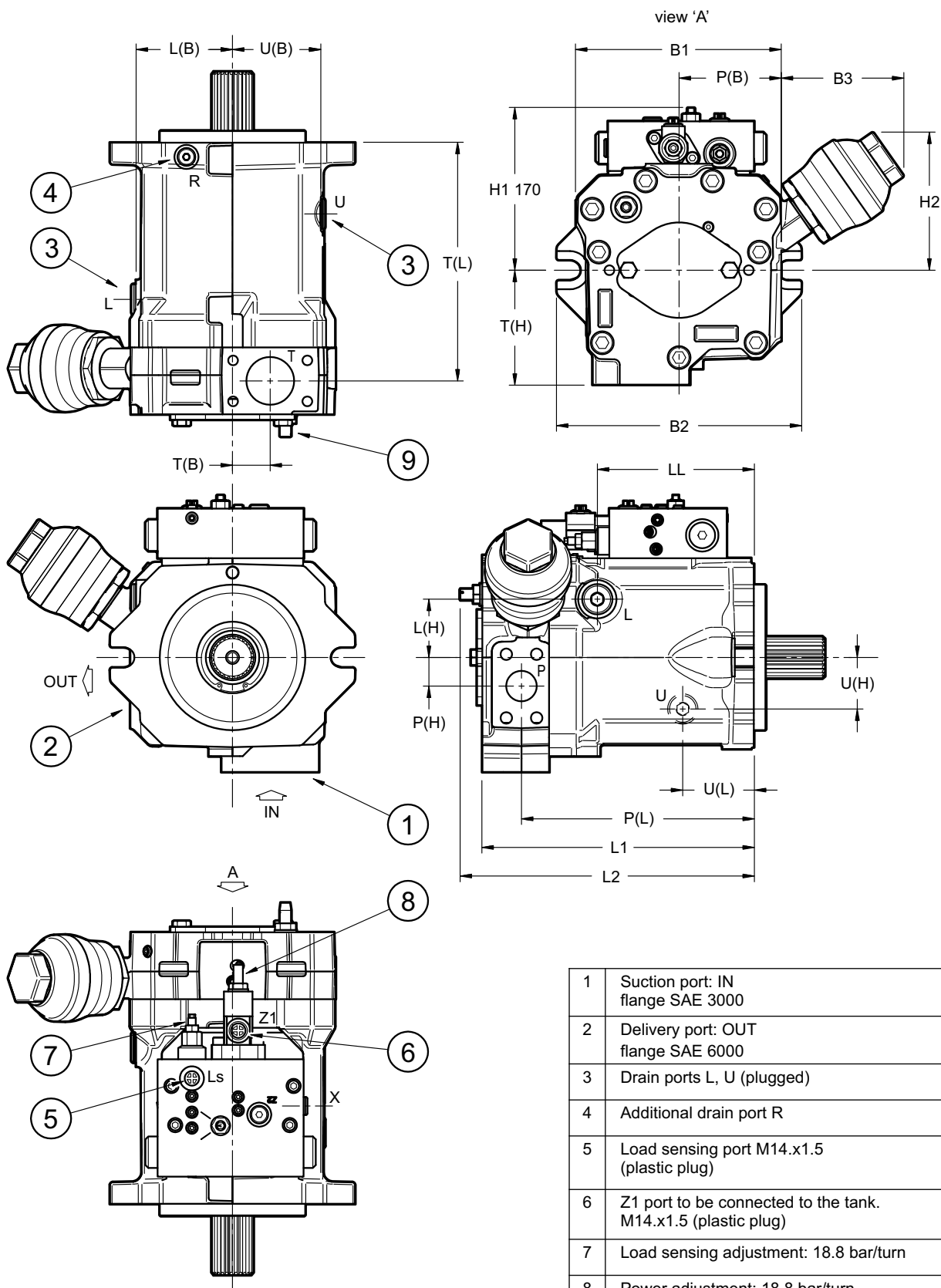
dimensions in mm

PUMP	105	135	210	280
Ø flange	127	152.4	165.1	165.1
L1	262	284.5	348	403
L2	301	323.5	387	442
H1	163	170	193	210.5
H2	134	144	144.3	200.7
H3	104.5	104	135	135
B1	194.5	214.8	266.3	314.5
B2	208	256.5	269	272
B3	118	106.7	102.4	119.5

PUMP	105	135	210	280
P delivery (SAE)	1"	1¼"	1½"	
P (L)	218	243.5	295	344.5
P (H)	26	30	27	46
P (B)	100	107	144.5	154.1
T suction (SAE)	2"	2"	3"	3½"
T (L)	227	249.5	298	344.5
T (H)	104	120	149	167
T (B)	25	39.5	27	44
L, U drain ports	M22x1.5	M27x2	M27x2	M33x2
L (L)	142	164	191	215.5
L (H)	53	61	97.5	80.5
L (B)	92.5	101	128	129.5
U (L)	72	74.5	83	109
U (H)	54	54	60	68
U (B)	85	92	118	159.5
R - additional drain port	M14x1.5 deep 13 (NOTE)			

**NOTE:** If the pump is set vertically with shaft upward then the R port is strictly to be connected. The port R is located on the flange, at side (like U port) or bottom (like suction port) depending on the pump shape.

## PUMP WITH TL2 CONTROL



1	Suction port: IN flange SAE 3000
2	Delivery port: OUT flange SAE 6000
3	Drain ports L, U (plugged)
4	Additional drain port R
5	Load sensing port M14.x1.5 (plastic plug)
6	Z1 port to be connected to the tank. M14.x1.5 (plastic plug)
7	Load sensing adjustment: 18.8 bar/turn
8	Power adjustment: 18.8 bar/turn
9	Max displacement limit adjustment see par. 11



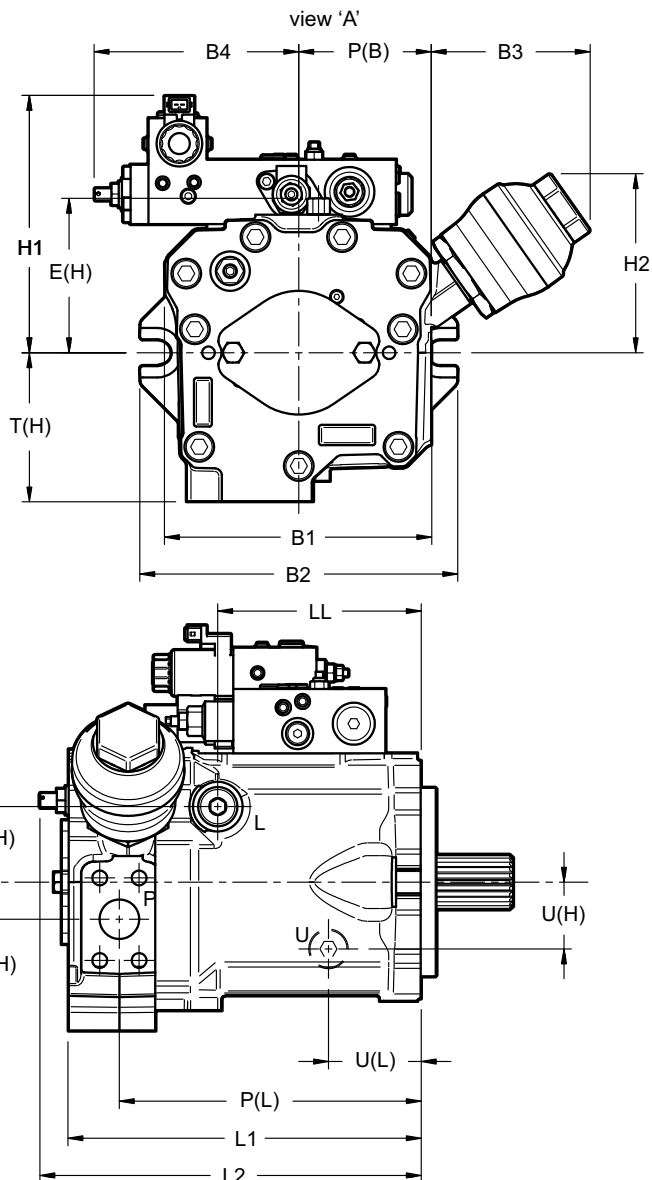
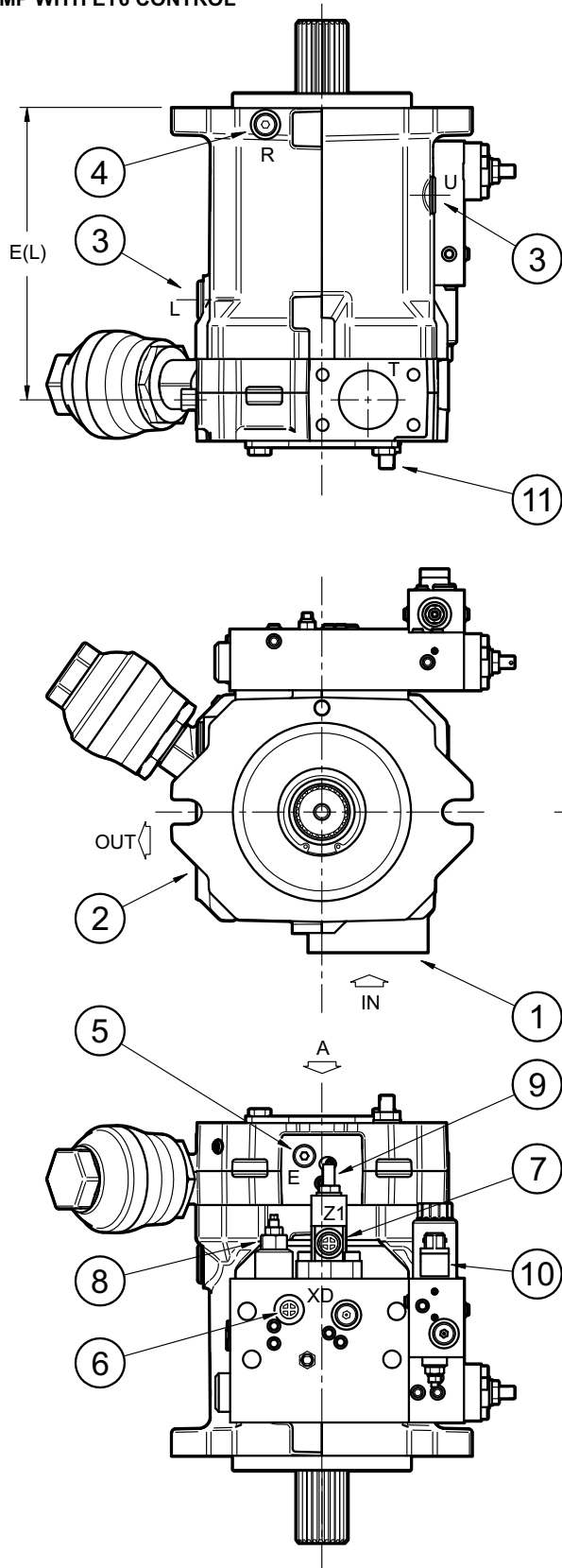
## 10 - SINGLE PUMPS WITH ET6 CONTROL - OVERALL DIMENSIONS

PUMP	105	135	210	280
Ø flange	127	152.4	165.1	165.1
L1	262	284.5	348	403
L2	301	323.5	387	442
L3	108.9	82.8	138.5	168
H1	200.5	207.5	230.5	248
H2	134	144	144.3	200.7
H3	104.5	104	135	135
B1	194.5	214.8	266.3	314.5
B2	208	256.5	269	272
B3	118	106.7	102.4	119.5
B4	165	165	165	146.5

PUMP	105	135	210	280
P delivery (SAE)	1"	1¼"	1½"	
P (L)	218	243.5	295	344.5
P (H)	26	30	27	46
P (B)	100	107	144.5	154.1
T suction (SAE)	2"	2"	3"	3½"
T (L)	227	249.5	298	344.5
T (H)	104	120	149	167
T (B)	25	39.5	27	44
L, U drain ports	M22x1.5	M27x2	M27x2	M33x2
L (L)	142	164	191	215.5
L (H)	53	61	97.5	80.5
L (B)	92.5	101	128	129.5
U (L)	72	74.5	83	109
U (H)	54	54	60	68
U (B)	85	92	118	159.5
R - additional drain port	M14x1.5 deep 13 (NOTE)			
E - external supply pressure	M14.x1.5			
E (L)	240.8	249.5	303	375
E (H)	135.6	142.6	165.6	183.1
E (B)	15	16	20	20

**NOTE:** If the pump is set vertically with shaft pointing upward then the R port is strictly to be connected. The port R is located on the flange, at side (like U port) or bottom (like suction port) depending on the pump shape.

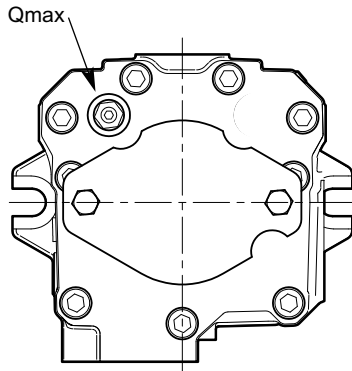
## PUMP WITH ET6 CONTROL



1	Suction port IN: flange SAE 3000
2	Delivery port OUT: flange SAE 6000
3	Drain ports L, U (plugged)
4	Additional drain port R
5	External supply pressure E
6	Port XD M14x1.5 to be plugged (plastic plug)
7	Port Z1 M14x1.5 to be connected to tank (plastic plug)
8	Pressure limiter adjustment: 18.8 bar/turn
9	Power adjustment: 18.8 bar/giro
10	Valve for proportional control of displacement AMP Junior connection
11	Max displacement limit adjustment see par. 11

### 11 - MAXIMUM DISPLACEMENT LIMITATION

The max angle for the swash plate is adjustable. The adjustment screw is placed on pump back. Values for pumps with rotary clockwise.

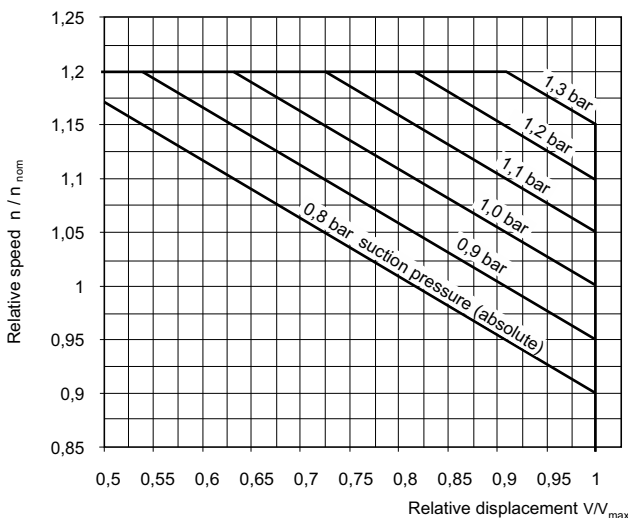


	Q max (cm <sup>3</sup> /turn)	displacement range (cm <sup>3</sup> )
55	4.9	35 - 55
75	5.2	50 - 75
105	6.2	75 - 105
135	7	105 - 135
165		135 - 165
210	9.4	165 - 210
280		210 - 280

### 12 - INSTALLATION AND START-UP

It is recommended to install the pump below the oil level and horizontally as shown. For installations above oil level and / or vertically, contact our technical dept. The maximum allowed input speed is also directly dependent on the suction pressure.

The temperature should not exceed 80 °C in any part of the system.



#### Suction

- Provide suction/inlet line continuously rising towards the tank.
- Avoid cavitation events providing adequate flooded suction or pressurized inlet should be of adequate supply as to guard against cavitation.
- On designing the suction line attention must be paid to a straight, short conduct largely avoiding bends. If bends are required, the bending radius must be as large as possible. The suction inlet in the hydraulic tank must have as largest section as possible.
- The suction line itself must be installed in such a way that it ends more than  $\geq 100$  mm above the tank bottom. In order to enlarge the entry diameter of the suction boss in the hydraulic tank, its end must be cut under  $45^\circ$ . The distance between entry and oil surface must be large enough to avoid air suction, recommended  $\geq 200$  mm.
- Take care of the tightness of the pipe/hose so that air is not drawn in.

#### Case drain

- Positive venting is vital for the correct operation of the hydraulic system.
- **The pump must be always filled with oil, both at start-up and during stops, also long term stops.**
- All case drain lines must be mounted continuously rising towards the tank. This allows any entrapped air to escape freely from the pump housing.
- **The highest case drain port of the pump housing (ports U, L and R) must be connected separately to the tank.** As a rule drain lines have to be kept separate from the main return line. The drain line has to enter the hydraulic tank below the oil level.
- The dimension must be ample enough that even at low temperatures the return flow pressure of the leak oil will be near zero. The case pressure (build-up) should not rise and stay higher than 2.5 bar(absolute) during operation.

#### Piping

- Pipe work should be seamless drawn precision steel tube or hoses of suitable pressure rating.
- During installation, attention should be paid to cleanliness. The pipes must be deburred, washed and blown through.
- Scaled or rusted pipes must be scoured and then neutralized - Hoses must be brushed and flushed through when contaminated.

#### Cleanliness

- Oil tank and installation have to be checked again for cleanliness before the hydraulic medium is added. This procedure has to be performed immediately before pouring takes place. It may even be expedient to flush the entire installation! Make sure that the pressure fluid corresponds to the required grade of cleanliness.

#### Drive rotation

- **Before starting the engine** make sure that the HPR-02 pump will be driven with the correct direction of rotation. With electric motors, it must be checked that the electrical connections are correct.

#### Filling pump and circuit:

- The initial filling of the system must be carried out in such a way that all of the air can escape from the high pressure circuit and from the pump housing before the hydraulic units are operated.
- **The suction port and the casing of the HPR-02 are not related to each other.** Before the hydraulic components may be exposed to load, the entire circuit must be filled and vented.



- Manually fill the HPR-02 pump at the most accessible case drain port with filtered oil. Manually fill the high pressure line with filtered oil. Fill the oil tank to the maximum level with filtered oil and fill all motor housings to the maximum level via the most accessible case drain port with filtered oil.

### Start-up

- If there is an on/off valve in the suction line, make sure it is completely open before starting the engine.
- Start the electric motor and allow the HPR-02 to rotate for 5 seconds.
- Switch engine off and check fluid level in the tank. Top off if necessary. Before restarting the engine, check the installation for tightness.
- Repeat previous steps at least four more times.
- Start the electric motor, then slowly actuate the pump function to allow the pump to increase to maximum displacement. Leave the function fully actuated for 30 seconds, and then repeat the step three times.

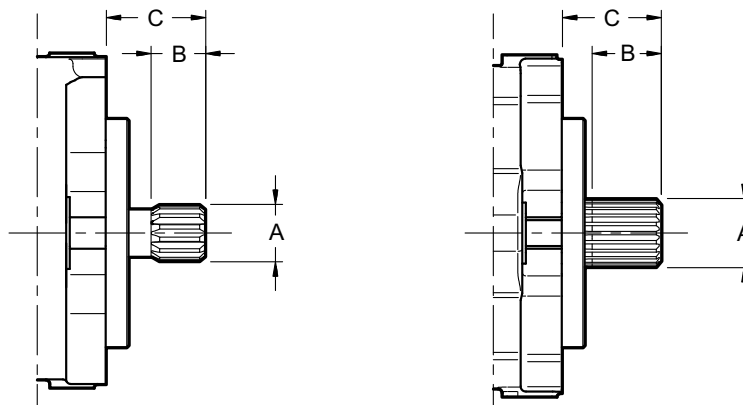
- Warm the system up by steadily increasing the pressure so as to allow any air to be purged from the fluid.
- Check the HPR-02 stand-by pressure, load sense margin pressure, pressure compensator setting (if applicable) and maximum flow setting when the hydraulic oil reaches its normal operating temperature.
- Check the oil level in the tank and refill with filtered oil if necessary before delivery of the machine.

## 13 - FLANGES AND SHAFTS

### 13.1 - Mounting flanges and splined shafts available as standard (SAE J774)

PUMP	55	75	105	135	165	210	280
Front mounting flange	SAE C - 2 holes			SAE D - 2 holes ( <b>NOTE</b> )		SAE E - 4 holes	
Pilot diameter	127			152,4		165,1	
Shaft	SAE C 14 t 12/24 DP		SAE C-C 17 t 12/24 DP	SAE D 13 t 8/16 DP		SAE F 15t 8/16 DP	
	-	21t 16/32	23t 16/32	27t 16/32		-	

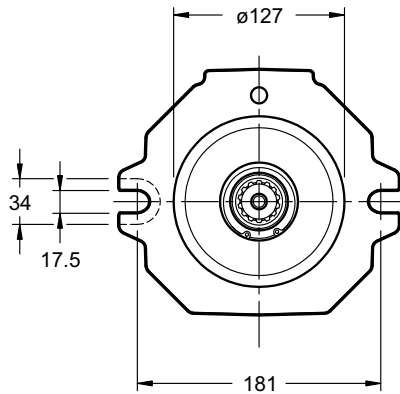
**NOTE:** HPR165 has also 4 additional holes Ø17.5



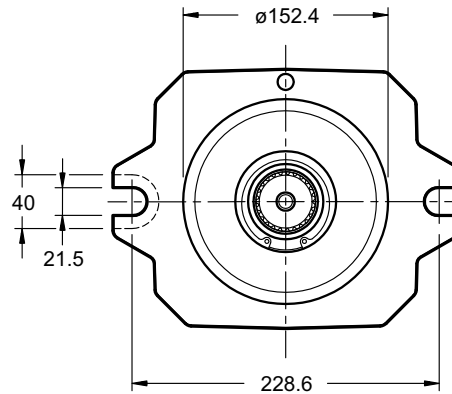
Shaft	SAE- J744 code	Type	A	B	C				
					HPR 55	HPR 75	HPR 105	HPR 135 /165	HPR 210 / 280
14 T 12/24 DP	SAE C	with undercut	31.22	30	54	55	-	-	-
21t 16/32		no undercut	34.51	39.5	-				
17 t 12/24 DP	SAE C-C	with undercut	37.68	30		55			
23t 16/32		no undercut	37.68	38.5					
13 t 8/16 DP	SAE D	with undercut	43.71	50		-	-	75	
27t 16/32		no undercut	44.05	62					
15t 8/16 DP	SAE F	no undercut	50.06	58			-	75	

## 13.2 - Flanges

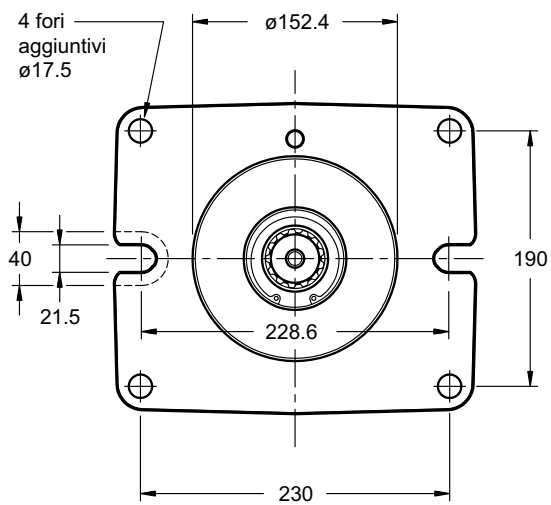
**SAE C, 2 holes**  
for HPR 55, 75, 105



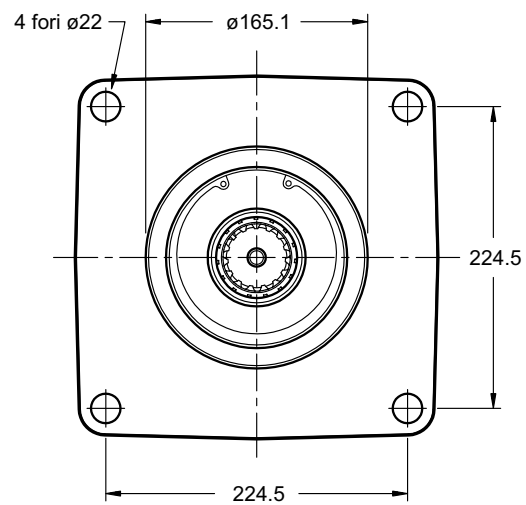
**SAE D, 2 holes**  
for HPR 135



**SAE D, 2 + 4 holes**  
for HPR 165



**SAE E - 4 holes**  
for HPR 210 and 280



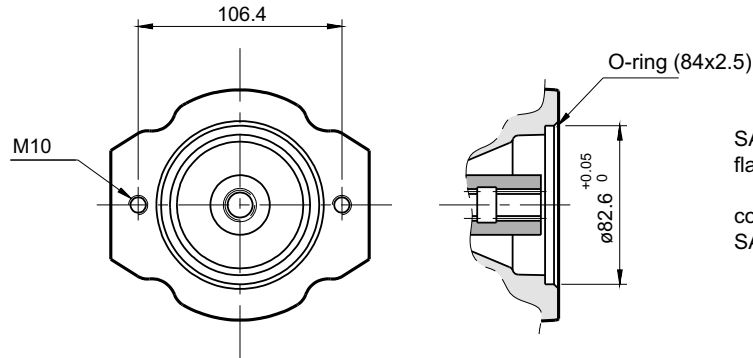
PUMP	55	75	105	135	165	210	280
flange thickness near fastening holes (mm)	20				25	26	30

## 14 - PTO - POWER TAKE OFF

The HPR pumps can be supplied with a power take-off SAE J744 type, which allows coupling with other pumps models. As for identification see par. 1 "Identification code".

### SAE A

identification code **A09**

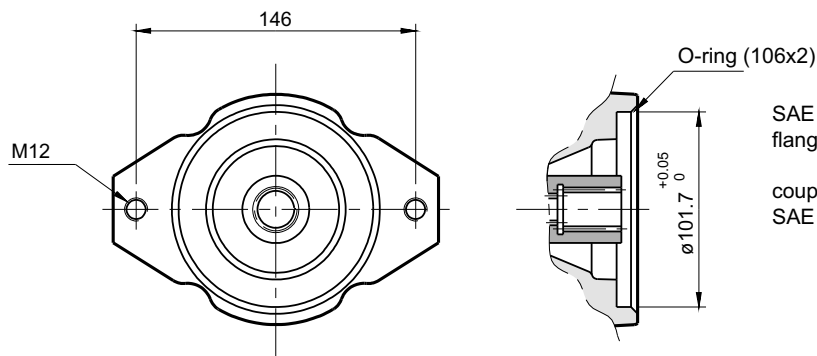


SAE J744 - 2 holes intermediate flange type "A"

coupling for splined shaft  
SAE J744 16/32 D.P. - 9T

### SAE B

identification code **B13**

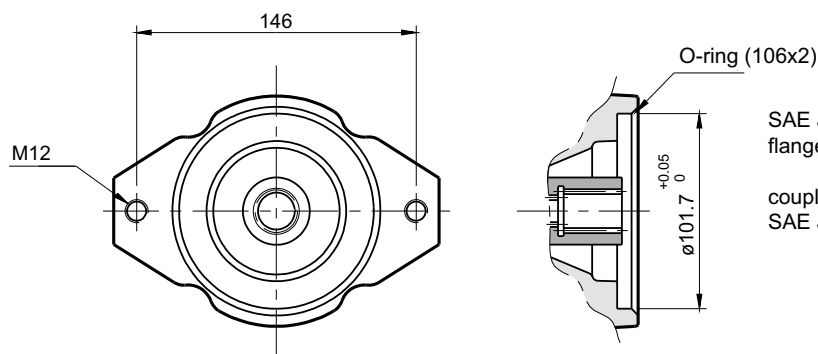


SAE J744 - 2 holes intermediate flange type "B"

coupling for splined shaft  
SAE J744 16/32 D.P. - 13T

### SAE BB

identification code **B15**

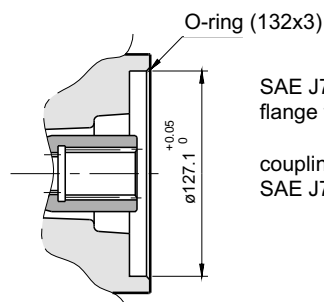
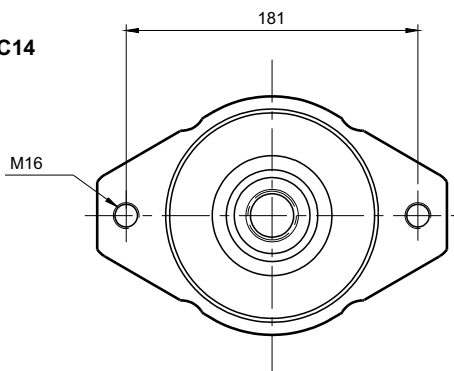


SAE J744 - 2 holes intermediate flange type "B"

coupling for splined shaft  
SAE J744 16/32 D.P. - 15T

## SAE C

identification code **C14**



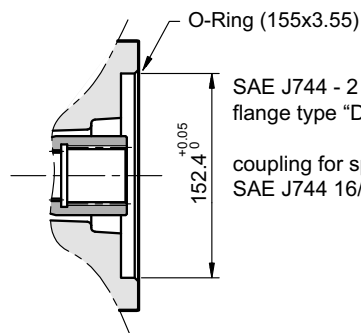
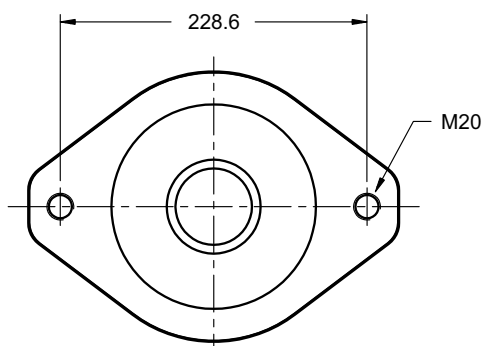
SAE J744 - 2 holes intermediate flange type "C"

coupling for splined shaft  
SAE J744 12/24 D.P. - 14T

## SAE D

identification code **D27**

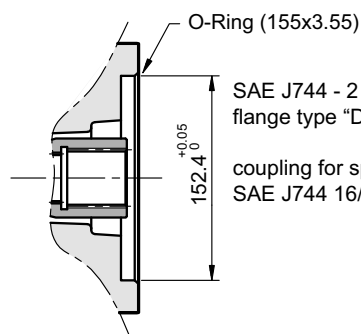
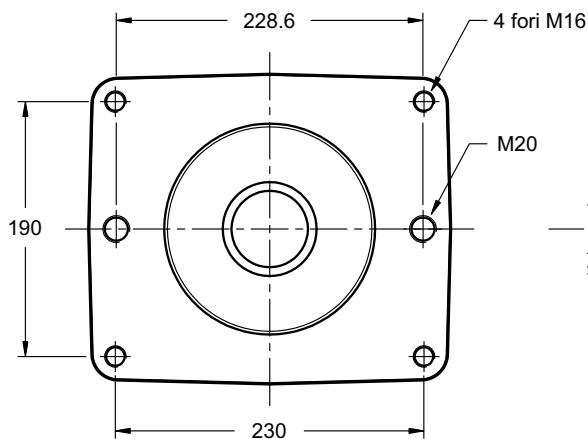
**HPR 135**



SAE J744 - 2 holes intermediate flange type "D"

coupling for splined shaft  
SAE J744 16/32 D.P. - 27T

**HPR 165 / 210**

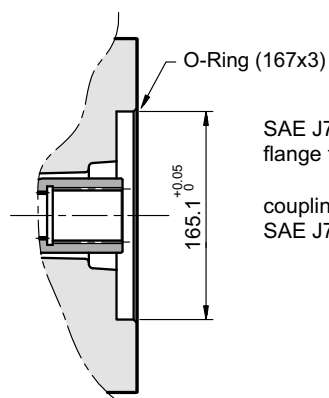
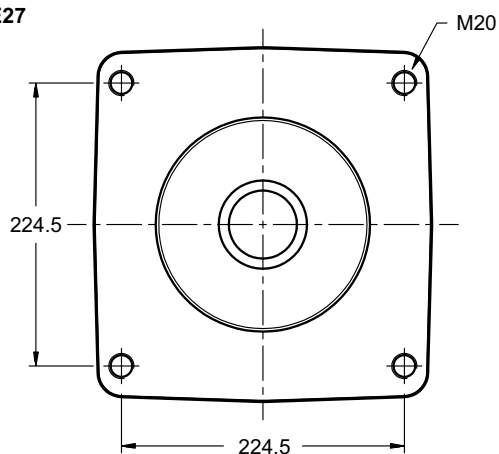


SAE J744 - 2 holes intermediate flange type "D"

coupling for splined shaft  
SAE J744 16/32 D.P. - 27T

## SAE E

identification code **E27**



SAE J744 - 4 holes intermediate flange type "E"

coupling for splined shaft  
SAE J744 16/32 D.P. - 27T

### 15 - SUCTION AND DELIVERY PORTS DIMENSIONS FOR SAE FLANGE WITH METRIC BOLTS

T - SUCTION (SAE 3000)					
Pump	nominal size	A mm	B mm	C mm	D Threading and depth mm
55, 75	1 ½"	38	69.9	35,7	M12x16
105	2"	50	77,8	42.9	M12x16
135	2"	50	77,8	42.9	M12x17
165	2 ½"	64	88,9	50,8	*M12x21.5
210	3"	76.2	106,4	61,9	M16x28.5
280	3 ½"	90	120.7	69,9	M16x29

P - DELIVERY (SAE 6000)					
Pump	nominal size	A mm	B mm	C mm	D Threading and depth mm
55, 75	3/4"	19	50,8	23,5	M10x17
105	1"	21	57,2	27,8	M12x17
135	1 ¼"	32	66.7	31.8	M14x19
165	1 ¼"	32	66,6	31.8	*M12x18.5
210	1 ½"	38.1	79,3	36,5	M16x25.5
280	1 ½"	38.1	79,3	36,5	M16x29

(\*) deviation from standard

### 16 - CONNECTION FLANGES

dimensions in mm  
The fastening bolts and the O-Rings must be ordered separately

	Flange code	Flange description	P <sub>max</sub> [bar]	ØA	ØB	C	D	E	F	G	H	L	1 SHC screws	2
SAE 3000	0610714	SAE - 1 ½"	210	1 ½" BSP	38	25	45	24	35,7	70	78	94	n° 4 - M12x40	OR 4187 (47.22x3.53)
	0610721	SAE - 2"	210	2" BSP	51	25	45	30	43	77,8	90	102	n° 4 - M12x40	OR 4225 (56.74x3.53)
	0610722	SAE - 2 ½"	172	2 ½" BSP	63	25	50	30	50,8	89	105	116	n° 4 - M12x45	OR 4275 (69,44x3.53)
	0610723	SAE - 3"	138	3" BSP	73	27	50	34	61,9	106,3	124	134	n° 4 - M16x55	OR 4337 (85.32x3.53)
	0610724	SAE - 3 ½"	34	3 ½" BSP	89	27	48	34	69,8	120,6	136	152	n° 4 - M16x55	OR 4387 (98,02x3.53)
SAE 6000	0770075	SAE - 3/4"	420	3/4" BSP	19	21	35	22	23,8	50,8	55	71	n° 4 - M10x35	OR 4100 (24.99x3.53)
	0770092	SAE - 1"	420	1" BSP	25	25	42	24	27,7	57,1	65	81	n° 4 - M12x40	OR 4131 (32.93x3.53)
	0770106	SAE - 1 ¼"	420	1 ¼" BSP	32	27	45	25	31,7	66,7	78	95	n° 4 - M14x45	OR 4150 (37.69x3.53)
	0773462	SAE - 1 ½"	420	1 ½" BSP	38	30	94	26	36,5	79,3	94	112	n° 4 - M16x55	OR 4187 (47.22x3.53)



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